

Algorítmica: práctica 1

Análisis de la eficiencia de algoritmos

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Test

Hola a todos

Me gustan los ponies

Helicóptero

$$f_x = x^4 + 5$$

- Unicornio
- Pony
- Caballo

1. Unicornio
2. Pony
3. Caballo

Teorema

Esto es un teorema.

Corolario

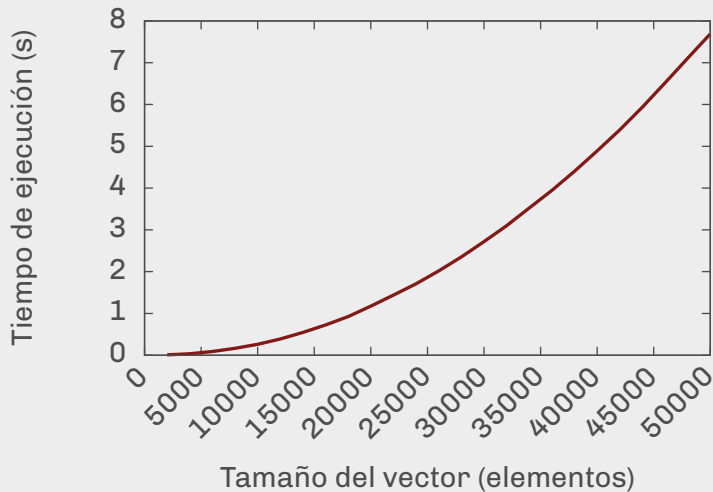
Esto es un corolario.

Demostración.

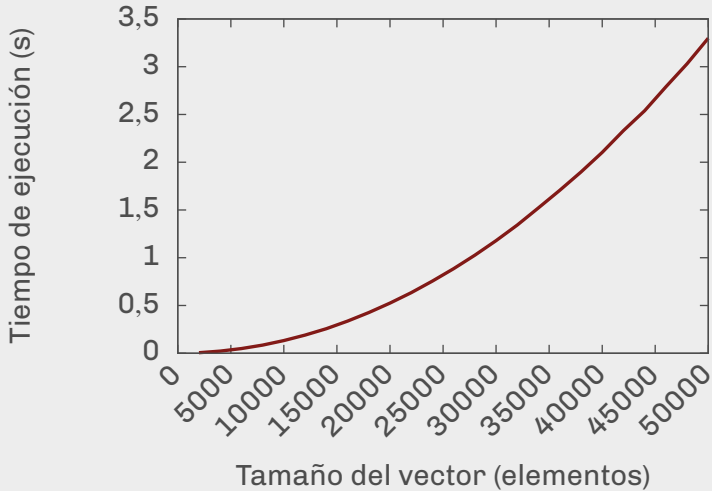
$$d((t, x), (t_0, x_0)) = \sqrt{(t - t_0)^2 + (x - x_0)^2} < \varepsilon_0$$



