

(3)  $\delta Q$  - REN FAKTORE INTEGRATEAILEA (2. INDORIOAREN ONDORIOA)

$$\delta Q = dU - Ydx - Y'dx' \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} u = u(t, x, x') \\ Y = Y(t, x, x') \\ Y' = Y'(t, x, x') \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\sigma = \sigma(t, x, x') \Rightarrow t = t(\sigma, x, x')$$

$$\delta Q = \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial \sigma} \right)_{x, x'} d\sigma + \left[ \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_{\sigma, x'} - Y \right] dx + \left[ \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x'} \right)_{\sigma, x} - Y' \right] dx'$$

(i)  $d\sigma = dx = 0$   
 $dx' \neq 0$

(ii)  $d\sigma = dx' = 0$   
 $dx \neq 0$

$$\delta Q = \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial \sigma} \right)_{x, x'} d\sigma$$

$$\lambda \equiv \left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial \sigma} \right)_{x, x'}$$

$$\delta Q = \lambda d\sigma$$

$$\lambda = \lambda(\sigma, x, x')$$

