pygal Documentation

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Sexy python charting		

CHAPTER 2

Simple python charting

pygal.Bar()(1, 3, 3, 7)(1, 6, 6, 4).render()

CHAPTER 3

Index

3.1 Documentation

3.1.1 First steps

Caution: First you need to install pygal, see installing.

When it's done, you are ready to make your first chart:

Now you should have a svg file called bar_chart.svg in your current directory.

You can open it with various programs such as your web browser, inkscape or any svg compatible viewer.

The resulting chart will be tho following:

```
bar_chart = pygal.Bar()
bar_chart.add('Fibonacci', [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55])
bar_chart.render()
```

Caution: pygal relies on svg css styling. This is sadly not fully supported by gnome librsvg and therefore can lead to black svg being displayed. This is not a bug in pygal. See this bugzilla search

To make a multiple series graph just add another one:

```
bar_chart = pygal.Bar()
bar_chart.add('Fibonacci', [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55])
bar_chart.add('Padovan', [1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 12])
bar_chart.render()
```

If you want to stack them, use *StackedBar* instead of *Bar*:

```
bar_chart = pygal.StackedBar()
bar_chart.add('Fibonacci', [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55])
bar_chart.add('Padovan', [1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 12])
bar_chart.render()
```

You can also make it horizontal with *HorizontalStackedBar*:

```
bar_chart = pygal.HorizontalStackedBar()
bar_chart.add('Fibonacci', [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55])
bar_chart.add('Padovan', [1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 12])
bar_chart.render()
```

And finally add a title and some labels:

```
bar_chart = pygal.HorizontalStackedBar()
bar_chart.title = "Remarquable sequences"
bar_chart.x_labels = map(str, range(11))
bar_chart.add('Fibonacci', [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55])
bar_chart.add('Padovan', [1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 12])
bar_chart.render()
```

The public API is chainable and can be simplified as call arguments, the last chart can be also written:

```
bar_chart = pygal.HorizontalStackedBar(
  title="Remarquable sequences", x_labels=map(str, range(11))(
  0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, title='Fibonacci')(
  1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 12, title='Padovan')
```

3.1.2 Chart types

pygal provides various kinds of charts:

Line

Basic

Basic simple line graph:

```
line_chart = pygal.Line()
line_chart.title = 'Browser usage evolution (in %)'
line_chart.x_labels = map(str, range(2002, 2013))
line_chart.add('Firefox', [None, None, 0, 16.6, 25, 31, 36.4, 45.5, 46.3, 42.8, 37.1])
line_chart.add('Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None, 0, 3.9, 10.8, 23.8, 35.3])
line_chart.add('IE', [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5, 66, 58.6, 54.7, 44.8, 36.2, 26.6, 20.1])
```

(continues on next page)

Horizontal Line

Same graph but horizontal and with a range of 0-100.

```
line_chart = pygal.HorizontalLine()
line_chart.title = 'Browser usage evolution (in %)'
line_chart.x_labels = map(str, range(2002, 2013))
line_chart.add('Firefox', [None, None,  0, 16.6,  25,  31, 36.4, 45.5, 46.3, 42.8,  37.1])
line_chart.add('Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None, None,  0,  3.9, 10.8, 23.8,  35.3])
line_chart.add('IE',  [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5,  66, 58.6, 54.7, 44.8, 36.2, 26.6,  20.1])
line_chart.add('Others',  [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9,  9, 10.4, 8.9, 5.8, 6.7, 6.8,  7.5])
line_chart.range = [0, 100]
line_chart.render()
```

Stacked

Same graph but with stacked values and filled rendering:

```
line_chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True)
line_chart.title = 'Browser usage evolution (in %)'
line_chart.x_labels = map(str, range(2002, 2013))
line_chart.add('Firefox', [None, None, 0, 16.6, 25, 31, 36.4, 45.5, 46.3, 42.8, 37.1])
line_chart.add('Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None, None, 0, 3.9, 10.8, 23.8, 35.3])
line_chart.add('IE', [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5, 66, 58.6, 54.7, 44.8, 36.2, 26.6, 20.1])
line_chart.add('Others', [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9, 9, 10.4, 8.9, 5.8, 6.7, 6.8, 7.5])
line_chart.render()
```

Time

For time related plots, just format your labels or use one variant of xy charts:

```
from datetime import datetime, timedelta
date_chart = pygal.Line(x_label_rotation=20)
date_chart.x_labels = map(lambda d: d.strftime('%Y-%m-%d'), [
  datetime(2013, 1, 2),
  datetime(2013, 1, 12),
  datetime(2013, 2, 2),
  datetime(2013, 2, 22)])
date_chart.add("Visits", [300, 412, 823, 672])
date_chart.render()
```

None values

None values will be skipped. It is also possible to break lines.

Bar

Basic

Basic simple bar graph:

```
bar_chart = pygal.Bar()
bar_chart.title = 'Browser usage evolution (in %)'
bar_chart.x_labels = map(str, range(2002, 2013))
bar_chart.add('Firefox', [None, None, 0, 16.6, 25, 31, 36.4, 45.5, 46.3, 42.8, 37.

$\infty$1])
bar_chart.add('Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None, None, 0, 3.9, 10.8, 23.8, 35.3])
bar_chart.add('IE', [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5, 66, 58.6, 54.7, 44.8, 36.2, 26.6, 420.1])
bar_chart.add('Others', [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9, 9, 10.4, 8.9, 5.8, 6.7, 6.8, 47.5])
bar_chart.render()
```

Stacked

Same graph but with stacked values:

Horizontal

Horizontal bar diagram:

```
bar_chart = pygal.HorizontalBar()
bar_chart.title = 'Browser usage in February 2012 (in %)'
bar_chart.add('IE', 19.5)
bar_chart.add('Firefox', 36.6)
bar_chart.add('Chrome', 36.3)
bar_chart.add('Safari', 4.5)
bar_chart.add('Opera', 2.3)
bar_chart.render()
```

Histogram

Basic

Histogram are special bars that take 3 values for a bar: the ordinate height, the abscissa start and the abscissa end.

```
hist = pygal.Histogram()
hist.add('Wide bars', [(5, 0, 10), (4, 5, 13), (2, 0, 15)])
hist.add('Narrow bars', [(10, 1, 2), (12, 4, 4.5), (8, 11, 13)])
hist.render()
```

XY

Basic

Basic XY lines, drawing cosinus:

```
from math import cos
xy_chart = pygal.XY()
xy_chart.title = 'XY Cosinus'
xy_chart.add('x = cos(y)', [(cos(x / 10.), x / 10.) for x in range(-50, 50, 5)])
xy_chart.add('y = cos(x)', [(x / 10., cos(x / 10.)) for x in range(-50, 50, 5)])
xy_chart.add('x = 1', [(1, -5), (1, 5)])
xy_chart.add('x = -1', [(-1, -5), (-1, 5)])
xy_chart.add('y = 1', [(-5, 1), (5, 1)])
xy_chart.add('y = -1', [(-5, -1), (5, -1)])
xy_chart.render()
```

Scatter Plot

Disabling stroke make a good scatter plot

Dates

You can use these helpers to plot date related charts:

DateTime

```
from datetime import datetime
datetimeline = pygal.DateTimeLine(
    x_label_rotation=35, truncate_label=-1,
    x_value_formatter=lambda dt: dt.strftime('%d, %b %Y at %I:%M:%S %p'))
datetimeline.add("Serie", [
    (datetime(2013, 1, 2, 12, 0), 300),
    (datetime(2013, 1, 12, 14, 30, 45), 412),
    (datetime(2013, 2, 2, 6), 823),
    (datetime(2013, 2, 22, 9, 45), 672)
])
datetimeline.render()
```

Caution: datetime are taken in utc by default (ie: no tzinfo). If you have dates with timezones ensure that all your dates have timezone otherwise you will have incoherences.

Date

```
from datetime import date
dateline = pygal.DateLine(x_label_rotation=25)
dateline.x_labels = [
    date(2013, 1, 1),
    date(2014, 1, 1),
    date(2014, 7, 1),
    date(2015, 1, 1),
    date(2015, 7, 1)
]
dateline.add("Serie", [
    (date(2013, 1, 2), 213),
    (date(2013, 8, 2), 281),
    (date(2014, 12, 7), 198),
    (date(2015, 3, 21), 120)
])
dateline.render()
```

Time

```
from datetime import time
dateline = pygal.TimeLine(x_label_rotation=25)
dateline.add("Serie", [
   (time(), 0),
   (time(6), 5),
   (time(8, 30), 12),
   (time(11, 59, 59), 4),
   (time(18), 10),
   (time(23, 30), -1),
])
dateline.render()
```

TimeDelta

```
from datetime import timedelta
dateline = pygal.TimeDeltaLine(x_label_rotation=25)
dateline.add("Serie", [
   (timedelta(), 0),
   (timedelta(seconds=6), 5),
   (timedelta(minutes=11, seconds=59), 4),
   (timedelta(days=3, microseconds=30), 12),
   (timedelta(weeks=1), 10),
])
dateline.render()
```

None values

None values will be skipped. It is also possible to break lines.

Pie

Basic

Simple pie:

```
pie_chart = pygal.Pie()
pie_chart.title = 'Browser usage in February 2012 (in %)'
pie_chart.add('IE', 19.5)
pie_chart.add('Firefox', 36.6)
pie_chart.add('Chrome', 36.3)
pie_chart.add('Safari', 4.5)
pie_chart.add('Opera', 2.3)
pie_chart.render()
```

Multi-series pie

Same pie but divided in sub category:

```
pie_chart = pygal.Pie()
pie_chart.title = 'Browser usage by version in February 2012 (in %)'
pie_chart.add('IE', [5.7, 10.2, 2.6, 1])
pie_chart.add('Firefox', [.6, 16.8, 7.4, 2.2, 1.2, 1, 1, 1.1, 4.3, 1])
pie_chart.add('Chrome', [.3, .9, 17.1, 15.3, .6, .5, 1.6])
pie_chart.add('Safari', [4.4, .1])
pie_chart.add('Opera', [.1, 1.6, .1, .5])
pie_chart.render()
```

Donut

It is possible to specify an inner radius to get a donut:

```
pie_chart = pygal.Pie(inner_radius=.4)
pie_chart.title = 'Browser usage in February 2012 (in %)'
pie_chart.add('IE', 19.5)
pie_chart.add('Firefox', 36.6)
pie_chart.add('Chrome', 36.3)
pie_chart.add('Safari', 4.5)
pie_chart.add('Opera', 2.3)
pie_chart.render()
```

or a ring:

```
pie_chart = pygal.Pie(inner_radius=.75)
pie_chart.title = 'Browser usage in February 2012 (in %)'
pie_chart.add('IE', 19.5)
pie_chart.add('Firefox', 36.6)
pie_chart.add('Chrome', 36.3)
pie_chart.add('Safari', 4.5)
pie_chart.add('Opera', 2.3)
pie_chart.render()
```

Half pie

```
pie_chart = pygal.Pie(half_pie=True)
pie_chart.title = 'Browser usage in February 2012 (in %)'
pie_chart.add('IE', 19.5)
pie_chart.add('Firefox', 36.6)
pie_chart.add('Chrome', 36.3)
pie_chart.add('Safari', 4.5)
pie_chart.add('Opera', 2.3)
pie_chart.render()
```

Radar

Basic

Simple Kiviat diagram:

```
radar_chart = pygal.Radar()
radar_chart.title = 'V8 benchmark results'
radar_chart.x_labels = ['Richards', 'DeltaBlue', 'Crypto', 'RayTrace', 'EarleyBoyer',
→'RegExp', 'Splay', 'NavierStokes']
radar_chart.add('Chrome', [6395, 8212, 7520, 7218, 12464, 1660, 2123, 8607])
radar_chart.add('Firefox', [7473, 8099, 11700, 2651, 6361, 1044, 3797, 9450])
radar_chart.add('Opera', [3472, 2933, 4203, 5229, 5810, 1828, 9013, 4669])
radar_chart.add('IE', [43, 41, 59, 79, 144, 136, 34, 102])
radar_chart.render()
```

Box

Extremes (default)

By default, the extremes mode is used that is the whiskers are the extremes of the data set, the box goes from the first quartile to the third and the middle line is the median.

```
box_plot = pygal.Box()
box_plot.title = 'V8 benchmark results'
box_plot.add('Chrome', [6395, 8212, 7520, 7218, 12464, 1660, 2123, 8607])
box_plot.add('Firefox', [7473, 8099, 11700, 2651, 6361, 1044, 3797, 9450])
box_plot.add('Opera', [3472, 2933, 4203, 5229, 5810, 1828, 9013, 4669])
box_plot.add('IE', [43, 41, 59, 79, 144, 136, 34, 102])
box_plot.render()
```

1.5 interquartile range

Same as above except the whiskers are the first quartile minus 1.5 times the interquartile range and the third quartile plus 1.5 times the interquartile range.

```
box_plot = pygal.Box(box_mode="1.5IQR")
box_plot.title = 'V8 benchmark results'
box_plot.add('Chrome', [6395, 8212, 7520, 7218, 12464, 1660, 2123, 8607])
box_plot.add('Firefox', [7473, 8099, 11700, 2651, 6361, 1044, 3797, 9450])
box_plot.add('Opera', [3472, 2933, 4203, 5229, 5810, 1828, 9013, 4669])
box_plot.add('IE', [43, 41, 59, 79, 144, 136, 34, 102])
box_plot.render()
```

Tukey

The whiskers are the lowest datum whithin the 1.5 IQR of the lower quartile and the highest datum still within 1.5 IQR of the upper quartile. The outliers are shown too.

```
box_plot = pygal.Box(box_mode="tukey")
box_plot.title = 'V8 benchmark results'
box_plot.add('Chrome', [6395, 8212, 7520, 7218, 12464, 1660, 2123, 8607])
box_plot.add('Firefox', [7473, 8099, 11700, 2651, 6361, 1044, 3797, 9450])
box_plot.add('Opera', [3472, 2933, 4203, 5229, 5810, 1828, 9013, 4669])
box_plot.add('IE', [43, 41, 59, 79, 144, 136, 34, 102])
box_plot.render()
```

Standard deviation

The whiskers are defined here by the standard deviation of the data.

```
box_plot = pygal.Box(box_mode="stdev")
box_plot.title = 'V8 benchmark results'
box_plot.add('Chrome', [6395, 8212, 7520, 7218, 12464, 1660, 2123, 8607])
box_plot.add('Firefox', [7473, 8099, 11700, 2651, 6361, 1044, 3797, 9450])
box_plot.add('Opera', [3472, 2933, 4203, 5229, 5810, 1828, 9013, 4669])
box_plot.add('IE', [43, 41, 59, 79, 144, 136, 34, 102])
box_plot.render()
```

Population standard deviation

The whiskers are defined here by the population standard deviation of the data.

```
box_plot = pygal.Box(box_mode="pstdev")
box_plot.title = 'V8 benchmark results'
box_plot.add('Chrome', [6395, 8212, 7520, 7218, 12464, 1660, 2123, 8607])
box_plot.add('Firefox', [7473, 8099, 11700, 2651, 6361, 1044, 3797, 9450])
box_plot.add('Opera', [3472, 2933, 4203, 5229, 5810, 1828, 9013, 4669])
box_plot.add('IE', [43, 41, 59, 79, 144, 136, 34, 102])
box_plot.render()
```

Dot

Basic

Punch card like chart:

Negative

Negative values are also supported, drawing the dot empty:

```
dot_chart = pygal.Dot(x_label_rotation=30)
dot_chart.add('Normal', [10, 50, 76, 80, 25])
dot_chart.add('With negatives', [0, -34, -29, 39, -75])
dot_chart.render()
```

Funnel

Basic

Funnel chart:

```
funnel_chart = pygal.Funnel()
funnel_chart.title = 'V8 benchmark results'
funnel_chart.x_labels = ['Richards', 'DeltaBlue', 'Crypto', 'RayTrace', 'EarleyBoyer',
    'RegExp', 'Splay', 'NavierStokes']
funnel_chart.add('Opera', [3472, 2933, 4203, 5229, 5810, 1828, 9013, 4669])
funnel_chart.add('Firefox', [7473, 8099, 11700, 2651, 6361, 1044, 3797, 9450])
funnel_chart.add('Chrome', [6395, 8212, 7520, 7218, 12464, 1660, 2123, 8607])
funnel_chart.render()
```

SolidGauge

SolidGauge charts

Normal

```
gauge = pygal.SolidGauge(inner_radius=0.70)
percent_formatter = lambda x: '{:.10g}%'.format(x)
dollar_formatter = lambda x: '{:.10g}$'.format(x)
gauge.value_formatter = percent_formatter
gauge.add('Series 1', [{'value': 225000, 'max_value': 1275000}],
          formatter=dollar_formatter)
gauge.add('Series 2', [{'value': 110, 'max_value': 100}])
gauge.add('Series 3', [{'value': 3}])
gauge.add(
    'Series 4', [
       {'value': 51, 'max_value': 100},
        {'value': 12, 'max_value': 100}])
gauge.add('Series 5', [{'value': 79, 'max_value': 100}])
gauge.add('Series 6', 99)
gauge.add('Series 7', [{'value': 100, 'max_value': 100}])
gauge.render()
```

Half

```
gauge = pygal.SolidGauge(
   half_pie=True, inner_radius=0.70,
    style=pygal.style.styles['default'](value_font_size=10))
percent_formatter = lambda x: '{:.10g}%'.format(x)
dollar_formatter = lambda x: '{:.10g}$'.format(x)
gauge.value_formatter = percent_formatter
gauge.add('Series 1', [{'value': 225000, 'max_value': 1275000}],
          formatter=dollar_formatter)
gauge.add('Series 2', [{'value': 110, 'max_value': 100}])
gauge.add('Series 3', [{'value': 3}])
gauge.add(
    'Series 4', [
        {'value': 51, 'max_value': 100},
        {'value': 12, 'max_value': 100}])
gauge.add('Series 5', [{'value': 79, 'max_value': 100}])
gauge.add('Series 6', 99)
gauge.add('Series 7', [{'value': 100, 'max_value': 100}])
gauge.render()
```

Gauge

Basic

Gauge chart:

```
gauge_chart = pygal.Gauge(human_readable=True)
gauge_chart.title = 'DeltaBlue V8 benchmark results'
gauge_chart.range = [0, 10000]
gauge_chart.add('Chrome', 8212)
gauge_chart.add('Firefox', 8099)
gauge_chart.add('Opera', 2933)
gauge_chart.add('IE', 41)
gauge_chart.render()
```

