## About My Code:

My code for MP5 can be found in this folder, in the python file, MP5.py. The file is callable from the command line with the command \$ MP5.py PATH TO IMAGE.

After running, it will write many result images (after each step) to the folder, "results."

I wrote my code in Python 3.7, and it assumes python packages numpy, sys, matplotlib, os, math, skimage, copy, scipy, and sys are installed.

## Results:

I ran my code on the given image files, and in short, my code performed pretty well. The code reads the image, and then executes this logic:

- (1) Gaussian Smoothing
  - (a) Applies standard gaussian smoothing with a given sigma to the inputted image. This process removes a lot of edges and sharpness from the given image.
- (2) Calculate Image Gradient
  - (a) Using the smoothed image, I use a Robert Cross filter to calculate the image gradient. First I make two gaussians, Gx and Gy, from the convolution of the given image and either the vertical rc mask or the horizontal rc mask, respectively. Then I resolve the final gaussian, and return the theta and magnitude values such that:

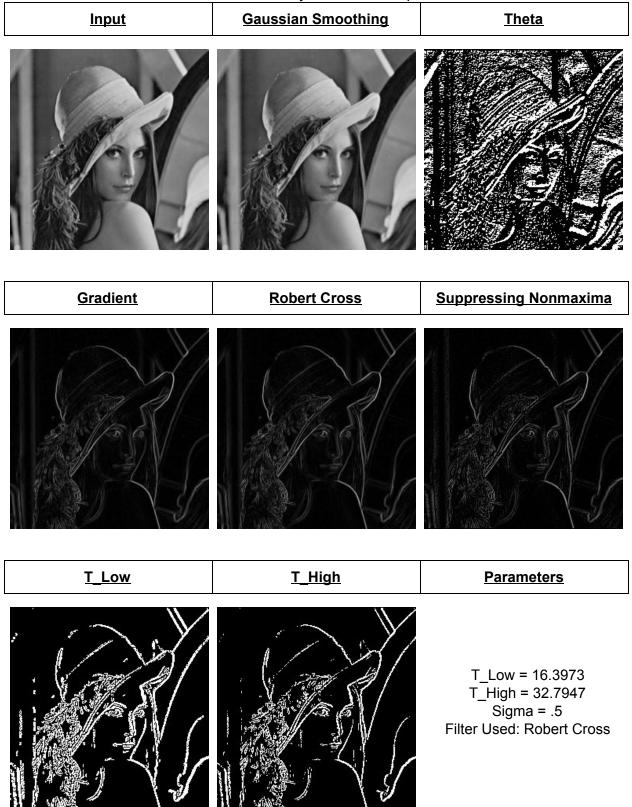
$$\theta = \sqrt{G_x^2 + G_y^2}$$

$$mag = arctan2(Gy, Gx)$$

- (3) Select High and Low Thresholds
  - (a) I gather T\_Low and T\_High from the magnitude (gradient) array using a quantized histogram.
- (4) Suppress Non Maxima
  - (a) I iterate through the image. For each cell, I gather the line that corresponds to its angle in the gradient (specifically: line =int(theta[r, c] % 4). This line value corresponds to: {0: Horizontal, 1: Upleft-Downright Diagonal, 2: Vertical, 3: Upright-Downleft Diagonal}.
  - (b) Then I check to see if the given cell is the local maxima through each of its neighbors along the given line. If it is, I keep its value. If it is not, I change its value to 0.
- (5) Thresholding and Edge Linking
  - (a) I iterate through the image. For each cell, I see whether it is greater than T\_High. If it is, then I set it's color value to 255. Then if flag="TLOW", I check whether any of its 8 neighbors are above the T\_Low threshold. If it is, I set the neighbors value to 255.
  - (b) If flag="THIGH", then I do not check the to see if the neighbors are above T Low.

I experiment with different input values, parameters, input images, and edge detectors to compare outcomes. Results can be seen below.

Results Analysis for Lena.bmp

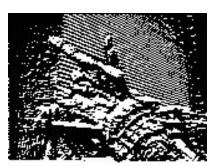


Results Analysis for gun1.bmp

<u>Input</u>	Gaussian Smoothing	<u>Theta</u>
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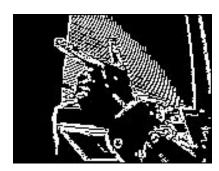
Gradient Robert Cross Suppressing Nonmaxima







<u>T\_Low</u> <u>T\_High</u> <u>Parameters</u>





T\_Low = 8.4624 T\_High = 16.9248 Sigma = .5 Filter Used: Robert Cross Results Analysis for joy1.bmp

Input Gaussian Smoothing Theta







Gradient Robert Cross Suppressing Nonmaxima

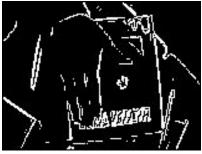






<u>T\_Low</u> <u>T\_High</u> <u>Parameters</u>





T\_Low = 21.8532 T\_High = 47.7064 Sigma = .5 Filter Used: Robert Cross Results Analysis for pointer1.bmp

Input Gaussian Smoothing Theta







Gradient Robert Cross Suppressing Nonmaxima







<u>T\_Low</u> <u>T\_High</u> <u>Parameters</u>





T\_Low = 20.0995 T\_High = 41.1990 Sigma = .5 Filter Used: Robert Cross Results Analysis for test1.bmp

