

UAB CS 410 Semester Project:
Online Selling System based on Databases
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Orders

//each order appears once, orderID is the primary key. Returns are also orders and will therefore also appear in this table // orderPrice is the price for the entire order. It is updated via a trigger every time a product is added to the order //CONSTRAINT: orderDate NOT NULL

Returns

orderID is the foreign key to returns

Trigger will insert into returns when placesOrder's attribute type is set to 'R' or 'FR' and set the RefundDate

Shipping Info

//every order can only have one shipping information sheet because all parts of an order are shipped together //trigger2 after insert on placesOrder entity-> if more than 10 items, ship with UPS, arrival date in 2 days, else with USPS, arrival date 4 days; however, the arrival date can change when an order is being returned in Full - but the Company will not change

//orderID is a foreign key

Products

//each product appears once in this table; ProductID is primary key //CONSTRAINTS: productPrice, productWeight, productName - NOT NULL

OrderContains

//relation; shows which products (with the count) are assigned to which orderID; //CONSTRAINT: Cannot add more than 1000 units of the same items

Customers

//each customer appears once; primary key is c_ID because only one c_ID can be assigned to a customer //CONSTRAINT: c_Email, c_Address, c_Balance - NOT NULL

CreditCards

PlacesOrder

//connects customers to the orders placed and the credit card which is used and sets the type for the order //orderID, cardNumber and c_ID are all foreign keys - must be in their respective relations first //type indicates normal Order or Return or Full Return (Constraint: 'O' OR 'R' OR 'FR') //CONSTRAINTS: orderID, cardNumber, c_ID, type - NOT NULL

Additional Assumptions:

- 1. No orders/products/customers/creditCards will be deleted (in short: nothing will be deleted)
- 2. We have infinite stock
- 3. The orderID is only used once to place an order, and 0 or 1 time to place a full return.
- 4. To return parts of an order (not full return, but option 'R'), a new order number has to be created with the items that the customer wants to return
- 5. Returns ship back with the same shipping company that they were ordered with
- 6. User cannot move items out of an order after they have been added they have to be ordered and then optionally returned
- 7. Credit card balance does not have a limit
- 8. Every Customer pays with his own credit card (since it's an online service, the service cannot know who sits in front of the computer), and the credit card number is sufficient after the credit card number has been added with the PIN
- 9. Full returns are only placed after the exact order has been placed before
- 10. All prices are whole dollar values and do not exceed \$10000 to \$-10000
- 11. The customer's balance cannot exceed the boundaries of \$10000 to \$-10000
- 12. The Process below is followed to create an order:

Process:

- Add customers -(customer has to exist before it can be associated with a creditCard)
- 2. Add Credit cards Every customer needs a credit card to place orders
- 3. Add products -(product has to be in table before OrderContains can add it)
- 4. OrderContains -> adds products to order -
 - 1. product must be in products table
 - 2. trigger to add orderID into the Orders table with current date (ONLY THE FIRST TIME)
 - 3. OrderPrice is SUM calculated by trigger before insert of OrderContains (because order has to be in orders table first, because it's a primary key of the Orders table)

5. PlacesOrder

- 1. after insert on PlacesOrder, calculate shipping
- 2. For RETURNS, trigger2 enters orderID into Returns table with refundDate

```
Orders (orderID, orderDate, orderPrice)
CREATE TABLE Orders(
    orderID integer PRIMARY KEY,
    orderDate Date NOT NULL,
    orderPrice integer);
Returns (orderID)
CREATE TABLE Returns(
    orderID integer PRIMARY KEY,
    RefundDate Date NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY(orderID) REFERENCES Orders(orderID));
Shipping Info (orderID, Company, ArrivalDate)
CREATE TABLE ShippingInfo(
    orderID integer PRIMARY KEY,
    company varchar,
    arrivalDate Date,
    FOREIGN KEY (orderID) REFERENCES Orders(orderID));
Products (productID, productName, productPrice, productWeight)
CREATE TABLE Products(
    productID integer PRIMARY KEY,
    productName varchar NOT NULL,
    productPrice integer NOT NULL,
    productWeight integer NOT NULL);
Customers(c ID, c Name, c Email, c Address, c Balance)
CREATE TABLE Customers(
    c_ID integer PRIMARY KEY,
    c_Name varchar,
    c_Email varchar NOT NULL,
    c_Address varchar NOT NULL,
    c_Balance integer NOT NULL);
CreditCards(cardNumber, PIN)
CREATE TABLE CreditCards(
    cardNumber bigInt PRIMARY KEY,
    PIN integer NOT NULL,
```

