

# Algorítmica: práctica 1

## Análisis de la eficiencia de algoritmos

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# Test

Hola a todos

Me gustan los ponies

Helicóptero

$$f_x = x^4 + 5$$

- Unicornio
- Pony
- Caballo

1. Unicornio
2. Pony
3. Caballo

## Teorema

*Esto es un teorema.*

## Corolario

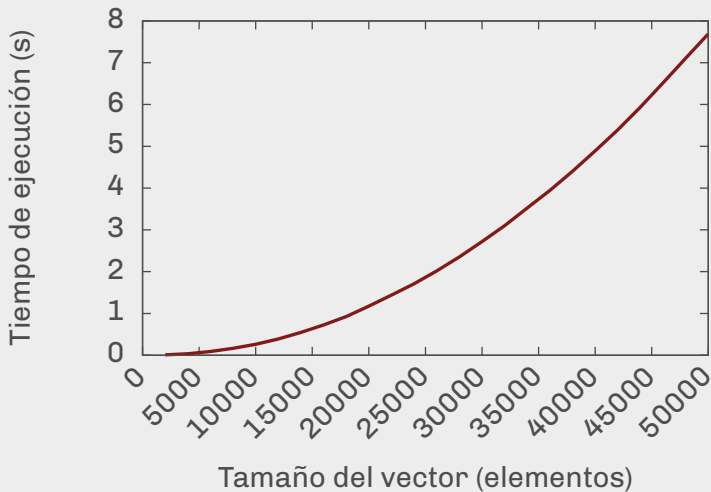
*Esto es un corolario.*

## Demostración.

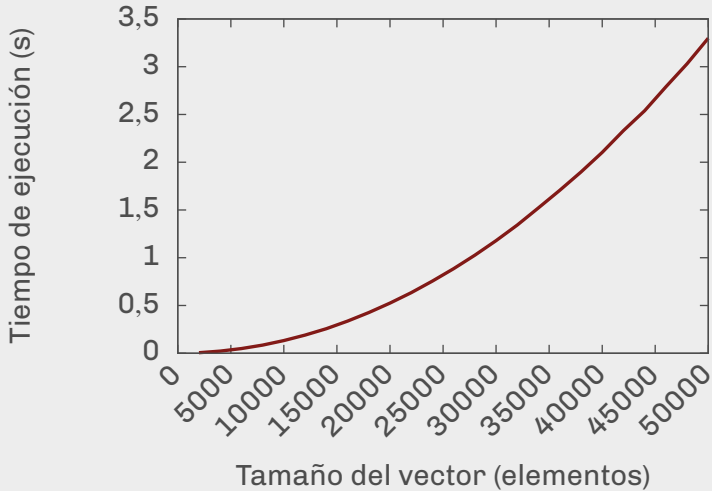
$$d((t, x), (t_0, x_0)) = \sqrt{(t - t_0)^2 + (x - x_0)^2} < \varepsilon_0$$