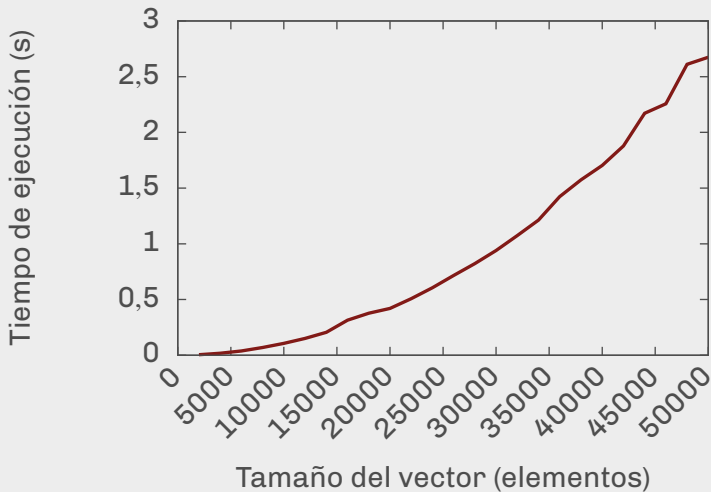
burbuja-linux-00



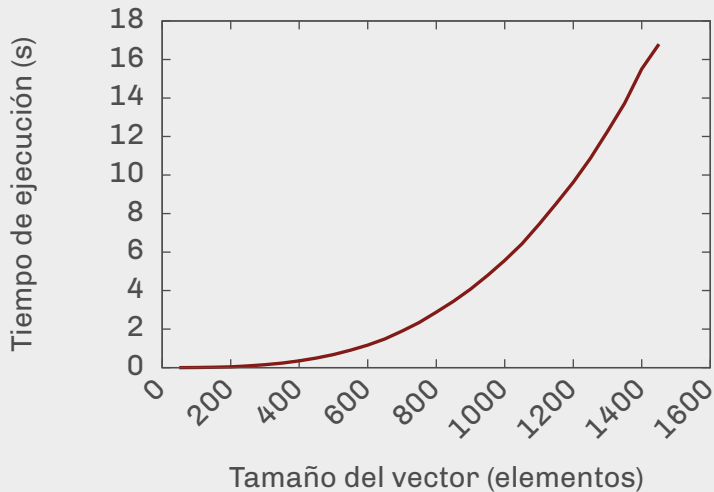
seleccion-linux-00



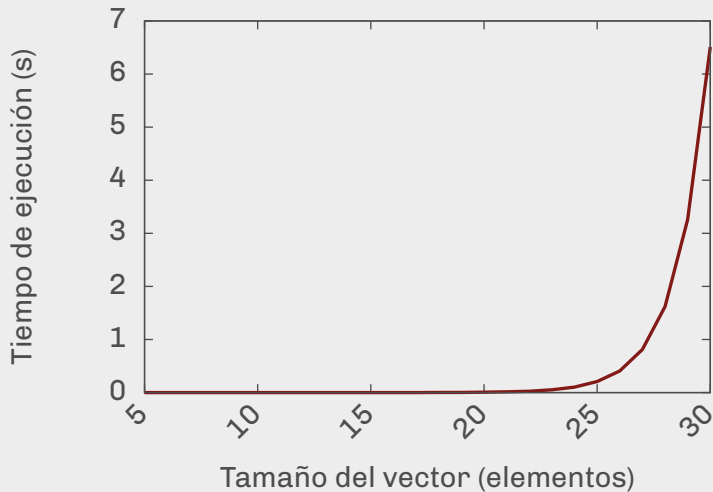
insercion-linux-00



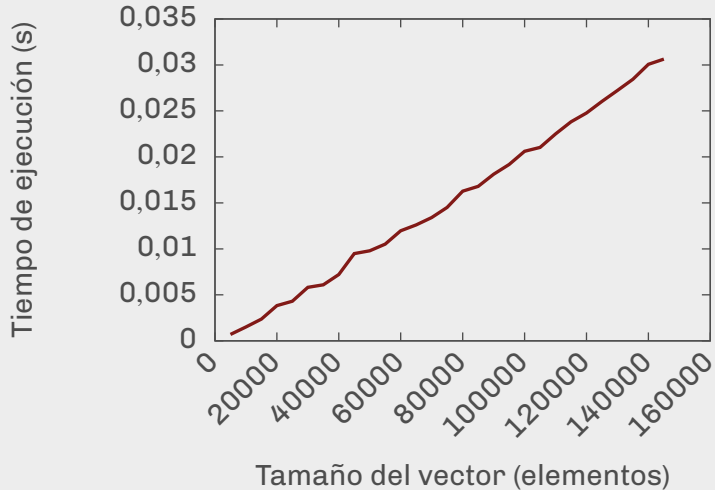
floyd-linux-00



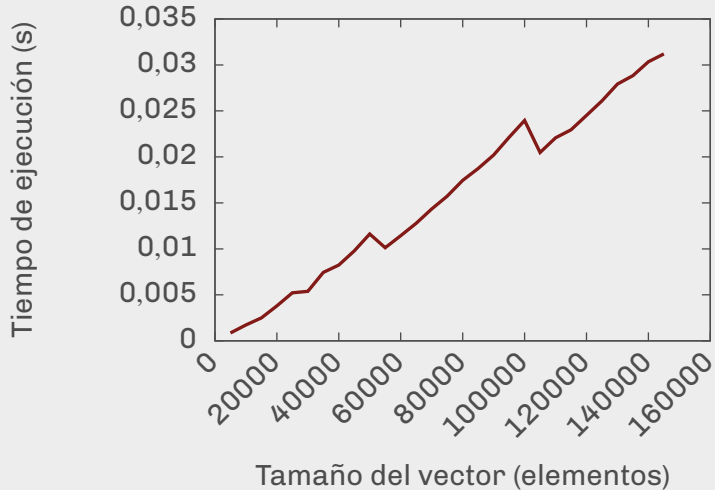
hanoi-linux-00

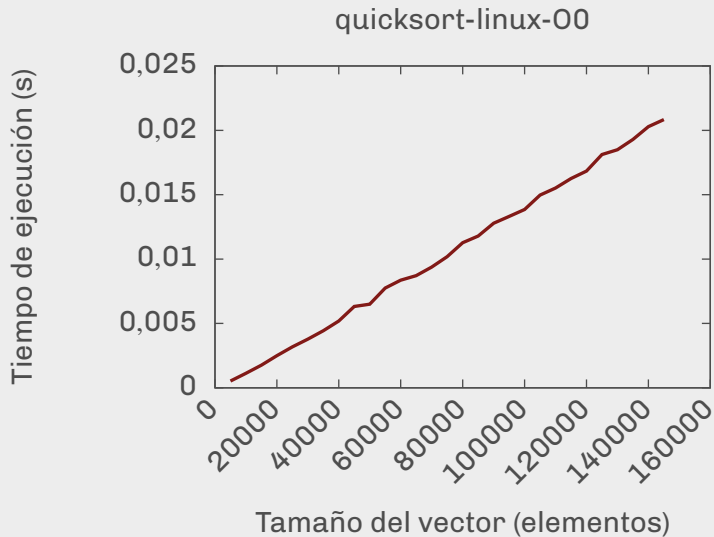


heapsort-linux-00

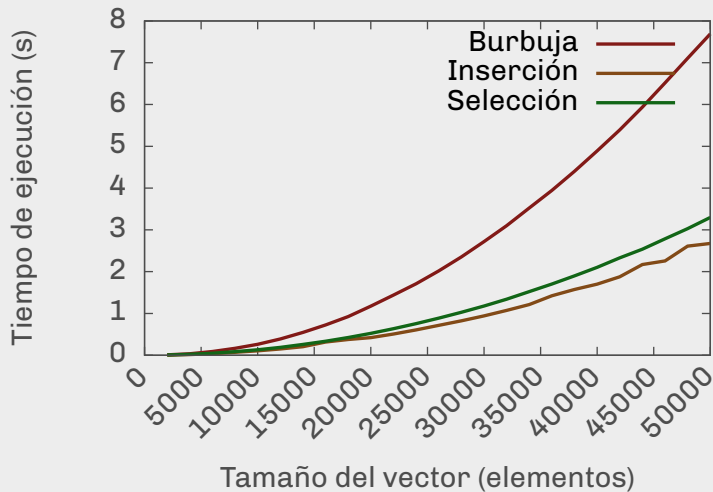


mergesort-linux-00

