

# MATH 420

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## Team HW 3

```
In [3]: using LinearAlgebra

using Pkg
Pkg.activate("./p2")
Pkg.instantiate()

using Plots
using DelimitedFiles
using LaTeXStrings
using Polynomials
using EasyFit

files = readdir("Project_2/kn57Nodes1to57_coord/")
files = joinpath.("Project_2/kn57Nodes1to57_coord/", files)

target = files[1]
sources = files[2:end]

"""
Process file and return matrix
"""
function process_file(fn::String)
    m = readdlm(fn, Float64, header=false)
    return m
end

target = process_file(target)
sources = process_file.(sources)

function compute_center(m::Matrix{Float64})::Vector{Float64}
    n = size(m)[2]
    r = 1 / n * m * ones(n)
    return r
end

function recenter(m::Matrix{Float64})::Matrix{Float64}
    n = size(m)[2]
    m̃ = compute_center(m)
    r = m - m̃ * ones(n)'
    return r
end

function recenter(m::Matrix{Float64}, bar::Vector{Float64})::Matrix{Float64}
    n = size(m)[2]
```

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    m̄ = bar
    r = m - m̄ * ones(n)'
    return r
end

function compute_r(x::Matrix{Float64}, y::Matrix{Float64}; center::Bool=true)
    if center
        r = recenter(x) * recenter(y)'
    else
        r = x * y'
    end
    return r
end

function compute_svd(x::Matrix{Float64})::NTuple{3,Matrix{Float64}}
    s = svd(x)
    r = (s.U, diagm(s.S), s.Vt)
    return r
end

#####

Usage:
Q, a, z = compute_qaz(sources[i], target)
#####

function compute_qaz(x::Matrix{Float64}, y::Matrix{Float64})::Tuple{Matrix{F
    x̄ = compute_center(x)
    ȳ = compute_center(y)
    X̃ = recenter(x, x̄)
    Ỹ = recenter(y, ȳ)
    u, s, vt = compute_svd(compute_r(X̃, Ỹ, center=false))
    Q = vt' * u'
    a = tr(s) / (norm(recenter(X̃)))^2
    z = x̄ - 1 / a * Q' * ȳ
    return (Q, a, z)
end

function compute_alignment_error(x::T, y::T, Q::T, a::Float64, z::Vector{Flo
    m = a * Q * (x - z * ones(size(x)[2]))' - y
    return norm(m)
end

function compute_alignment_error(x::Matrix{Float64}, y::Matrix{Float64})::Fl
    Q, a, z = compute_qaz(x, y)
    return compute_alignment_error(x, y, Q, a, z)
end

zt(t::Float64, z::Vector{Float64})::Vector{Float64} = t * z
at(t::Float64, a::Float64)::Float64 = 1 - t + t * a
function matrix_j(Q::Matrix{Float64}, i::Int=1)::Union{Matrix{Float64},Unifo
    d = round(det(Q))
    d == 1 && return I
    if d == -1
        v = ones(size(Q)[1])
        v[i] = -1
        return diagm(v)
    end
end

```

```

else
    error("Bad determinant")
end
end

function qt(t::Float64, Q::Matrix{Float64}, i::Int=1)::Matrix{Float64}
    J = matrix_j(Q, i)
    return J' * exp(t * log(J * Q))
end

xt(t::Float64, X::Matrix{Float64}, Q::Matrix{Float64}, a::Float64, z::Vector{Float64}) = xt(t, X, compute_qaz(X, target, a, z))
xt(t::Float64, X::Matrix{Float64}, tp::Tuple; i::Int=1) = xt(t, X, tp[1], tp[2])
xt(t::Float64, X::Matrix{Float64}; i::Int=1) = xt(t, X, compute_qaz(X, target, 0, 0))

function make_gif(x::Matrix{Float64}, s::Int)
    x_min::Matrix{Real} = ones(100, 3)
    x_max::Matrix{Real} = ones(100, 3)

    for i in 1:100
        x_ = xt(i / 100, x, compute_qaz(x, y))
        for k in 1:3
            x_min[i, k] = minimum(x_[:, k])
            x_max[i, k] = maximum(x_[:, k])
        end
    end

    up_bounds = maximum.(eachcol(x_max))
    low_bounds = minimum.(eachcol(x_min))

