



## Réinitialisation de mots de passe

Rédigé le 03/10/2020 par jmy37

Réinitialisation d'un mot de passe MariaDB

```
# mysqld_safe --skip-grant-tables --skip-networking &
# mysql -u root
mysql> FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
mysql> ALTER USER 'root'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'new_password';
mysql> exit;
# kill `/var/run/mariadb/mariadb.pid`
# systemctl start mariadb
# mysql -u root -p
```

Réinitialisation d'un mot de passe PostoreSQL (CentOS)

```
# cp -f /var/lig/pgsql/data/pg_hba.conf /tmp/pg_hba.conf
# sed -i -- 's+md5+trust+g' /var/lig/pgsql/data/pg_hba.conf
# systemctl restart postgresql
# pgsql -U postgres
postgres=# ALTER USER postgres WITH PASSWORD 'MyNewPassword';
postgres=# \q
# cp -f /tmp/pg_hba.conf /var/lig/pgsql/data/pg_hba.conf
# systemctl restart postgresql
```

Réinitialisation d'un mot de passe Windows

```
// Assume that we are on WindowsPE CLI, MS partition is under D:\
# D:
# cd Windows/System32
# copy Utilman.exe Utilman.exe.old
# copy cmd.exe Utilman.exe
// Assume that we are on LinuxLive CLI, MS partition is under /mnt/Microsoft
# cd /mnt/Microsoft/Windows/System32/
# mv Utilman.exe Utilman.exe.old
# cp cmd.exe Utilman.exe
# reboot
// Windows+U
# net user newadmin knownpassword /add
# net logalgroup Administrators newadmin
```





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Réinitialisation d'un mot de passe Linux

```
// At boot screen, highlight the boot line and type 'e'
// Search the boot line ('linux16' for CentOS7, 'linux' for CentOS8)
// Add 'rd.break' at the end of that line and perform 'Ctrl+X' to run Linux
# mount -o remount rw /sysroot
# chroot /sysroot
# passwd
New password:
New password again:
# touch /.autorelabel
# exit
# reboot
```