Assignment 3

Web Application on Sharing Economy Due Dates: July 3 (Phase 1), July 10 (Phase 2), July 31 (Full) 11.59PM

In this assignment, you will design and implement a web application for a <u>sharing economy</u> of your choice. There is no specific project topic for you, and you must select the topic and the scope of your web application. So, be creative!

You should develop this web application in a team of four. Start early!

Overview

This is a three-phase project, in which (i) you first specify what you want to implement (e.g., a car rental platform, a room sharing platform, etc.), (ii) then you design the details of your application (e.g., the software architecture, webpage mock-ups, your test plan, project task allocation among team members) and (iii) finally you implement it.

Although there is no specific project topic here, you have to deliver list of common features no matter what topic you choose. We provide two sample projects in the appendix. These are provided to inspire you. That is, you will not receive the creativity mark (i.e., 10% out of 30), if you choose these two projects.

Specification

- Your application should be built using NodeJS or Python as backend programming language and should be hosted on any hosting server of your choice (e.g., Heroku provides free hosting). Follow this <u>tutorial</u> to get yourself familiar with Heroku.
- Your project must include the following features:
 - O **Profiling**: You must design and implement a set of features representing user profiles. Using the profiling features, users can update their personal information, and can see the profile of other users.
 - O **User Authentication and Authorization:** Your system must authenticate users based on passwords. Your application also needs to support at least one 3rd party authentication such as Google/Facebook/Github sign-in, or two-factor authentication. Users have different roles in your system, and you must authorize them when they are conducting certain tasks. For instance, a normal user cannot change the password of other users, or update someone else's personal information.
 - O **Social Network:** In any sharing economy platform, we will have a social network. In AirBNB, hosts and guests form a social network; In Uber, drivers and

- passengers form a social network. In such networks, users can interact with one another: can review each other, provide references, and other users make decision based on those reviews and interactions.
- O Rating and Commenting: When users use a shared resource provided by another user, they must be able to rate and comment on that offering. Using this commenting and rating features, others can decide whether to use that resource or not. For example, on AirBNB, a guest can review the host and the place. Others will read reviews and decide whether to rent that place or not.
- O **Search and Recommendation System:** Your system should provide the basic functionalities to search the shared economy. Using this feature, users should be able to search and discover what they want to use. It is really important that you use a smart recommendation system that ranks the matching entries according to user's query and personal data. Moreover, using the same recommendation system, the system should show similar things when a user is browsing a certain item. For instance, when one is looking at a room on AirBNB, the system lists similar properties on the same page.
- O **Admin:** You should provide basic admin functionalities, including but not limited to changing passwords, updating and deleting information, and initializing/repopulating the database.
- O Note that you will get up to extra 10 points for any significant additional features.

Requirements

- 1. You should develop the front-end of your application using HTML5, JavaScript, and CSS3, and the backend using NodeJS or Python using mongoDB/MySQL/PostgreSQL as database.
- 2. Your application must be hosted on a web Server (Heroku provides <u>free hosting</u> for small applications).
- 3. The entry to your application should be '/' and the entry to the admin page should be on /admin/.
- 4. You **can** use **any** third-party libraries with proper attribution.
- 5. You must use a version control system (either github or bitbucket) to collaborate and share the link in your report (with login information, if private).
- 6. Your code should work on Google Chrome 43+.

Deliverables

There are three phases in your assignment, for phase 1 and phase 2 no late submission is allowed. You **must submit in time**, otherwise you loose the full marks for those phases.

1. In Phase 1 (10% of 30, Due date: July 3rd), you should deliver a readme.pdf that includes the title of your project, your team information (name and CDF of each member)

and a brief description of what your project will eventually do (within sharing economy space).

- 2. In Phase 2 (20% of 30, Due date: July 10th), you should deliver a design.pdf file that includes the detailed design of your application. This PDF file must include the following items:
 - a. A high-level view of your software architecture (i.e., the modules of your system).
 - b. The description of all the modules of your system and how they interact with one another.
 - c. The list of pages and UI elements of your project
- 3. In Phase 3 (**70% of 30, Due date: July 31st**), you should submit the complete project source code in a zip file named **a3.zip**, and a project document (**project.pdf**) (you can include things from phase 2) with a self evaluation section of how much of your design (Phase 2) is actually implemented.
 - a. Your project should have all features implemented with proper test cases with documentation (In code and in project document file).
 - b. You should take care of at least two well known security vulnerability and describe that. If you use any framework that take care of those vulnerability, then explain how that works and how you have tested it in your application.
 - c. Once you have finished the first version of your project, measure the performance. Apply performance improvement techniques and show how much performance you have improved..
 - d. Include a five minutes video demo of your application as a **link** in the project document.