Pyramid

Basic

Population pyramid:

```
ages = [(364381, 358443, 360172, 345848, 334895, 326914, 323053, 312576, 302015,...
→301277, 309874, 318295, 323396, 332736, 330759, 335267, 345096, 352685, 368067,...
→381521, 380145, 378724, 388045, 382303, 373469, 365184, 342869, 316928, 285137,...
→273553, 250861, 221358, 195884, 179321, 171010, 162594, 152221, 148843, 143013, L
→135887, 125824, 121493, 115913, 113738, 105612, 99596, 91609, 83917, 75688, 69538,...
→62999, 58864, 54593, 48818, 44739, 41096, 39169, 36321, 34284, 32330, 31437, 30661, ...
→31332, 30334, 23600, 21999, 20187, 19075, 16574, 15091, 14977, 14171, 13687, 13155,...
→12558, 11600, 10827, 10436, 9851, 9794, 8787, 7993, 6901, 6422, 5506, 4839, 4144,...
\rightarrow 3433, 2936, 2615),
  (346205, 340570, 342668, 328475, 319010, 312898, 308153, 296752, 289639, 290466,...
→296190, 303871, 309886, 317436, 315487, 316696, 325772, 331694, 345815, 354696, ...
→354899, 351727, 354579, 341702, 336421, 321116, 292261, 261874, 242407, 229488, □
→208939, 184147, 162662, 147361, 140424, 134336, 126929, 125404, 122764, 116004,...
→105590, 100813, 95021, 90950, 85036, 79391, 72952, 66022, 59326, 52716, 46582,...
→42772, 38509, 34048, 30887, 28053, 26152, 23931, 22039, 20677, 19869, 19026, 18757,...
→18308, 14458, 13685, 12942, 12323, 11033, 10183, 10628, 10803, 10655, 10482, 10202,...
→10166, 9939, 10138, 10007, 10174, 9997, 9465, 9028, 8806, 8450, 7941, 7253, 6698,...
\hookrightarrow 6267, 5773),
   →10053, 16045, 24240, 35066, 47828, 62384, 78916, 97822, 112738, 124414, 130658,...
→140789, 153951, 168560, 179996, 194471, 212006, 225209, 228886, 239690, 245974, __
→253459, 255455, 260715, 259980, 256481, 252222, 249467, 240268, 238465, 238167, __
→231361, 223832, 220459, 222512, 220099, 219301, 221322, 229783, 239336, 258360, <u>...</u>
→271151, 218063, 213461, 207617, 196227, 174615, 160855, 165410, 163070, 157379, □
→149698, 140570, 131785, 119936, 113751, 106989, 99294, 89097, 78413, 68174, 60592,...
\rightarrow52189, 43375, 35469, 29648, 24575, 20863),
  →19913, 29108, 42475, 58287, 74163, 90724, 108375, 125886, 141559, 148061, 152871,...
→159725, 171298, 183536, 196136, 210831, 228757, 238731, 239616, 250036, 251759,...
→259593, 261832, 264864, 264702, 264070, 258117, 253678, 245440, 241342, 239843, ...
→232493, 226118, 221644, 223440, 219833, 219659, 221271, 227123, 232865, 250646,...
→261796, 210136, 201824, 193109, 181831, 159280, 145235, 145929, 140266, 133082, ...
→124350, 114441, 104655, 93223, 85899, 78800, 72081, 62645, 53214, 44086, 38481, ___
\rightarrow32219, 26867, 21443, 16899, 13680, 11508),
  →299, 295, 218, 247, 252, 254, 222, 307, 316, 385, 416, 463, 557, 670, 830, 889, __
→1025, 1149, 1356, 1488, 1835, 1929, 2130, 2362, 2494, 2884, 3160, 3487, 3916, 4196, ...
→4619, 5032, 5709, 6347, 7288, 8139, 9344, 11002, 12809, 11504, 11918, 12927, 13642, □
→13298, 14015, 15751, 17445, 18591, 19682, 20969, 21629, 22549, 23619, 25288, 26293, ___
→27038, 27039, 27070, 27750, 27244, 25905, 24357, 22561, 21794, 20595),
```

(continues on next page)

```
→368, 401, 414, 557, 654, 631, 689, 698, 858, 1031, 1120, 1263, 1614, 1882, 2137, □
→2516, 2923, 3132, 3741, 4259, 4930, 5320, 5948, 6548, 7463, 8309, 9142, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321, 10321
→11167, 12062, 13317, 15238, 16706, 18236, 20336, 23407, 27024, 32502, 37334, 34454, __
→38080, 41811, 44490, 45247, 46830, 53616, 58798, 63224, 66841, 71086, 73654, 77334,...
→82062, 87314, 92207, 94603, 94113, 92753, 93174, 91812, 87757, 84255, 79723, 77536,...
\rightarrow74173),
     → 1580, 2361, 3632, 4866, 6849, 8754, 10422, 12316, 14152, 16911, 19788, 22822, L
→27329, 31547, 35711, 38932, 42956, 46466, 49983, 52885, 55178, 56549, 57632, 57770, □
→57427, 56348, 55593, 55554, 53266, 51084, 49342, 48555, 47067, 45789, 44988, 44624, □
→44238, 46267, 46203, 36964, 33866, 31701, 28770, 25174, 22702, 21934, 20638, 19051, ___
→17073, 15381, 13736, 11690, 10368, 9350, 8375, 7063, 6006, 5044, 4030, 3420, 2612,...
\rightarrow2006, 1709, 1264, 1018),
    →2094, 3581, 5151, 7047, 9590, 12434, 15039, 17257, 19098, 21324, 24453, 27813,...
→32316, 37281, 43597, 49647, 53559, 58888, 62375, 67219, 70956, 73547, 74904, 75994, __
→76224, 74979, 72064, 70330, 68944, 66527, 63073, 60899, 60968, 58756, 57647, 56301, □
→57246, 57068, 59027, 59187, 47549, 44425, 40976, 38077, 32904, 29431, 29491, 28020, □
→26086, 24069, 21742, 19498, 17400, 15738, 14451, 13107, 11568, 10171, 8530, 7273,...
\rightarrow 6488, 5372, 4499, 3691, 3259, 2657)]
types = ['Males single', 'Females single',
                'Males married', 'Females married',
                'Males widowed', 'Females widowed',
                'Males divorced', 'Females divorced']
pyramid_chart = pygal.Pyramid(human_readable=True, legend_at_bottom=True)
pyramid chart.title = 'England population by age in 2010 (source: ons.gov.uk)'
pyramid_chart.x_labels = map(lambda x: str(x) if not x % 5 else '', range(90))
for type, age in zip(types, ages):
       pyramid_chart.add(type, age)
pyramid_chart.render()
```

Treemap

Basic

Treemap:

Maps

Maps are now packaged separately to keep pygal a reasonable sized package.

There are currently 3 available packages:

World map

Installing

The world map plugin can be installed by doing a:

```
pip install pygal_maps_world
```

Countries

Then you will have acces to the pygal.maps.world module. Now you can plot countries by specifying their code (see below for the big list of supported country codes)

You can also specify a value for a country:

```
worldmap_chart = pygal.maps.world.World()
worldmap_chart.title = 'Minimum deaths by capital punishement (source: Amnesty_
→International)'
worldmap_chart.add('In 2012', {
  'af': 14,
  'bd': 1,
 'by': 3,
  'cn': 1000,
  'gm': 9,
  'in': 1,
  'ir': 314,
  'iq': 129,
  'jp': 7,
  'kp': 6,
  'pk': 1,
  'ps': 6,
  'sa': 79,
  'so': 6,
  'sd': 5,
  'tw': 6,
  'ae': 1,
  'us': 43,
  'ye': 28
```

(continues on next page)

```
})
worldmap_chart.render()
```

Continents

You have also access to continents:

```
supra = pygal.maps.world.SupranationalWorld()
supra.add('Asia', [('asia', 1)])
supra.add('Europe', [('europe', 1)])
supra.add('Africa', [('africa', 1)])
supra.add('North america', [('north_america', 1)])
supra.add('South america', [('south_america', 1)])
supra.add('Oceania', [('oceania', 1)])
supra.add('Antartica', [('antartica', 1)])
supra.render()
```

Coutry code list

The following countries are supported:

code	Country
ad	Andorra
ae	United Arab Emirates
af	Afghanistan
al	Albania
am	Armenia
ao	Angola
aq	Antarctica
ar	Argentina
at	Austria
au	Australia
az	Azerbaijan
ba	Bosnia and Herzegovina
bd	Bangladesh
be	Belgium
bf	Burkina Faso
bg	Bulgaria
bh	Bahrain
bi	Burundi
bj	Benin
bn	Brunei Darussalam
bo	Bolivia, Plurinational State of
br	Brazil
bt	Bhutan
bw	Botswana
by	Belarus
bz	Belize
ca	Canada

Continued on next page

Table 1 – continued from previous page

code	Country
cd	Congo, the Democratic Republic of the
cf	Central African Republic
cg	Congo
ch	Switzerland
ci	Cote d'Ivoire
cl	Chile
cm	Cameroon
cn	China
со	Colombia
cr	Costa Rica
cu	Cuba
cv	Cape Verde
су	Cyprus
cz	Czech Republic
de	Germany
dj	Djibouti
dk	Denmark
do	Dominican Republic
dz	Algeria
ec	Ecuador
ee	Estonia
eg	Egypt
eh	Western Sahara
er	Eritrea
es	Spain
et	Ethiopia
fi	Finland
fr	France
ga	Gabon
gb	United Kingdom
ge	Georgia
gf	French Guiana
gh	Ghana
gl	Greenland
gm	Gambia
gn	Guinea
gq	Equatorial Guinea
gr	Greece
gt	Guatemala
gu	Guam Chinga Bisson
gw	Guinea-Bissau
gy	Guyana
hk hn	Hong Kong Honduras
hr	Croatia
	Haiti
ht hu	
id	Hungary Indonesia
ie	Ireland
10	Continued on next page

Table 1 – continued from previous page

code	Country
il	Israel
in	India
iq	Iraq
ir	Iran, Islamic Republic of
is	Iceland
it	Italy
jm	Jamaica
jo	Jordan
jp	Japan
ke	Kenya
kg	Kyrgyzstan
kh	Cambodia
kp	Korea, Democratic People's Republic of
kr	Korea, Republic of
kw	Kuwait
kz	Kazakhstan
la	Lao People's Democratic Republic
lb	Lebanon
li	Liechtenstein
lk	Sri Lanka
lr	Liberia
1s	Lesotho
lt	Lithuania
lu	Luxembourg
lv	Latvia
ly	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya
ma	Morocco
mc	Monaco
md	Moldova, Republic of
me	Montenegro
mg	Madagascar
mk	Macedonia, the former Yugoslav Republic of
ml	Mali
mm	Myanmar
mn	Mongolia
mo	Macao
mr	Mauritania
mt	Malta
mu	Mauritius
mv	Maldives
mw	Malawi
mx	Mexico
my	Malaysia
mz	Mozambique
na	Namibia
ne	Niger
ng	Nigeria
ni	Nicaragua
nl	Netherlands
	Continued on next page

Table 1 – continued from previous page

code	Country
no	Norway
np	Nepal
nz	New Zealand
om	Oman
pa	Panama
pe	Peru
pg	Papua New Guinea
ph	Philippines
pk	Pakistan
pl	Poland
pr	Puerto Rico
ps	Palestine, State of
pt	Portugal
ру	Paraguay
re	Reunion
ro	Romania
rs	Serbia
ru	Russian Federation
rw	Rwanda
sa	Saudi Arabia
sc	Seychelles
sd	Sudan
se	Sweden
sg	Singapore
sh	Saint Helena, Ascension and Tristan da Cunha
si	Slovenia
sk	Slovakia
sl	Sierra Leone
sm	San Marino
sn	Senegal
so	Somalia
sr	Suriname
st	Sao Tome and Principe
sv	El Salvador
sy	Syrian Arab Republic
SZ	Swaziland
td	Chad
tg	Togo
th	Thailand
tj	Tajikistan
tl	Timor-Leste
tm	Turkmenistan
tn	Tunisia
tr	Turkey
tw	Taiwan (Republic of China)
tz	Tanzania, United Republic of
ua	Ukraine
ug	Uganda
us	United States

Table 1 – continued from previous page

code	Country
uy	Uruguay
uz	Uzbekistan
va	Holy See (Vatican City State)
ve	Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of
vn	Viet Nam
ye	Yemen
yt	Mayotte
za	South Africa
zm	Zambia
ZW	Zimbabwe

Continent list

code	name
asia	Asia
europe	Europe
africa	Africa
north_america	North America
south_america	South America
oceania	Oceania
antartica	Antartica

French map

Installing

The french map plugin can be installed by doing a:

```
pip install pygal_maps_fr
```

Department

Then you will have access to the pygal.maps.fr module.

You can now plot departments (see below for the list):

```
fr_chart = pygal.maps.fr.Departments()
fr_chart.title = 'Some departments'
fr_chart.add('Métropole', ['69', '92', '13'])
fr_chart.add('Corse', ['2A', '2B'])
fr_chart.add('DOM COM', ['971', '972', '973', '974'])
fr_chart.render()
```

Or specify an number for a department:

```
fr_chart = pygal.maps.fr.Departments(human_readable=True)
fr_chart.title = 'Population by department'
```

(continues on next page)

```
fr_chart.add('In 2011', {
 '01': 603827, '02': 541302, '03': 342729, '04': 160959, '05': 138605, '06': 1081244,
→ '07': 317277, '08': 283110, '09': 152286, '10': 303997, '11': 359967, '12': 275813,
→ '13': 1975896, '14': 685262, '15': 147577, '16': 352705, '17': 625682, '18': _
→311694, '19': 242454, '2A': 145846, '2B': 168640, '21': 525931, '22': 594375, '23':...
→122560, '24': 415168, '25': 529103, '26': 487993, '27': 588111, '28': 430416, '29': __
→899870, '30': 718357, '31': 1260226, '32': 188893, '33': 1463662, '34': 1062036, '35
→': 996439, '36': 230175, '37': 593683, '38': 1215212, '39': 261294, '40': 387929,
→'41': 331280, '42': 749053, '43': 224907, '44': 1296364, '45': 659587, '46': 174754,
→ '47': 330866, '48': 77156, '49': 790343, '50': 499531, '51': 566571, '52': 182375,
→'53': 307031, '54': 733124, '55': 193557, '56': 727083, '57': 1045146, '58': 218341,
→ '59': 2579208, '60': 805642, '61': 290891, '62': 1462807, '63': 635469, '64': _
→656608, '65': 229228, '66': 452530, '67': 1099269, '68': 753056, '69': 1744236, '70
→': 239695, '71': 555999, '72': 565718, '73': 418949, '74': 746994, '75': 2249975,
→'76': 1251282, '77': 1338427, '78': 1413635, '79': 370939, '80': 571211, '81':_
→377675, '82': 244545, '83': 1012735, '84': 546630, '85': 641657, '86': 428447, '87
→': 376058, '88': 378830, '89': 342463, '90': 143348, '91': 1225191, '92': 1581628,
→'93': 1529928, '94': 1333702, '95': 1180365, '971': 404635, '972': 392291, '973':..
→237549, '974': 828581, '976': 212645
})
fr_chart.render()
```

Regions

You can do the same with regions:

```
fr_chart = pygal.maps.fr.Regions()
fr_chart.title = 'Some regions'
fr_chart.add('Métropole', ['82', '11', '93'])
fr_chart.add('Corse', ['94'])
fr_chart.add('DOM COM', ['01', '02', '03', '04'])
fr_chart.render()
```

You can also specify a number for a region and use a department to region aggregation:

```
from pygal.maps.fr import aggregate_regions
fr_chart = pygal.maps.fr.Regions(human_readable=True)
fr_chart.title = 'Population by region'
fr_chart.add('In 2011', aggregate_regions({
  '01': 603827, '02': 541302, '03': 342729, '04': 160959, '05': 138605, '06': 1081244,
→ '07': 317277, '08': 283110, '09': 152286, '10': 303997, '11': 359967, '12': 275813,
→ '13': 1975896, '14': 685262, '15': 147577, '16': 352705, '17': 625682, '18': □
→311694, '19': 242454, '2A': 145846, '2B': 168640, '21': 525931, '22': 594375, '23': _
→122560, '24': 415168, '25': 529103, '26': 487993, '27': 588111, '28': 430416, '29': __
→899870, '30': 718357, '31': 1260226, '32': 188893, '33': 1463662, '34': 1062036, '35
→': 996439, '36': 230175, '37': 593683, '38': 1215212, '39': 261294, '40': 387929,
→'41': 331280, '42': 749053, '43': 224907, '44': 1296364, '45': 659587, '46': 174754,
→ '47': 330866, '48': 77156, '49': 790343, '50': 499531, '51': 566571, '52': 182375,
→'53': 307031, '54': 733124, '55': 193557, '56': 727083, '57': 1045146, '58': 218341,
→ '59': 2579208, '60': 805642, '61': 290891, '62': 1462807, '63': 635469, '64': □
→656608, '65': 229228, '66': 452530, '67': 1099269, '68': 753056, '69': 1744236, '70
→': 239695, '71': 555999, '72': 565718, '73': 418949, '74': 746994, '75': 2249975,
→'76': 1251282, '77': 1338427, '78': 1413635, '79': 370939, '80': 571211, '81': __
→377675, '82': 244545, '83': 1012735, '84': 546630, '85': 641657, '86': 428447, '87
→': 376058, '88': 378830, '89': 342463, '90': 143348, '91': 1225191, '92': 1581628,
→ '93': 1529928, '94': 1333702, '95': 1180365, '971': 404635, '972': 3924coht/nucson-next_page)
→237549, '974': 828581, '976': 212645
```

```
}))
fr_chart.render()
```

Department list

code	Department	
01	Ain	
02	Aisne	
03	Allier	
04	Alpes-de-Haute-Provence	
05	Hautes-Alpes	
06	Alpes-Maritimes	
07	Ardèche	
08	Ardennes	
09	Ariège	
10	Aube	
11	Aude	
12	Aveyron	
13	Bouches-du-Rhône	
14	Calvados	
15	Cantal	
16	Charente	
17	Charente-Maritime	
18	Cher	
19	Corrèze	
2A	Corse-du-Sud	
2B	Haute-Corse	
21	Côte-d'Or	
22	Côtes-d'Armor	
23	Creuse	
24	Dordogne	
25	Doubs	
26	Drôme	
27	Eure	
28	Eure-et-Loir	
29	Finistère	
30	Gard	
31	Haute-Garonne	
32	Gers	
33	Gironde	
34	Hérault	
35	Ille-et-Vilaine	
36	Indre	
37	Indre-et-Loire	
38	Isère	
39	Jura	
40	Landes	
41	Loir-et-Cher	
T 1	Continued on next page	

Continued on next page

Table 2 – continued from previous page

code	Department
42	Loire
43	Haute-Loire
44	Loire-Atlantique
45	Loiret
46	Lot
47	Lot-et-Garonne
48	Lozère
49	Maine-et-Loire
50	Manche
51	Marne
52	Haute-Marne
53	
54	Mayenne
1	Meurthe-et-Moselle
55	Meuse
56	Morbihan
57	Moselle
58	Nièvre
59	Nord
60	Oise
61	Orne
62	Pas-de-Calais
63	Puy-de-Dôme
64	Pyrénées-Atlantiques
65	Hautes-Pyrénées
66	Pyrénées-Orientales
67	Bas-Rhin
68	Haut-Rhin
69	Rhône
70	Haute-Saône
71	Saône-et-Loire
72	Sarthe
73	Savoie
74	Haute-Savoie
75	Paris
76	Seine-Maritime
77	Seine-et-Marne
78	Yvelines
79	Deux-Sèvres
80	Somme
81	Tarn
82	Tarn-et-Garonne
83	Var
84	Vaucluse
85	Vendée
86	Vienne
87	Haute-Vienne
88	Vosges
89	Yonne
90	Territoire de Belfort
	Continued on next page

Table 2 – continued from previous page

Department
Essonne
Hauts-de-Seine
Seine-Saint-Denis
Val-de-Marne
Val-d'Oise
Guadeloupe
Martinique
Guyane
Réunion
Saint Pierre et Miquelon
Mayotte

Region list

code	Region
11	Île-de-France
21	Champagne-Ardenne
22	Picardie
23	Haute-Normandie
24	Centre
25	Basse-Normandie
26	Bourgogne
31	Nord-Pas-de-Calais
41	Lorraine
42	Alsace
43	Franche-Comté
52	Pays-de-la-Loire
53	Bretagne
54	Poitou-Charentes
72	Aquitaine
73	Midi-Pyrénées
74	Limousin
82	Rhône-Alpes
83	Auvergne
91	Languedoc-Roussillon
93	Provence-Alpes-Côte d'Azur
94	Corse
01	Guadeloupe
02	Martinique
03	Guyane
04	Réunion
05	Saint Pierre et Miquelon
06	Mayotte

Swiss map

Installing

The swiss map plugin can be installed by doing a:

```
pip install pygal_maps_ch
```

Canton

Then you will have access to the pygal.maps.ch module.