ALTER TABLE creditCards ADD CONSTRAINT check_digits CHECK (cardNumber > 9999999999999999999 AND cardNumber < 10000000000000000);

```
OrderContains(orderID, productID, productCount)
CREATE TABLE OrderContains(
    orderID integer NOT NULL,
    productID integer NOT NULL,
    productCount integer NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY (orderID) REFERENCES Orders(orderID),
    FOREIGN KEY (productID) REFERENCES Products(productID));
ALTER TABLE OrderContains ADD CONSTRAINT check_productCount
CHECK (productCount <= 1000);
PlacesOrder(orderID, cardNumber, c_ID, type)
CREATE TABLE PlacesOrder(
    orderID integer NOT NULL,
    cardNumber bigInt NOT NULL,
    c_ID integer NOT NULL,
    type varchar NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY (orderID) REFERENCES Orders(orderID),
    FOREIGN KEY (cardNumber) REFERENCES CreditCards(cardNumber),
    FOREIGN KEY (c_ID) REFERENCES Customers(c_ID));
ALTER TABLE PlacesOrder ADD CONSTRAINT check_type CHECK
(type = 'R' OR type = 'O' OR type = 'FR');
```

Relation: Products

productid	productname		productweight
11 12 14 17 22 23 76 142	TV Table phone Bible Sponge Bucket Guitar ChristmasTree	1 300 1 40 1 99 1 10 1 5 1 5 1 80 1 200	1 23 1 43 1 2 1 4 1 4
159 I	Camera	1 200	4 3
343 (10 rows)	soap	1 3	1 3

Relation: OrderContains

orderid	productid	productcount
99 l	14 I	1
99 I	159 I	1
100 l	76 I	1
111	17 I	4
165 I	17 I	1
165 I	142	1
167 I	159 l	1
167 I	11	2
167 I	14 I	1
177 I	12	8
188 I	76 I	3 1
199 I	17 J	
199 I	76 I	1
222	12	1
222	142	1
303 I	23	2 2 1
303 I	343	2
323 I	14	_
444	17	100
444 I	12 14	10
777 I 888 I	14 14	3
888 I 898 I	22 I	3 2 1
898 I	343 I	1
898 I	23 I	2 5
1000	159 l	1
1000	11	1 1
1234	76 i	2
1234	17 I	2
1235	17 I	200
9929 I	14	800
(31 rows)		

Relation: Orders

orderid	I	orderdate	I	orderprice
99		2017-12-10	1	299
100	I	2017-12-10	I	80
111	I	2017-12-10	1	40
165	1	2017-12-10	1	210
167	I	2017-12-10	I	899
177	1	2017-12-10	1	320
188	1	2017-12-10	1	240
199	I	2017-12-10	1	90
222	1	2017-12-10	1	240
303	1	2017-12-10	1	16
323	1	2017-12-10	1	99
444	1	2017-12-10	1	1400
777	I	2017-12-09	1	297
888	1	2017-12-09	1	198
898	1	2017-12-10	1	36
1000	1	2017-12-10	1	500
1234	I	2017-12-11	1	180
1235	I	2017-12-11	1	2000
9929	I	2017-12-13	I	79200
(19 rows))			

PART C - SAMPLE DATA

Relation: Returns (Refund date only the same because entries were made the same day)

orderid	I	refunddate
	+-	
99		2017-12-15
100	1	2017-12-15
111	1	2017-12-15
165	1	2017-12-15
167	1	2017-12-15
177	1	2017-12-15
222	1	2017-12-15
303	1	2017-12-15
323	ı	2017-12-15
888	Ì	2017-12-14
898	i	2017-12-15
(11 rows)		2011 12 13

Relation: CreditCards

cardnumber	I	pin
1234567891234567 20172014333339999 3030598720203848 5050118840401111 5050118840403020 5050201140403020 5050201140406070 8888201130337018	+	1234 2294 2684 2344 2197 2797 2701 7930
8888201130339999 8888201140404332	1	5829 1992
8888201140406070 8888201140409999	i	6001 3886
(12 rows)		5.000