Your assignment should be submitted the deliverables of each phase on MarkUs. At the end of phase 3, all members of a team must submit a **team member evaluation** form. One can be penalized up to 50% of 30 for not being a good team player. The team member evaluation form will be provided to you and your team evaluation would be anonymous to others. Teams which functions well, will not get any deduction. In practice, **not everybody will contribute equally, but you have to make good effort to close the gaps.**

Sample Project 1 - CommunityFund: Improve your community

Description

CommunityFund is a <u>crowdfunding</u> platform for raising fund and awareness on community projects. Crowdfunding is the practice of funding a project or venture by raising monetary contributions from a large number of people, typically via the Internet. CrowdFunding has three main actors: the project initiator who proposes the idea and/or project to be funded; individuals or groups who support the idea; and a platform that brings the parties together. Since, crowdfunding leverage the power of internet, anyone from anywhere in the world can fund any project. However, CommunityFund is a community based crowdfunding platform where people would fund community-based projects. So both the funder and the project initiator has to be part of a same community. A community can be based on interests or geographical locations. CrowdFunding is an example of a <u>sharing economy</u> paradigm, a socio-economic system built around the sharing of human and physical resources.

How it Works

CommunityFund is an online service where an individual (or a group) (from now on, the "funder") who are interested in helping projects within their community can find interesting projects from various project initiators (from now on, the "Initiator"). Initiators, register on the system and provide details of their projects and themselves. Funder, register on the system and search for interesting projects to fund, and if found one, they can give fund to the project. The fund represents either (i) a donation, or (ii) a payment for a product, which will be shipped to the funder at a later time (after successful completion of the project). Initiators has to specify communities for the project; which can be based on location or interests. Funders also need to specify the communities they are interested in and they can only fund any projects within those communities. Once the funder finds a suitable project they can fund the project helping it reaching a specific goal set by the initiators. The community members should form a social network Once a funder or initiator joins a community she is automatically joining a social network that allows her to explore information about the community and the projects within. They can communicate with each other and know more about the project from the people around the project.

Challenges for CommunityFund

Entrepreneurs often struggle to run their project due to lack of fund. At the same time, there are thousands of people who are willing to give money for a cause they believe in. Matching these two parties in a easy and natural way is the main challenge of this project. Again, funder always want to know the impact they have made for the project and the impact of the project within the community. So, providing the ways to measure the impact of the project within the community is an additional challenge. One possible way to measure the impact is to get testimonials (or

reviews, reputation systems) from the community members for the project. Students can come up with their own ways for measuring impact.

Your Project

Your team is in charge of designing and developing a fully functional web application for supporting crowdfunding platform. Here is a list of components that your system should support:

- **User Authentication**: Authentication is the process of verifying who a person is. There are a number of methods for doing this, but the most common process is a two way matching process between a public identifier (i.e. a user name or userid) and a private identifier (i.e. a password). On the internet, this is the most common and convenient mechanism.
- **User Profiling**: Each user in your system has a profile. A user profile is a collection of personal data associated to a specific user and it may include information about her identity, her reputation, the type of project she is interested in doing or funding, the professional skills and projects she is interested in, etc.
- **User Interactions**: A user can act either as Funder or an Initiator. As an Initiator she can post a project to raise fund, describe the project milestones/products (if any), and other relevant information. As a Funder she can navigate through the listed projects, give testimonials, or give fund.
- Implicit Social Networking: Your system should be the basis for an implicit social network. In this social network users that are within a common community at the same time are automatically considered 'friends'.
- Reputation System: Your system will resemble a reputation system that computes and publishes reputation scores for both (i) funders and (ii) initiators registered on the system. The reputation score of a project is based on ratings that community members provide about a specific project. The reputation score of a initiators is based on ratings that community members provide about the initiator in their social network, based on their chance to interact or collaborate with her. Ratings are typically passed using a simple rating system (like/dislike, star system, 1-10 grade, etc.). Reputation scores are representing a collection of community member's opinion and can be used by the system to provide recommendations about which project to fund and who are good funder to seek for.
- Administrative View: Your system should support an administrative view of the system.
 Administrators can see aggregate information about the projects, such as, total number of project funded, or average days to reach a fund goal, and other useful analytics.

