

Exercise - L-shaped method

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Decomposition for the wind power producer problem

Take the wind power producer example from Lecture 03 (Multi-stage stochastic programming). Assume we only trade in the day-ahead market and balancing market, i.e., we result in a two-stage stochastic program (page 9, lecture 03).

Sets	
$\mathcal S$	Set of scenarios $s \in \mathcal{S}$
Parameters	
λ^D	Electricity price on the day-ahead market
λ^+	Selling electricity price on the balancing market
λ^-	Purchasing electricity price on the day-ahead market
\overline{P}	Capacity of the wind farm
W_s	Wind power production in scenario $s \in \mathcal{S}$
π_s	Probability scenario $s \in \mathcal{S}$
Variables	
p^D	Power sold on the day-ahead market [MWh]
p^+	Excess production sold on the balancing market [MWh]
p^-	Missing production bought on the balancing market [MWh]

$$\operatorname{Max} \ \lambda^D p^D + \sum_{s \in \mathcal{S}} \pi_s (\lambda^+ p_s^+ - \lambda^- p_s^-) \tag{1a}$$

s.t.
$$p^D \leq \overline{P}$$
 (1b)

$$W_s - p^D = p_s^+ - p_s^-$$

$$\forall s \in \mathcal{S}$$
 (1c)
$$p^D \in \mathbb{R}^+$$
 (1d)

$$p^D \in \mathbb{R}^+ \tag{1d}$$

$$p_s^+, p_s^- \in \mathbb{R}^+$$
 $\forall s \in \mathcal{S}$ (1e)

The objective function (1a) maximizes the profit based on the transactions on the day-ahead and balancing market. Constraint (1b) restricts the amount offered in the day-ahead market to the capacity of the wind farm. Constraint (1c) determines the imbalances compared to the day-ahead market offer based on the realization of the scenario. In constraints (1d) and (1e) the non-negativity of the variables is ensured.

Tasks

- 1. Decompose the problem in master problem and subproblems.
- 2. Based on the general formulation of the model, derive the formula for the optimality cut for the L-shaped method (single-cut version). This means: define how the coefficients E_i and e_i $(i\in\mathcal{I}$ being the set of cuts) are calculated based on the parameters and variables in the master and subproblems and write down the inequality for the cut based on E_i and e_i .
- 3. Do we need infeasibility cuts for this model? Justify your answer.