SIT103 – DATABASE - SAMPLE EXAM

VALUE: 60% of final marks

SECTION A - 40 Marks

There are 40 multiple choice questions, each worth 1 mark. Answer ALL questions HERE.

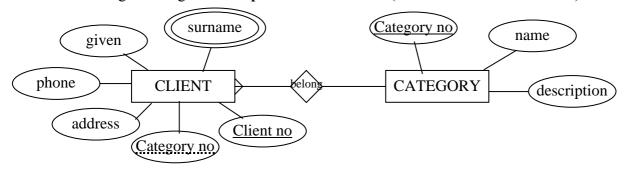
- 1. You should create **indexes** on which of the following....(select ALL that apply)
 - A fields with few different values
 - **B** fields with NULL values
 - **C** Search fields
 - **D** Foreign key fields
 - E small tables
 - F ordering fields
- 2. Which component of an SQL statement controls the sorting of **records**? (select the ONE BEST answer)
 - A GROUP BY
 - **B** WHERE
 - C ORDER BY
 - **D** SORT BY
 - E HAVING
- 3. When mapping a **one to one** relationship from ERD to a relational model, the foreign key goes on....

(select the one BEST answer)

- **A** the one side
- **B** the many side
- **C** either side
- **D** both sides
- **E** create new table with combined foreign keys

- 4. DEADLOCKs, when do they occur? (select the ONE BEST answer)
 - A one transaction, updating data
 - **B** two transactions, extracting the same data
 - C two transactions, involving different data for update
 - **D** two transactions, involving same data for update
- 5. A **transitive dependency** (related to normalisation) occurs when a field depends on... (select the ONE BEST answer)
 - **A** the whole key
 - **B** a non-primary key field
 - **C** part of the whole key
 - **D** a foreign key
- 6. A **correlated nested** query can be described as a query (select the one BEST answer)
 - A located outside another query that refers to fields in the inner query
 - **B** located within another query that refers to no fields in the outer query
 - C located within another query that refers to fields in the outer query
 - **D** located outside another query that refers to fields in the outer query only
- 7. What **anomalies** does normalisation try to eliminate (select the ONE BEST answer)
 - A insert, update and delete
 - **B** add, modify, and remove
 - C insert and update
 - **D** None of the above
- 8. On execution of a **CREATE VIEW** query what happens? (select the ONE BEST answer)
 - **A** A special phantom table is created.
 - **B** The view query is stored in the data dictionary and becomes active.
 - **C** An index file is created.
 - **D** A new table as specified by the view query is created.
- 9. Select any of the following statements which describes an **update anomaly** (select one or more answers)
 - A multiple copies of the same value mean we do not know which is correct
 - **B** Can update a value when we want
 - C need to insert a new value in more than one place
 - **D** Change of value must be done multiple times to each copy of a value
 - E duplication wastes resources
- 10. In relation to distributed databases, what is **vertical partitioning** of a table? (select the ONE BEST answer)
 - A same columns different rows
 - **B** different columns different rows
 - C different rows different columns
 - **D** same columns same rows
 - **E** different columns same rows
 - **F** None of the above

