

$$\left[\sum_{\epsilon} g(\epsilon) e^{\epsilon / k_B T} \right]$$

$$Q_N(\sigma, V) = \int \left[\frac{1}{h^d} \int e^{-\frac{h(q,p)}{k_B T}} d^d q d^d p \right]^N$$

$$Q_1(T, V) = \sum_{\epsilon} g(\epsilon) e^{\epsilon / k_B T}$$

$$Q_1^{\text{cl}}(T, V) = \frac{1}{h^d} \int e^{-\frac{h(q,p)}{k_B T}} d^d q d^d p$$

$$h = h(q, p)$$

Q1 $d=3$
 $h(q, p) = \frac{p^2}{2m}$

D1 $d=1$
 $h(q, p) = \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 q^2 + \frac{1}{2m} p^2$

M1 $d=3$
 $h(q, p) \equiv h(\theta, \varphi) = -\mu \cdot H \cos \theta$

$$\frac{1}{h^3} \int d^3 q \cdot \int e^{-\frac{p^2}{2m k_B T}} d^3 p$$

$$\frac{1}{h^3} V \int_0^\infty e^{-\frac{p^2}{2m k_B T}} 4\pi p^2 dp$$

$$\frac{1}{h} \int e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{m \omega^2 q^2}{k_B T}} dq \int e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{p^2}{m k_B T}} dp$$

$$\frac{1}{h} \left(\frac{2\pi k_B T}{m \omega^2} \right)^{1/2} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \frac{p^2}{m k_B T}} \cdot \left(\frac{2\pi k_B T}{m \omega^2} \right)^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{1}{h^3} \int e^{-\frac{\mu H \cos \theta}{k_B T}} d^3 \theta d^3 p$$

$$\frac{1}{h^3} \int_0^\pi \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^\infty e^{-\frac{\mu H \cos \theta}{k_B T}} \sin \theta d\theta d\varphi dp$$

$$\epsilon = \frac{h^2}{8mL^2} \left(n_x^2 + n_y^2 + n_z^2 \right)$$

$$\epsilon_{n1} = \left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \hbar \omega$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{-\left(n + \frac{1}{2} \right) \frac{\hbar \omega}{k_B T}} \left[2m \hbar \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{\hbar \omega}{k_B T} \right) \right]^{-1}$$

$$\sum_{m=-J}^{+J} e^{-\frac{g \mu_B \hbar m}{k_B T}} = \frac{\sinh \left[\left(1 + \frac{1}{2J} \right) \frac{g \mu_B \hbar J}{k_B T} \right]}{\sinh \left[\left(\frac{1}{2J} \right) \frac{g \mu_B \hbar J}{k_B T} \right]}$$

$$C(m) = -g \mu_B \hbar m$$

$$m = \{-J, \dots, -1, 0, 1, \dots, J\}$$