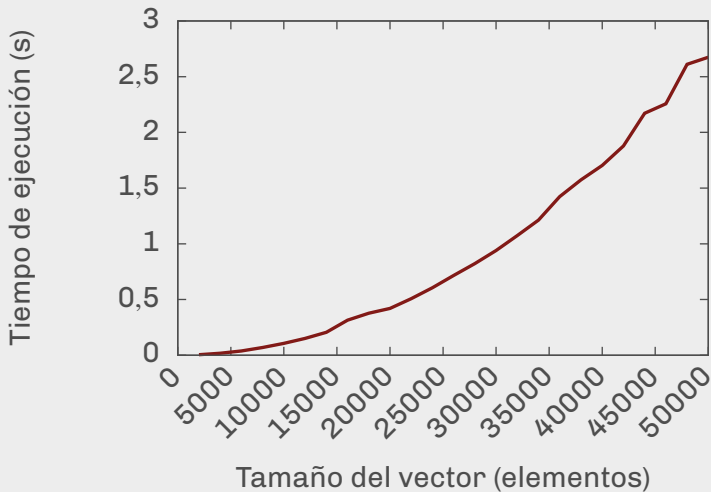
burbuja-linux-00



seleccion-linux-00

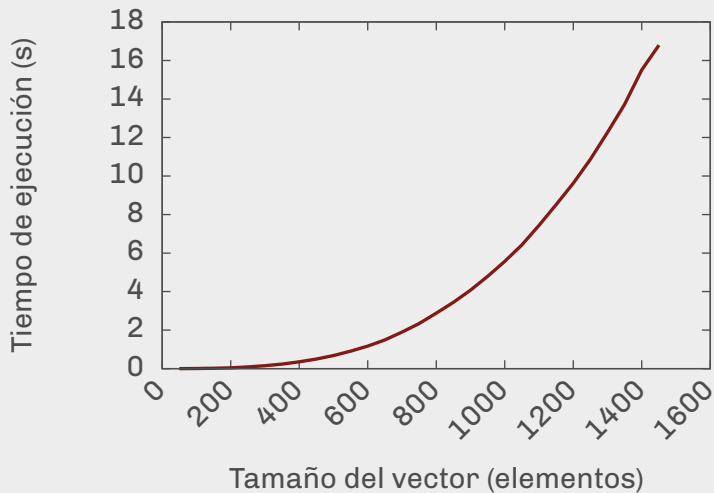


insercion-linux-00

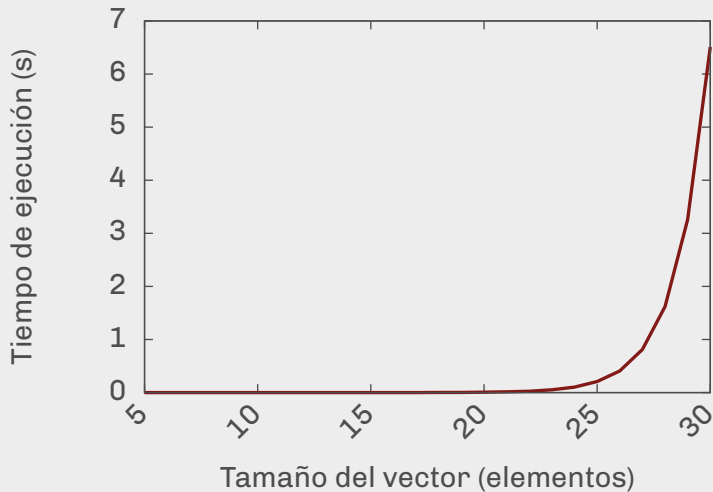


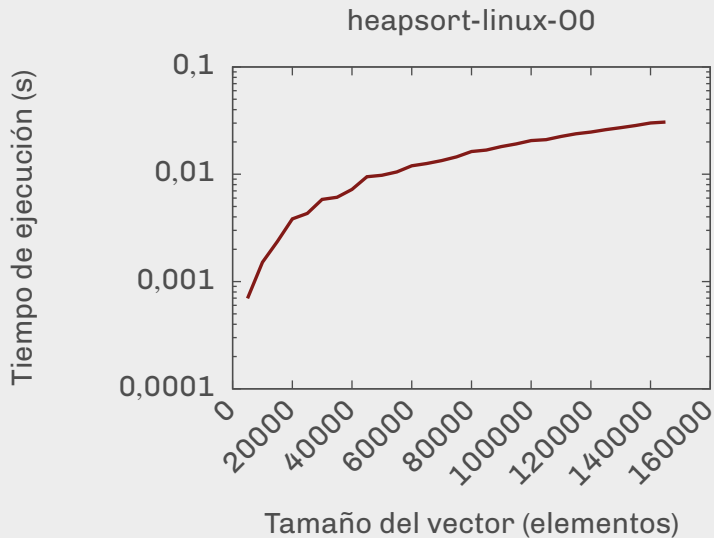


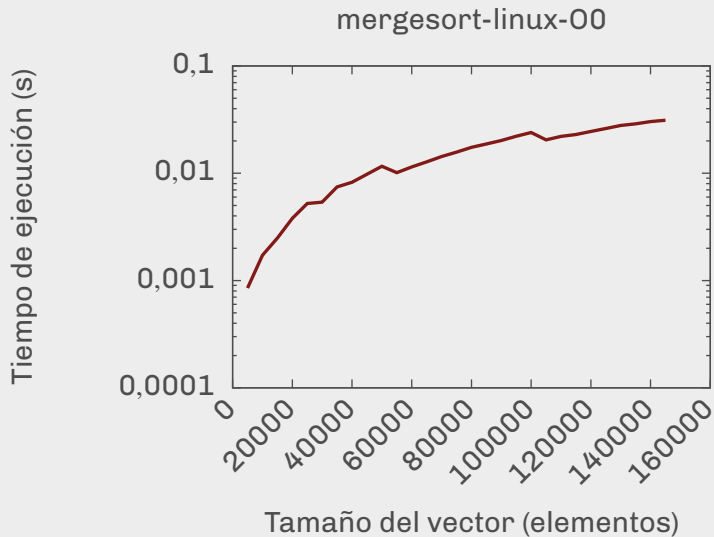
floyd-linux-00

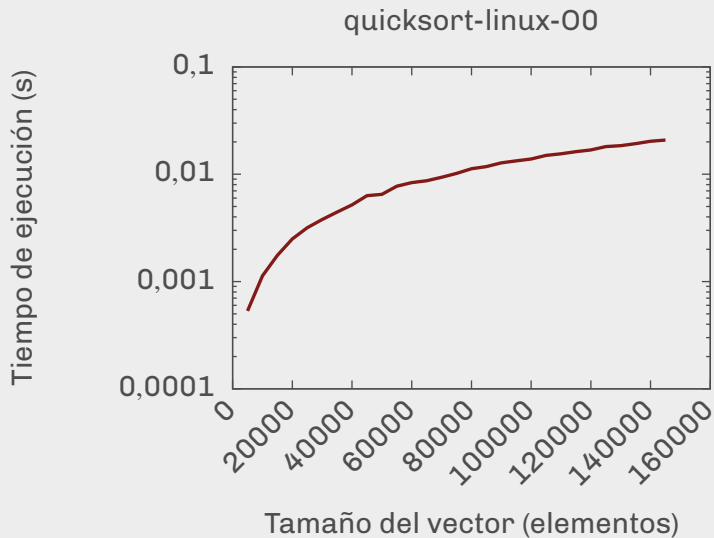


hanoi-linux-00

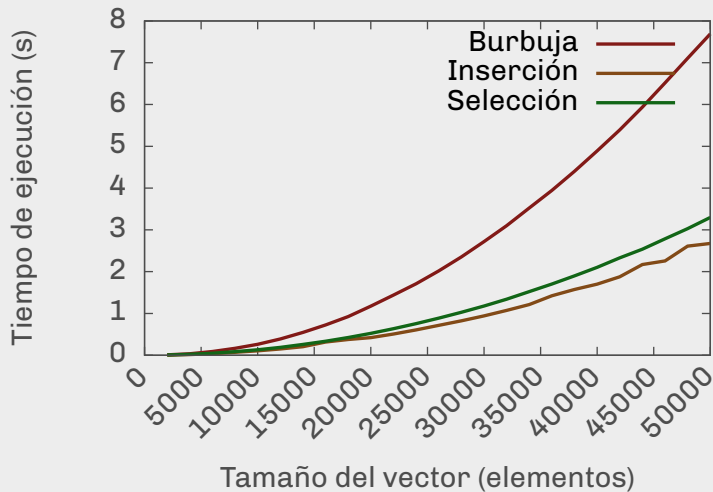




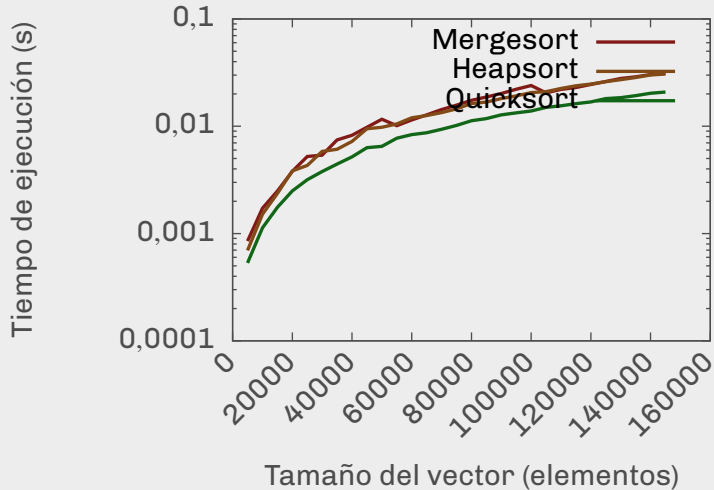




