1 Explain why the following code fragment does not work as intended.

```
ArrayList names = new ArrayList();
names.add("john");
names.add("greg");
ArrayList initials = new ArrayList();
for (int i = 0; i < names.size(); i++)
  initials.add(names.get(i).substring(0, 1));</pre>
```

- Write a method that takes an ArrayList<String> as its sole parameter and returns a new ArrayList<String> in which the elements from the given ArrayList are stored in reverse order. Your method should not change the original list.
- Write a method that removes the smallest value from a given ArrayList<Integer>. (2)

 Hint: The Integer class has a compareTo() method.

(1)

(1)

(2)

(4)

(6)

- 4 Can an ArrayList<Object> be an element of itself? Test this hypothesis and explain your results.
- The following program code is designed to remove all instances of the word "hello" from a populated ArrayList of Strings called words.

```
int i = 0;
while (i < words.size()) {
  if ("hello".compareTo(words.get(i)) == 0)
     words.remove(i);
  i++;
}</pre>
```

- (a) Explain why the above code fragment does not work as intended.
- (b) Without changing any of the existing lines of code, add or insert a single line to enable the code fragment to work as intended.
- 6 Failing Silently. A method or program "failing silently" means that it fails to do what it was designed to without producing an error or any other message.
 - (a) Create the subclass of ArrayList, SilentArrayList, that will override each method of ArrayList that requires an index value and fails silently if that value is not a valid index of the ArrayList.

 Hint: Remember that the keyword super can be used to access methods of the super class.
 - (b) Describe a situation where failing silently might be the desired outcome for a method or program.