    @gif for i in 1:100
        x_ = xt(i / 100, x, compute_qaz(x, y))
        # Plots.scatter(x_[:, 1], x_[:, 2], x_[:, 3], xlims=(extrema(x_[:, 1]), extrema(x_[:, 2])), ylims=(extrema(x_[:, 3]), extrema(x_[:, 3])))
        Plots.scatter(x_[:, 1], x_[:, 2], x_[:, 3], xlims=(low_bounds[1], up_bounds[1]), ylims=(low_bounds[2], up_bounds[2]), marker=:circle, markersize=100, legend=:none)
        Plots.scatter!(y[:, 1], y[:, 2], y[:, 3], markercolor=:red)
        if s == 0
            title!(L"X(t), t = %$(i/100)" * "\n" * "No Noisy Source")
        else
            title!(L"X(t), t = %$(i/100)" * "\n" * "Noisy Source Level $(s)")
        end
    end
    fps = 10
end
end

```

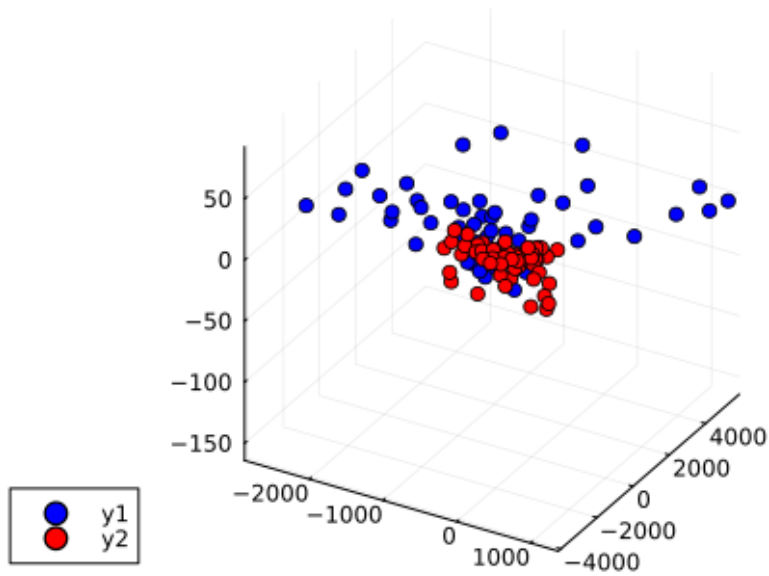
Activating project at `~/MATH420/p2`  
make\_gif (generic function with 1 method)

```

In [4]: y = target
for (i, x) in enumerate(sources)
    (Q, a, z) = compute_qaz(x, y)
    display(make_gif(x, i - 1))
end