Sample Project 2 - SynergySpace: Working Better Together

Description

SynergySpace is a coworking space rental and teaming to succeed service. Coworking is a style of work that involves a shared working environment, often an office, and independent activity.

Unlike in a typical office environment, those coworking are usually not employed by the same organization. Typically it is attractive to work-at-home professionals, independent contractors, or people who travel frequently who end up working in relative isolation. Coworking is also the social gathering of a group of people who are still working independently, but who share values, and who are interested in the synergy that can happen from working with people who value working in the same place alongside each other. Coworking is an example of a sharing economy paradigm, a socio-economic system built around the sharing of human and physical resources.

How it Works

SynergySpace is an online service where individuals that own a space (from now on, the "Owner") connect with individuals that are looking for temporal working space (from know on, the "Tenant"). Owners, register on the system and list the space they would like to rent. Tenants, register on the system and search for space to rent. Owners provide information about the space and Tenants provide information about themselves. After a space is found, an arrangement is made that includes information about the details of the lease. Once the Tenant physically joins a shared space she is automatically joining a social network that allows her to explore information about other Tenants currently in the shared space. The social network can then be seen as an enabler of interacting with other people with similar interests. Eventually Tenants have the chance to meet potential collaborators and build up a team to work on a project towards synergies. Currently, there are online coworking services where an individual can rent a space and there are online services that can enable finding partners to work on a project. However, these services are not integrated well and are not enabled through physically sharing a space at real-time. A service that enables this interaction would be highly desirable as it would give extra flexibility on finding a working space, and at the same time would enable more meaningful synergies between interested individuals.

Challenges for SynergySpace

Freelance professionals can struggle to find affordable working space in a city they reside or are visiting. At the same time, space owners are looking for alternative ways to lease their space. Another concern for individuals is that they are typically looking for new opportunities to join a team and collaborate on a project. While it is easy to find collaborators online, many individuals would prefer to work with professionals that they can physically interact. Another problem for coworking is the reliability of the informal arrangements made between the parties involved. Several internet schemes are trying to address these concerns by introducing reputation systems, enabling more informed decisions to be made about reliable and unreliable professionals.

Your Project

Your team is in charge of designing and developing a fully functional web application for supporting the rental of coworking space and the teaming of professionals online. Here is a list of components that your system should support:

• **User Authentication**: Authentication is the process of verifying who a person is. There are a number of methods for doing this, but the most common process is a two way matching

- process between a public identifier (i.e. a user name or userid) and a private identifier (i.e. a password). On the internet, this is the most common and convenient mechanism.
- **User Profiling**: Each user in your system has a profile. A user profile is a collection of personal data associated to a specific user and it may include information about her identity, her reputation, the space she is interested to list for lease or is interested to rent, the professional skills and projects she is interested in, etc.
- **User Interactions**: A user can act either as Owner or a Tenant. As an Owner she can list a new space for lease, arrange the lease agreement, rate individuals that have leased the space. As a Tenant she can navigate through the available rental spaces, express interest to lease a space, rate a space.
- Implicit Social Networking: Your system should be the basis for an implicit social network. In this social network users that are sharing the same space at the same time are automatically considered 'friends'.
- Reputation System: Your system will resemble a reputation system that computes and publishes reputation scores for both (i) coworking spaces and (ii) Tenants registered on the system. The reputation score of a coworking space is based on ratings that Tenants provide about how satisfied they were with the space (and the details of the arrangement). The reputation score of a Tenant is based on ratings that Tenants provide about other Tenants in their social network, based on their chance to interact or collaborate with them. Ratings are typically passed using a simple rating system (like/dislike, star system, 1-10 grade, etc.). Reputation scores are representing a collection of Tenants' opinion and can be used by the system to provide recommendations about which working space to lease and which people to collaborate with once you are there.
- Administrative View: Your system should support an administrative view of the system. Administrators can set global variables used in the system, such as, the type of space that can be leased and can see aggregate information about the system's performance, such as, total number of teams built up, or average distance that users had to travel to find a coworking space, and other useful analytics.