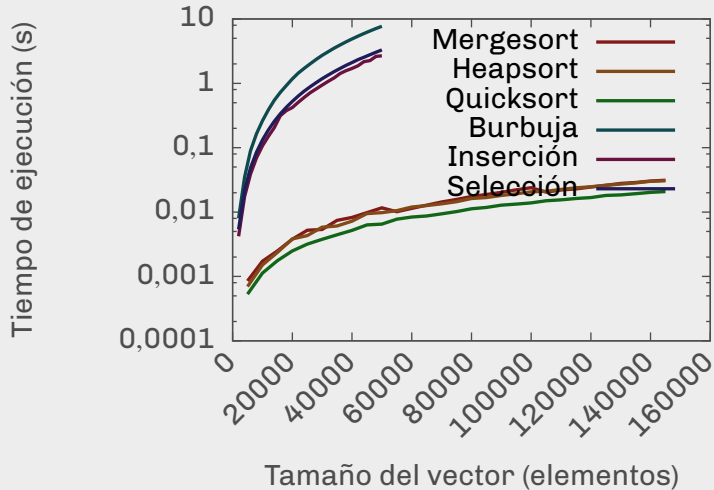
## Algoritmos de ordenación $O(n^2)$



## Algoritmos de ordenación $O(n \log n)$

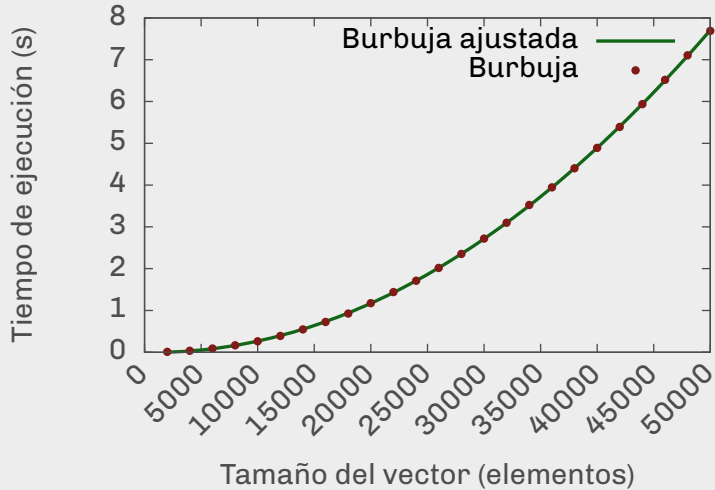


## Algoritmos de ordenación

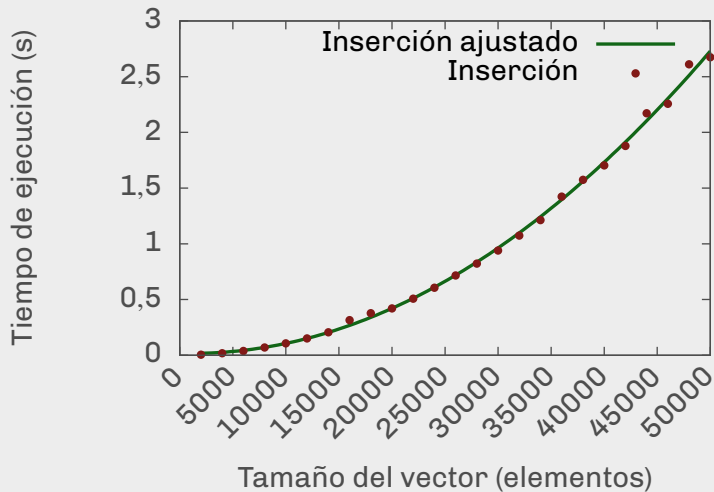




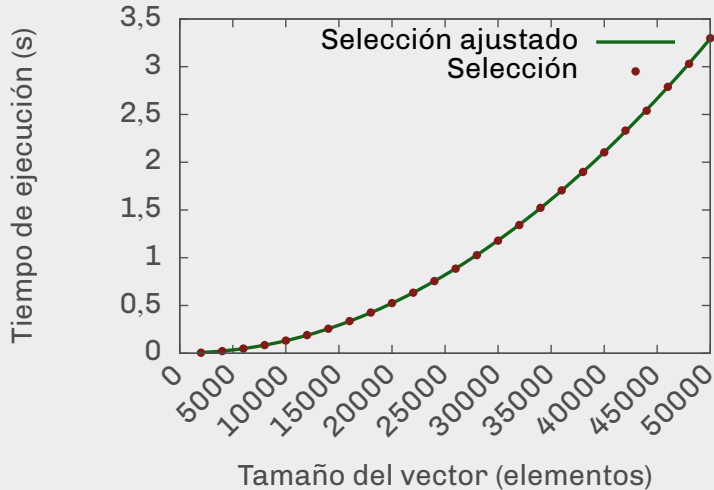
## Ajuste burbuja

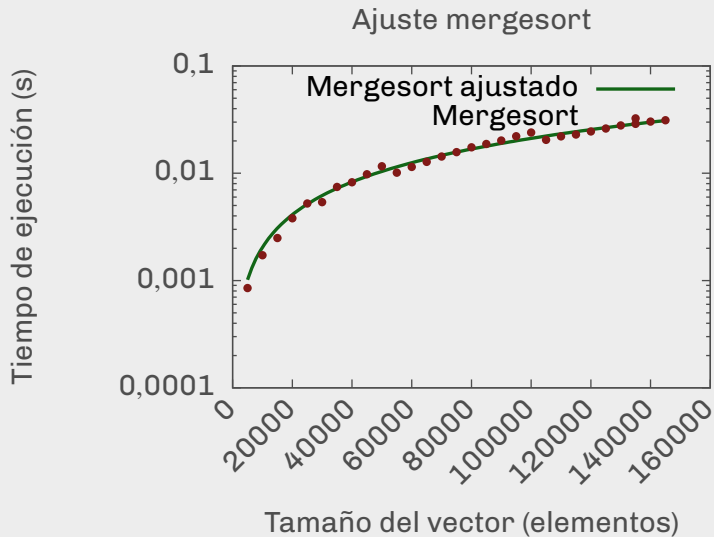


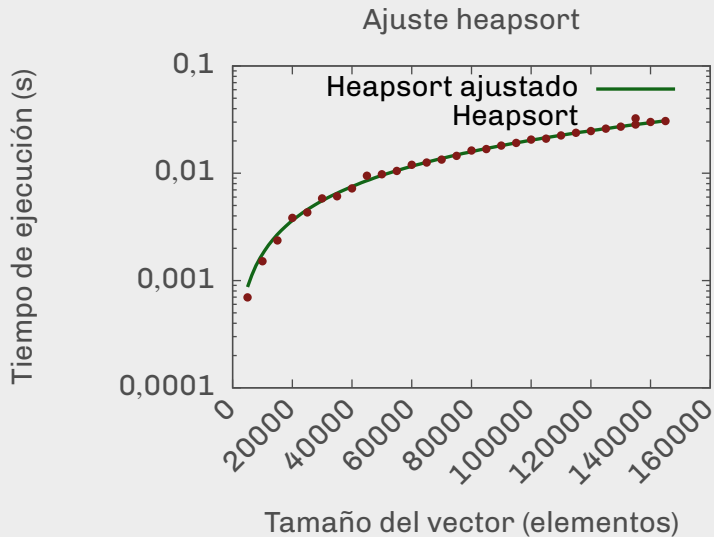