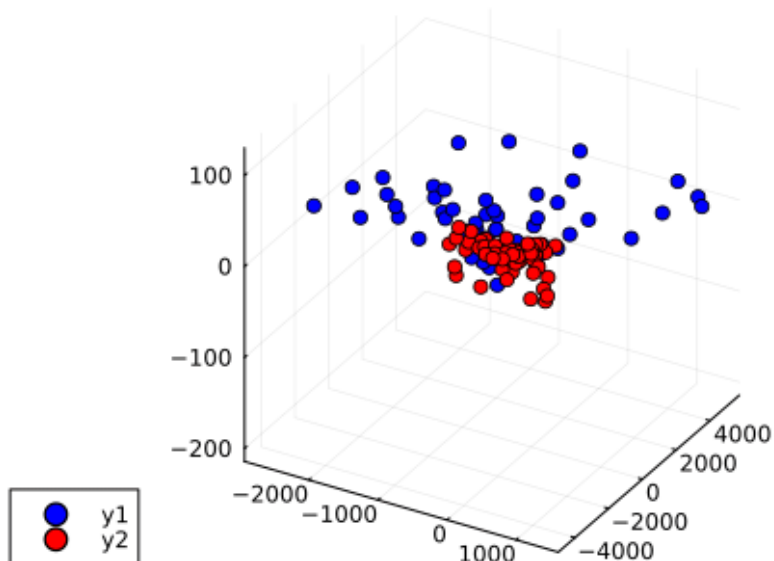
```

$X(t), t = 0.01$   
No Noisy Source



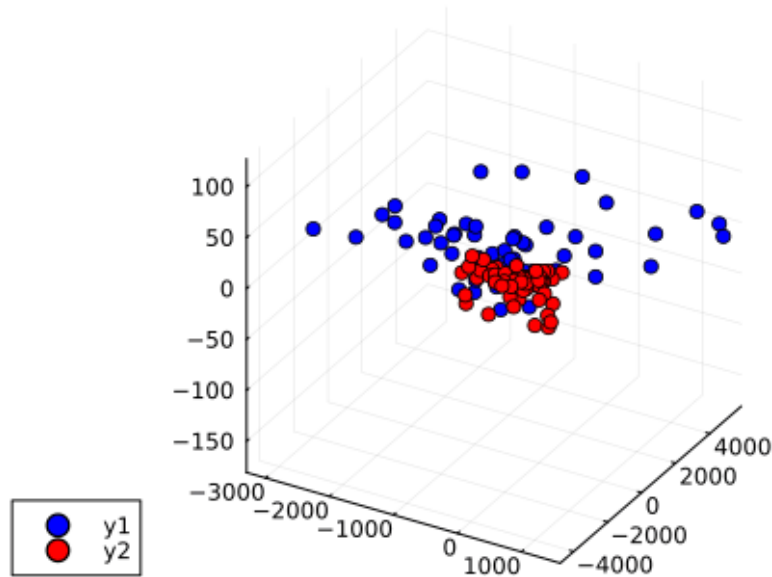
Info: Saved animation to /var/folders/fq/3xjy8gl17c7d1\_j25xvpltz80000gn/T/jl\_knwZ2NE1Kb.gif  
 @ Plots /Users/camilovelezr/.julia/packages/Plots/io9zQ/src/animation.jl:156

$X(t), t = 0.01$   
Noisy Source Level 1



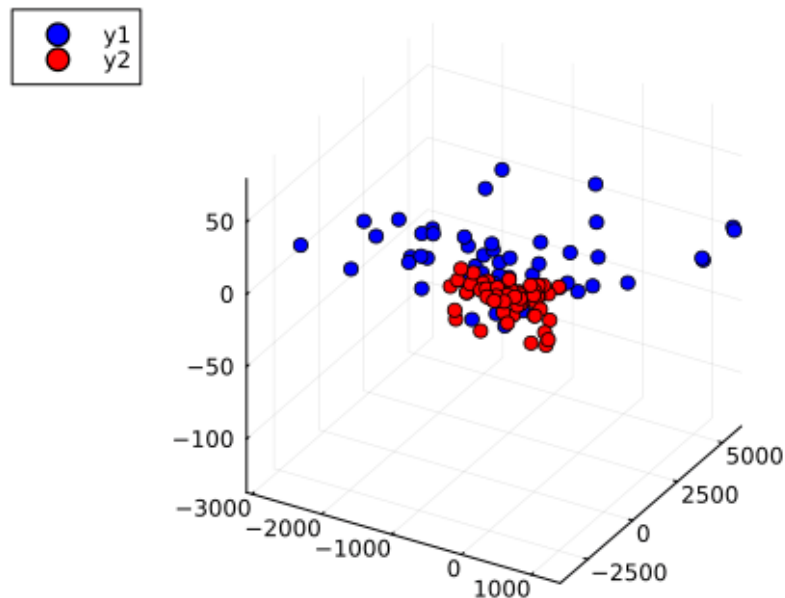
Info: Saved animation to /var/folders/fq/3xjy8gl17c7d1\_j25xvpltz80000gn/T/jl\_EJYtElkpwd.gif  
 @ Plots /Users/camilovelezr/.julia/packages/Plots/io9zQ/src/animation.jl:156

$X(t), t = 0.01$   
Noisy Source Level 2



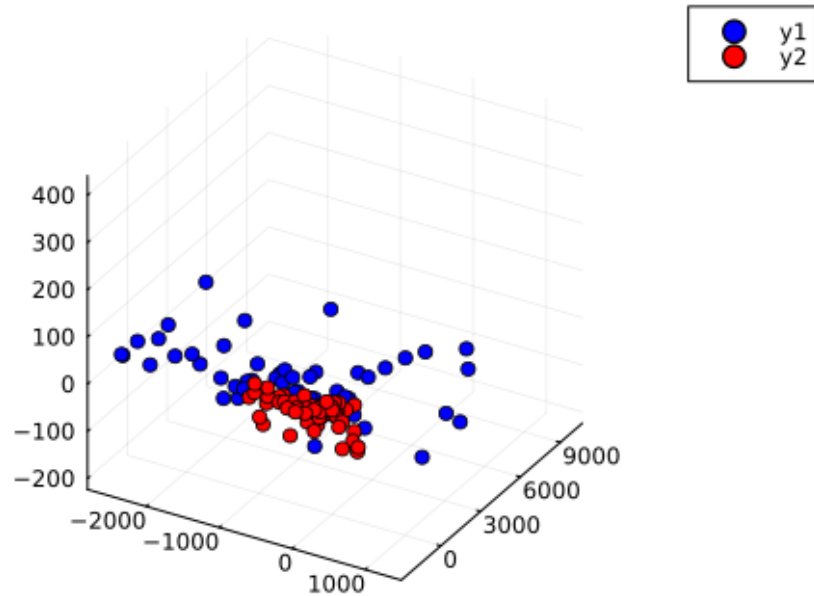
