

Automating Pen and Ink Landscape Renderings

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Classic Block Diagrams

- ◆ Block diagrams represent
 - Landscape views in perspective
 - Underlying bedrock geology
- ◆ They employ
 - Large scale views
 - Pen and ink renderings

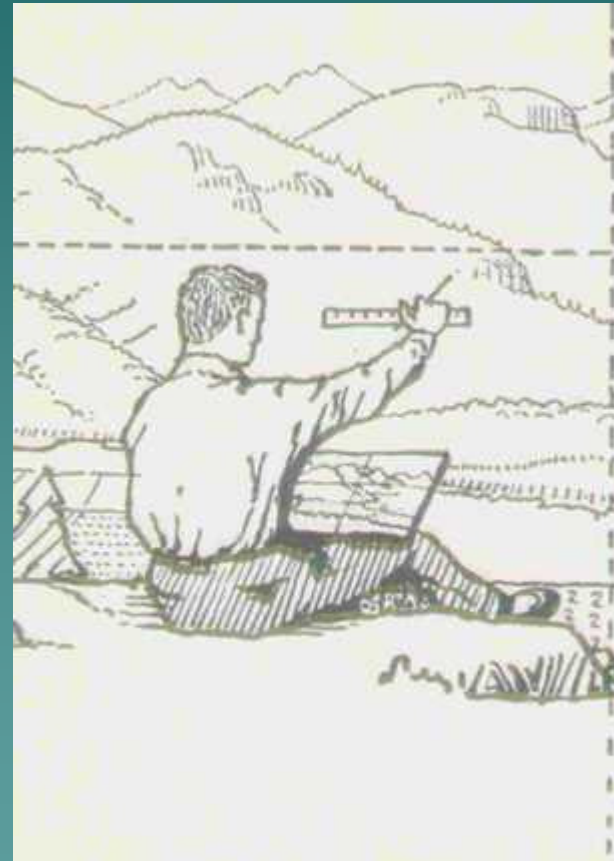


Armin Lobeck

- ◆ Lobeck wrote a wonderful book on block diagrams and other perspective landscape illustrations
 - Lobeck, A.K (1958) “*Block diagrams and other graphic methods used in geology and geography.*” Emerson-Trussell Book Co., Amherst, MA.
- ◆ It contains drawing instructions and many examples


Purpose of My Project

- ◆ Automate pen & ink rendering techniques
- ◆ Generate views from DEMs using expert systems approach
- ◆ Several interesting problems arise...



Easy Problems to Solve

◆ Geometry

- Using Direct3D, render surface using only “ridge lines” and hachures
 - Hachures are implemented as the line of steepest descent through a triangular surface facet
 - Ridges are implemented as boundary lines between visible and invisible facets relative to the viewpoint
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Rendered Lines

Ridge

Viewpoint



Line of sight

Rendered Ridge

Visible facets

Invisible facets

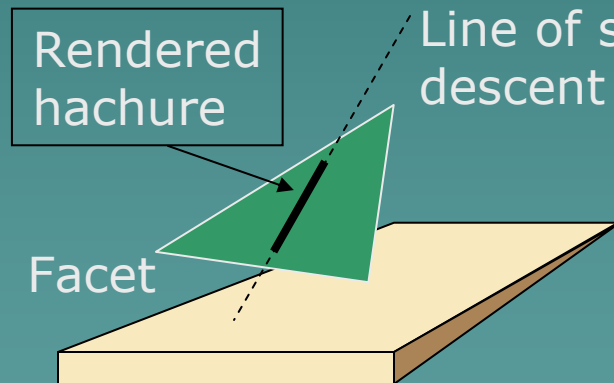
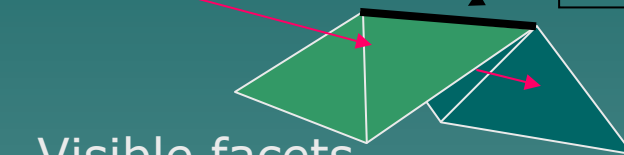
Hachure

