ECON 211 - HW 6

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Problem 1

The unemployed worker Bellman equation is given by:

$$V_u = \max_{\lambda} b - c(\lambda) + \lambda \frac{\rho W}{(1+r)r} + \frac{1-\lambda}{1+r} V_u$$

Then if we fix λ , we get:

$$\begin{split} V_u &= b - c(\lambda) + \lambda \frac{\rho W}{(1+r)r} + \frac{1-\lambda}{1+r} V_u \\ V_u &= \frac{1+r}{1+r-1+\lambda} \left(b - c(\lambda) + \lambda \frac{\rho W}{1+r} \right) \\ V_u &= \frac{1+r}{1+\lambda} \left(b - c(\lambda) + \lambda \frac{\rho W}{1+r} \right) \end{split}$$

Problem 2

Let the cost of effort be given by

$$c(\lambda) = \frac{a}{\gamma} \lambda^{1+\gamma}$$

Then we can take the first order conditions of the effort decision with respect to λ :

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial V_u}{\partial \lambda} &= 0 \iff -\frac{(1+r)}{(r+\lambda)^2} \left(b - c(\lambda) + \lambda \frac{\rho W}{r(1+r)} \right) + \frac{1+r}{r+\lambda} \left(-c'(\lambda) + \frac{\rho W}{r(1+r)} \right) = 0 \\ &\iff -\frac{(1+r)}{(r+\lambda)^2} \left(b - \frac{a}{\gamma} \lambda^{1+\gamma} + \lambda \frac{\rho W}{r(1+r)} \right) + \frac{1+r}{r+\lambda} \left(-(1+\gamma) \frac{a}{\gamma} \lambda^{\gamma} + \frac{\rho W}{r(1+r)} \right) = 0 \\ &\iff \frac{1}{r+\lambda} \left(\frac{a}{\gamma} \lambda^{1+\gamma} - b - \lambda \frac{\rho W}{r(1+r)} \right) + \frac{\rho W}{r(1+r)} - \frac{a}{\gamma} (1+\gamma) \lambda^{\gamma} = 0 \\ &\iff \left(1 - \frac{\lambda}{r+\lambda} \right) \left(\frac{\rho W}{r(1+r)} \right) + \frac{a}{\gamma} \lambda^{\gamma} \left(\frac{\lambda}{r+\lambda} - (1+\gamma) \right) = \frac{b}{r+\lambda} \\ &\iff \frac{\rho W}{r(1+r)} \frac{r}{r+\lambda} - \frac{a}{\gamma} \lambda^{\gamma} \frac{r}{r+\lambda} = \frac{b}{\lambda} + a \lambda^{\gamma} \\ &\iff \frac{\rho W}{(r+\lambda)(1+r)} - \frac{a}{\gamma} \lambda^{\gamma} \frac{r}{r+\lambda} = \frac{b}{\lambda} + a \lambda^{\gamma} \end{split}$$

Taking the limit as $r \to 0$, we find:

$$\frac{\rho W}{\lambda} = \frac{b}{\lambda} + a\lambda^{\gamma}$$

$$\lim_{r \to 0} \lambda^* = \left(\frac{\rho W - b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{1+\gamma}}$$

Problem 4

For D drawn from an exponential distribution parameterized by rate λ , it is easy to write the probability of observing D for any realization of λ :

$$Pr(D|\lambda) = \lambda e^{-\lambda D}$$

So given that λ is a function of wage W, the likelihood function for a set of observations for duration D and wages W $\{D_i, W_i\}_{i=1}^n$ is:

$$L(D_1, ..., D_n | W_1, ..., W_n) = \prod_{i=1}^n Pr(D_i | W_i)$$
$$= \prod_{i=1}^n \lambda e^{-\lambda D_i}$$

Taking the logs of both sides, we find:

$$\log L(D_1, ..., D_n | W_1, ..., W_n) = l(D_1, ..., D_n | W_1, ..., W_n) = n \log \lambda - \lambda \sum_{i=1}^n D_i$$

To find the optimal a, we first differentiate with respect to λ and then substitute in our expression for λ from question 1, which is a function of a:

$$\frac{\partial l}{\partial \lambda} = 0 \iff \frac{n}{\lambda} - \sum_{i} D_{i} = 0$$

$$\iff \lambda = \frac{n}{\sum_{i} D_{i}}$$

$$\iff \left(\frac{\rho W - b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{1+\gamma}} = \frac{n}{\sum_{i} D_{i}}$$

$$\iff a = (\rho W - b) \left(\frac{n}{\sum_{i} D_{i}}\right)^{1+\gamma}$$