Info: Saved animation to /var/folders/fq/3xjy8gl17c7d1\_j25xvpltz80000gn/T/jl\_Cpiv8J8ps7.gif  
 @ Plots /Users/camilovelezr/.julia/packages/Plots/io9zQ/src/animation.jl:156

$X(t), t = 0.01$   
Noisy Source Level 3



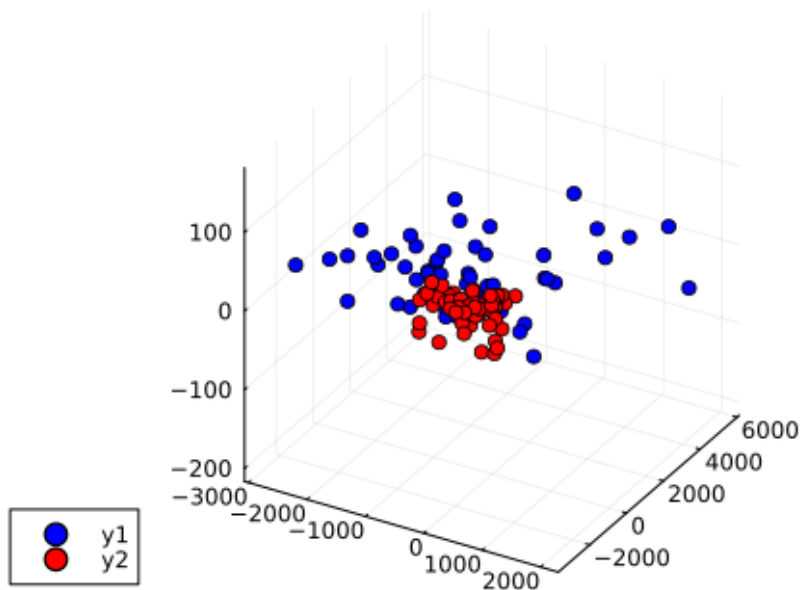
Info: Saved animation to /var/folders/fq/3xjy8gl17c7d1\_j25xvpltz80000gn/T/jl\_8jQtstEHWP.gif  
 @ Plots /Users/camilovelezr/.julia/packages/Plots/io9zQ/src/animation.jl:156

$X(t), t = 0.01$   
Noisy Source Level 4



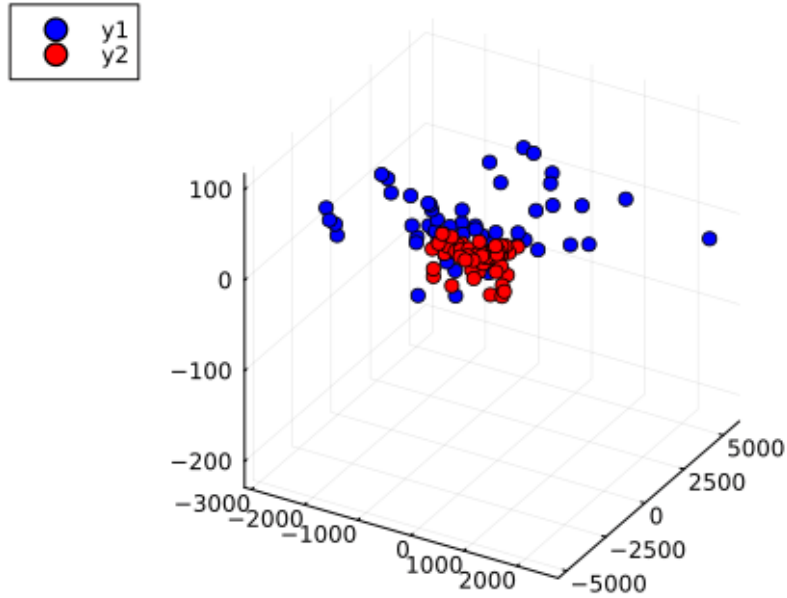
Info: Saved animation to /var/folders/fq/3xjy8gl17c7d1\_j25xvpltz80000gn/T/jl\_klKV0PixIV.gif  
