

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \epsilon^2} \left[\ln(g(\epsilon) \cdot e^{-\beta \epsilon}) \right] = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \epsilon^2} \left[\ln g(\epsilon) - \beta \epsilon \right] = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \epsilon^2} \left(-\ln g(\epsilon) \right) - \beta \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \epsilon^2} \epsilon$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \epsilon} \left[\left(\frac{1}{g(\epsilon)} \right) \frac{\partial g(\epsilon)}{\partial \epsilon} \right] \quad \parallel \quad 0$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\partial^2 g(\epsilon)}{\partial \epsilon^2} \cdot g(\epsilon) - \frac{\partial g(\epsilon)}{\partial \epsilon} \frac{\partial g(\epsilon)}{\partial \epsilon}}{g^2(\epsilon)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{\partial^2 g(\epsilon)}{\partial \epsilon^2} \right)}{g^2(\epsilon)} - \frac{\left(\frac{\partial g(\epsilon)}{\partial \epsilon} \right)^2}{g^3(\epsilon)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\partial^2}{\partial \epsilon^2} \left(\ln g(\epsilon) \right)}{\frac{S}{k_B}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial \epsilon} \left(\frac{\partial S / k_B}{\partial \epsilon} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \epsilon} \left(\frac{1}{k_B} \frac{1}{T} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{k_B} \frac{\partial}{\partial \epsilon} \left(\frac{1}{T} \right) \quad \left| \quad = \frac{1}{k_B} \left(-\frac{1}{T^2} \right) \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial \epsilon} \right) \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial \left(\frac{1}{T} \right)}{\partial \epsilon} = \left(-\frac{1}{T^2} \right) \frac{\partial T}{\partial \epsilon} \right| \quad \parallel \quad C_V$$