You can now plot cantons (see below for the list):

```
ch_chart = pygal.maps.ch.Cantons()
ch_chart.title = 'Some cantons'
ch_chart.add('Cantons 1', ['kt-zh', 'kt-be', 'kt-nw'])
ch_chart.add('Cantons 2', ['kt-ow', 'kt-bs', 'kt-ne'])
ch_chart.render()
```

Canton list

code	Canton
kt-zh	ZH
kt-be	BE
kt-lu	LU
kt-ju	JH
kt-ur	UR
kt-sz	SZ
kt-ow	OW
kt-nw	NW
kt-gl	GL
kt-zg	ZG
kt-fr	FR
kt-so	SO
kt-bl	BL
kt-bs	BS
kt-sh	SH
kt-ar	AR
kt-ai	AI
kt-sg	SG
kt-gr	GR
kt-ag	AG
kt-tg	TG
kt-ti	TI
kt-vd	VD
kt-vs	VS
kt-ne	NE
kt-ge	GE

3.1.3 Styles

There are three ways to style the charts:

Built-in Styles

pygal provides 14 built-in styles:

Default

```
from pygal.style import DefaultStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=DefaultStyle) #...
→ Setting style here is not necessary
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

DarkStyle

```
from pygal.style import DarkStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=DarkStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Neon

```
from pygal.style import NeonStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=NeonStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Dark Solarized

```
from pygal.style import DarkSolarizedStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=DarkSolarizedStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
```

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```
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Light Solarized

```
from pygal.style import LightSolarizedStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=LightSolarizedStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Light

```
from pygal.style import LightStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=LightStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Clean

```
from pygal.style import CleanStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=CleanStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Red Blue

```
from pygal.style import RedBlueStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=RedBlueStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Dark Colorized

```
from pygal.style import DarkColorizedStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=DarkColorizedStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Light Colorized

```
from pygal.style import LightColorizedStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=LightColorizedStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Turquoise

```
from pygal.style import TurquoiseStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=TurquoiseStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Light green

```
from pygal.style import LightGreenStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=LightGreenStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Dark green

```
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Dark green blue

```
from pygal.style import DarkGreenBlueStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=DarkGreenBlueStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Blue

```
from pygal.style import BlueStyle
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=BlueStyle)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Parametric Styles

pygal provides 5 parametric styles:

Usage

A parametric style is initiated with a default color and the other are generated from this one:

```
from pygal.style import LightenStyle
dark_lighten_style = LightenStyle('#336676')
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=dark_lighten_style)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

You can set the step parameter to tell between how much colors the color modifier will be applied

```
from pygal.style import LightenStyle
dark_lighten_style = LightenStyle('#336676', step=5)
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=dark_lighten_style)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

and the max_ to limit the amplitude at a certain value (in % for all color operation except rotate which is 360):

```
from pygal.style import LightenStyle
dark_lighten_style = LightenStyle('#336676', step=5, max_=10)
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=dark_lighten_style)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

You can tell the style to inheritate all the styles from another theme:

```
from pygal.style import LightenStyle, LightColorizedStyle
dark_lighten_style = LightenStyle('#336676', base_style=LightColorizedStyle)
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=dark_lighten_style)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

And you can manually set the properties just like any other theme:

```
from pygal.style import LightenStyle, LightColorizedStyle
dark_lighten_style = LightenStyle('#336676', base_style=LightColorizedStyle)
dark_lighten_style.background = '#ffcccc'
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=dark_lighten_style)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Styles

Rotate

```
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

```
from pygal.style import RotateStyle, LightColorizedStyle
dark_rotate_style = RotateStyle('#75ff98', base_style=LightColorizedStyle)
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=dark_rotate_style)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Lighten

```
from pygal.style import LightenStyle
dark_lighten_style = LightenStyle('#004466')
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=dark_lighten_style)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Darken

```
from pygal.style import DarkenStyle
darken_style = DarkenStyle('#ff8723')
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=darken_style)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Saturate

```
from pygal.style import SaturateStyle
saturate_style = SaturateStyle('#609f86')
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=saturate_style)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
```

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```
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Desaturate

```
from pygal.style import DesaturateStyle
desaturate_style = DesaturateStyle('#8322dd', step=8)
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=desaturate_style)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Custom Styles

pygal provides 2 ways to customize styles:

Using Style class

You can instantiate the Style class with some customizations for quick styling:

```
from pygal.style import Style
custom_style = Style(
 background='transparent',
 plot_background='transparent',
 foreground='#53E89B',
 foreground_strong='#53A0E8',
 foreground_subtle='#630C0D',
 opacity='.6',
 opacity_hover='.9',
 transition='400ms ease-in',
 colors=('#E853A0', '#E8537A', '#E95355', '#E87653', '#E89B53'))
chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True, interpolate='cubic', style=custom_style)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9, 5])
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

Properties

Style objects supports the following properties:

Properties	Description
plot_background	The color of the chart area background
background	The color of the image background
foreground	The main foreground color
foreground_strong	The emphasis foreground color
foreground_subtle	The subtle foreground color
font_family	The main font family
label_font_family	The label font family
major_label_font_family	The major label font family
value_font_family	The print_values font family
value_label_font_family	The print_labels font family
tooltip_font_family	The tooltip font family
title_font_family	The title font family
legend_font_family	The legend font family
no_data_font_family	The no data text font family
guide_stroke_dasharray	The dasharray for guide line
major_guide_stroke_dasharray	The dasharray for major guide line
label_font_size	The label font size
major_label_font_size	The major label font size
value_font_size	The print_values font size
value_label_font_size	The print_labels font size
tooltip_font_size	The tooltip font size
title_font_size	The title font size
legend_font_size	The legend font size
no_data_font_size	The no data font size
opacity	The opacity of chart element
opacity_hover	The opacity of chart element on mouse hover
transition	Define the global transition property for animation
colors	The serie color list
value_colors	The print_values color list

Google font

It is possible to give a google font to any font family property by specifying the googlefont: prefix:

```
style = Style(font_family='googlefont:Raleway')
```

NB: this won't work if you include the svg directly, you have to embed it because the google stylesheet is added in the XML processing instructions. (You could also manually add the google font in your HTML.)

Using a custom css

You can also specify a file containing a custom css for more customization. The css option is an array containing included css by default (except from base.css which is always included).

It supports local file names and external stylesheet too, just append your URI in the list.

(See the default css)

NB: Now the css rules are prefixed by an unique id, to prevent collisions when including several svg directly into a web page. You can disable it with the no_prefix option.

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```
from tempfile import NamedTemporaryFile
custom_css = '''
  {{ id }}text {
   fill: green;
   font-family: monospace;
  {{ id }}.legends .legend text {
   font-size: {{ font_sizes.legend }};
  {{ id }}.axis {
   stroke: #666;
  {{ id }}.axis text {
   font-size: {{ font_sizes.label }};
    font-family: sans;
   stroke: none;
  {{ id }}.axis.y text {
   text-anchor: end;
  {{ id }}#tooltip text {
   font-size: {{ font_sizes.tooltip }};
  {{ id }}.dot {
   fill: yellow;
  {{ id }}.color-0 {
   stroke: #ff1100;
   fill: #ff1100;
  {{ id }}.color-1 {
   stroke: #ffee00;
   fill: #ffee00;
  {{ id }}.color-2 {
   stroke: #66bb44;
   fill: #66bb44;
  {{ id }}.color-3 {
   stroke: #88bbdd;
    fill: #88bbdd;
  {{ id }}.color-4 {
   stroke: #0000ff;
    fill: #0000ff;
custom_css_file = '/tmp/pygal_custom_style.css'
with open(custom_css_file, 'w') as f:
 f.write(custom_css)
config = pygal.Config(fill=True, interpolate='cubic')
config.css.append('file://' + custom_css_file)
chart = pygal.StackedLine(config)
chart.add('A', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.add('B', [5, 2, 3, 2, 5, 7, 17])
chart.add('C', [6, 10, 9, 7, 3, 1, 0])
chart.add('D', [2, 3, 5, 9, 12, 9,
```

```
chart.add('E', [7, 4, 2, 1, 2, 10, 0])
chart.render()
```

3.1.4 Chart configuration

How

pygal is customized at chart level with the help of the Config class).

Instance

The config class works this way:

```
from pygal import Config

config = Config()
config.show_legend = False
config.human_readable = True
config.fill = True
chart = pygal.XY(config)
...
```

and you can share the config object between several charts. For one shot chart rendering several shorthand are available:

Attribute

Config values are settable on the chart object.

```
chart = pygal.XY(config)
chart.show_legend = False
chart.human_readable = True
chart.fill = True
...
```

Keyword args

Config values can be given as keyword args at init:

```
chart = pygal.XY(show_legend=False, human_readable=True, fill=True)
```

And at render:

```
chart = pygal.XY()
chart.render(show_legend=False, human_readable=True, fill=True)
```

Options

Sizing

Svg size is configurable with width and height parameter.

width

```
chart = pygal.Bar(width=200)
chart.add('1', 1)
chart.add('2', 2)
chart.render()
```

height

```
chart = pygal.Bar(height=100)
chart.add('1', 1)
chart.add('2', 2)
chart.render()
```

explicit_size

Size can be written directly to the svg tag to force display of the requested size using explicit_size.

spacing

Spacing determines the space between all elements:

```
chart = pygal.Bar(spacing=50) chart.x_labels = u'\alpha\beta\gamma\delta' chart.add('line 1', [5, 15, 10, 8]) chart.add('line 2', [15, 20, 8, 11]) chart.render()
```

margin

Margin is the external chart margin:

```
chart = pygal.Bar(margin=50)  
    chart.x_labels = u'\alpha\beta\gamma\delta'  
    chart.add('line 1', [5, 15, 10, 8])  
    chart.add('line 2', [15, 20, 8, 11])  
    chart.render()
```

Individual margins can also be specified

margin_top

```
chart = pygal.Bar(margin_top=50) chart.x_labels = u'\alpha\beta\gamma\delta' chart.add('line 1', [5, 15, 10, 8]) chart.add('line 2', [15, 20, 8, 11]) chart.render()
```

margin_right

```
chart = pygal.Bar(margin_right=50) chart.x_labels = u'\alpha\beta\gamma\delta' chart.add('line 1', [5, 15, 10, 8]) chart.add('line 2', [15, 20, 8, 11]) chart.render()
```

margin_bottom

```
chart = pygal.Bar(margin_bottom=50) chart.x_labels = u'\alpha\beta\gamma\delta' chart.add('line 1', [5, 15, 10, 8]) chart.add('line 2', [15, 20, 8, 11]) chart.render()
```

margin_left

```
chart = pygal.Bar(margin_left=50) chart.x_labels = u'\alpha\beta\gamma\delta' chart.add('line 1', [5, 15, 10, 8]) chart.add('line 2', [15, 20, 8, 11]) chart.render()
```

Titles

title

You can add a title to the chart by setting the title option:

```
chart = pygal.Line(title=u'Some points')
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

x title

You can add a title to the x axis by setting the x_title option:

```
chart = pygal.Line(title=u'Some points', x_title='X Axis')
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

y_title

You can add a title to the y axis by setting the y_title option:

```
chart = pygal.Line(title=u'Some points', y_title='Y Axis')
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

Labels

You can specify x labels and y labels, depending on the graph type:

x_labels

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.x_labels = 'Red', 'Blue', 'Green'
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

It is possible for dual charts to define a custom scale:

```
chart = pygal.XY()
chart.x_labels = (.00012, .00024, .00048, .00096)
chart.add('line', [(.0002, 10), (.0005, 20), (.00035, 15)])
chart.render()
```

And in this case it is possible to set text labels in place of values:

```
chart = pygal.XY()
chart.x_labels = ({
    'label': 'Twelve',
    'value': .00012
}, {
    'label': 'Twenty four',
    'value': .00024
}, {
    'label': 'Forty eight',
    'value': .00048
}, {
    'label': 'Ninety six',
    'value': .00096})
chart.add('line', [(.0002, 10), (.0005, 20), (.00035, 15)])
chart.render()
```

y labels

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.y_labels = .0001, .0003, .0004, .00045, .0005
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

It is now possible to add text to labels values:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.y_labels = [
    {'label': 'One', 'value': .0001},
    {'label': 'Three', 'value': .0003},
    {'label': 'Four', 'value': .0004},
    {'label': 'Four and a half', 'value': .00045},
    {'label': 'Five', 'value': .0005}]
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

show_x_labels

Set this to False to deactivate x labels:

```
chart = pygal.Line(show_x_labels=False)
chart.x_labels = 'Red', 'Blue', 'Green'
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

show_y_labels

Set this to False to deactivate y labels:

```
chart = pygal.Line(show_y_labels=False)
chart.x_labels = 'Red', 'Blue', 'Green'
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

Allow label rotation (in degrees) to avoid axis cluttering:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.x_labels = [
    'This is the first point !',
    'This is the second point !',
    'This is the third point !',
    'This is the fourth point !']
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

x_label_rotation

```
chart = pygal.Line(x_label_rotation=20)
chart.x_labels = [
    'This is the first point !',
    'This is the second point !',
    'This is the third point !',
    'This is the fourth point !']
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

y_label_rotation

```
chart = pygal.Line(y_label_rotation=20)
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

You can alter major minor behaviour of axes thanks to Arjen Stolk

x_labels_major

```
chart = pygal.Line(x_label_rotation=20)
chart.x_labels = [
    'This is the first point !',
    'This is the second point !',
    'This is the third point !',
    'This is the fourth point !']
chart.x_labels_major = ['This is the first point !', 'This is the fourth point !']
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

x_labels_major_every

```
chart = pygal.Line(x_label_rotation=20, x_labels_major_every=3)
chart.x_labels = [
    'This is the first point !',
    'This is the second point !',
    'This is the third point !',
    'This is the fourth point !']
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

x_labels_major_count

```
chart = pygal.Line(x_label_rotation=20, x_labels_major_count=3)
chart.x_labels = [
    'This is the first point !',
    'This is the second point !',
    'This is the third point !',
    'This is the fourth point !']
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

show minor x labels

```
chart = pygal.Line(x_label_rotation=20, show_minor_x_labels=False)
chart.x_labels = [
    'This is the first point !',
    'This is the second point !',
    'This is the third point !',
    'This is the fourth point !']
chart.x_labels_major = ['This is the first point !', 'This is the fourth point !']
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

y labels major

```
chart = pygal.Line(y_label_rotation=-20)
chart.y_labels_major = []
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.y_labels_major = [.0001, .0004]
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

y_labels_major_every

```
chart = pygal.Line(y_label_rotation=20, y_labels_major_every=3)
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

y_labels_major_count

```
chart = pygal.Line(y_labels_major_count=3)
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

show_minor_y_labels

```
chart = pygal.Line(y_labels_major_every=2, show_minor_y_labels=False)
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

truncate_label

By default long labels are automatically truncated at reasonable length to fit in the graph.

You can override that by setting truncation lenght with truncate_label.

```
chart = pygal.Line(truncate_label=17)
chart.x_labels = [
    'This is the first point !',
    'This is the second point !',
    'This is the third point !',
    'This is the fourth point !']
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

or disable it by setting this to -1

```
chart = pygal.Line(truncate_label=-1)
chart.x_labels = [
    'This is the first point !',
    'This is the second point !',
    'This is the third point !',
    'This is the fourth point !']
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

Legend

show_legend

You can remove legend by setting this to False

```
chart = pygal.Line(show_legend=False)
chart.add('Serie 1', [1, 2, 3])
chart.add('Serie 2', [4, 2, 0])
chart.add('Serie 3', [1, -1, 1])
chart.add('Serie 4', [3, 1, 5])
chart.render()
```

legend_at_bottom

You can put legend at bottom by setting legend_at_bottom to True:

```
chart = pygal.Line(legend_at_bottom=True)
chart.add('Serie 1', [1, 2, 3])
chart.add('Serie 2', [4, 2, 0])
chart.add('Serie 3', [1, -1, 1])
chart.add('Serie 4', [3, 1, 5])
chart.render()
```

legend at bottom columns

Force the number of legend columns when set at bottom

```
chart = pygal.Line(legend_at_bottom=True, legend_at_bottom_columns=4)
chart.add('Serie 1', [1, 2, 3])
chart.add('Serie 2', [4, 2, 0])
```

(continues on next page)

```
chart.add('Serie 3', [1, -1, 1])
chart.add('Serie 4', [3, 1, 5])
chart.render()
```

legend_box_size

```
chart = pygal.Line(legend_box_size=18)
chart.add('Serie 1', [1, 2, 3])
chart.add('Serie 2', [4, 2, 0])
chart.add('Serie 3', [1, -1, 1])
chart.add('Serie 4', [3, 1, 5])
chart.render()
```

truncate_legend

By default long legends are automatically truncated at reasonable length to fit in the graph.

You can override that by setting truncation length with truncate_legend.