 @ Plots /Users/camilovelezr/.julia/packages/Plots/io9zQ/src/animation.jl:156

$X(t), t = 0.01$   
Noisy Source Level 5



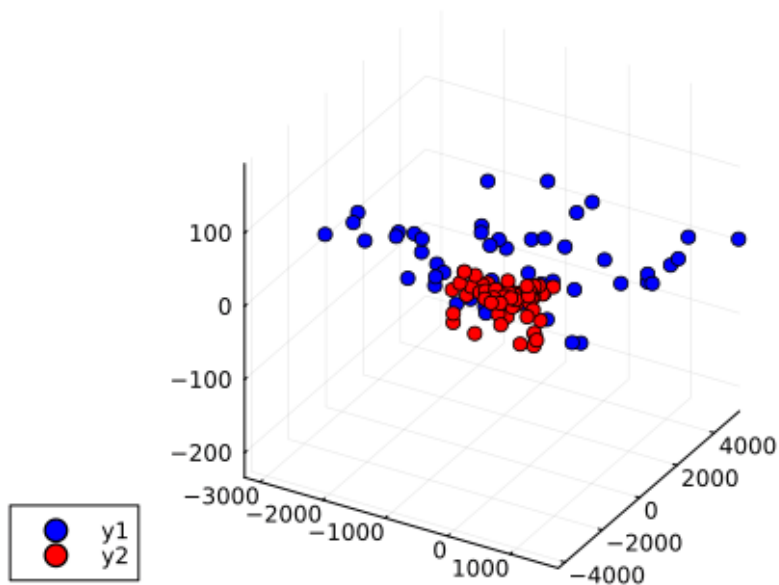
Info: Saved animation to /var/folders/fq/3xjy8gl17c7d1\_j25xvpltz80000gn/T/jl\_kVMFMbE5Id.gif  
 @ Plots /Users/camilovelezr/.julia/packages/Plots/io9zQ/src/animation.jl:156

$X(t), t = 0.01$   
Noisy Source Level 6



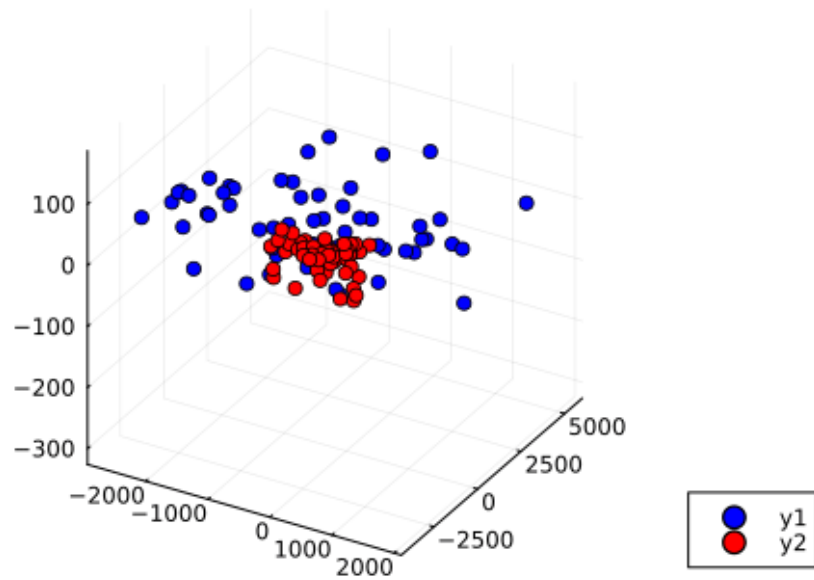
Info: Saved animation to /var/folders/fq/3xjy8gl17c7d1\_j25xvpltz80000gn/T/jl\_qLYhs7EV8V.gif  
 @ Plots /Users/camilovelezr/.julia/packages/Plots/io9zQ/src/animation.jl:156

$X(t), t = 0.01$   
Noisy Source Level 7



