The Effects of Blah Property on Blah

Anonymous

ABSTRACT

The abstract should be one or two paragraphs that summarize your paper. Abstracts are read independently from the rest of the paper so you cannot cite any other paper here. Study other abstracts in the papers you are reading to understand what an abstract should really means.

1. OVERVIEW

Use this section to describe the session topic area and present an overview of the papers.

(For Phase 1, write down the needed paragraph in this section. For the other sections, leave the section headers in place but delete the text within the sections. Of course, you need to make use of BibTeX to generate the References section for your selected papers.)

Provide the roadmap for the remaining sections of the paper. For example, you can state that Section 2 presents common themes in the papers being surveyed and section 3 presents themes where the papers disagree.

2. COMMON THEMES

Use this section to describe what is common about the problem or solution approaches in the selected papers.

3. DISCORDANT THEMES

Use this section to describe the issues that the papers disagree about.

4. NON-OVERLAPPING THEMES

Use this section to describe issues that the papers deal with that are neither common nor disagreements.

5. FINAL REMARKS

Use this section to summarize your conclusions.

Describe what **you** think about these selected papers based on your understanding. You should include what you liked and did not like about the technical content, style of writing, and so on.

Table 1: Feelings about the Paper

Flavor	Percentage	Comments
Paper 1	10%	Loved it a lot
Paper 1	20%	Disliked it immensely
Paper 1	30%	Didn't care one bit
Paper 1	40%	Duh?

5.1 Tables, Figures, and Citations/References

Tables, figures, and citations/references in technical documents need to be presented correctly. As many students are not familiar with using these objects, here is a quick guide extracted from the ACM style guide.

First, note that figures in the term paper must be original, that is, created by the student: please do not cut-and-paste figures from the papers you are reading. Second, if you do need to include figures, they should be handled as demonstrated here. State that Figure 1 is a simple illustration used in the ACM Style sample document. Figures are never below or above. Incidentally, table captions are above the table and figure captions are below the figure. For example, you can refer to a table as Table 1, which presents people's feelings.

Figure 1: A sample black & white graphic (JPG).

Finally, citing documents needs to be done properly too. For example, a paper by Mic Bowman, Saumya K. Debray, and Larry L. Peterson could be cited as Bowman, Debray, and Peterson [1]. A set of papers could collectively be cited

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as the literature in this area consists of several interesting papers [2, 3, 4].

You will find the BibTeX entries needed for the research papers you are reading online, or you can write your own versions easily and add them to the *termpaper.bib* file in the folder.

The list of all references will be generated in ACMRef standard style using the LaTeX/BibTeX. Note that you need to first the following sequence to get the paper compiled correctly:

1. `latex` *termpaper*
2. `bibtex` *termpaper*
3. `latex` *termpaper*
4. `latex` *termpaper*

Finally, one of the easier to install Windows LaTeX installations is proTeXt (`http://www.tug.org/protext/`), and a MacOS X installation is TeXshop (`http://pages.uoregon.edu/koch/texshop/`). You could also try to find a distribution at LaTeX project website (`http://latex-project.org/ftp.html`). Of course, the correct way to cite a reference with a URL is to cite it like this LaTeX project [5].

6. REFERENCES

[1] M. Bowman, S. K. Debray, and L. L. Peterson. Reasoning about naming systems. *ACM Trans. Program. Lang. Syst.*, 15(5):795–825, November 1993.

[2] J. Braams. Babel, a multilingual style-option system for use with latex's standard document styles. *TUGboat*, 12(2):291–301, June 1991.

[3] M. Clark. Post congress tristesse. In *TeX90 Conference Proceedings*, pages 84–89. TeX Users Group, March 1991.

[4] M. Herlihy. A methodology for implementing highly concurrent data objects. *ACM Trans. Program. Lang. Syst.*, 15(5):745–770, November 1993.

[5] LaTeX Project Team. Obtaining LaTeX, Aug. 2009. `http://latex-project.org/ftp.html`. Accessed September 10, 2013.