```
chart = pygal.Line(truncate_legend=17)
chart.x_labels = [
    'This is the first point !',
    'This is the second point !',
    'This is the third point !',
    'This is the fourth point !']
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

or disable it by setting this to -1

```
chart = pygal.Line(truncate_legend=-1)
chart.x_labels = [
    'This is the first point !',
    'This is the second point !',
    'This is the third point !',
    'This is the fourth point !']
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

Axis

include x axis

Scales are computed automatically between the min and the max values.

You may want to always have the absissa in your graph:

```
chart = pygal.Line(include_x_axis=True)
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

inverse_y_axis

```
chart = pygal.Line(inverse_y_axis=True)
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

range

In pygal you can override automatic scaling by setting y_labels to the values you want, but if you want to change the scaling range and keep auto scaling in it, you can set a range which is a tuple containing the desired min and max:

```
chart = pygal.Line(range=(.0001, .001))
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

xrange

For xy graph xrange can be used for the x axis.

```
chart = pygal.XY(xrange=(10, 30))
chart.add('line', [(10, .0002), (15, .0005), (12, .00035)])
chart.render()
```

secondary_range

For chart with two axis, the secondary_range defines the range for the secondary axis.

```
chart = pygal.Line(secondary_range=(10, 25))
chart.add('primary', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.add('secondary', [10, 15, 12], secondary=True)
chart.render()
```

logarithmic

You can set the scale to be logarithmic:

```
chart = pygal.Line(logarithmic=True)
values = [1, 3, 43, 123, 1231, 23192]
chart.x_labels = map(str, values)
chart.add('log example', values)
chart.render()
```

Caution: Negative values are ignored

min scale

You can specify the minimum number of scale graduation to generate with auto scaling if possible.

```
chart = pygal.Line(min_scale=12)
chart.add('line', [1, 10, 100, 50, 25])
chart.render()
```

max_scale

You can specify the maximum number of scale graduation to generate with auto scaling if possible.

```
chart = pygal.Line(max_scale=6)
chart.add('line', [1, 10, 100, 50, 25])
chart.render()
```

order_min

You can specify at which precision pygal should stop scaling (in log10) usefull in conjuction of the two previous properties:

```
chart = pygal.Line(order_min=1)
chart.add('line', [1, 10, 100, 50, 25])
chart.render()
```

Interpolations

pygal allow you to interpolate most of line charts. Take this chart for instance:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.add('line', [1, 5, 17, 12, 5, 10])
chart.render()
```

interpolate

cubic

You can set the cubic interpolation:

```
chart = pygal.Line(interpolate='cubic')
chart.add('line', [1, 5, 17, 12, 5, 10])
chart.render()
```

quadratic

```
chart = pygal.Line(interpolate='quadratic')
chart.add('line', [1, 5, 17, 12, 5, 10])
chart.render()
```

lagrange

```
chart = pygal.Line(interpolate='lagrange')
chart.add('line', [1, 5, 17, 12, 5, 10])
chart.render()
```

trigonometric

```
chart = pygal.Line(interpolate='trigonometric')
chart.add('line', [1, 5, 17, 12, 5, 10])
chart.render()
```

hermite

```
chart = pygal.Line(interpolate='hermite')
chart.add('line', [1, 5, 17, 12, 5, 10])
chart.render()
```

interpolation_parameters

For hermite you can also pass additionnal parameters to configure tangent behaviour:

For more information see the wikipedia article

interpolation precision

You can change the resolution of the interpolation with the help of interpolation_precision:

```
chart = pygal.Line(interpolate='quadratic')
chart.add('line', [1, 5, 17, 12, 5, 10])
chart.render()
```

```
chart = pygal.Line(interpolate='quadratic', interpolation_precision=3)
chart.add('line', [1, 5, 17, 12, 5, 10])
chart.render()
```

Data

value_formatter

You can specify how the values are displayed on the tooltip using a lambda function. The code below shows the values to 2 decimal places.

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.add('line', [.070106781, 1.414213562, 3.141592654])
chart.value_formatter = lambda x: "%.2f" % x
chart.render()
```

x value formatter

Same on x axis for xy like charts:

```
chart = pygal.XY()
chart.add('line', [(12, 31), (8, 28), (89, 12)])
chart.x_value_formatter = lambda x: '%s%%' % x
chart.render()
```

print_values

When using pygal to display static charts for printing for example you can chose to activate this option to print all values as text.

dynamic_print_values

Show print_values only on legend hover.

print_values_position

Change print value position (in bar charts only).

```
chart = pygal.Bar(print_values=True, print_values_position='top')
chart.add('line', [0, 12, 31, 8, -28, 0])
chart.render()
```

```
chart = pygal.Bar(print_values=True, print_values_position='bottom')
chart.add('line', [0, 12, 31, 8, -28, 0])
chart.render()
```

print_zeroes

zero values are shown by default but you can use this option to hide them.

```
chart = pygal.Bar(print_values=True, print_zeroes=False)
chart.add('line', [0, 12, 31, 8, -28, 0])
chart.render()
```

print_labels

You can activate value label display:

Displaying both is also possible:

human readable

Display values in human readable form:

```
1 230 000 -> 1.23M
.00 098 7 -> 987μ
```

```
chart = pygal.Line(human_readable=True)
chart.add('line', [0, .0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

no_data_text

Text to display instead of the graph when no data is supplied:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.add('line', [])
chart.render()
```

Tooltip

Tooltips are displayed when the pygal javascript is used.

tooltip_border_radius

```
chart = pygal.Line(tooltip_border_radius=10)
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

Rendering

stroke

On line graphs you can disable line stroking:

```
chart = pygal.Line(stroke=False)
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

fill

And enable line filling:

```
chart = pygal.Line(fill=True)
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

zero

To fill to an other reference than zero:

```
chart = pygal.Line(fill=True, zero=.0004)
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

show_dots

You can remove dots by setting show_dots at False`

```
chart = pygal.Line(show_dots=False)
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

show_only_major_dots

You can remove minor x-labelled dots by setting show_only_major_dots at True

```
chart = pygal.Line(show_only_major_dots=True)
chart.add('line', range(12))
chart.x_labels = map(str, range(12))
chart.x_labels_major = ['2', '4', '8', '11']
chart.render()
```

dots_size

You can change the dot size

```
chart = pygal.Line(dots_size=5)
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

stroke_style

It is possible to set a default style for lines with the stroke_style dictionary.

show_x_guides

You can force the display of x guides

```
chart = pygal.Line(show_x_guides=True)
chart.x_labels = ['alpha', 'beta', 'gamma']
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

show y guides

Or disable y guides:

```
chart = pygal.Line(show_y_guides=False)
chart.x_labels = ['alpha', 'beta', 'gamma']
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.render()
```

style

see styles

You can add or replace css/js files in pygal using the *css* and *js* array options. These lists contain absolute filenames and/or external URI. (Relative filenames are relative to pygal internal files)

All config lists now support the use of ellipsis as an extender. For instance:

```
config = Config()
config.css.append('style.css')
chart = pygal.Line(config)
```

can now be replaced with:

```
chart = pygal.Line(css=(..., 'style.css'))
```

or if you are still using python from the last decade:

```
from pygal._compat import _ellipsis
chart = pygal.Line(css=(_ellipsis, 'style.css'))
```

CSS

Default:

```
css = ['file://style.css', 'file://graph.css']
```

Css can also specified inline by prepending *inline*: to the css:

```
css = ['inline:.rect { fill: blue; }']
```

classes

You can alter pygal svg node classes with the classes option:

```
chart = pygal.Line(classes=(..., 'flex'))
```

defs

You can add defs like linearGradient, radialGradient, pattern to the defs config:

```
config = pygal.Config()
config.style = pygal.style.DarkStyle
config.defs.append('''
 = "gradient -0" x1="0" x2="0" y1="0" y2="1">
   <stop offset="0%" stop-color="#ff5995" />
   <stop offset="100%" stop-color="#feed6c" />
 </linearGradient>
''')
config.defs.append('''
 ="0" x2="0" y1="0" y2="1">
   <stop offset="0%" stop-color="#b6e354" />
   <stop offset="100%" stop-color="#8cedff" />
 </linearGradient>
''')
config.css.append('''inline:
 .color-0 {
   fill: url(#gradient-0) !important;
   stroke: url(#gradient-0) !important;
 }''')
config.css.append('''inline:
 .color-1 {
   fill: url(#gradient-1) !important;
   stroke: url(#gradient-1) !important;
 }''')
chart = pygal.Line(config)
chart.add('1', [1, 3, 12, 3, 4, None, 9])
chart.add('2', [7, -4, 10, None, 8, 3, 1])
chart.x_labels = ('a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g')
chart.legend_at_bottom = True
chart.interpolate = 'cubic'
chart.render()
```

is

```
js = [
    '//kozea.github.io/pygal.js/2.0.x/pygal-tooltips.min.js'
]
```

See pygal.js

force_uri_protocol

In case of rendering the svg as a data uri, it is mandatory to specify a protocol.

It can be set to http or https and will be used for '//domain/' like uri.

It is used along with render_data_uri.

Misc

pretty_print

You can enable pretty print if you want to edit the source by hand (look at this frame source):

```
chart = pygal.Bar(pretty_print=True)
chart.add('values', [3, 10, 7, 2, 9, 7])
chart.render()
```

disable_xml_declaration

When you want to embed directly your SVG in your html, this option disables the xml prolog in the output.

Since no encoding is declared, the result will be in unicode instead of bytes.

no_prefix

Normally pygal set an unique id to the chart and use it to style each chart to avoid collisions when svg are directly embedded in html. This can be a problem if you use external styling overriding the prefixed css. You can set this to True in order to prevent that behaviour.

strict

This activates strict value mode which disable some data adapting and filters. This will make a logarithmic chart crash on negative values for example.

Specific options

These options are specific for certain chart types.

rounded bars

You can add a round effect to bar diagrams with rounded_bars:

```
chart = pygal.Bar(rounded_bars=20)
chart.add('values', [3, 10, 7, 2, 9, 7])
chart.render()
```

half_pie

```
pie_chart = pygal.Pie(half_pie=True)
pie_chart.title = 'Browser usage in February 2012 (in %)'
pie_chart.add('IE', 19.5)
pie_chart.add('Firefox', 36.6)
pie_chart.add('Chrome', 36.3)
pie_chart.add('Safari', 4.5)
```

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```
pie_chart.add('Opera', 2.3)
pie_chart.render()
```

inner radius

Donut like pies

```
pie_chart = pygal.Pie(inner_radius=.6)
pie_chart.title = 'Browser usage in February 2012 (in %)'
pie_chart.add('IE', 19.5)
pie_chart.add('Firefox', 36.6)
pie_chart.add('Chrome', 36.3)
pie_chart.add('Safari', 4.5)
pie_chart.add('Opera', 2.3)
pie_chart.render()
```

box mode

box plot has several modes:

extremes

```
box_plot = pygal.Box(box_mode="extremes")
box_plot.title = 'V8 benchmark results'
box_plot.add('Chrome', [6395, 8212, 7520, 7218, 12464, 1660, 2123, 8607])
box_plot.add('Firefox', [7473, 8099, 11700, 2651, 6361, 1044, 3797, 9450])
box_plot.add('Opera', [3472, 2933, 4203, 5229, 5810, 1828, 9013, 4669])
box_plot.add('IE', [43, 41, 59, 79, 144, 136, 34, 102])
box_plot.render()
```

1.5IQR

```
box_plot = pygal.Box(box_mode="1.5IQR")
box_plot.title = 'V8 benchmark results'
box_plot.add('Chrome', [6395, 8212, 7520, 7218, 12464, 1660, 2123, 8607])
box_plot.add('Firefox', [7473, 8099, 11700, 2651, 6361, 1044, 3797, 9450])
box_plot.add('Opera', [3472, 2933, 4203, 5229, 5810, 1828, 9013, 4669])
box_plot.add('IE', [43, 41, 59, 79, 144, 136, 34, 102])
box_plot.render()
```

tukey

```
box_plot = pygal.Box(box_mode="tukey")
box_plot.title = 'V8 benchmark results'
box_plot.add('Chrome', [6395, 8212, 7520, 7218, 12464, 1660, 2123, 8607])
box_plot.add('Firefox', [7473, 8099, 11700, 2651, 6361, 1044, 3797, 9450])
box_plot.add('Opera', [3472, 2933, 4203, 5229, 5810, 1828, 9013, 4669])
```

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```
box_plot.add('IE', [43, 41, 59, 79, 144, 136, 34, 102])
box_plot.render()
```

stdev

```
box_plot = pygal.Box(box_mode="stdev")
box_plot.title = 'V8 benchmark results'
box_plot.add('Chrome', [6395, 8212, 7520, 7218, 12464, 1660, 2123, 8607])
box_plot.add('Firefox', [7473, 8099, 11700, 2651, 6361, 1044, 3797, 9450])
box_plot.add('Opera', [3472, 2933, 4203, 5229, 5810, 1828, 9013, 4669])
box_plot.add('IE', [43, 41, 59, 79, 144, 136, 34, 102])
box_plot.render()
```

pstdev

```
box_plot = pygal.Box(box_mode="pstdev")
box_plot.title = 'V8 benchmark results'
box_plot.add('Chrome', [6395, 8212, 7520, 7218, 12464, 1660, 2123, 8607])
box_plot.add('Firefox', [7473, 8099, 11700, 2651, 6361, 1044, 3797, 9450])
box_plot.add('Opera', [3472, 2933, 4203, 5229, 5810, 1828, 9013, 4669])
box_plot.add('IE', [43, 41, 59, 79, 144, 136, 34, 102])
box_plot.render()
```

stack_from_top

You can reverse the stacking order for StackedBar and StackedLine

```
line_chart = pygal.StackedLine(fill=True)
line_chart.title = 'Browser usage evolution (in %)'
line_chart.x_labels = map(str, range(2002, 2013))
line_chart.add('Firefox', [None, None, 0, 16.6, 25, 31, 36.4, 45.5, 46.3, 42.8, 37.1])
line_chart.add('Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None, None, 0, 3.9, 10.8, 23.8, 35.3])
line_chart.add('IE', [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5, 66, 58.6, 54.7, 44.8, 36.2, 26.6, 20.1])
line_chart.add('Others', [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9, 9, 10.4, 8.9, 5.8, 6.7, 6.8, 7.5])
line_chart.render()
```

```
line_chart = pygal.StackedLine(stack_from_top=True, fill=True)
line_chart.title = 'Browser usage evolution (in %)'
line_chart.x_labels = map(str, range(2002, 2013))
line_chart.add('Firefox', [None, None, 0, 16.6, 25, 31, 36.4, 45.5, 46.3, 42.8, 37.1])
line_chart.add('Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None, None, 0, 3.9, 10.8, 23.8, 35.3])
line_chart.add('IE', [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5, 66, 58.6, 54.7, 44.8, 36.2, 26.6, 20.1])
```

(continues on next page)

```
line_chart.add('Others', [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9, 9, 10.4, 8.9, 5.8, 6.7, 6.8, → 7.5])
line_chart.render()
```

```
line_chart = pygal.StackedBar(stack_from_top=True)
line_chart.title = 'Browser usage evolution (in %)'
line_chart.x_labels = map(str, range(2002, 2013))
line_chart.add('Firefox', [None, None, 0, 16.6, 25, 31, 36.4, 45.5, 46.3, 42.8, 37.1])
line_chart.add('Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None, None, 0, 3.9, 10.8, 23.8, 35.3])
line_chart.add('IE', [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5, 66, 58.6, 54.7, 44.8, 36.2, 26.6, 20.1])
line_chart.add('Others', [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9, 9, 10.4, 8.9, 5.8, 6.7, 6.8, 7.5])
line_chart.render()
```

missing value fill truncation

Filled series with missing x and/or y values at the end of a series are closed at the first value with a missing. 'x' is default.

3.1.5 Serie configuration

How

Series are customized using keyword args set in the add or call function:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart(1, 2, 3, fill=True)
chart.add('', [3, 2, 1], dot=False)
```

Options

```
• secondary
```

- stroke
- fill
- show dots
- show_only_major_dots
- dots size
- stroke_style
- rounded_bars
- inner_radius
- allow_interruptions
- formatter

secondary

You can plot your values to 2 separate axes, thanks to wiktorn This is the only serie only option.

```
chart = pygal.Line(title=u'Some different points')
chart.x_labels = ('one', 'two', 'three')
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035])
chart.add('other line', [1000, 2000, 7000], secondary=True)
chart.render()
```

stroke

fill

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035], fill=True)
chart.add('line', [.0004, .0009, .001])
chart.render()
```

show dots

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035], show_dots=False)
chart.add('line', [.0004, .0009, .001])
chart.render()
```

show_only_major_dots

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.add('line', range(12))
chart.add('line', range(12)[::-1], show_only_major_dots=True)
chart.x_labels = map(str, range(12))
chart.x_labels_major = ['2', '4', '8', '11']
chart.render()
```

dots size

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.add('line', [.0002, .0005, .00035], dots_size=4)
chart.add('line', [.0004, .0009, .001], dots_size=12)
chart.render()
```

stroke_style

rounded_bars

```
chart = pygal.Bar()
for i in range(10):
   chart.add(str(i), i, rounded_bars=2 * i)
chart.render()
```

inner_radius

```
chart = pygal.Pie()
for i in range(10):
   chart.add(str(i), i, inner_radius=(10 - i) / 10)
chart.render()
```

allow interruptions

You can set *allow_interruptions* to True in order to break lines on None values.

```
interrupted_chart = pygal.Line()
interrupted_chart.add(
  'Temperature', [22, 34, 43, 12, None, 12, 55, None, 56],
  allow_interruptions=True)
interrupted_chart.add(
  'Temperature', [11, 17, 21.5, 6, None, 6, 27.5, None, 28])
interrupted_chart.render()
```

formatter

You can add a formatter function for this serie values. It will be used for value printing and tooltip. (Not for axis.)

```
chart = pygal.Bar(print_values=True, value_formatter=lambda x: '{}$'.format(x))
chart.add('bar', [.0002, .0005, .00035], formatter=lambda x: '<%s>' % x)
chart.add('bar', [.0004, .0009, .001])
chart.render()
```

3.1.6 Value configuration

How

Values are customized by replacing the value with a dictionary containing the value as 'value':

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.add('', [1, {'value': 2, 'label': 'two'}, 3])
chart.add('', [3, 2, 1])
```

Labels

You can add per value metadata like labels, by specifying a dictionary instead of a value:

```
chart = pygal.Bar()
chart.add('First', [{'value': 2, 'label': 'This is the first'}])
chart.add('Second', [{'value': 4, 'label': 'This is the second'}])
chart.add('Third', 7)
chart.add('Fourth', [{'value': 5}])
chart.add('Fifth', [{'value': 3, 'label': 'This is the fifth'}])
chart.render()
```

Style

You can force the color of a value by specifying a color key:

```
chart = pygal.Bar()
chart.add('Serie', [
  {'value': 2}, 3, 4,
```

(continues on next page)

```
{'value': 10, 'color': 'red'},
    {'value': 11, 'color': 'rgba(255, 45, 20, .6)'}, 4, 2
])
chart.render()
```

The color key set the fill and the stroke style. You can also set the css style manually:

Value formatting

You can add a formatter metadata for a specific value.