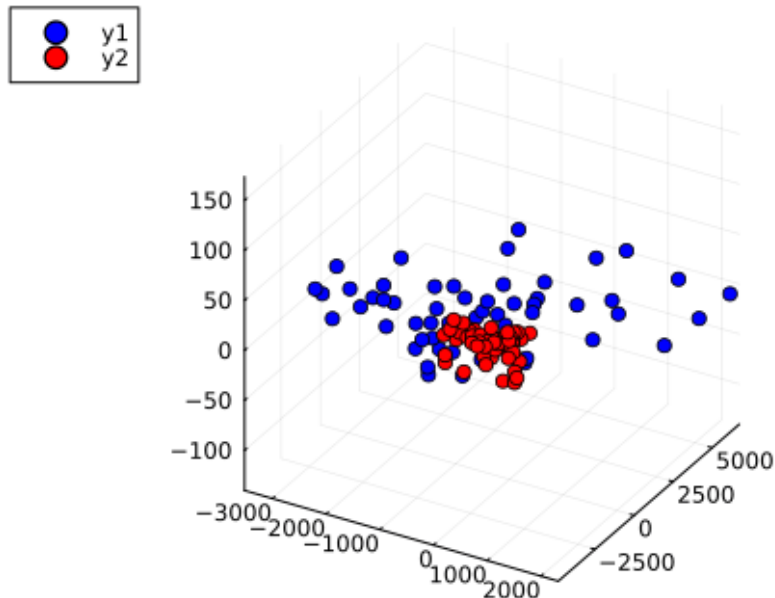
Info: Saved animation to /var/folders/fq/3xjy8gl17c7d1\_j25xvpltz80000gn/T/jl\_uB4FEVyBCx.gif  
 @ Plots /Users/camilovelezr/.julia/packages/Plots/io9zQ/src/animation.jl:156

$X(t), t = 0.01$   
Noisy Source Level 8



Info: Saved animation to /var/folders/fq/3xjy8gl17c7d1\_j25xvpltz80000gn/T/jl\_0vKfSb0R4x.gif  
 @ Plots /Users/camilovelezr/.julia/packages/Plots/io9zQ/src/animation.jl:156

$X(t), t = 0.01$   
Noisy Source Level 9

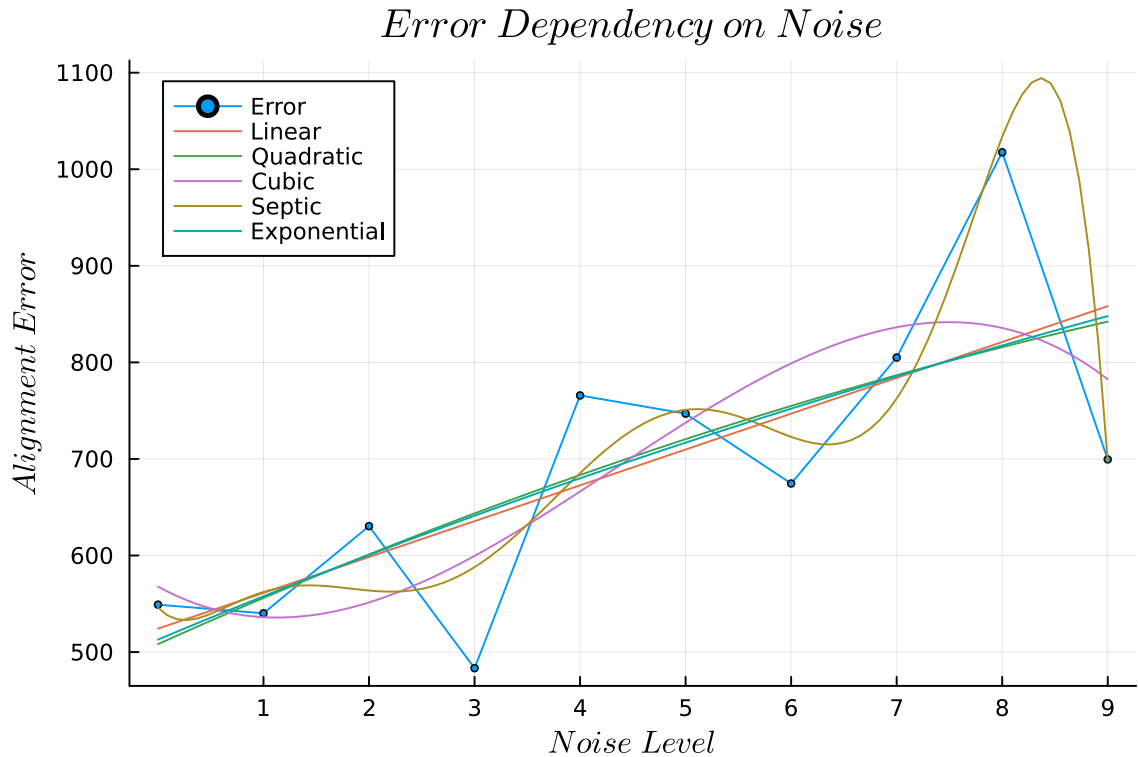


Info: Saved animation to /var/folders/fq/3xjy8gl17c7d1\_j25xvpltz80000gn/T/jl\_aF0fqrpgT.gif  
