

Playtime 1:

$$p(\beta | y, X, \lambda, \sigma) \propto \underbrace{\mathcal{N}(\beta | 0, \lambda I)}_{\text{prior}} \underbrace{\mathcal{N}(y | X\beta, \sigma^2 I)}_{\text{likelihood}}$$

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow$   
 $x \quad \mu \quad \Lambda^{-1} \quad y \quad A \quad x \quad L^{-1}$

$$= \mathcal{N}(\beta | \mu, \Sigma)$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma &= (\lambda^{-1} I + X^T \sigma^{-2} I X)^{-1} \\ &= (\lambda^{-1} I + \sigma^{-2} X^T X)^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mu &= \Sigma (X^T \sigma^{-2} I (y - 0)) \\ &= \Sigma (\sigma^{-2} X^T y) \end{aligned}$$

Playtime 2:

Joint distribution:

$$p(a, b, c, d) = p(b) p(c) p(a|c, b) p(d|a)$$

we want:  $p(d|b=1)$

$$p(d|b=1) = \frac{\sum_{a,c} p(a, b=1, c, d)}{p(b=1)}$$

$$= \frac{\sum_{a,c} p(d|a) p(a|c, b=1) p(c) \cancel{p(b=1)}}{\cancel{p(b=1)}} \quad (\text{re-order})$$

$$= \sum_a p(d|a) \underbrace{\sum_c p(a|c, b=1) p(c)}_{f_c(a)} \quad (\text{eliminate } c) \\ (\text{and } b \dots)$$

$$\underbrace{\sum_a p(d|a) f_c(a)}_{f_d(d)} \quad (\text{eliminate } a)$$

where  $f_a(d)$ :

where  $f_c(a)$ :

$a=0$	$a=1$
$0.5 \times 0.7 + 0.1 \times 0.3$ $= 0.38$	$0.5 \times 0.3 + 0.1 \times 0.3$ $= 0.62$

$d=0$	$d=1$
$\sum_a p(d=0 a) f_c(a)$ $= p(d=0 a=0) f_c(a=0)$ $+ p(d=0 a=1) f_c(a=1)$ $= 0.6 \times 0.38 + 0.2 \times 0.62$ $= 0.352$	$p(d=1 a=0) f_c(a=0)$ $+ p(d=1 a=1) f_c(a=1)$ $= 0.4 \times 0.38 + 0.8 \times 0.62$ $= 0.648$

### Playtime 3:

#### Initialization step:

$$\pi(c) = p(c)$$

$$\pi(d)$$

$$\lambda(b) = 1$$

$$\lambda(e)$$

c=0	c=1
0.7	0.3

d=0	d=1
0	1

b=0	b=1
1	1

e=0	e=1
0	1

#### Calculating messages:

$$\pi_{c,a}(c) = \pi(c) = p(c)$$

$$\pi_{d,a}(d) = \pi(d)$$

$$\pi(a) = \sum_{c,d} p(a|c,d) \pi_{c,a}(c) \pi_{d,a}(d)$$

$$= \sum_{c,d} p(a|c,d) \pi(c) \pi(d)$$

because  $\pi(d) = 1$  only when  $d=1$  (see  $\pi(d)$  table...)

$$= \sum_c p(a|c, d=1) \pi(c)$$

$$= p(a|c=0, d=1) \pi(c=0) + p(a|c=1, d=1) \pi(c=1)$$

For  $a=1$ :

$$\pi(a=1) = p(a=1|c=0, d=1) \pi(c=0) + p(a=1|c=1, d=1) \pi(c=1)$$

$$= 0.1 \times 0.7 + 1 \times 0.3 = 0.37, \quad \pi(a=0) = 0.63$$

a=0	a=1
0.63	0.37

$$\pi_{a,b}(a) = \pi(a) \lambda_{e,a}(a)$$

$$= \pi(a) p(e=1|a)$$

$$\pi_{a,b}(a=0) = 0.63 \times 0.8 = 0.504$$

$$\pi_{a,b}(a=1) = 0.37 \times 0.3 = 0.111$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_{e,a}(a) &= \sum_e \lambda(e) p(e|a) \\ &= \lambda(e=0) p(e=0|a) + \lambda(e=1) p(e=1|a) \\ &= p(e=1|a) \end{aligned}$$

a=0	0.8
a=1	0.3

$$\begin{aligned}\pi(b) &= \sum_a p(b|a) \pi_{a,b}(a) \\ &= \sum_a p(b|a) \pi(a) p(e=1|a)\end{aligned}$$

for  $b=1$ :

$$\begin{aligned}\pi(b=1) &= p(b=1|a=0) \pi_{a,b}(a=0) + p(b=1|a=1) \pi_{a,b}(a=1) \\ &= 0.7 \times 0.504 + 1 \times 0.111 = 0.4638\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\pi(b=0) &= p(b=0|a=0) \pi_{a,b}(a=0) + p(b=0|a=1) \pi_{a,b}(a=1) \\ &= 0.3 \times 0.504 + 0 \times 0.111 = 0.1512\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Bel}(b) \propto \pi(b) \underbrace{\lambda(b)}_{=1} = \pi(b)$$

$\text{Bel}(b) \propto \pi(b)$		we must re-normalize!
$b=0$	$b=1$	
0.1512	0.4638	→

$\text{Bel}(b)$	
$b=0$	$b=1$
0.246	0.754

$$\lambda_{b,a}(a) = \sum_b \underbrace{\lambda(b)}_{=1} p(b|a) = \sum_b p(b|a) = 1$$

$$\lambda(a) = \underbrace{\lambda_{b,a}(a)}_{=1} \lambda_{e,a}(a) = \lambda_{e,a}(a) \rightarrow \begin{array}{c|c} a=0 & a=1 \\ \hline 0.8 & 0.3 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Bel}(a) \propto \pi(a) \lambda(a)$$

$a=0$	$a=1$
$0.63 \times 0.8$ $= 0.504$	$0.37 \times 0.3$ $= 0.111$

$a=0$	$a=1$
0.82	0.18

← normalize

$$\lambda_{a,c}(c) = \sum_a \lambda(a) \sum_d p(a|c,d) \underbrace{\pi_{d,a}(d)}_{=\pi(d)}$$

$$= \sum_a \lambda(a) \sum_d p(a|c,d) \pi(d)$$

$$= \sum_a \lambda(a) p(a|c, d=1) \longrightarrow \begin{array}{c|c} c=0 & c=1 \\ \hline 0.8 \times 0.9 & 0 + 0.3 \times 1 \\ + 0.3 \times 0.1 & = 0.3 \\ \hline = 0.75 & \end{array}$$

$$\lambda(c) = \lambda_{a,c}(c)$$

$$\text{Bel}(c) \propto \pi(c) \lambda(c)$$

c=0	c=1
0.7 × 0.75 = 0.525	0.3 × 0.3 = 0.09

normalize  $\longrightarrow \approx$

c=0	c=1
0.85	0.15