Rendered hachure

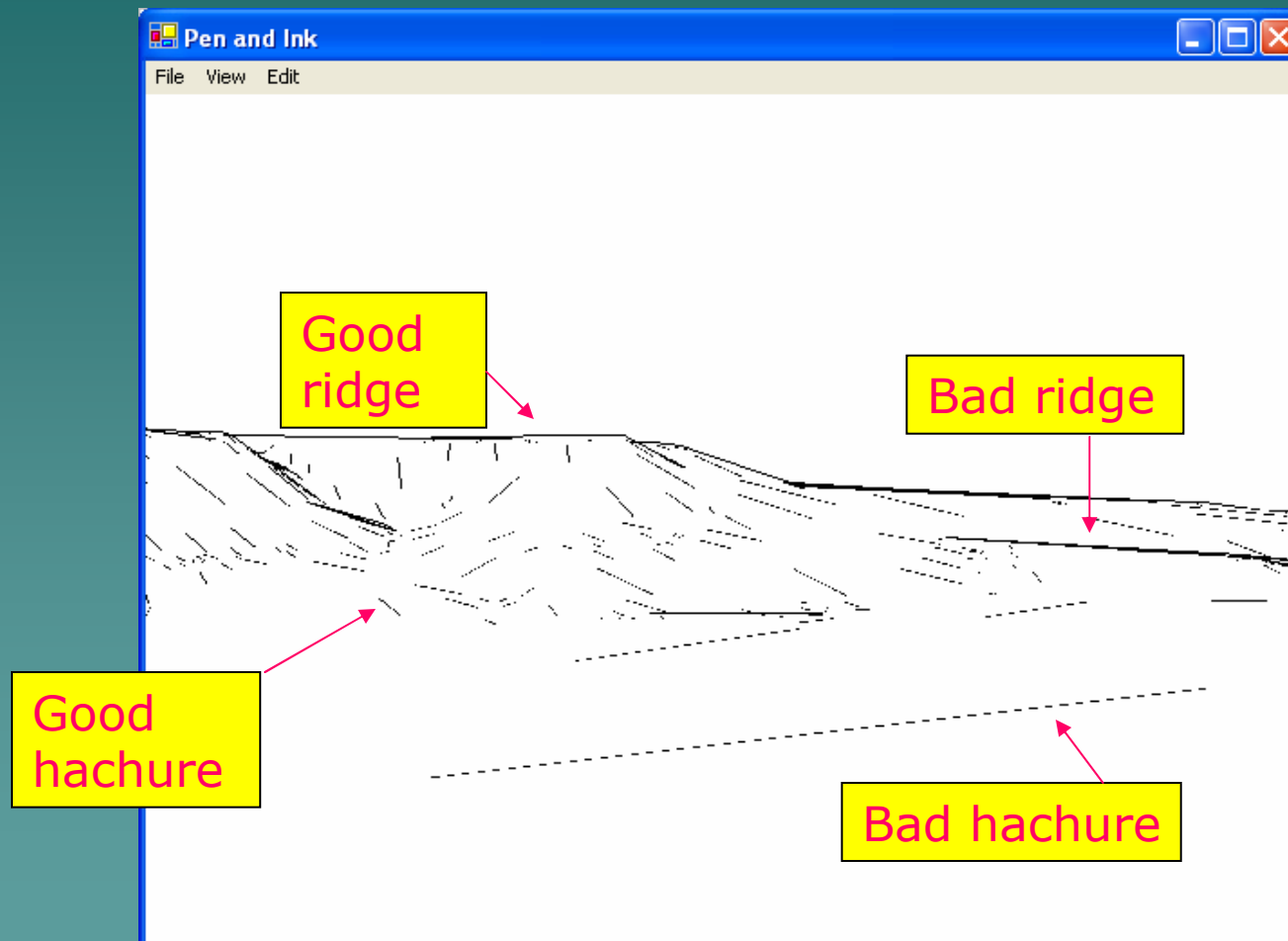
Line of steepest descent

Facet

Plane of ellipsoid



Easy Problems Solved! But...



How Do You Eliminate Crud?

- ◆ Controlling hachure and ridge density automatically
 - A generalization problem
 - At a given rendered thickness, hachures should never touch one another
 - Both ridges and hachures should not be drawn for purely geometric reasons
 - Must define significance for both types of renderings

Defining Significance

◆ Slope criteria

- Only show a ridge line if the angle of the intersecting facets is greater than a minimum value
- Only draw a hachure if its plane exceeds a minimum slope and is beyond a minimum distance from the VP



Other Significance Criteria

- ◆ Only show a ridge line if it coincides with a hydrological ridge
 - A drainage basin boundary
 - Might be too restrictive
 - ◆ Escarpments are not necessarily drainage basin boundaries
- ◆ Detect 2D line proximity after rendering
 - Create buffers around hachures, check for intersection, delete lowest slope

Significance Criteria (cont.)

- ◆ Adaptive surface resampling
 - The input DEM is a TIN with variable resampling with distance from the VP
 - Resampling is currently performed from a densely sampled DEM in a separate program
 - Could perform resampling on the fly in this program

Lots of Things To Do

- ◆ But that's the fun part!
- ◆ Questions?