## Ajuste inserción

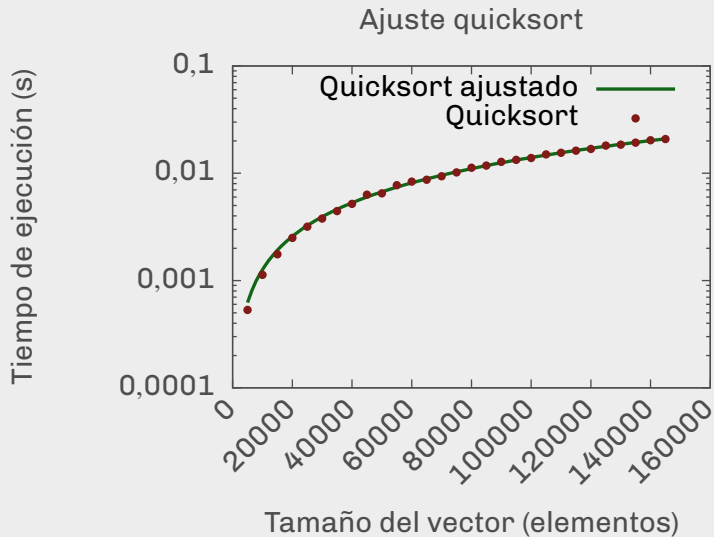


## Ajuste selección

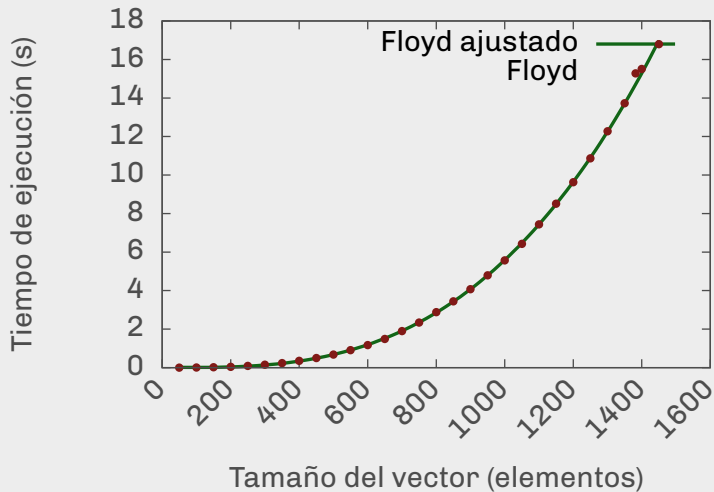




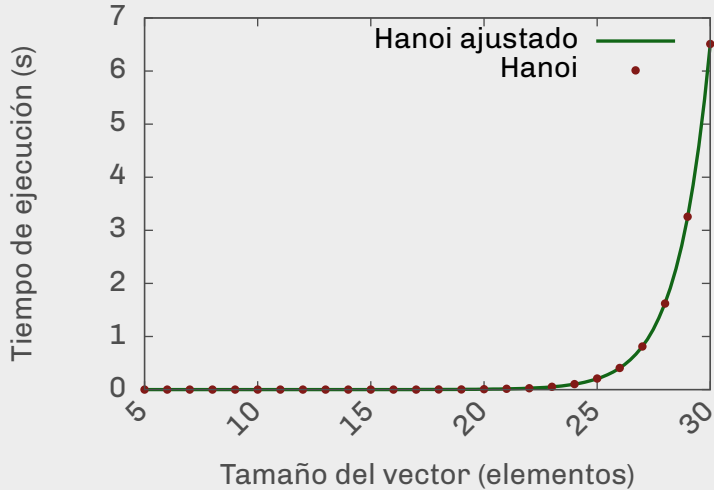




## Ajuste floyd



## Ajuste hanoi





Elementos	Burbuja	Selección	Inserción
2,000	$8,02 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$5,4 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$4,21 \cdot 10^{-3}$
4,000	$3,5 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$2,17 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$1,74 \cdot 10^{-2}$
6,000	$8,93 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$4,84 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$3,87 \cdot 10^{-2}$
8,000	0,16	$8,52 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$6,94 \cdot 10^{-2}$
10,000	0,26	0,13	0,11
12,000	0,39	0,19	0,15
14,000	0,55	0,26	0,21
16,000	0,73	0,34	0,32
18,000	0,93	0,43	0,38
20,000	1,18	0,52	0,42
22,000	1,44	0,63	0,51
24,000	1,71	0,76	0,61
26,000	2,02	0,89	0,72
28,000	2,35	1,03	0,82
30,000	2,72	1,18	0,94
32,000	3,1	1,34	1,07
34,000	3,53	1,52	1,21
36,000	3,95	1,71	1,42
38,000	4,4	1,9	1,57
40,000	4,89	2,1	1,7
42,000	5,39	2,33	1,88
44,000	5,94	2,54	2,17
46,000	6,52	2,79	2,26
48,000	7,11	3,03	2,61
50,000	7,69	3,3	2,67

Algoritmos que  
son  $O(n^2)$