

Klaivikoki 2.4 a/6 b)

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$$H(q, p) = \frac{1}{2} k q^2 + \frac{1}{2m} p^2$$

$$q = A \cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$p = -m\omega A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$$

(m\dot{q})

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$$

efektu parametruKauk

$$E = \frac{1}{2} m \omega^2 A^2$$

Pare-qravuz
↓

$$\frac{q^2}{(2E/m\omega^2)} + \frac{p^2}{(2mE)} = 1$$

$$\left[\frac{x^2}{\left[\left(\frac{2}{m\omega^2} \right)^{1/2} E^{1/2} \right]^2} + \frac{y^2}{\left[(2mE)^{1/2} \right]^2} = 1 \right]$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

arabuz $\frac{2\pi E}{\omega}$

$$\pi a b$$

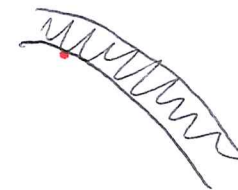
$$\pi \left(\frac{2}{m\omega^2} \right)^{1/2} E^{1/2} \cdot (2mE)^{1/2} = \frac{2\pi E}{\omega}$$

geruzak harutu $(E - \frac{1}{2}\Delta, E + \frac{1}{2}\Delta)$

fore-qravuz
+ dsagerbaravuz

ardatrak $(E)^{1/2}$ rekku propatirubak

$$\frac{2\pi}{\omega} \left(E + \frac{1}{2}\Delta \right) - \frac{2\pi}{\omega} \left(E - \frac{1}{2}\Delta \right) = \frac{2\pi \Delta}{\omega}$$



rebat mikroskopis depen
pakitiko.

Kuantike