11. The following ER Diagram has a **problem**. What is it? (select the one BEST answer)



- **A** The <u>Category no</u> attribute should be removed from the CLIENT entity.
- **B** The client no should be placed in the CATEGORY entity with a dotted underline.
- C The Category no attribute should not have a dotted underline in the CLIENT entity...
- **D** The attributes (eg. given, surname, ...etc) should be in rectangles not oval shapes
- E The "belong" relationship should not have a diamond shape, it should be a star
- 12. How will a transaction log be used to recover from a **hard disk crash**? (select the ONE BEST answer)
 - A recover from OFFSITE BACKUP and then ROLLBACK
 - **B** recover from FULL BACKUP and then ROLLBACK
 - C recover from FULL BACKUP and then ROLLFORWARD
 - **D** recover from PARTIAL BACKUP and then ROLLFOWARD
- 13. File server based databases (such as Access) have disadvantages (select ALL that apply)
 - A Cheaper cost per user
 - **B** No network required
 - C More powerful PCs needed
 - **D** Can handle thousands of users
 - E High network traffic
- 14. An **unbounded join** between a table1 with 8 records and table2 with 2 records produces a result set of records (select the one BEST answer)
 - \mathbf{A} 2
 - **B** 6
 - **C** 8
 - **D** 16
 - \mathbf{E} 32
- 15. Which of the following are aspects of an **operational database** (as opposed to a decision support system/datawarehouse)? (select THREE BEST answers)
 - A snapshot of operational data
 - **B** benefits "knowledge" worker management
 - **C** short term, day to day operations
 - **D** helps transaction based processing
 - **E** helps decision making process
 - **F** benefits clerical work

SECTION B - 45 Marks

There are 9 SQL questions. You must answer ALL questions.

Books R Us (a book/magazine mail order company) has implemented the following tables: (primary keys are <u>underlined</u>, foreign keys are shown in <u>dotted underline</u>)

Show output of the following queries, based on the data shown in next page

```
a) SELECT Name, Addess
  FROM customer
  WHERE address LIKE '%Street%';
c) SELECT name, orderDate, courier No
   FROM customer, custorder
   WHERE customer.customer no = custorder.customer no(+)
   AND (DeliveryCompleted = 'Y' OR DeliveryCompleted is NULL);
e) SELECT name
   FROM staff
   WHERE 0 = (
                (SELECT count(*)
                FROM custorder
                WHERE custorder.packedBy no = staff.staff no)
               (SELECT count(*)
                FROM custorder
                WHERE custorder.takenBy no = staff.staff no)
   ORDER BY name;
g) SELECT name
   FROM staff
   INTERSECT
   SELECT name
   FROM customer
   ORDER BY name
```

| CUSTOMER | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|----------|----------|--|--|--|
| Customer_No | Name | Address | Suburb | Postcode | | | |
| 1 | Fred Bloggs | 83 Smith Street | Fitzroy | 3003 | | | |
| 3 | Wilma Flint | 8 Rock Avenue | Bedrock | 3922 | | | |
| 4 | Kylie Mino | 102 Loco Street | Brighton | 3010 | | | |
| 6 | Eric Vike | 32 Rugged Road | Lambohov | 58333 | | | |

| CUSTORDER | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| Order_No | Cust- | Publicat | Order- | Packed | Courier | TakenBy | Delivery | Delivery- |
| | omer_No | ion_No | Date | By_No | _No | _No | Date | Completed |
| 32100 | 1 | 6161 | 9-feb-03 | S101 | 87 | S104 | 19-feb-03 | Y |
| 32103 | 4 | 6166 | 11-feb-03 | S103 | 5 | S104 | 1-mar-03 | Y |
| 32104 | 3 | 6164 | 11-feb-03 | S103 | 23 | S101 | | N |
| 32105 | 1 | 6164 | 11-feb-03 | S103 | 41 | S101 | 1-feb-04 | N |

| STAFF | | | | |
|----------|---------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| Staff_No | Name | Joined | Resigned | Supervisor_No |
| S101 | Charlie Brown | 10-jun-02 | | |
| S102 | Kylie Mino | 23-oct-02 | | S101 |
| S103 | Barney Rubble | 1-feb-03 | 23-sep-03 | S101 |
| S106 | Superman | 21-nov-03 | | |

SECTION C - 35 Marks

Question C1 (5 + 5 = 10 Marks)

- 1. What is wrong with the following set of tables, designed for a driving school?
- 2. How would you redesign them? Show the table definitions you would recommend.

INSTRUCTOR

Instructor Name

Address Phone Age

Car_Registration

STUDENT

Student Name

Student_Address

Student phone

Next lesson date

Next_lesson_time Next_lesson_length

Car_type (**A**-uto, **M**-anual)

Fees paid to date