# Project 1

Jessica Haines K'Lani McClean Johnathon Moore

#### The Problem

- Work as a group to:
  - Create a user interface that is interactive
  - Make a PowerPoint presentation about this user interface
  - Record the presentation with voice overs and a code demonstration, and upload to YouTube

#### Overview of Solution

- Create a user interface for an interactive recipe website
- This website will have interactions in the form of:
  - Links within the same page
  - Links to other pages, and
  - Pictures that enlarge when hovered over

## Key Features

- Website is pleasant to look at and easy to navigate
- Layout remains consistent over the different recipe pages
- Links within the pages
- Links to other pages
- Every recipe has a picture
- Pictures enlarge when hovered over

# Website is pleasant to look at and easy to navigate

- This is very important because
  - If a website does not look good people are less likely to take interest in it, and
  - If a website is not easy to navigate people are less likely to continue using it
- We met these requirements by
  - Having an attention grabbing first page
  - Having a home page that is easy to read and navigate
  - Having a link to the homepage on every other page
  - Having a link to every recipe
  - Every Recipe has a picture
  - Choosing a common color scheme

# Layout remains consistent over the different recipe pages

- To help keep the look of our website consistent, we used the same layout for all of the recipe pages
- But we wanted to add a bit of flair so we changed the color of the headings on each page to keep it interesting

## Links within the pages

- On the top of each recipe page there is a link to every recipe on that page
- At the end of each recipe there is a link back to the top of the page
- This allows the user to navigate more freely since they can
  - Scroll through the page to view all of the recipes
  - Choose which specific recipe they would like to view
  - Easily navigate back to the top

## Links to other pages

- These are very important because it helps make the webpage more user friendly
  - Makes the website easier to use
  - Information can be put on other pages
    - Allows it to be spread out and not overwhelm the user
    - Can be put into categories for easier access
- The homepage has a link to every recipe page, and
- Every recipe page has a link back to the home page

## Every recipe has a picture

- I am pretty sure anyone who has used a recipe that does not have a
  picture has at one point thought "I wish I knew what this is supposed
  to look like."
- We have remedied this problem by including a picture of every recipe
- This also has the added bonus of making the website look better

## Pictures enlarge when hovered over

- We decided to take the pictures a step further
- When a picture is hovered over an enlarged version pops up with the name of the recipe underneath it
- This way the user can get a better look at all of the delicious food on our website

## Code

- Style sheets
- Lists
- Links
- Animation
- Pictures
- Classes

## Style Sheets

- We used three style sheets
  - style.css
  - main.css
  - SimpleMeals.css
- Style.css was used for the front page
- Main.css was used for the main page
- SimpleMeals.css was used for the recipe pages

### Lists

- We used nested lists
- An unordered list with a 2<sup>nd</sup> unordered list and an ordered list inside

```
Ingredients:
    - <|i></|i>
    Ii>Directions:
    - <|i></|i>
```

#### Links

- We used 2 types of links
  - Page to page
  - Within page

- <a href="Breakfast.html">Breakfast</a>
- <a href="#Section\_One"> Avocado Toasts</a>
- ...
- <a name="Section One"></a>
- <h2>Avocado Toasts</h2>

### **Animation**

 For the animation we used the .page class

```
.page{
    position: fixed;
    top: 0; right: 0; bottom: 0; left: 0;
    background-image:
  url(Backgrounds/chopping.jpg);background-size: 100% 100%;
    animation-name: coverup;
    animation-duration: 2s;
    animation-delay: 2.5s;
    animation-fill-mode: both;
• }

    @keyframes coverup{

   from {height: 100%; width:100%; }
         {height: 0%;}
   to
```

### Classes

- We used a lot of different classes for this project
  - .head
  - .btn:link, .btn:visited
  - .btn:hover, .btn:active
  - .nav
  - block
  - .pics
  - .page
  - .text
  - .dropdown
  - <style type="text/css">p{}.darkgree ...
  - etc

#### **Pictures**

- To enlarge the pictures we used a dropdown class inside a div tag
- <div class="dropdown">
- <img src="Recipes/Dessert/ChessPie.png" alt="ChessPie" style="width:25%;height:25%;">
- <div class="dropdown-content">
- <img src="Recipes/Dessert/ChessPie.png" alt="ChessPie" >
- <div class="desc">
- Chess Pie</div></div></div>

```
.dropdown {
   position: relative;
    display: inline-block;
  .dropdown-content {
    display: none;
   position: absolute:
    background-color: #f9f9f9;
    box-shadow: 0px 8px 16px 0px rgba(0,0,0,0.2);
   z-index: 1;
• .dropdown:hover .dropdown-content {
 display: block;

    .desc {

   padding: 15px;
   text-align: center;
```

# **Bug Testing**

- In order to test for bugs we
  - Went through the webpages and checked if
    - Every thing looks right
      - Layout looks correct
      - Pictures are rendering
      - Text is in the proper locations and in the correct colors
      - etc
    - The links go to the proper locations

# Up Next

Code Demonstration