```
chart = pygal.Bar(print_values=True, value_formatter=lambda x: '{}$'.format(x))
chart.add('bar', [.0002, .0005, .00035], formatter=lambda x: '<%s>' % x)
chart.add('bar', [.0004, {'value': .0009, 'formatter': lambda x: '«%s»' % x}, .001])
chart.render()
```

Node attributes

It is possible to pass svg attribute to the node representing value.

Links

Basic

You can also add hyper links:

```
chart = pygal.Bar()
chart.add('First', [{
    'value': 2,
    'label': 'This is the first',
    'xlink': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/First'}])
```

(continues on next page)

```
chart.add('Second', [{
   'value': 4,
   'label': 'This is the second',
   'xlink': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Second'}])

chart.add('Third', 7)

chart.add('Fourth', [{
   'value': 5,
   'xlink': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fourth'}])

chart.add('Fifth', [{
   'value': 3,
   'label': 'This is the fifth',
   'xlink': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fifth'}])

chart.render()
```

Advanced

You can specify a dictionary to xlink with all links attributes:

```
chart = pygal.Bar()
chart.add('First', [{
  'value': 2,
  'label': 'This is the first',
  'xlink': {'href': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/First'}}])
chart.add('Second', [{
  'value': 4,
  'label': 'This is the second',
  'xlink': {
   'href': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Second',
    'target': '_top'}
  }])
chart.add('Third', 7)
chart.add('Fourth', [{
 'value': 5,
  'xlink': {
   'href': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fourth',
   'target': '_blank'}
  }])
chart.add('Fifth', [{
  'value': 3,
  'label': 'This is the fifth',
  'xlink': {
    'href': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fifth',
    'target': '_self'}
 }])
chart.render()
```

Legend

Finally legends can be link with the same mechanism:

```
chart = pygal.Bar()
chart.add({
  'title': 'First',
  'tooltip': 'It is the first actually',
  'xlink': {'href': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/First'}
  'value': 2,
 'label': 'This is the first',
 'xlink': {'href': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/First'}
}])
chart.add({
  'title': 'Second',
  'xlink': {
    'href': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Second',
   'target': '_top'
 }
}, [{
  'value': 4,
 'label': 'This is the second',
  'xlink': {
    'href': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Second',
    'target': '_top'}
}])
chart.add('Third', 7)
chart.add({
  'title': 'Fourth',
  'xlink': {
   'href': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fourth',
   'target': '_blank'
 }
}, [{
  'value': 5,
  'xlink': {
    'href': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fourth',
    'target': '_blank'}
}])
chart.add({
 'title': 'Fifth',
  'xlink': {
   'href': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fifth',
   'target': '_self'
 }
}, [{
  'value': 3,
 'label': 'This is the fifth',
  'xlink': {
    'href': 'http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fifth',
    'target': '_self'}
}])
chart.render()
```

Confidence Intervals

```
chart = pygal.Bar(style=pygal.style.styles['default'](ci_colors=(
    'black', 'blue')))
chart.add('First', [{'value': 2, 'ci': {
    'type': 'continuous', 'sample_size': 50, 'stddev': .5, 'confidence': .95}}])
chart.add('Second', [{'value': 4, 'ci': {'low': 2, 'high': 5}}])
chart.add('Third', 7)
chart.add('Fourth', [{'value': 5}])
chart.add('Fifth', [{'value': 3, 'ci': {
    'type': 'dichotomous', 'sample_size': 1000}}])
chart.render()
```

3.1.7 Sparklines

pygal provides a simple way to get beautiful sparklines.

Basic

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.add('', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.render_sparkline()
```

Options

Sparklines support the same options as normal charts but for those that are overriden by sparkline settings, pass them to the render_sparkline method:

```
chart = pygal.Line(interpolate='cubic')
chart.add('', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.render_sparkline()
```

```
from pygal.style import LightSolarizedStyle
chart = pygal.Line(style=LightSolarizedStyle)
chart.add('', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7, 9, 2, 1, 4, 9, 12, 10, 12, 16, 14, 12, 7, 2])
chart.render_sparkline(width=500, height=25, show_dots=True)
```

With labels:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.add('', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.x_labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g']
chart.render_sparkline(show_x_labels=True, show_y_labels=True)
```

Sparktext

If you want to get a simple spartext, use the render_sparktext function:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.add('', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.render_sparktext()
```

 \rightarrow

You can also specify an explicit minimum for the values:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
chart.add('', [1, 3, 5, 16, 13, 3, 7])
chart.render_sparktext(relative_to=0)
```

 \rightarrow

3.1.8 Table

pygal also supports a html table export of given data using the render_table option:

```
line_chart = pygal.Bar()
line_chart.title = 'Browser usage evolution (in %)'
line_chart.x_labels = map(str, range(2002, 2013))
line_chart.add('Firefox', [None, None, 0, 16.6, 25, 31, 36.4, 45.5, 46.3, 42.8, 37.1])
line_chart.add('Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None, None, 0, 3.9, 10.8, 23.8, 35.3])
line_chart.add('IE', [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5, 66, 58.6, 54.7, 44.8, 36.2, 26.6, 20.1])
line_chart.add('Others', [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9, 9, 10.4, 8.9, 5.8, 6.7, 6.8, 7.5])
line_chart.value_formatter = lambda x: '%.2f%%' % x if x is not None else ''
line_chart.render()
```

Default

Style

(continues on next page)

```
line_chart.add('IE', [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5, 66, 58.6, 54.7, 44.8, 36.2, 26.6, → 20.1])
line_chart.add('Others', [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9, 9, 10.4, 8.9, 5.8, 6.7, 6.8, → 7.5])
line_chart.value_formatter = lambda x: '%.2f%%' % x if x is not None else ''
line_chart.render_table(style=True)
```

Total

```
line_chart = pygal.Bar()
line_chart.title = 'Browser usage evolution (in %)'
line_chart.x_labels = map(str, range(2002, 2013))
line_chart.add('Firefox', [None, None, 0, 16.6,
                                                25,
                                                       31, 36.4, 45.5, 46.3, 42.8,
line_chart.add('Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None, None, 0, 3.9, 10.8, 23.8,
→ 35.31)
                     [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5,
                                                   66, 58.6, 54.7, 44.8, 36.2, 26.6,
line_chart.add('IE',
→ 20.1])
line_chart.add('Others', [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9, 9, 10.4, 8.9, 5.8, 6.7, 6.8,
\rightarrow 7.51)
line_chart.value_formatter = lambda x: '%.2f%%' % x if x is not None else ''
line_chart.render_table(style=True, total=True)
```

Transposed

```
line_chart = pygal.Bar()
line_chart.title = 'Browser usage evolution (in %)'
line_chart.x_labels = map(str, range(2002, 2013))
line_chart.add('Firefox', [None, None, 0, 16.6, 25,
                                                       31, 36.4, 45.5, 46.3, 42.8,
\rightarrow 37.11)
line_chart.add('Chrome', [None, None, None, None, None, None, 0, 3.9, 10.8, 23.8,
→ 35.3])
                     [85.8, 84.6, 84.7, 74.5,
line_chart.add('IE',
                                                    66, 58.6, 54.7, 44.8, 36.2, 26.6,

→ 20.1])
line_chart.add('Others', [14.2, 15.4, 15.3, 8.9,
                                                    9, 10.4, 8.9, 5.8, 6.7, 6.8,
\rightarrow 7.51)
line_chart.value_formatter = lambda x: '%.2f%%' % x if x is not None else ''
line_chart.render_table(style=True, total=True, transpose=True)
```

3.1.9 Output

pygal can generate multiple output formats.

SVG

String

The obvious output is the vectorial output in svg format:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
...
chart.render() # Return the svg as bytes
```

It can be rendered as unicode when specifying is_unicode=True or when disable_xml_declaration is used

```
chart = pygal.Line()
...
chart.render(is_unicode=True) # Return the svg as a unicode string
```

File

You can also write the chart to a file using render_to_file:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
...
chart.render_to_file('/tmp/chart.svg') # Write the chart in the specified file
```

PNG

With cairosvg installed you can directly get the png file using render_to_png:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
...
chart.render_to_png('/tmp/chart.png') # Write the chart in the specified file
```

In case of rendered image turning up black, installing lxml, tinycss and cssselect should fix the issue.

Etree

It is possible to get the xml etree root element of the chart (or lxml etree node if lxml is installed) by calling the render_tree method:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
...
chart.render_tree() # Return the svg root etree node
```

Base 64 data URI

You can directly output a base 64 encoded data uri for <embed> or <image> inclusion:

```
chart = pygal.Line()
...
chart.render_data_uri() # Return `data:image/svg+xml;charset=utf-8;base64,...`
```

Browser

With lxml installed you can use the render_in_browser method to magically make your chart appear in your default browser.

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```
chart = pygal.Line()
...
chart.render_in_browser()
```

PyQuery

If pyquery is installed you can get the pyquery object wrapping the chart by calling render_pyquery:

(This is mainly used for testing)

```
chart = pygal.Line()
...
chart.render_pyquery() # Return pyquery object
```

Flask App

If you are using pygal in a flask app the render_response may come in handy:

```
@app.route('/charts/line.svg')
def line_route():
   chart = pygal.Line()
   ...
   return chart.render_response()
```

An other way is to use a Base 64 data URI for your flask app.

In python file:

```
@app.route('/charts/')
def line_route():
    chart = pygal.Line()
    ...
    chart = chart.render_data_uri()

return render_template( 'charts.html', chart = chart)
```

In HTML file:

```
<!-- Don't forget the "|safe"! -->
<div id="chart">
    <embed type="image/svg+xml" src= {{ chart|safe }} />
</div>
```

Django response

Same thing for django with render_django_response.

3.1.10 Embedding in a web page

Within an embed tag

First set up an url entry point for your svg: /mysvg.svg don't forget to set the mime-type to image/svg+xml. (If you are using flask you can use the render_response method.)

Then in your html put an embed tag like this:

You can also use an iframe tag, but automatic sizing with width: 100% will not work.

Directly in the html

You can insert it directly in a html page with the use of disable_xml_declaration. You have to put the javascript manually in you webpage, for instance:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
 <head>
 <script type="text/javascript" src="http://kozea.github.com/pygal.js/latest/pygal-</pre>
→tooltips.min.js"></script>
    <!-- ... -->
  </head>
  <body>
    <figure>
      <!-- Pygal render() result: -->
      <svq
       xmlns:xlink="http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink"
       xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svq"
        id="chart-e6700c90-7a2b-4602-961c-83ccf5e59204"
       class="pygal-chart"
       viewBox="0 0 800 600">
        <!--Generated with pygal 1.0.0 @Kozea 2011-2013 on 2013-06-25-->
        <!--http://pygal.org-->
        <!--http://github.com/Kozea/pygal-->
        <defs>
         <!-->
        </defs>
        <title>Pygal</title>
        <g class="graph bar-graph vertical">
         <!-- ... -->
       </q>
      <!-- End of Pygal render() result: -->
    </figure>
  </body>
</html>
```

You can use explicit_size to set the svg size from the width, height properties.

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3.2 Installing

pygal is available for python 2.7 and 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5 and pypy.

3.2.1 PyPI

pygal is available on PyPI. To install, just type as superuser:

```
pip install pygal
```

3.2.2 Dependencies

There are no required dependency.

Optional dependencies are as follow:

- 1xml which can improve rendering speed (except on pypy).
- cairosvg, tinycss, cssselect to render png.

3.2.3 Git Repository

If you want the development version of pygal, take a look at the git repository on GitHub, or clone it with:

```
git clone git://github.com/Kozea/pygal.git
```

You can also download the development snapshot from github.

3.2.4 Linux Distribution Packages

Pygal has been packaged for:

- Fedora
- Gentoo
- Ubuntu
- Debian
- Arch Linux

If you are interested in creating packages for Linux distributions, contact us.

3.3 Contributing

3.3.1 Github

Submit your bug reports and feature requests to the github bug tracker.

3.3.2 Code style

The pygal code tries to respect the pep8 please keep that in mind when writing code for pygal. (The code style is checked along with the unit tests, see next paragraph).

3.3.3 Testing

Before submiting a pull request, please check that all tests still pass.

To do this install py.test and them run py.test in the root of your pygal clone:

```
[dev@dev pygal/] $ py.test --flake8
```

Even better if you have several python versions installed you can run tox.

3.3.4 Continuous Integration

The current build status can be seen at our ymci

3.4 Changelog

3.4.1 2.4.0

- Generalized fix solidgauge squares algorithm (thanks @Necrote #385)
- Fix secondary series 'stroke_style' property (thanks @Yuliang-Lee #359)
- Fix wrong label colors when there are more series than colors (thanks @Brandhor #350)
- Show y guides in horizontal chart (thanks @yossisal #349)
- Fix nomenclature of Taiwan (thanks @pierrrrrrre #344)
- Better None values handling in logarithmic charts (thanks @ShuaiQin #343)

3.4.2 2.3.1

This is a micro release and I have very little time on my hands right now sorry

• Fix crash with no values when the print_values_position param is set (thanks @cristen)

3.4.3 2.3.0

- New call API: chart = Line(fill=True); chart.add('title', [1, 3, 12]); chart.render() can now be replaced with Line(fill=True)(1, 3, 12, title='title').render()
- Drop python 2.6 support

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3.4.4 2.2.3

- Fix bar static value positioning (#315)
- Add stroke_opacity style (#321)
- Remove useless js in sparklines. (#312)

3.4.5 2.2.2

- · Add classes option.
- Handle ellipsis in list type configs to auto-extend parent. (Viva python3)

3.4.6 2.2.0

- Support interruptions in line charts (thanks @piotrmaslanka #300)
- Fix confidence interval reactiveness (thanks @chartique #296)
- Add horizontal line charts (thanks @chartique #301)
- There is now a *formatter* config option to format values as specified. The formatter callable may or may not take *chart*, *serie* and *index* as argument. The default value formatting is now chart dependent and is value_formatter for most graph but could be a combination of value_formatter and x_value_formatter for dual charts.
- The *human_readable* option has been removed. Now you have to use the pygal.formatters.human_readable formatter (value formatter=human readable instead of human readable=True)
- New chart type: SolidGauge (thanks @chartique #295)
- Fix range option for some Charts (#297 #298)
- Fix timezones for DateTimeLine for python 2 (#306, #302)
- Set default uri protocol to https (should fix a lot of "no tooltips" bugs).

3.4.7 2.1.1

• Import scipy as a last resort in stats.py (should workaround bugs like #294 if scipy is installed but not used)

3.4.8 2.1.0

- Bar print value positioning with *print_values_position*. Can be *top*, *center* or *bottom* (thanks @chartique #291) ci doc
- Confidence intervals (thanks @chartique #292) data doc

3.4.9 2.0.12

• Use custom xml_declaration avoiding conflict with processing instructions

3.4.10 2.0.11

• lxml 3.5 compatibility (#282)

3.4.11 2.0.10

• Fix transposable_node in case all attributes are not there. (thanks @yobuntu).

3.4.12 2.0.9

- Add *dynamic_print_values* to show print_values on legend hover. (#279)
- Fix unparse_color for python 3.5+ compatibility (thanks @felixonmars, @sjourdois)
- Process major labels as labels. (#263)
- Fix labels rotation > 180 (#257)
- · Fix secondary axis
- Don't forget secondary series in table rendering (#260)
- Add defs config option to allow adding gradients and patterns.

3.4.13 2.0.8

• Fix value overwrite in map. (#275)

3.4.14 2.0.7

- Fixing to checks breaking rendering of DateTimeLine and TimeDeltaLine (#264) (thanks @mmrose)
- Fix render_in_browser. (#266) (#268) (thanks @waixwong)

3.4.15 2.0.6

• Avoid x label formatting when label is a string

3.4.16 2.0.5

• Fix x label formatting

3.4.17 2.0.4

• Fix map coloration

3.4.18 2.0.3

- Fix label adaptation. (#256)
- Fix wrong radar truncation. (#255)

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3.4.19 2.0.2

- Fix view box differently to avoid getting a null height on huge numbers. (#254)
- Fix broken font_family default
- Fix non namespaced svg (without embed) javascript by adding uuid in config object. (config is in window.pygal now).

3.4.20 2.0.1

- Fix the missing title on x_labels with labels.
- Auto cast to str x labels in non dual charts (#178)
- Add print labels option to print label too. (#197)
- Add value_label_font_family and value_label_font_size style options for print_labels.
- Default print_zeroes to True
- (Re)Add xlink in desc to show on tooltip
- Activate element on tooltip hovering. (#106)
- Fix radar axis behaviour (#247)
- Add tooltip support in metadata to add a title (#249).
- Take config class options in account too.

3.4.21 2.0.0

- Rework the ghost mechanism to come back to a more object oriented behavior, storing all state in a state object which is created on every render. (#161)
- · Refactor maps
- · Add world continents
- Add swiss cantons map (thanks @sergedroz)
- Add inverse_y_axis options to reverse graph (#24)
- Fix DateTimeLine time data loss (#193)
- Fix no data for graphs with only zeroes (#148)
- Support value formatter for pie graphs (#218) (thanks @never-eat-yellow-snow)
- Add new Box plot modes and outliers and set extremes as default (#226 #121 #149) (thanks @djezar)
- Add secondary_range option to set range for secondary values. (#203)
- Maps are now plugins, they are removed from pygal core and moved to packages (pygal_maps_world, py-gal_maps_fr, pygal_maps_ch, ...) (#225)
- · Dot now supports negative values
- Fix dot with log scale (#201)
- Fix y_labels behaviour for lines
- Fix x_labels and y_labels behaviour for xy like

- Improve gauge a bit
- · Finally allow call chains on add
- Transform min_scale and max_scale as options
- mode option has been renamed to a less generic name: box_mode
- fix stack_from_top for stacked lines
- Add flake8 test to py.test in tox
- Remove stroke style in style and set it as a global / serie configuration.
- Fix None values in tables
- Fix timezones in DateTimeLine
- Rename in Style foreground_light as foreground_strong
- Rename in Style foreground_dark as foreground_subtle
- Add a render_data_uri method (#237)
- Move font_size config to style
- Add font_family for various elements in style
- Add googlefont: font support for style fonts
- Add tooltip_fancy_mode to revert to old tooltips
- Add auto print_value color + a configurable value_colors list in style
- Add guide_stroke_dasharray and guide_stroke_dasharray in style to customize guides (#242) (thanks @cbergmiller)
- Refactor label processing in a _compute_x_labels and _compute_y_labels method. Handle both string and numbers for all charts. Create a Dual base chart for dual axis charts. (#236)
- Better is integration in maps. Use the normal tooltip.

3.4.22 1.7.0

- Remove DateY and replace it by real XY datetime, date, time and timedelta support. (#188)
- Introduce new XY configuration options: xrange, x_value_formatter.
- Add show_x_labels option to remove them and the x axis.
- Set print_values to False by default.
- Fix secondary serie text values when None in data. (#192)

3.4.23 1.6.2

- Add margin_top, margin_right, margin_bottom, margin_left options which defaults to margin. (thanks @djt)
- Update django mime parameter from mimetype to content_type. (thanks @kswiat)
- Allow a color and a style parameter to value metadata.

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3.4.24 1.6.1

• Fix Decimal incompatibility

3.4.25 1.6.0

- Adds config option missing_value_fill_truncation. (thanks @sirlark)
- Avoid HTTP 301 Moved Permanently (thanks @jean)
- Add a Django response method (thanks @inlanger)
- Fix setup.py (#170)
- Fix format error on list like in table
- Add legend_at_bottom_columns option to specify number of columns in legend when at bottom. (#157)
- Fix secondary interpolation (#165)
- Adds an extra class (axis) to horizontal guides if the label is "0" (#147) (thanks @sirlark)
- Add line stroke customization parameters to style.py (#154) (thanks @blakev)

3.4.26 1.5.1

- Add stack_from_top option to reverse stack graph data order
- · Minor fix for empty logarithmic chart
- Reorders axes in SVG output. Fix #145 (thanks @sirlark)

3.4.27 1.5.0

- Add per serie configuration
- Add half pie (thanks @philt2001)
- Make lxml an optionnal dependency (huge speed boost in pypy)
- Add render_table (WIP)
- Support colors in rgb / rgba for parametric styles

3.4.28 1.4.6

- Add support for n separated multiline titles (thanks @sirlark)
- New show_only_major_dots option (thanks @Le-Stagiaire)
- Remove 16 colors limitation
- Fix 0 in range (thanks @elpaso)

3.4.29 1.4.5

• Fix y_labels map iterator exhaustion in python 3

3.4.30 1.4.4

- Fix division by zero in spark text (thanks @laserpony)
- Fix config metaclass problem in python 3
- Fix -version in pygal_gen

3.4.31 1.4.3

• Allow arbitrary number of x-labels on line plot (thanks @nsmgr8)

3.4.32 1.4.2

• Fix broken tests

3.4.33 1.4.1

• Fix value formatting in maps

3.4.34 1.4.0

- Finally a changelog!
- · Hopefully fix weird major scale algorithm
- Add options to customize major labels (y_labels_major, y_labels_major_every, y_labels_major_count)
- Css can now be inline with the "inline:" prefix
- Visited links bug fixed
- Add french maps by department and region (This will be externalized in an extension later)

3.4.35 1.3.x

- · Whisker Box Plot
- Python 3 fix
- DateY X axis formatting (x_label_format)

3.5 API

3.5.1 pygal package

Main pygal package.

This package holds all available charts in pygal, the Config class and the maps extensions namespace module.

