

# GenAI-Powered Data Engineering Agent Workflow

## 1. Format Detection and Schema Inference

### Overview

The agent scans data to determine file formats and infer schemas. It first generates synthetic data using LLMs and then analyzes file structures.

### Steps

- Initialize LLM
  - ```
llm = init_chat_model(  
    "us.anthropic.claude-3-5-haiku-20241022-v1:0",  
    model_provider="bedrock_converse",  
    region_name="us-east-1",  
    client=bedrock_client  
)
```
- Create Tools
  - ```
@tool def generate_synthetic_data()
```
  - ```
@tool def save_file_to_parquet()
```
  - ```
@tool def upload_file_to_s3()
```
- Write Prompt
- Create Agent
  - ```
agent = create_react_agent(llm, prompt, tools)
```
- Detect File Formats
  - Use filename extensions to identify format (JSON, CSV, XML, etc.).
  - Use content-based analysis for more accurate detection.
    - Identify column names and datatypes in CSV.
    - Analyze structural aspects of JSON/XML.
- Create Detection Tools
  - ```
@tool def detect_file_formats()
```
  - ```
@tool def detect_schema()
```
- Enhance Accuracy
  - Incorporate RAG/in-context learning if needed.

## 2. Code Generation

### Overview

The agent generates Python code to read, clean, and transform data into standardized formats.

### Steps

- Generate Code to Read Files
  - Based on file type detected in the previous step.
- Validate Data with Pydantic
  - Ensure only valid data is processed.
- Standardization to Parquet
  - Convert data into Parquet format.
- Data Cleaning & Transformation
  - Generate transformation logic based on detected schema.
- Save Transformed Data
  - Store data in AWS S3 or locally based on file size.
- Enhance Accuracy
  - Utilize RAG/in-context learning for schema improvements.

## 3. Code Execution

### Overview

The system automates running the generated code, ensuring proper execution flow.

### Steps

- Guide Multi-Agent Execution
  - Ensure all agents run at the correct steps.
- Agents Involved
  - Data Generation Agent – Generates synthetic data.
  - Format Detection Agent – Identifies file formats.

- Schema Inference Agent – Extracts schema from files.
- Pydantic/Parquet Agent – Validates and standardizes data.
- S3 File Storage Agent – Saves data to AWS S3.
- Code Execution Agent – Runs generated Python code.

## 4. Testing Data

### Overview

To evaluate the system, we use synthetic and real-world datasets.

### Data Types

- CSV, JSON, XML, Parquet, Avro, GeoJSON, YAML.

### Real-World Data

- Additional datasets may be used to validate performance.

## 5. Evaluation Metrics

### Goals

To ensure high performance and accuracy, we evaluate:

- File Type Detection Accuracy
  - Compare agent predictions vs actual file types.
- Code Accuracy
  - Validate with unit tests or LLM-based evaluation.
- Performance Metrics
  - Measure execution time, token usage, and efficiency.
- Scalability Testing
  - Assess system performance on datasets of varying sizes.
- Consistency Across Formats
  - Test the same dataset in multiple formats to ensure uniform results.

## Summary

This workflow enables a fully automated multi-agent data engineering system that detects, processes, and transforms structured data. By leveraging LLM-based automation, schema inference, and dynamic code execution, the system enhances data engineering efficiency, standardization, and accuracy.