 @ Plots /Users/camilovelezr/.julia/packages/Plots/io9zQ/src/animation.jl:156



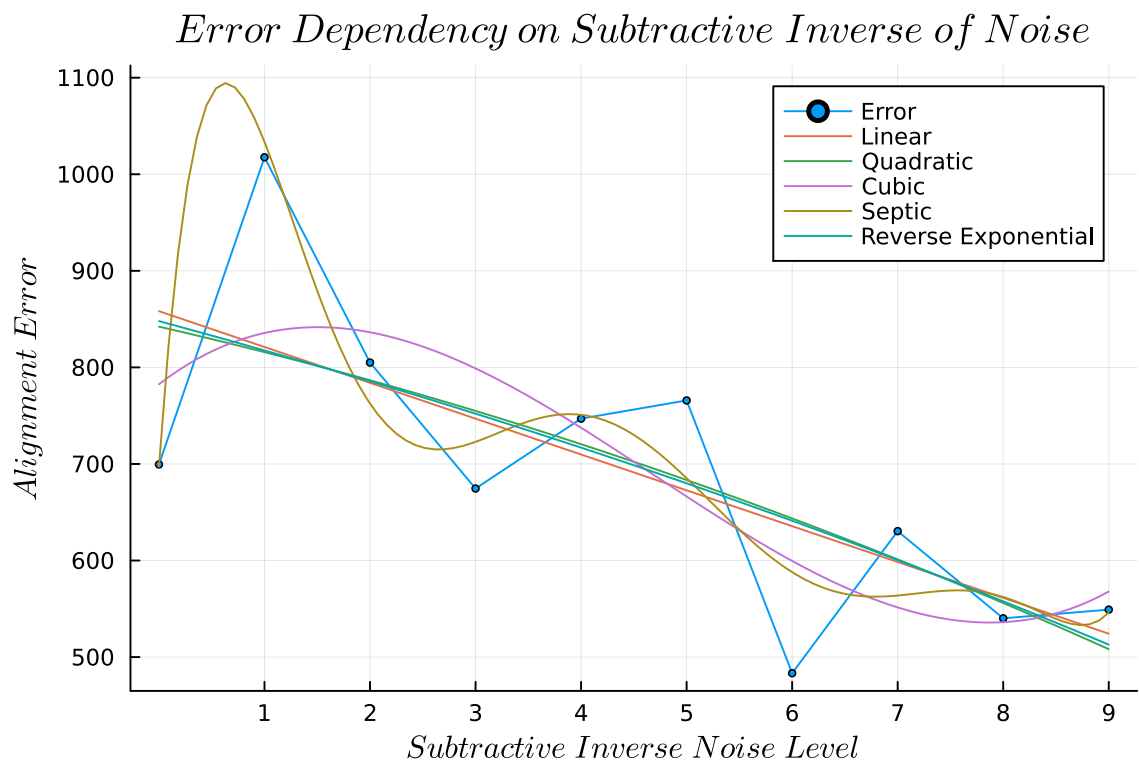
```
In [5]: error_plot = [compute_alignment_error(x, y) for x in sources]
j_list = collect(0:9)
Plots.plot(j_list, error_plot, markers=2, xticks=1:10, labels="Error")
Plots.plot!(Polynomials.fit(j_list, error_plot, 1), extrema(j_list)..., label="Linear")
Plots.plot!(Polynomials.fit(j_list, error_plot, 2), extrema(j_list)..., label="Quadratic")
Plots.plot!(Polynomials.fit(j_list, error_plot, 3), extrema(j_list)..., label="Cubic")
Plots.plot!(Polynomials.fit(j_list, error_plot, 7), extrema(j_list)..., label="Septic")