```
class pygal.PluginImportFixer
   Bases: object

Allow external map plugins to be imported from pygal.maps package.

It is a sys.meta_path loader.

find_module (fullname, path=None)

   Tell if the module to load can be loaded by the load_module function, ie: if it is a pygal.maps.*
   module.

load_module (name)
```

Load the pygal.maps.name module from the previously loaded plugin

Subpackages

pygal.graph package

Graph package containing all builtin charts

Submodules

pygal.graph.bar module

Bar chart that presents grouped data with rectangular bars with lengths proportional to the values that they represent.

```
class pygal.graph.bar.Bar(config=None, **kwargs)
Bases: pygal.graph.graph.Graph
Bar graph class
bar(serie, rescale=False)
Draw a bar graph for a serie
```

pygal.graph.base module

```
Base for pygal charts
```

```
class pygal.graph.base.BaseGraph (config=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: object

Chart internal behaviour related functions

prepare_values (raw, offset=0)
    Prepare the values to start with sane values

setup (**kwargs)
    Set up the transient state prior rendering

teardown ()
```

Remove the transient state after rendering

pygal.graph.box module

Box plot: a convenient way to display series as box with whiskers and outliers Different types are available throught the box_mode option

```
class pygal.graph.box.Box(config=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.graph.Graph
```

Box plot For each series, shows the median value, the 25th and 75th percentiles, and the values within 1.5 times the interquartile range of the 25th and 75th percentiles.

See http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Box_plot

pygal.graph.dot module

Dot chart displaying values as a grid of dots, the bigger the value the bigger the dot

pygal.graph.dual module

```
Dual chart base. Dual means a chart with 2 scaled axis like xy
```

```
class pygal.graph.dual.Dual(config=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.graph.Graph
```

pygal.graph.funnel module

```
Funnel chart: Represent values as a funnel
```

pygal.graph.gauge module

Gauge chart representing values as needles on a polar scale

```
class pygal.graph.gauge.Gauge (config=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.graph.Graph
    Gauge graph class
    needle (serie)
        Draw a needle for each value
    needle width = 0.05
```

pygal.graph.graph module

```
Chart properties and drawing
class pygal.graph.graph.Graph(config=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: pygal.graph.public.PublicApi
     Graph super class containing generic common functions
     add_squares (squares)
     all series
         Getter for all series (nomal and secondary)
pygal.graph.histogram module
```

```
Histogram chart: like a bar chart but with data plotted along a x axis as bars of varying width.
```

```
class pygal.graph.histogram.Histogram(config=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: pygal.graph.dual.Dual, pygal.graph.bar.Bar
     Histogram chart class
     bar (serie, rescale=False)
         Draw a bar graph for a serie
     xvals
         All x values
     yvals
         All y values
```

pygal.graph.horizontal module

```
Horizontal graph mixin
```

```
class pygal.graph.horizontal.HorizontalGraph(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.graph.Graph
    Horizontal graph mixin
```

pygal.graph.horizontalbar module

```
Horizontal bar graph
```

```
class pygal.graph.horizontalbar.HorizontalBar(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.horizontal.HorizontalGraph, pygal.graph.bar.Bar
    Horizontal Bar graph
```

pygal.graph.horizontalline module

Horizontal line graph

```
class pygal.graph.horizontalline.HorizontalLine(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.horizontal.HorizontalGraph, pygal.graph.line.Line
    HorizontalLine graph
```

pygal.graph.horizontalstackedbar module

```
Horizontal stacked graph
```

```
class pygal.graph.horizontalstackedbar.HorizontalStackedBar(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.horizontal.HorizontalGraph, pygal.graph.stackedbar.
    StackedBar
```

Horizontal Stacked Bar graph

pygal.graph.horizontalstackedline module

Horizontal Stacked Line graph

```
class pygal.graph.horizontalstackedline.HorizontalStackedLine(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.horizontal.HorizontalGraph, pygal.graph.stackedline.
    StackedLine
```

Horizontal Stacked Line graph

pygal.graph.line module

```
Line chart: Display series of data as markers (dots) connected by straight segments
```

```
class pygal.graph.line.Line(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.graph.Graph
    Line graph class
    line(serie, rescale=False)
    Draw the line serie
```

pygal.graph.map module

pygal contains no map but a base class to create extension see the pygal_maps_world package to get an exemple. https://github.com/Kozea/pygal maps world

```
class pygal.graph.map.BaseMap(config=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.graph.Graph
    Base class for maps
    adapt_code(area_code)
        Hook to change the area code
    enumerate_values(serie)
        Hook to replace default enumeration on values
```

```
pygal.graph.pie module
Pie chart: A circular chart divided into slice to illustrate proportions It can be made as a donut or a half pie.
class pygal.graph.pie.Pie(config=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: pygal.graph.graph.Graph
     Pie graph class
     slice (serie, start_angle, total)
          Make a serie slice
pygal.graph.public module
pygal public api functions
class pygal.graph.public.PublicApi(config=None, **kwargs)
     Bases: pygal.graph.base.BaseGraph
     Chart public functions
     add (title, values, **kwargs)
          Add a serie to this graph, compat api
     add_xml_filter(callback)
          Add an xml filter for in tree post processing
     render (is unicode=False, **kwargs)
          Render the graph, and return the svg string
     render_data_uri(**kwargs)
          Output a base 64 encoded data uri
     render_django_response(**kwargs)
          Render the graph, and return a Django response
     render_in_browser(**kwargs)
          Render the graph, open it in your browser with black magic
     render_pyquery(**kwargs)
          Render the graph, and return a pyquery wrapped tree
     render_response (**kwargs)
          Render the graph, and return a Flask response
```

Render a sparkline
render_sparktext(relative_to=None)

render_sparktext (relative_to=None)
Make a mini text sparkline from chart

render_table (**kwargs)

Render the data as a html table

render_sparkline(**kwargs)

render_to_file (filename, **kwargs)

Render the graph, and write it to filename

render_to_png (filename=None, dpi=72, **kwargs)

Render the graph, convert it to png and write it to filename

render_tree(**kwargs)

Render the graph, and return (l)xml etree

pygal.graph.pyramid module

Pyramid chart: Stacked bar chart containing only positive values divided by two axes, generally gender for age pyramid.

pygal.graph.radar module

Radar chart: As known as kiviat chart or spider chart is a polar line chart useful for multivariate observation.

```
class pygal.graph.radar.Radar(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.line.Line
    Rada graph class
```

pygal.graph.solidgauge module

Solid Guage For each series a solid guage is shown on the plot area.

```
class pygal.graph.solidgauge.SolidGauge (config=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.graph.Graph
    gaugify (serie, squares, sq_dimensions, current_square)
```

pygal.graph.stackedbar module

Stacked Bar chart: Like a bar chart but with all series stacking on top of the others instead of being displayed side by side.

```
class pygal.graph.stackedbar.StackedBar(config=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.bar.Bar
    Stacked Bar graph class
```

pygal.graph.stackedline module

Stacked Line chart: Like a line chart but with all lines stacking on top of the others. Used along fill=True option.

```
class pygal.graph.stackedline.StackedLine(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.line.Line
    Stacked Line graph class
```

pygal.graph.time module

XY time extensions: handle convertion of date, time, datetime, timedelta into float for xy plot and back to their type for display

```
class pygal.graph.time.DateLine(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.time.DateTimeLine
    Date abscissa xy graph class
class pygal.graph.time.DateTimeLine(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.xy.XY
    DateTime abscissa xy graph class
class pygal.graph.time.TimeDeltaLine(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.xy.XY
    TimeDelta abscissa xy graph class
class pygal.graph.time.TimeLine(*args, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.graph.time.DateTimeLine
    Time abscissa xy graph class
pygal.graph.time.date_to_datetime(x)
    Convert a date into a datetime
pygal.graph.time.datetime_to_time (x)
    Convert a datetime into a time
pygal.graph.time.datetime to timestamp (x)
    Convert a datetime into a utc float timestamp
pygal.graph.time.seconds_to_time(x)
    Convert a number of second into a time
pygal.graph.time.time_to_datetime(x)
    Convert a time into a datetime
pygal.graph.time.time_to_seconds(x)
    Convert a time in a seconds sum
pygal.graph.time.timedelta_to_seconds(x)
    Convert a timedelta into an amount of seconds
```

pygal.graph.treemap module

```
Treemap chart: Visualize data using nested recangles

class pygal.graph.treemap.Treemap(config=None, **kwargs)

Bases: pygal.graph.graph.Graph

Treemap graph class
```

pygal.graph.xy module

XY Line graph: Plot a set of couple data points (x, y) connected by straight segments.

```
class pygal.graph.xy.XY(*args, **kwargs)
     Bases: pygal.graph.line.Line, pygal.graph.dual.Dual
     XY Line graph class
     xvals
          All x values
     yvals
          All y values
pygal.maps package
Maps extensions namespace module
pygal.test package
Pygal test package
pygal.test.adapt (chart, data)
     Adapt data to chart type
pygal.test.get_data(i)
     Return sample test data for an index
pygal.test.make_data(chart, datas)
     Add sample data to the test chart
Submodules
pygal.test.conftest module
pytest fixtures
pygal.test.conftest.etreefx(request)
     Fixture allowing to test with builtin etree and lxml
pygal.test.conftest.pytest_generate_tests(metafunc)
     Generate the tests for etree and lxml
pygal.test.test bar module
Bar chart related tests
pygal.test.test_bar.test_simple_bar()
     Simple bar test
pygal.test.test box module
Box chart related tests
```

pygal.test.test_box.test_quartiles()

Test box points for the 1.5IQR computation method

```
pygal.test.test_box.test_quartiles_min_extremes()
    Test box points for the extremes computation method
pygal.test.test_box.test_quartiles_stdev()
    Test box points for the stdev computation method
pygal.test.test_box.test_quartiles_tukey()
    Test box points for the tukey computation method
pygal.test.test_box.test_simple_box()
    Simple box test
pygal.test.test colors module
Color utility functions tests
pygal.test.test_colors.test_darken()
    Test darken color function
pygal.test.test colors.test desaturate()
    Test color desaturation function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_0()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_1()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_10()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_11()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_12()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_13()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_14()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_15()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_16()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_17()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_18()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_2()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_3()
```

Test hsl to rgb color function

```
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_4()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_5()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_6()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_7()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_8()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_hsl_to_rgb_part_9()
    Test hsl to rgb color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_lighten()
    Test lighten color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_parse_color()
    Test color parse function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_0()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_1()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_10()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_11()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_12()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_13()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_14()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_15()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_16()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_17()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_18()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_2()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_3()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
```

```
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_4()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_5()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_6()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_7()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_8()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rgb_to_hsl_part_9()
    Test rgb to hsl color function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_rotate()
    Test color rotation function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_saturate()
    Test color saturation function
pygal.test.test_colors.test_unparse_color()
    Test color unparse function
pygal.test.test config module
Various config options tested on one chart type or more
pygal.test_config.test_classes(Chart)
    Test classes option
pygal.test.test_config.test_config_alterations_class()
    Assert a config can be changed on config class
pygal.test.test_config.test_config_alterations_instance()
    Assert a config can be changed on instance
pygal.test.test_config.test_config_alterations_kwargs()
    Assert a config can be changed with keyword args
pygal.test.test_config.test_config_behaviours()
    Test that all different way to set config produce same results
pygal.test.test_config.test_css(Chart)
    Test css file option
pygal.test.test_config.test_fill(Chart)
    Test fill option
pygal.test.test_config.test_formatters(Chart)
    Test custom formatters
pygal.test.test_config.test_human_readable()
    Test human readable option
pygal.test.test_config.test_include_x_axis (Chart)
    Test x axis inclusion option
```

```
pygal.test.test_config.test_inline_css(Chart)
    Test inline css option
pygal.test.test_config.test_interpolation(Chart)
    Test interpolation option
pygal.test.test config.test label rotation(Chart)
    Test label rotation option
pygal.test.test_config.test_legend_at_bottom(Chart)
    Test legend at bottom option
pygal.test_test_config.test_logarithmic()
    Test logarithmic option
pygal.test.test_config.test_logarithmic_bad_interpolation()
    Test interpolation option with a logarithmic chart
pygal.test.test_config.test_logarithmic_big_scale()
    Test logarithmic option with a large range of value
pygal.test.test_config.test_logarithmic_small_scale()
    Test logarithmic with a small range of values
pygal.test_test_config.test_meta_config()
    Test config metaclass
pygal.test.test config.test no data()
    Test no data and no data text option
pygal.test.test_config.test_no_data_interpolation(Chart)
    Test interpolation option with no data
pygal.test.test_config.test_no_data_with_empty_serie_interpolation(Chart)
    Test interpolation option with an empty serie
pygal.test.test_config.test_no_y_labels(Chart)
    Test no y labels chart
pygal.test.test_config.test_range(Chart)
    Test y label major option
pygal.test.test_config.test_render_data_uri(Chart)
    Test the render data uri
pygal.test.test_config.test_show_dots()
    Test show dots option
pygal.test_config.test_show_legend()
    Test show legend option
pygal.test.test_config.test_value_formatter()
    Test value formatter option
pygal.test.test_config.test_x_label_major(Chart)
    Test x label major option
pygal.test.test_config.test_x_y_title(Chart)
    Test x title and y title options
pygal.test.test_config.test_y_label_major(Chart)
    Test y label major option
```

pygal.test.test date module

```
Date related charts tests
pygal.test.test_date.test_date()
    Test a simple dateline
pygal.test.test_date.test_date_labels()
    Test dateline with xrange
pygal.test.test_date.test_date_xrange()
    Test dateline with xrange
pygal.test.test_date.test_datetime()
    Test a simple datetimeline
pygal.test.test_date.test_time()
    Test a simple timeline
pygal.test.test_date.test_timedelta()
    Test a simple timedeltaline
pygal.test.test_date.test_utc_timestamping()
pygal.test.test_formatters module
Test formatters
pygal.test.test_formatters.test_human_readable()
    Test human readable formatter
pygal.test.test_formatters.test_human_readable_custom()
    Test human_readable formatter option
pygal.test.test_formatters.test_significant()
    Test significant formatter
pygal.test.test graph module
Generate tests for different chart types with different data
pygal.test.test_graph.test_empty_lists(Chart)
    Test chart rendering with an empty serie
pygal.test.test_graph.test_empty_lists_with_nones(Chart)
    Test chart rendering with a None filled serie
pygal.test.test_graph.test_ipython_notebook (Chart, datas)
    Test ipython notebook
pygal.test.test_graph.test_iterable_types(Chart)
    Test serie as various iterable
pygal.test.test_graph.test_labels_with_links(Chart)
    Test values with links
pygal.test.test_graph.test_long_title(Chart, datas)
    Test chart rendering with a long title
```