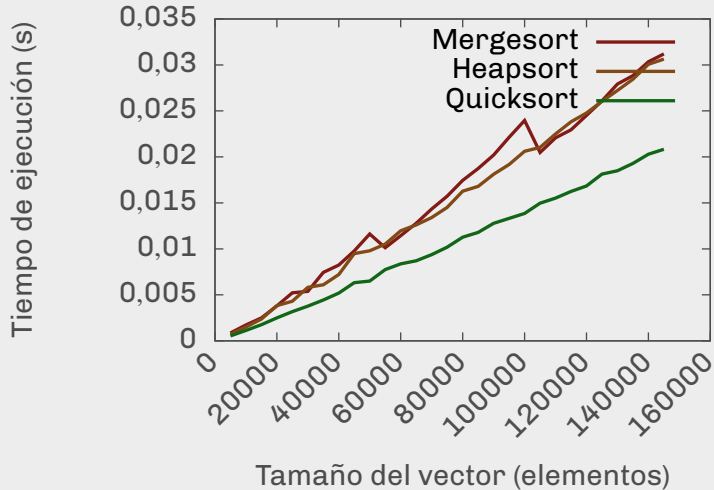




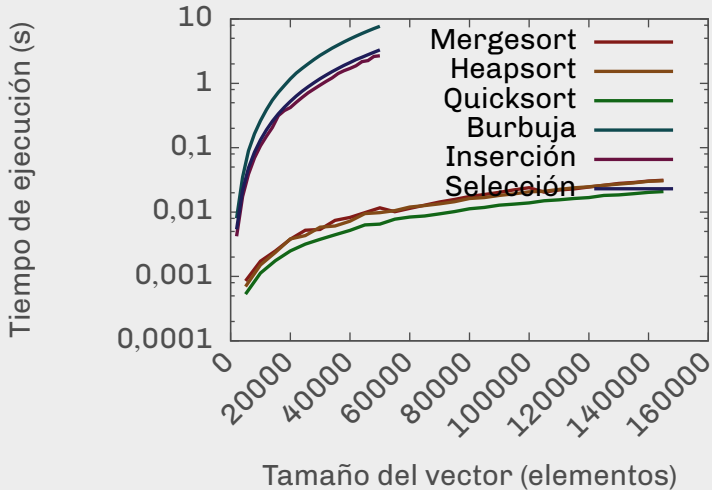
Algoritmos de ordenación $O(n^2)$



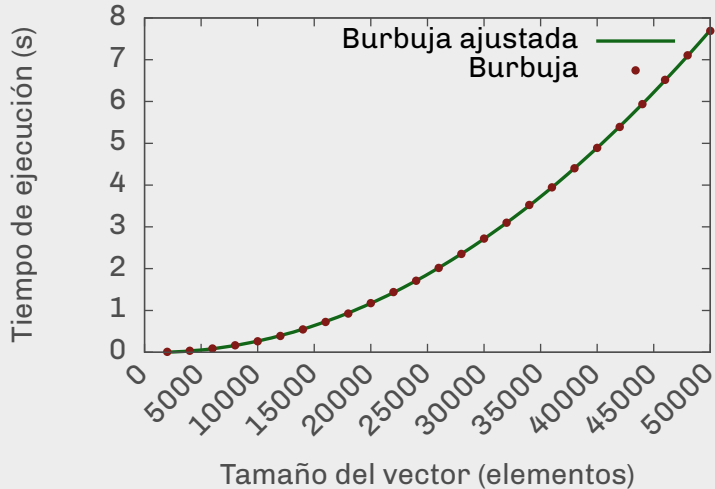
Algoritmos de ordenación $O(n \log n)$



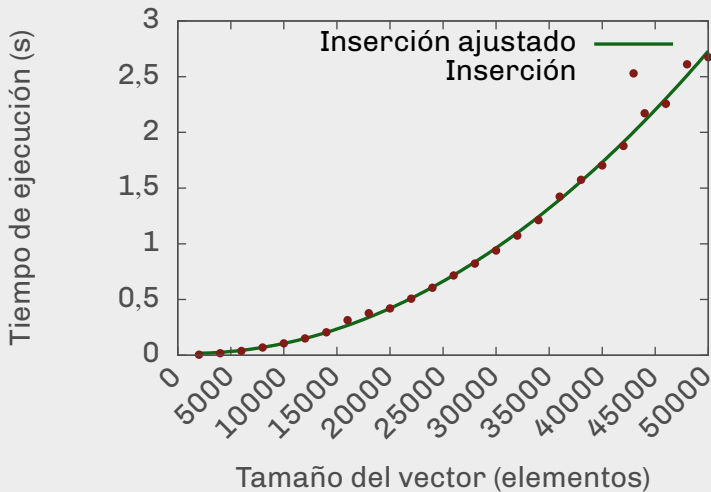
Algoritmos de ordenación



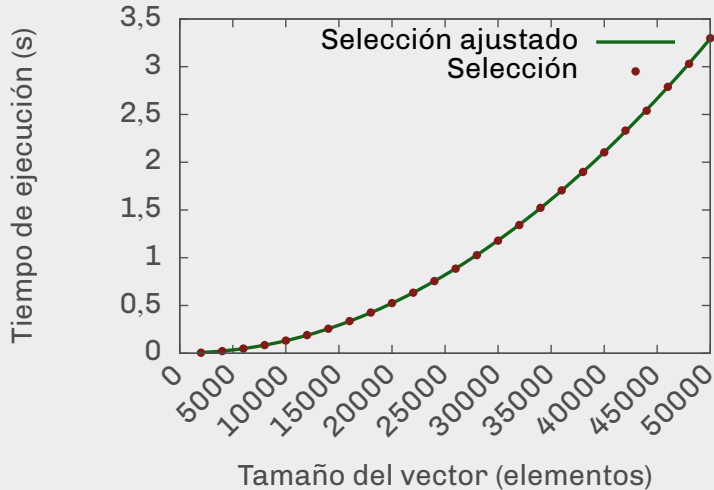
Ajuste burbuja

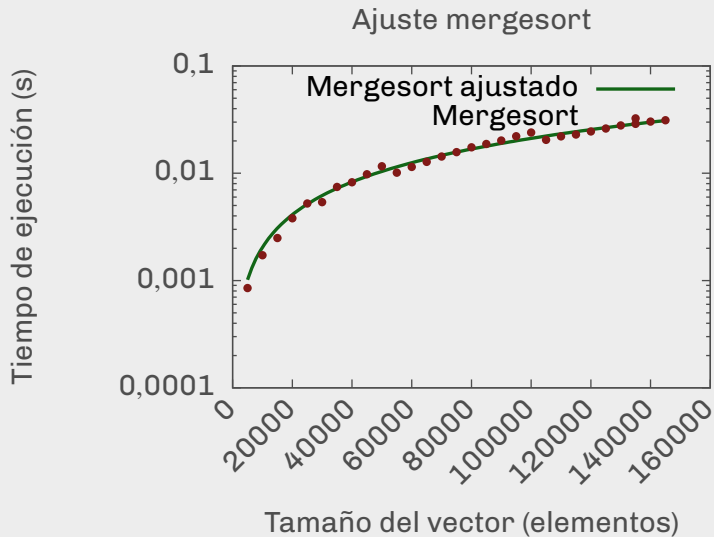


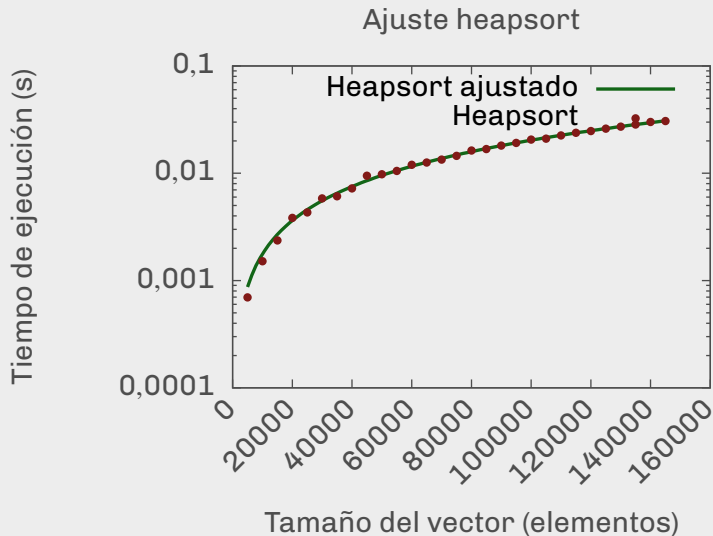
