Ticket Management System API

Objective

Create a comprehensive Ticket Management System API with the following functionalities:

- Create a user
- Authentication
- Create a ticket
- Assign users to a ticket
- Get ticket details including assigned users and status
- Ticket history
- Ticket analytics

Requirements

1. Create a User

- User Types:
 - "customers"
 - "admin"
- Endpoint: POST /users
- · Request Body:

```
{
  "name": "User Name",
  "email": "user@example.com",
  "type": "customer", // type can only be "customer" or
"admin"
  "password": "password123" // Password should be hashe
```

```
d before storing
}
```

Constraints:

- The email must be unique.
- The **password** should meet complexity requirements (e.g., minimum length, at least one special character).
- An admin cannot be a customer and a customer cannot be an admin.

• Response:

```
{
  "id": "user_id",
  "name": "User Name",
  "email": "user@example.com"
}
```

2. Authentication

• Endpoint: POST /auth/login

Request Body:

```
{
  "email": "user@example.com",
  "password": "password123"
}
```

• Response:

```
{
    "token": "jwt_token"
}
```

Constraints:

- Use JSON Web Tokens (JWT) for authentication.
- Validate user credentials and issue a **JWT token** on successful login.

3. Create a Ticket

• Endpoint: POST /ticket

• Request Headers:

```
Authorization: Bearer jwt_token
```

• Request Body:

```
{
  "title": "Ticket Title",
  "description": "Ticket Description",
  "type": "concert", // type can be "concert", "confere
nce", "sports", etc.
  "venue": "Venue Name",
  "status": "open", // status can be "open", "in-progre
ss", or "closed"
  "price": 223,
  "priority": "high", // priority can be "low", "mediu
m", or "high"
  "dueDate": "2024-08-01T18:00:00Z",
  "createdBy": "user_id"
}
```

Constraints:

- The user creating the ticket must be authenticated.
- createdBy must correspond to a valid user ID.
- The dueDate must be a future date.

Response:

```
"id": "ticket_id",
  "title": "Ticket Title",
  "description": "Ticket Description",
  "type": "concert",
  "venue": "Venue Name",
  "status": "open",
```

```
"priority": "high",
  "dueDate": "2024-08-01T18:00:00Z",
  "createdBy": "user_id",
  "assignedUsers": []
}
```

4. Assign a User to a Ticket

• Endpoint: POST /tickets/:ticketId/assign

Request Headers:

```
Authorization: Bearer jwt_token
```

· Request Body:

```
{
    "userId": "user_id"
}
```

Constraints:

- A user cannot be assigned to the same ticket more than once.
- A ticket should not be assignable if it is closed.
- The userId must correspond to a valid user.
- You can't assign a ticket to an admin.
- The total number of assigned users should not exceed a defined limit (e.g., 5 users per ticket).
- Only the user who created the ticket or an admin can assign users to the ticket.

• Response (Success):

```
{
   "message": "User assigned successfully"
}
```

Response (Failure):

```
{
  "message": "User already assigned" // or "Cannot assig
n users to a closed ticket" or "User does not exist" or
"User assignment limit reached" or "Unauthorized"
}
```

5. Get Ticket Details

- Endpoint: GET /tickets/:ticketId
- Request Headers:

```
Authorization: Bearer jwt_token
```

• Response:

```
"id": "ticket_id",
"title": "Ticket Title",
"description": "Ticket Description",
"type": "concert",
"venue": "Venue Name",
"status": "open",
"price": 223,
"priority": "high",
"dueDate": "2024-08-01T18:00:00Z",
"createdBy": "user_id",
"assignedUsers": [
  {
    "userId": "user_id_1",
    "name": "User Name 1",
    "email": "user1@example.com"
  },
  {
    "userId": "user_id_2",
    "name": "User Name 2",
    "email": "user2@example.com"
  }
```

```
],
  "statistics": {
    "totalAssigned": 2,
    "status": "open"
}
```

Constraints:

Only authenticated users can view ticket details.

6. Ticket History

• Endpoint: GET /tickets/analytics

• Request Headers:

```
Authorization: Bearer jwt_token
```

• Query Parameters (optional):

```
    startDate: Filter tickets created after this date
    endDate: Filter tickets created before this date
    status: Filter tickets by status (e.g., "closed")
    priority: Filter tickets by priority (e.g., "high")
    type: Filter tickets by type (e.g., "concert")
    venue: Filter tickets by venue
```

• Response:

```
{
  "totalTickets": 50,
  "closedTickets": 30,
  "openTickets": 15,
  "inProgressTickets": 5,
  "priorityDistribution": {
     "low": 10,
     "medium": 20,
     "high": 20
```

```
},
  "typeDistribution": {
    "concert": 20,
    "conference": 15,
    "sports": 15
 },
  "tickets": [
    {
      "id": "ticket_id_1",
      "title": "Ticket Title 1",
      "status": "closed",
      "priority": "high",
      "type": "concert",
      "venue": "Venue 1",
      "createdDate": "2024-07-01T18:00:00Z",
      "createdBy": "user_id_1"
    },
    {
      "id": "ticket_id_2",
      "title": "Ticket Title 2",
      "status": "in-progress",
      "priority": "medium",
      "type": "conference",
      "venue": "Venue 2",
      "createdDate": "2024-07-05T18:00:00Z",
      "createdBy": "user_id_2"
    }
  ]
}
```

Constraints:

Only authenticated users can view analytics.

7. Ticket Analytics

- Endpoint: GET /dashboard/analytics
- Query Parameters (optional):

```
startDate: Filter tickets created after this date
endDate: Filter tickets created before this date
status: Filter tickets by status (e.g., "closed")
priority: Filter tickets by priority (e.g., "high")
type: Filter tickets by type (e.g., "concert")
venue: Filter tickets by venue
```

Response:

```
{
  "totalTickets": 50,
  "closedTickets": 30,
  "openTickets": 15,
  "averageCustomerSpending": 500, // The average of mone
y that a single customer has spent in the given timespan
  "AverageTicketsBookedPerDay": 100,
  "inProgressTickets": 5,
  "priorityDistribution": {
    "low": 10,
    "averageLowTicketsBookedPerDay": 1.2,
    "medium": 20,
    "averageMediumTicketsBookedPerDay": 2,
    "high": 20,
    "AverageHighTicketsBookedPerDay": 2
  },
  "typeDistribution": {
    "concert": 20,
    "conference": 15,
    "sports": 15
  }
}
```

X Instructions

- Implement the above endpoints using **Node.js**, **TypeScript**, and **Express**.
- Use PostgreSQL for data storage.

- Ensure the API endpoints handle **edge cases and validation**.
- Implement JWT-based authentication and authorization
- Use Raw SQL Queries