exp_fit = fitexp(j_list, error_plot)
Plots.plot!(exp_fit.x, exp_fit.y, labels="Exponential")
title!(L"Error \ Dependency \ on \ Noise")
axis!(L"Noise\ Level")
axis!(L"Alignment\ Error")
```



```
In [6]: error_plot_rev = reverse(error_plot)
Plots.plot(j_list, error_plot_rev, markers=2, xticks=1:10, labels="Error")
Plots.plot!(Polynomials.fit(j_list, error_plot_rev, 1), extrema(j_list)..., label="Linear")
Plots.plot!(Polynomials.fit(j_list, error_plot_rev, 2), extrema(j_list)..., label="Quadratic")
Plots.plot!(Polynomials.fit(j_list, error_plot_rev, 3), extrema(j_list)..., label="Cubic")
Plots.plot!(Polynomials.fit(j_list, error_plot_rev, 7), extrema(j_list)..., label="Septic")

exp_fit = EasyFit.fitexp(j_list, error_plot_rev)
Plots.plot!(exp_fit.x, exp_fit.y, labels="Reverse Exponential")
title!(L"Error \ Dependency \ on \ Subtractive \ Inverse \ of \ Noise")
axis!(L"Subtractive \ Inverse \ Noise\ Level")
axis!(L"Alignment\ Error")
```



There is a positive trend, as expected. Linear, quadratic, and exponential are poor estimations.

Cubic and *septic* are better; however, we run the risk of overfitting these data.

Reversing the data yields no further improvement to the estimations.