```
pygal.test.test_graph.test_metadata(Chart)
    Test metadata values
pygal.test.test_graph.test_multi_render(Chart, datas)
    Check that a chart always render the same
pygal.test.test_graph.test_no_data_with_empty_serie(Chart)
    Test no data for empty serie
pygal.test.test_graph.test_no_data_with_empty_series(Chart)
    Test no data for 2 empty series
pygal.test.test_graph.test_no_data_with_list_of_none(Chart)
    Test no data for a None containing serie
pygal.test.test_graph.test_no_data_with_lists_of_nones(Chart)
    Test no data for several None containing series
pygal.test.test_graph.test_no_data_with_no_values(Chart)
    Test no data
pygal.test.test_graph.test_no_data_with_no_values_with_include_x_axis(Chart)
    Test no data and include_x_axis
pygal.test.test_graph.test_no_data_with_none(Chart)
    Test no data for a None containing serie
pygal.test.test graph.test non iterable value(Chart)
    Test serie as non iterable
pygal.test.test_graph.test_only_one_value(Chart)
    Test chart rendering with only one value
pygal.test.test_graph.test_only_one_value_intrp(Chart)
    Test interpolated chart rendering with only one value
pygal.test.test_graph.test_only_one_value_log(Chart)
    Test logarithmic chart rendering with only one value
pygal.test.test_graph.test_render_to_file(Chart, datas)
    Test in file rendering
pygal.test.test_graph.test_render_to_png(Chart, datas)
    Test in file png rendering
pygal.test.test_graph.test_secondary(Chart)
    Test secondary chart
pygal.test.test_graph.test_sparkline(Chart, datas)
    Test sparkline
pygal.test.test_graph.test_unicode_labels_decode(Chart)
    Test unicode labels
pygal.test.test_graph.test_unicode_labels_python2 (Chart)
    Test unicode labels in python 2
pygal.test.test_graph.test_unicode_labels_python3(Chart)
    Test unicode labels in python 3
pygal.test.test_graph.test_values_by_dict(Chart)
    Test serie as dict
```

pygal.test.test_histogram module

Line test with no value

```
Histogram chart related tests
pygal.test.test_histogram.test_histogram()
     Simple histogram test
pygal.test.test interpolate module
Interpolations tests
pygal.test.test_interpolate.test_cubic(Chart, datas)
     Test cubic interpolation
pygal.test.test_interpolate.test_cubic_prec (Chart, datas)
     Test cubic interpolation precision
pygal.test.test_interpolate.test_hermite(Chart, datas)
     Test hermite interpolation
pygal.test.test_interpolate.test_hermite_cardinal(Chart, datas)
     Test hermite cardinal interpolation
pygal.test.test_interpolate.test_hermite_catmull_rom(Chart, datas)
     Test hermite catmull rom interpolation
pygal.test.test_interpolate.test_hermite_finite(Chart, datas)
     Test hermite finite difference interpolation
pygal.test.test_interpolate.test_hermite_kochanek_bartels(Chart, datas)
     Test hermite kochanek bartels interpolation
pygal.test.test_interpolate.test_lagrange(Chart, datas)
     Test lagrange interpolation
pygal.test.test_interpolate.test_quadratic(Chart, datas)
     Test quadratic interpolation
pygal.test.test_interpolate.test_trigonometric(Chart, datas)
     Test trigonometric interpolation
pygal.test.test_line module
Line chart related tests
pygal.test.test_line.test_int_x_labels()
     Test x labels
pygal.test.test_line.test_line()
     Another simple line test
pygal.test.test_line.test_line_secondary()
     Test line with a secondary serie
pygal.test.test_line.test_no_dot()
     Line test with an empty serie
pygal.test.test_line.test_no_dot_at_all()
```

```
pygal.test.test_line.test_not_equal_x_labels()
    Test x_labels
pygal.test.test_line.test_one_dot()
    Line test with an unique value
pygal.test.test_line.test_only_major_dots()
    Test major dots with specified major labels
pygal.test.test_line.test_only_major_dots_count()
    Test major dots with a major label count
pygal.test.test_line.test_only_major_dots_every()
    Test major dots
pygal.test.test_line.test_only_major_dots_no_labels()
    Test major dots with no labels
pygal.test.test_line.test_simple_line()
    Simple line test
pygal.test.test_line_log_none_max_solved module
pygal.test.test_maps module
Map plugins tests are imported here
pygal.test.test_pie module
Donut chart related tests
pygal.test.test_pie.test_donut()
    Test a donut pie chart
pygal.test.test_pie.test_half_pie()
    Test a half pie chart
pygal.test.test_pie.test_multiseries_donut()
    Test a donut pie chart with multiserie
pygal.test.test_serie_config module
Test per serie configuration
pygal.test.test_serie_config.test_global_config()
    Test global configuration
pygal.test.test_serie_config.test_no_serie_config()
    Test per serie no configuration
pygal.test.test_serie_config.test_serie_config()
    Test per serie configuration
pygal.test.test_serie_config.test_serie_precedence_over_global_config()
    Test that per serie configuration overide global configuration
```

pygal.test.test sparktext module

```
Test sparktext rendering
pygal.test.test_sparktext.test_all_sparktext()
    Test all character sparktext
pygal.test.test_sparktext.test_another_sparktext()
    Test that same data produces same sparktext
pygal.test.test_sparktext.test_basic_sparktext()
    Test basic sparktext
pygal.test.test_sparktext.test_negative_and_float__sparktext()
    Test negative values
pygal.test.test_sparktext.test_no_data_sparktext()
    Test no data sparktext
pygal.test.test_sparktext.test_same_max_and_relative_values_sparktext()
    Test flat sparktexts
pygal.test.test_sparktext.test_shifted_sparktext()
    Test relative_to option in sparktext
pygal.test.test stacked module
Stacked chart related tests
pygal.test.test_stacked.test_stacked_line()
    Test stacked line
pygal.test.test_stacked.test_stacked_line_interpolate()
    Test interpolated stacked line
pygal.test.test_stacked.test_stacked_line_log()
    Test logarithmic stacked line
pygal.test.test_stacked.test_stacked_line_reverse()
    Test stack from top stacked line
pygal.test.test_style module
Style related tests
pygal.test.test_style.test_parametric_styles()
    Test that no parametric produce the same result
pygal.test.test_style.test_parametric_styles_with_parameters()
    Test a parametric style with parameters
pygal.test.test table module
Box chart related tests
pygal.test.test_table.test_pie_table()
    Test rendering a table for a pie
```

pygal.test.test util module

```
Utility functions tests
pygal.test.test_util.test_format()
     Test format function
pygal.test.test_util.test_majorize()
     Test majorize function
pygal.test.test_util.test_mergextend()
     Test mergextend function
pygal.test.test_util.test_minify_css()
     Test css minifier function
pygal.test.test_util.test_round_to_float()
     Test round to float function
pygal.test.test_util.test_round_to_int()
     Test round to int function
pygal.test.test_util.test_swap_curly()
     Test swap curly function
pygal.test.test_util.test_truncate()
     Test truncate function
pygal.test.test_view module
View related tests
pygal.test.test_view.test_all_logarithmic(Chart)
     Test logarithmic view rendering
pygal.test.test_xml_filters module
Xml filter tests
class pygal.test.test_xml_filters.ChangeBarsXMLFilter(a, b)
     Bases: object
     xml filter that insert a subplot
pygal.test.test_xml_filters.test_xml_filters_change_bars()
     Test the use a xml filter
pygal.test.test_xml_filters.test_xml_filters_round_trip()
     Ensure doing nothing does nothing
pygal.test.utils module
Tests helpers
pygal.test.utils.texts(i, e)
     Helper for getting the text of an element
```

Submodules

pygal.adapters module

```
Value adapters to use when a chart doesn't accept all value types
```

pygal.colors module

This package is an utility package oriented on color alteration. This is used by the *pygal.style* package to generate parametric styles.

```
pygal.colors.adjust (color, attribute, percent)
     Adjust an attribute of color by a percent
pygal.colors.darken (color, percent)
     Darken a color by decreasing its lightness by percent
pygal.colors.desaturate(color, percent)
     Desaturate a color by decreasing its saturation by percent
pygal.colors.hsl_to_rgb (h, s, l)
     Convert a color in h, s, l to a color in r, g, b
pygal.colors.is_foreground_light (color)
     Determine if the background color need a light or dark foreground color
pygal.colors.lighten(color, percent)
     Lighten a color by increasing its lightness by percent
pygal.colors.normalize_float(f)
     Round float errors
pygal.colors.parse_color(color)
     Take any css color definition and give back a tuple containing the r, g, b, a values along with a type which can
     be: #rgb, #rgba, #rrggbb, #rrggbbaa, rgb, rgba
pygal.colors.rgb_to_hsl(r, g, b)
     Convert a color in r, g, b to a color in h, s, l
pygal.colors.rotate(color, percent)
     Rotate a color by changing its hue value by percent
pygal.colors.saturate(color, percent)
     Saturate a color by increasing its saturation by percent
pygal.colors.unparse_color(r, g, b, a, type)
```

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Take the r, g, b, a color values and give back a type css color string. This is the inverse function of parse_color

pygal.config module

```
Config module holding all options and their default values.
class pygal.config.BaseConfig(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.config.ConfigBase
    This class holds the common method for configs.
    A config object can be instanciated with keyword arguments and updated on call with keyword arguments.
    copy()
        Copy this config object into another
    to_dict()
        Export a JSON serializable dictionary of the config
class pygal.config.CommonConfig(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.config.BaseConfig
    Class holding options used in both chart and serie configuration
    allow_interruptions = Type: bool
                                              Default:
                                                        False
                                                                    Break lines on None values
                                    Default: 2.5
                                                         Radius of the dots
    dots_size = Type: float
    fill = Type: bool
                              Default: False
                                                    Fill areas under lines
    formatter = Type: function
                                       Default: None
                                                             A function to convert raw value t
    inner radius = Type: float
                                       Default:
                                                          Piechart inner radius (donut), must
    rounded bars = Type:
                           int
                                     Default: None
                                                           Set this to the desired radius in p
    show_dots = Type: bool
                                   Default:
                                                         Set to false to remove dots
                                              True
    show_only_major_dots = Type: bool
                                                                      Set to true to show only :
                                               Default: False
    stroke = Type: bool
                                Default:
                                          True
                                                     Line dots (set it to false to get a scat
    stroke_style = Type: dict
                                      Default: None
                                                            Stroke style of serie element. Thi
class pygal.config.Config(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.config.CommonConfig
    Class holding config values
    box_mode = Type: str
                                 Default:
                                          'extremes'
                                                             Sets the mode to be used. (Curren
    classes = Type: list
                                 Default:
                                            ('pygal-chart',)
                                                                   Classes of the root svg nod
    css = Type: list of str
                                    Default:
                                               ('file://style.css', 'file://graph.css')
    defs = Type: list of str
                                     Default:
                                                         Extraneous defs to be inserted in svq
                                                []
    disable xml declaration = Type: bool
                                                  Default: False
                                                                         Don't write xml declar
    dynamic_print_values = Type:
                                               Default: False
                                                                      Show values only on hover
    explicit_size = Type: bool
                                       Default:
                                                  False
                                                              Write width and height attribute
    force uri protocol = Type:
                                  str
                                            Default:
                                                       'https'
                                                                    Default uri protocol Defau
    half_pie = Type: bool
                                  Default: False
                                                         Create a half-pie chart
                               Default: 600
    height = Type: int
                                                   Graph height
    include_x_axis = Type: bool
                                        Default:
                                                   False
                                                               Always include x axis
```

```
inner_radius = Type: float
                                               Piechart inner radius (donut), must
                               Default: 0
interpolate = Type: str
                            Default: None
                                               Interpolation May be hermite or cubi
interpolation_parameters = Type: dict of int
                                               Default: {}
                                                                Various parameter
interpolation_precision = Type: int
                                       Default: 250
                                                         Number of interpolated po
inverse y axis = Type: bool
                                Default: False
                                                    Inverse Y axis direction
                          Default: ('//kozea.github.io/pygal.js/2.0.x/pygal-toolti
js = Type: list of str
                                Default: False
                                                     Set to true to position legen
legend_at_bottom = Type: bool
legend_at_bottom_columns = Type: int
                                      Default: None
                                                           Set to true to position
legend_box_size = Type: int
                                Default: 12
                                                 Size of legend boxes
logarithmic = Type: bool
                             Default: False
                                                 Display values in logarithmic scal
margin = Type: int
                       Default: 20
                                      Margin around chart
margin_bottom = Type: int
                              Default: None
                                                 Margin around bottom of chart
margin_left = Type: int
                            Default: None
                                              Margin around left of chart
margin_right = Type: int
                            Default: None
                                                Margin around right of chart
margin_top = Type: int
                          Default: None
                                              Margin around top of chart
max scale = Type: int
                          Default: 16
                                           Maximum number of scale graduation for a
min_scale = Type: int
                          Default: 4
                                          Minimum number of scale graduation for au
                                             Default: 'x'
                                                               Filled series with
missing_value_fill_truncation = Type: str
no_data_text = Type: str
                            Default: 'No data'
                                                     Text to display when no data i
no_prefix = Type: bool
                           Default: False
                                               Don't prefix css
order_min = Type: int
                          Default: None
                                             Minimum order of scale, defaults to No.
pretty_print = Type: bool
                              Default: False
                                                  Pretty print the svg
print_labels = Type: bool
                              Default: False
                                                  Display value labels
print_values = Type: bool
                             Default: False
                                                  Display values as text over plot
print_values_position = Type: str
                                    Default: 'center'
                                                            Customize position of
                             Default: True
print_zeroes = Type: bool
                                                 Display zero values as well
range = Type: list of int
                              Default: None
                                                 Explicitly specify min and max of
rounded_bars = Type: int
                             Default: None
                                                Set this to the desired radius in p
secondary_range = Type: list of int
                                      Default: None
                                                          Explicitly specify min a
show_legend = Type: bool
                             Default: True
                                                Set to false to remove legend
                                                       Set to false to hide x-labe
show_minor_x_labels = Type: bool
                                    Default: True
show_minor_y_labels = Type: bool
                                    Default: True
                                                       Set to false to hide y-labe
show_x_guides = Type: bool
                               Default: False
                                                   Set to true to always show x gui
show_x_labels = Type: bool
                               Default: True
                                                  Set to false to hide x-labels
                               Default: True
                                                  Set to false to hide y guide line
show_y_guides = Type: bool
show_y_labels = Type: bool
                               Default: True
                                                  Set to false to hide y-labels
```

```
spacing = Type:
                     int
                              Default: 10
                                                 Space between titles/legend/axes
    stack from top = Type:
                           bool
                                      Default:
                                                False
                                                            Stack from top to zero, this ma
                                                    If True don't try to adapt / filter wro
    strict = Type: bool
                              Default: False
    style = Type: Style
                              Default: <pygal.style.RotateStyle object>
                                                                               Style holdin
    title = Type:
                            Default: None
                                                 Graph title. Leave it to None to disable t
                   str
    tooltip border radius = Type:
                                   int
                                            Default:
                                                              Tooltip border radius
    tooltip_fancy_mode = Type: bool
                                          Default: True
                                                               Fancy tooltips Print legend,
                                     Default: None
    truncate_label = Type:
                            int
                                                         Label string length truncation th
    truncate_legend = Type:
                                      Default: None
                                                           Legend string length truncation
                             int
    value_formatter = Type:
                             function
                                           Default:
                                                      <pygal.formatters.Default object>
    width = Type: int
                            Default:
                                      800
                                                Graph width
    x_label_rotation = Type:
                              int
                                       Default:
                                                  0
                                                         Specify x labels rotation angles i
    x_labels = Type: list of str
                                       Default: None
                                                            X labels, must have same len th
    x_labels_major = Type: list of str
                                             Default:
                                                       None
                                                                  X labels that will be mar
    x_labels_major_count = Type:
                                           Default:
                                                     None
                                                                Mark n evenly distributed 1
                                  int
    x labels major every = Type:
                                  int
                                           Default:
                                                     None
                                                                Mark every n-th x label as
    x title = Type: str
                              Default: None
                                                   Graph X-Axis title. Leave it to None to
    x_value_formatter = Type: function
                                             Default:
                                                        <pygal.formatters.Default object>
                                     Default: None
                                                          Explicitly specify min and max of
    xrange = Type: list of int
    y_label_rotation = Type: int
                                       Default:
                                                         Specify y labels rotation angles i
    y_labels = Type: list of float
                                         Default: None
                                                              You can specify explicit y la
    y_labels_major = Type: list of str
                                             Default:
                                                       None
                                                                  Y labels that will be mar
                                                                Mark n evenly distributed y
    y_labels_major_count = Type:
                                  int
                                           Default:
                                                     None
    y_labels_major_every = Type:
                                           Default:
                                                                Mark every n-th y label as
                                  int
                                                     None
    y_title = Type:
                              Default:
                                        None
                                                   Graph Y-Axis title. Leave it to None to
    zero = Type: int
                           Default: 0
                                            Set the ordinate zero value Useful for filling
class pygal.config.Key (default_value, type_, category, doc, subdoc=", subtype=None)
    Bases: object
```

Represents a config parameter.

A config parameter has a name, a default value, a type, a category, a documentation, an optional longer documentation and an optional subtype for list style option.

Most of these informations are used in cabaret to auto generate forms representing these options.

coerce (value)

Cast a string into this key type

is boolean

Return *True* if this parameter is a boolean

is dict

Return *True* if this parameter is a mapping

```
is list
         Return True if this parameter is a list
     is numeric
         Return True if this parameter is numeric (int or float)
     is string
         Return True if this parameter is a string
class pygal.config.MetaConfig
     Bases: type
     Config metaclass. Used to get the key name and set it on the value.
class pygal.config.SerieConfig(**kwargs)
     Bases: pygal.config.CommonConfig
     Class holding serie config values
     secondary = Type: bool
                                        Default: False
                                                                 Set it to put the serie in a second
     title = Type: str
                                  Default: None
                                                          Serie title. Leave it to None to disable t
pygal.etree module
Wrapper for seamless lxml.etree / xml.etree usage depending on whether lxml is installed or not.
class pygal.etree.Etree
     Bases: object
     Etree wrapper using lxml.etree or standard xml.etree
     to_etree()
         Force xml.etree to be used
     to lxml()
         Force lxml.etree to be used
pygal.formatters module
Formatters to use with value_formatter and x_value_formatter configs
class pygal.formatters.Default (precision=10)
     Bases:
            pygal.formatters.Significant, pygal.formatters.IsoDateTime, pygal.
     formatters.Raw
     Try to guess best format from type
class pygal.formatters.Formatter
     Bases: object
class pygal.formatters.HumanReadable (none_char='')
     Bases: pygal.formatters.Formatter
     Format a number to engineer scale
     ORDERS = 'yzafpnum kMGTPEZY'
class pygal.formatters.Integer
     Bases: pygal.formatters.Formatter
     Cast number to integer
```

