



Figure 1.1 Low-lying energy levels of atomic hydrogen, lithium, and boron. The energies are given in electron volts, with $1 \text{ eV} = 1.602 \times 10^{-12} \text{ erg}$. The numbers in parentheses give the number of quantum states having the same energy, with no account taken of the spin of the nucleus. The zero of energy in the figure is taken for convenience at the lowest energy state of each atom.

or antiparallel to the direction of an arbitrary external axis, such as the direction of a magnetic field. To take account of the two orientations we should double the values of the multiplicities shown for atomic hydrogen.

An atom of lithium has three electrons which move about the nucleus. Each electron interacts with the nucleus, and each electron also interacts with all the