

$$P(z, V, T) = \frac{k_B T}{V} q(z, V, T) \equiv \frac{k_B T}{V} \ln \mathcal{Q}(z, V, T)$$

$$N(z, V, T) = z \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial z} q(z, V, T) \right]_{V, T} = k_B T \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial \mu} q(\mu, V, T) \right]_{V, T}$$

$$U(z, V, T) = - \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} q(z, V, T) \right]_{z, V} = k_B T^2 \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial T} q(z, V, T) \right]_{z, V}$$

$$A = N\mu - PV = Nk_B T \ln z - k_B T \ln \mathcal{Q}(z, V, T)$$

$$\mathbb{F} = -k_B T \ln \frac{\mathcal{Q}(z, V, T)}{z^N}$$

$$F[\mu] = F[\mu](\mu, V, T)$$

$$S = \frac{U - A}{T} = k_B T \left(\frac{\partial q}{\partial T} \right)_{z, V} - Nk \ln z + kq$$