```
class pygal.formatters.IsoDateTime
     Bases: pygal.formatters.Formatter
     Iso format datetimes
class pygal.formatters.Raw
     Bases: pygal.formatters.Formatter
     Cast everything to string
class pygal.formatters.Significant(precision=10)
     Bases: pygal.formatters.Formatter
     Show precision significant digit of float
pygal.interpolate module
Interpolation functions
These functions takes two lists of points x and y and returns an iterator over the interpolation between all these points
```

with *precision* interpolated points between each of them

```
pygal.interpolate.cubic_interpolate(x, y, precision=250, **kwargs)
     Interpolate x, y using a cubic algorithm https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spline_interpolation
pygal.interpolate.hermite_interpolate(x, y, precision=250, type='cardinal', c=None,
                                                 b=None, t=None
     Interpolate x, y using the hermite method. See https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cubic_Hermite_spline
```

This interpolation is configurable and contain 4 subtypes:

- · Catmull Rom
- Finite Difference
- Cardinal
- Kochanek Bartels

The cardinal subtype is customizable with a parameter:

• c: tension (0, 1)

This last type is also customizable using 3 parameters:

```
• c: continuity (-1, 1)
```

- b: bias (-1, 1)
- t: tension (-1, 1)

```
pygal.interpolate.lagrange_interpolate(x, y, precision=250, **kwargs)
     Interpolate x, y using Lagrange polynomials https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lagrange polynomial
```

```
pygal.interpolate.quadratic_interpolate(x, y, precision=250, **kwargs)
     Interpolate x, y using a quadratic algorithm https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Spline (mathematics)
```

```
pygal.interpolate.trigonometric_interpolate(x, y, precision=250, **kwargs)
     Interpolate x, y using trigonometric As per http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Trigonometric_interpolation
```

pygal.serie module

```
Serie property holder
class pygal.serie.Serie(index, values, config, metadata=None)
     Bases: object
     Serie class containing title, values and the graph serie index
     safe values
          Property containing all values that are not None
pygal.state module
Class holding state during render
class pygal.state.State(graph, **kwargs)
     Bases: object
     Class containing config values overriden by chart values overriden by keyword args
pygal.stats module
pygal.stats.confidence_interval_continuous (point_estimate, stddev, sample_size, confi-
                                                      dence=0.95, **kwargs)
     Continuous confidence interval from sample size and standard error
pygal.stats.confidence_interval_dichotomous(point_estimate,
                                                                         sample_size,
                                                                                         confi-
                                                       dence=0.95, bias=False, percentage=True,
                                                        **kwargs)
     Dichotomous confidence interval from sample size and maybe a bias
pygal.stats.confidence_interval_manual(point_estimate, low, high)
pygal.stats.erfinv(x, a=0.147)
     Approximation of the inverse error function https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Error_function #Approxima-
     tion_with_elementary_functions
pygal.stats.norm_ppf(x)
pygal.stats.ppf (x, n)
pygal.style module
Charts styling classes
class pygal.style.BlueStyle(**kwargs)
     Bases: pygal.style.Style
     A blue style
     background = '#f0f0f0'
     colors = ('#00b2f0', '#43d9be', '#0662ab', '#00668a', '#98eadb', '#97d959', '#033861',
```

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foreground = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.9)'

foreground_strong = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.9)'

```
foreground_subtle = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.6)'
    opacity = '.5'
    opacity_hover = '.9'
    plot_background = '#f8f8f8'
    transition = '250ms ease-in'
class pygal.style.CleanStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    A rather clean style
    background = 'transparent'
    colors = ('rgb(12,55,149)', 'rgb(117,38,65)', 'rgb(228,127,0)', 'rgb(159,170,0)', 'rgb
    foreground = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.9)'
    foreground_strong = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.9)'
    foreground subtle = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5)'
    plot_background = 'rgba(240, 240, 240, 0.7)'
class pygal.style.DarkColorizedStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    A dark colorized style
    background = '#2c2230'
    colors = ('#c900fe', '#01b8fe', '#59f500', '#ff00e4', '#f9fa00', '#780098', '#0181b2',
    foreground = 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.9)'
    foreground_strong = 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.9)'
    foreground_subtle = 'rgba(255, 255 , 255, 0.5)'
    opacity = '.2'
    opacity_hover = '.7'
    plot background = '#3f3145'
    transition = '250ms ease-in'
class pygal.style.DarkGreenBlueStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    A dark green and blue style
    background = '#000'
    colors = ('#7ed2fa', '#7dcf30', '#247fab', '#64a626', '#2f9ed3', '#97d959', '#1b6081',
    foreground = 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.9)'
    foreground_strong = 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.9)'
    foreground_subtle = 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.6)'
    opacity = '.55'
    opacity hover = '.9'
    plot_background = '#141414'
```

```
transition = '250ms ease-in'
class pygal.style.DarkGreenStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    A dark green style
    background = '#161201'
    colors = ('#adde09', '#6e8c06', '#4a5e04', '#fcd202', '#C1E34D', '#fee980')
    foreground = 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.9)'
    foreground_strong = 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.9)'
    foreground_subtle = 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.6)'
    opacity = '.6'
    opacity_hover = '.9'
    plot_background = '#201a01'
    transition = '250ms ease-in'
class pygal.style.DarkSolarizedStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    Dark solarized popular theme
    background = '#073642'
    colors = ('#b58900', '#cb4b16', '#dc322f', '#d33682', '#6c71c4', '#268bd2', '#2aa198',
    foreground = '#839496'
    foreground_strong = '#fdf6e3'
    foreground_subtle = '#657b83'
    opacity = '.66'
    opacity_hover = '.9'
    plot_background = '#002b36'
    transition = '500ms ease-in'
class pygal.style.DarkStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    A dark style (old default)
    background = 'black'
    colors = ('#ff5995', '#b6e354', '#feed6c', '#8cedff', '#9e6ffe', '#899ca1', '#f8f8f2',
    foreground = '#999'
    foreground_strong = '#eee'
    foreground_subtle = '#555'
    opacity = '.8'
    opacity_hover = '.4'
    plot_background = '#111'
    transition = '250ms'
```

```
class pygal.style.DarkenStyle (color, step=10, max_=None, base_style=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.ParametricStyleBase
    Create a style by darkening the given color
pygal.style.DefaultStyle
    alias of pygal.style.Style
class pygal.style.DesaturateStyle (color, step=10, max_=None, base_style=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.ParametricStyleBase
    Create a style by desaturating the given color
class pygal.style.LightColorizedStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    A light colorized style
    background = '#f8f8f8'
    colors = ('#fe9592', '#534f4c', '#3ac2c0', '#a2a7a1', '#fd4b46', '#7b7571', '#73d5d4',
    foreground = '#333'
    foreground_strong = '#666'
    foreground_subtle = 'rgba(0, 0 , 0, 0.5)'
    opacity = '.5'
    opacity_hover = '.9'
    plot background = '#ffffff'
    transition = '250ms ease-in'
class pygal.style.LightGreenStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    A light green style
    background = '#fbfbfb'
    colors = ('#7dcf30', '#247fab', '#97d959', '#ccc', '#579122', '#ddd', '#2f9ed3', '#175
    foreground = '#333333'
    foreground_strong = '#666'
    foreground_subtle = '#222222'
    opacity = '.5'
    opacity_hover = '.9'
    plot_background = '#fff'
    transition = '250ms ease-in'
class pygal.style.LightSolarizedStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.DarkSolarizedStyle
    Light solarized popular theme
    background = '#fdf6e3'
    foreground = '#657b83'
    foreground_strong = '#073642'
```

```
foreground_subtle = '#073642'
    plot_background = '#eee8d5'
class pygal.style.LightStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    A light style
    background = 'white'
    colors = ('#242424', '#9f6767', '#92ac68', '#d0d293', '#9aacc3', '#bb77a4', '#77bbb5',
    foreground = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.7)'
    foreground_strong = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.9)'
    foreground_subtle = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5)'
    plot_background = 'rgba(0, 0, 255, 0.1)'
class pygal.style.LightenStyle (color, step=10, max_=None, base_style=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.ParametricStyleBase
    Create a style by lightening the given color
class pygal.style.NeonStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.DarkStyle
    Similar to DarkStyle but with more opacity and effects
    opacity = '.1'
    opacity_hover = '.75'
    transition = '1s ease-out'
class pygal.style.ParametricStyleBase (color, step=10, max_=None, base_style=None,
                                          **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    Parametric Style base class for all the parametric operations
class pygal.style.RedBlueStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    A red and blue theme
    background = '#f9f9fa'
    colors = ('#d94e4c', '#e5884f', '#39929a', '#e27876', '#245d62', '#f0bb9b', '#c82d2a',
    foreground = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.9)'
    foreground_strong = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.9)'
    foreground_subtle = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5)'
    opacity = '.6'
    opacity_hover = '.9'
    plot background = '#ffffff'
class pygal.style.RotateStyle (color, step=10, max_=None, base_style=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.ParametricStyleBase
    Create a style by rotating the given color
```

```
class pygal.style.SaturateStyle(color, step=10, max_=None, base_style=None, **kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.ParametricStyleBase
    Create a style by saturating the given color
class pygal.style.SolidColorStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    A light style with strong colors
    background = '#FFFFFF'
    colors = ('#FF9900', '#DC3912', '#4674D1', '#109618', '#990099', '#0099C6', '#DD4477',
    foreground = '#000000'
    foreground_strong = '#000000'
    foreground_subtle = '#828282'
    opacity = '.8'
    opacity hover = '.9'
    plot_background = '#FFFFFF'
    transition = '400ms ease-in'
class pygal.style.Style(**kwargs)
    Bases: object
    Styling class containing colors for the css generation
    background = 'rgba(249, 249, 249, 1)'
    ci_colors = ()
    colors = ('#F44336', '#3F51B5', '#009688', '#FFC107', '#FF5722', '#9C27B0', '#03A9F4',
    font_family = 'Consolas, "Liberation Mono", Menlo, Courier, monospace'
    foreground = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, .87)'
    foreground_strong = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 1)'
    foreground subtle = 'rgba(0, 0, 0, .54)'
    get_colors (prefix, len_)
        Get the css color list
    guide_stroke_dasharray = '4,4'
    label font family = None
    label font size = 10
    legend_font_family = None
    legend_font_size = 14
    major_quide_stroke_dasharray = '6,6'
    major_label_font_family = None
    major_label_font_size = 10
    no_data_font_family = None
    no_data_font_size = 64
```

```
opacity = '.7'
    opacity_hover = '.8'
    plot_background = 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 1)'
    stroke_opacity = '.8'
    stroke_opacity_hover = '.9'
    title_font_family = None
    title_font_size = 16
    to_dict()
        Convert instance to a serializable mapping.
    tooltip_font_family = None
    tooltip_font_size = 14
    transition = '150ms'
    value_background = 'rgba(229, 229, 229, 1)'
    value_colors = ()
    value_font_family = None
    value_font_size = 16
    value_label_font_family = None
    value_label_font_size = 10
class pygal.style.TurquoiseStyle(**kwargs)
    Bases: pygal.style.Style
    A turquoise style
    background = '#0e4448'
    colors = ('#93d2d9', '#ef940f', '#8C6243', '#ffff', '#48b3be', '#f4b456', '#b68866', '#
    foreground = 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.9)'
    foreground_strong = 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.9)'
    foreground_subtle = 'rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.5)'
    opacity = '.5'
    opacity hover = '.9'
    plot_background = '#0d3c40'
    transition = '250ms ease-in'
pygal.svg module
Svg helper
class pygal.svg.Svg(graph)
    Bases: object
    Svg related methods
```

```
add_scripts()
          Add the js to the svg
     add_styles()
          Add the css to the svg
     confidence_interval (node, x, low, high, width=7)
     draw_no_data()
          Write the no data text to the svg
     gauge_background (serie_node, start_angle, center, radius, small_radius, end_angle, half_pie,
                            max_value)
     get_strokes()
          Return a css snippet containing all stroke style options
     line (node, coords, close=False, **kwargs)
          Draw a svg line
     node (parent=None, tag='g', attrib=None, **extras)
          Make a new svg node
     ns = 'http://www.w3.org/2000/svg'
     pre_render()
          Last things to do before rendering
     render (is_unicode=False, pretty_print=False)
          Last thing to do before rendering
     serie (serie)
          Make serie node
     slice (serie_node, node, radius, small_radius, angle, start_angle, center, val, i, metadata)
          Draw a pie slice
     solid_gauge (serie_node, node, radius, small_radius, angle, start_angle, center, val, i, metadata,
                     half_pie, end_angle, max_value)
          Draw a solid gauge slice and background slice
     transposable node (parent=None, tag='g', attrib=None, **extras)
          Make a new svg node which can be transposed if horizontal
     xlink_ns = 'http://www.w3.org/1999/xlink'
pygal.table module
HTML Table maker.
This class is used to render an html table from a chart data.
class pygal.table.HTML
     Bases: object
     Lower case adapter of lxml builder
class pygal.table.Table(chart)
     Bases: object
     Table generator class
```

```
render (total=False, transpose=False, style=False)
Render the HTMTL table of the chart.
```

total can be specified to include data sums transpose make labels becomes columns style include scoped style for the table

pygal.util module

```
Various utility functions
pygal.util.alter(node, metadata)
     Override nodes attributes from metadata node mapping
class pygal.util.cached_property(getter, doc=None)
     Bases: object
     Memoize a property
pygal.util.compose (f, g)
     Chain functions
pygal.util.compute_logarithmic_scale (min_, max_, min_scale, max_scale)
     Compute an optimal scale for logarithmic
pygal.util.compute_scale(min_, max_, logarithmic, order_min, min_scale, max_scale)
     Compute an optimal scale between min and max
pygal.util.coord_abs_project (center, rho, theta)
pygal.util.coord_diff(x, y)
pygal.util.coord_dual(r)
pygal.util.coord_format(x)
pygal.util.coord_project (rho, alpha)
pygal.util.cut (list_, index=0)
     Cut a list by index or arg
pygal.util.decorate(svg, node, metadata)
     Add metedata next to a node
pygal.util.deg(radiants)
     Convert radiants in degrees
pygal.util.filter_kwargs (fun, kwargs)
pygal.util.float_format(number)
     Format a float to a precision of 3, without zeroes or dots
pygal.util.get_text_box(text, fs)
     Approximation of text bounds
pygal.util.get_texts_box (texts, fs)
     Approximation of multiple texts bounds
pygal.util.ident(x)
pygal.util.majorize(values)
     Filter sequence to return only major considered numbers
pygal.util.merge(dict1, dict2)
```

```
pygal.util.mergextend(list1, list2)
pygal.util.minify_css(css)
     Little css minifier
pygal.util.rad(degrees)
     Convert degrees in radiants
pygal.util.reverse_text_len (width, fs)
     Approximation of text length
pygal.util.round_to_float (number, precision)
     Round a float to a precision
pygal.util.round_to_int(number, precision)
     Round a number to a precision
pygal.util.round_to_scale (number, precision)
     Round a number or a float to a precision
pygal.util.safe_enumerate(iterable)
     Enumerate which does not yield None values
pygal.util.split_title(title, width, title_fs)
     Split a string for a specified width and font size
pygal.util.swap(tuple_)
pygal.util.template(string, **kwargs)
     Format a string using double braces
pygal.util.text_len (length, fs)
     Approximation of text width
pygal.util.truncate(string, index)
     Truncate a string at index and add ...
pygal.view module
Projection and bounding helpers
class pygal.view.Box (xmin=0, ymin=0, xmax=1, ymax=1)
     Bases: object
     Chart boundings
     fix (with margin=True)
          Correct box when no values and take margin in account
     height
          Helper for box height
     margin = 0.02
     set_polar_box (rmin=0, rmax=1, tmin=0, tmax=6.283185307179586)
          Helper for polar charts
     swap()
          Return the box (for horizontal graphs)
     width
          Helper for box width
```

```
xmax
          X maximum getter
     xmin
          X minimum getter
     ymax
          Y maximum getter
     ymin
          Y minimum getter
class pygal.view.HorizontalLogView(width, height, box)
     Bases: pygal.view.XLogView
     Transposed Logarithmic projection
     \mathbf{x}(x)
          Project x as y
     \mathbf{y}(y)
          Project y as x
class pygal.view.HorizontalView(width, height, box)
     Bases: pygal.view.View
     Same as view but transposed
     \mathbf{x}(x)
          Project x as y
     \mathbf{y}(y)
          Project y as x
class pygal.view.LogView(width, height, box)
     Bases: pygal.view.View
     Y Logarithmic projection
     \mathbf{y}(y)
          Project y
class pygal.view.Margin(top, right, bottom, left)
     Bases: object
     Class reprensenting a margin (top, right, left, bottom)
          Helper for total x margin
     У
          Helper for total y margin
class pygal.view.PolarLogView(width, height, box)
     Bases: pygal.view.View
     Logarithmic polar projection
class pygal.view.PolarThetaLogView (width, height, box, aperture=1.0471975511965976)
     Bases: pygal.view.View
     Logarithmic polar projection
class pygal.view.PolarThetaView(width, height, box, aperture=1.0471975511965976)
     Bases: pygal.view.View
```

```
Logarithmic polar projection
class pygal.view.PolarView(width, height, box)
     Bases: pygal.view.View
     Polar projection for pie like graphs
class pygal.view.ReverseView(width, height, box)
     Bases: pygal.view.View
     Same as view but reversed vertically
     \mathbf{y}(y)
          Project reversed y
class pygal.view.View(width, height, box)
     Bases: object
     Projection base class
     \mathbf{x}(x)
          Project x
     \mathbf{y}(y)
          Project y
class pygal.view.XLogView(width, height, box)
     Bases: pygal.view.View
     X logarithmic projection
     \mathbf{x}(x)
          Project x
class pygal.view.XYLogView(width, height, box)
     Bases: pygal.view.XLogView, pygal.view.LogView
     X and Y logarithmic projection
   • genindex
   • modindex
```

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Credits

A Kozea Community Project

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