Relation: Customers

c_id c_name	c_email	1	c_address	1	c_balance
118 Stephanie	Stephanie@yahoo.com	701	-453 Hollywood Rd, 1199 San Francisco, CA, 9	99387 l	888
123 ∣ Nick	∣ nick.wilson@cs410.com	I 123	Garden Ave, 432 Pittsburgh, PN, 5094		554
176 ∣ Nils	∣ Nils@gmail.com	1 421:	l Brooks Dr, 599 Montgomery, AL, 19470		2320
288 Taylor	Taylor@yahoo.com	I 103	-11 University Rd, 162 Phoenix, AZ, 83597		889
332 Brandon	∣ Brandon@gmail.com	l 991	Bradley Dr, 162 Phoenix, AZ, 88870		1670
390 ∣ Lyle	Lyle@yahoo.com	I 13 I	Benz Dr, San Francisco, CA, 91204	1	7462
412 Jon	jonny@icloud.com	1 4093	3 Beach Rd, 689 Miami, FL, 49830	1	6016
498 Luis	Luis@web.de	I 593	Chrstimas Pkw, 391 Chicago, IL, 78301		1191
669 Sven	Sven@icloud.com		3 Glove Dr. Detroit, MI. 3358		4536
780 ∣ Lauren	Lauren@icloud.com	I 143	Liberty Dr. New York, NY, 38764		7600
(10 rows)					

Relation: PlacesOrder

orderid	I	cardnumber	I	c_id	I	type
	+		+		+	
100	I	5050201140406070		118	I	R
222	I	1234567891234567		123	I	FR
111	I	1234567891234567	1	123	I	FR
222	Ι	1234567891234567	1	123	I	0
111	Ι	1234567891234567	1	123	Ι	0
1000	1	8888201140409999	1	176	I	0
1234	Ι	8888201140409999	1	176	I	0
165	1	8888201140406070	1	288	Ι	0
323	1	8888201140406070	1	288	Ι	R
165	Τ	8888201140406070	1	288	Ι	FR
99	1	8888201140404332	1	332	I	0
99	Ι	8888201140404332	Ι	332	I	FR
303	Ι	8888201130339999	1	412	Ι	R
888	1	2017201433339999	1	498	I	0
199	Ι	5050118840401111	Τ	498	I	0
777	1	2017201433339999	1	498	I	0
888	Τ	5050118840401111	Τ	498	Ι	FR
167	Τ	5050118840401111	Τ	498	Τ	R
177	Τ	5050118840401111	Τ	498	Ι	R
188	1	5050118840401111	I	498	I	0
898	1	3030598720203848	I	669	I	Ř
444	I	5050118840403020	Ī	780	I	0
(22 rows))					

Relation: ShippingInfo

PART D - VIEWS

VIEW1: FOR ORDER SHIPMENT

CREATE VIEW shippingView AS
SELECT OrderID, orderDate, Company, ArrivalDate
FROM Orders NATURAL JOIN shippingInfo;

VIEW2: FOR RETURN REFUND VIEW

CREATE VIEW returnView AS
SELECT OrderID, orderPrice, RefundDate
FROM Returns NATURAL JOIN Orders;

VIEW3: ORDER DETAILS

CREATE VIEW orderDetailsView AS

SELECT OrderID, orderDate, productID, productName, SUM(productCount) AS productCount, productPrice

FROM OrderContains NATURAL JOIN Orders NATURAL JOIN Products GROUP BY OrderID, orderDate, productID, productName, productPrice ORDER BY OrderID;

VIEW4: RETURN DETAILS

CREATE VIEW returnDetailsView AS

SELECT orderID, RefundDate, productID, productName, SUM(productCount) AS productCount, productPrice

FROM Returns NATURAL JOIN OrderContains NATURAL JOIN Products GROUP BY RefundDate, productID, productName, productPrice, OrderID ORDER BY OrderID;