Ajuste inserción

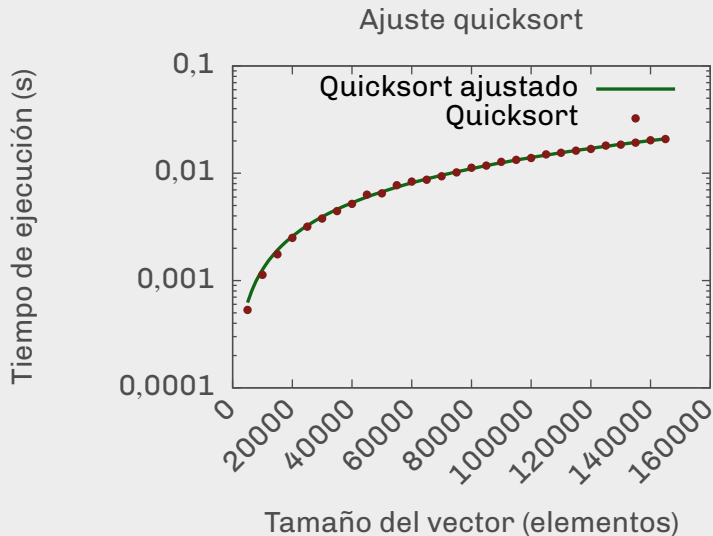


Ajuste selección

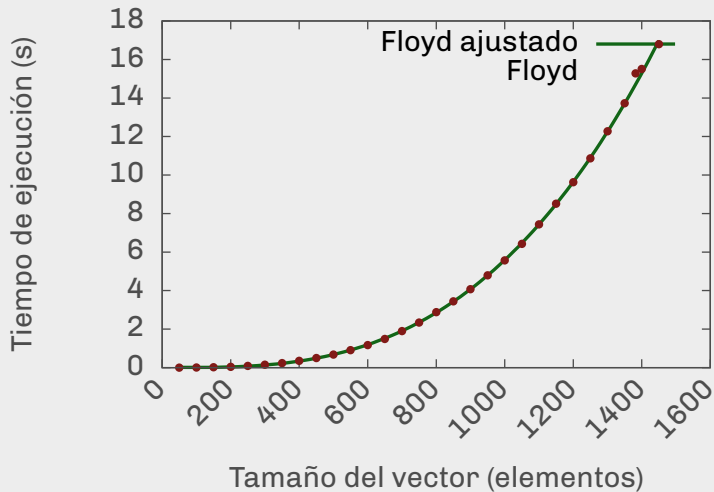




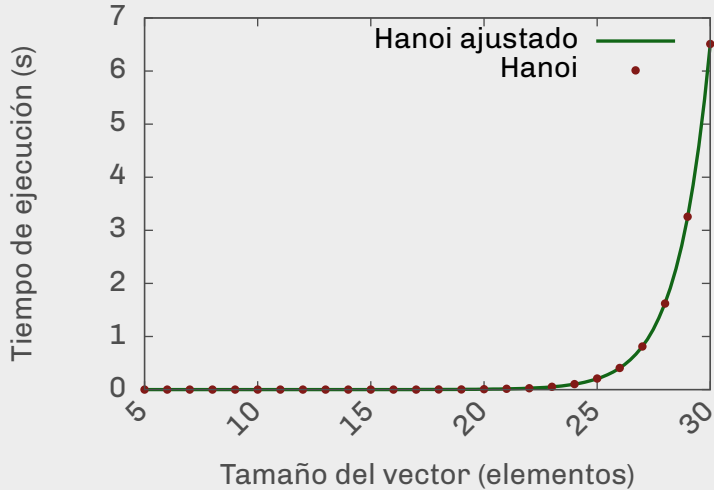




Ajuste floyd



Ajuste hanoi



Elementos	Burbuja	Selección	Inserción
2,000	$8,02 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$5,4 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$4,21 \cdot 10^{-3}$
4,000	$3,5 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$2,17 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$1,74 \cdot 10^{-2}$
6,000	$8,93 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$4,84 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$3,87 \cdot 10^{-2}$
8,000	0,16	$8,52 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$6,94 \cdot 10^{-2}$
10,000	0,26	0,13	0,11
12,000	0,39	0,19	0,15
14,000	0,55	0,26	0,21
16,000	0,73	0,34	0,32
18,000	0,93	0,43	0,38
20,000	1,18	0,52	0,42
22,000	1,44	0,63	0,51
24,000	1,71	0,76	0,61
26,000	2,02	0,89	0,72
28,000	2,35	1,03	0,82
30,000	2,72	1,18	0,94
32,000	3,1	1,34	1,07
34,000	3,53	1,52	1,21
36,000	3,95	1,71	1,42
38,000	4,4	1,9	1,57
40,000	4,89	2,1	1,7
42,000	5,39	2,33	1,88
44,000	5,94	2,54	2,17
46,000	6,52	2,79	2,26
48,000	7,11	3,03	2,61
50,000	7,69	3,3	2,67

Algoritmos que
son $O(n^2)$