VIEW 5: CUSTOMER DETAILS

CREATE VIEW customerDetailsView AS

SELECT c_ID, c_Name, c_Email, c_Address, c_Balance, COUNT (DISTINCT cardNumber) AS Credit_Cards, COUNT(orderID) AS Orders
FROM Customers NATURAL JOIN PlacesOrder
GROUP BY c_ID, c_Name, c_Email, c_Address, c_Balance
ORDER BY c_ID;

VIEW6: ORDER BILLING

CREATE VIEW billing Details View AS

SELECT c_ID, orderID, cardNumber, orderPrice AS Price_OR_Refund, type FROM Orders NATURAL JOIN PlacesOrder ORDER BY c_ID;

PART E - INDEXES

ON CUSTOMERS:
CREATE INDEX customerIndex ON Customers(c_ID);
This Index will aid in making the Trigger update of the balance quicker (after insert into PlacesOrder) and helps the foreign key to PlacesOrder.
ON ORDERS:
CREATE INDEX orderIDIndex ON Orders(orderID); - To improve joins of tables for the Return Details and Return views
CREATE INDEX orderID_AND_DATE_Index ON Orders(orderID, orderDate); - To improve joins of tables for the orderShipment and orderDetails views

ON PRODUCTS:

CREATE INDEX productID_AND_NAME_Index ON Products(productID, productName); - improves joins on views OrderContains and ReturnContains

PART F - CONSTRAINTS

ALTER TABLE OrderContains ADD CONSTRAINT check_productCount CHECK (productCount <= 1000);

ALTER TABLE PlacesOrder ADD CONSTRAINT check_type CHECK (type = 'R' OR type = 'O' OR type = 'FR');

PART G: TRIGGERS

```
TRIGGER 1:
CREATE TRIGGER insertOrdersTrigger
      BEFORE INSERT ON OrderContains
     FOR EACH ROW
     EXECUTE PROCEDURE insertOrder();
CREATE FUNCTION insertOrder()
     RETURNS trigger AS $BODY$
DECLARE
n int:
inTable int;
BEGIN
     n:= (SELECT productPrice FROM Products WHERE productID =
NEW.productID);
      n:= n*NEW.productCount;
     inTable := (SELECT count(orderID) FROM Orders Where orderID =
NEW.orderID);
     IF (inTable = 0) THEN
           INSERT INTO Orders (orderID, orderDate, orderPrice)
           VALUES(NEW.orderID, current_date, n);
      END IF;
     IF (inTable = 1) THEN
           UPDATE Orders SET orderPrice = orderPrice + n WHERE orderID =
NEW.orderID;
     END IF;
     RETURN NEW;
END;
```

\$BODY\$ LANGUAGE plpqsql;

```
TRIGGER 2:
CREATE TRIGGER insertReturnTrigger
      AFTER INSERT ON PlacesOrder
      FOR EACH ROW
      EXECUTE PROCEDURE insertReturn();
CREATE FUNCTION insertReturn()
      RETURNS trigger AS $BODY$
DECLARE
n int;
updateBalance int;
BEGIN
      updateBalance:= (SELECT orderPrice FROM Orders WHERE orderID = New.orderID);
      IF (NEW.type = 'R' OR NEW.type = 'FR') THEN
             INSERT INTO Returns (orderID, RefundDate)
             VALUES(NEW.orderID, current_date + integer '5');
             UPDATE Customers SET c Balance = c Balance + updateBalance WHERE
NEW.c ID = c ID;
      END IF:
      IF (NEW.type = 'O') THEN
             UPDATE Customers SET c_Balance = c_Balance - updateBalance WHERE
NEW.c ID = c ID;
      END IF:
      IF(NEW.type = 'FR' IS TRUE) THEN
             UPDATE ShippingInfo SET ArrivalDate = current_date + integer '3';
      ELSE
             n:= (SELECT SUM(productCount) FROM orderContains WHERE New.orderID =
orderID);
             IF(n > 10) THEN
                   INSERT INTO ShippingInfo (orderID, Company, ArrivalDate)
                          VALUES(NEW.orderID, 'UPS', current_date + integer '2');
             END IF;
             IF (n <= 10) THEN
                   INSERT INTO ShippingInfo (orderID, Company, ArrivalDate)
                          VALUES(NEW.orderID, 'USPS', current_date + integer '4');
             END IF;
      END IF;
      RETURN NEW;
END;
$BODY$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
```