# SURFACE FRICTION COEFFICIENT ESTIMATION METHOD

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Patent Application No. 16/789,432

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## 1. TECHNICAL FIELD

1. The present invention relates to methods and systems for real-time

#### 2. BACKGROUND

- 1. This invention addresses the critical need for accurate surface fricti
- 2. Prior art solutions have relied primarily on pre-programmed friction

#### 3. SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

- 1. The present invention provides a method for real-time surface friction
- a) A multi-sensor array system utilizing advanced LiDAR and depth-setechnology;
- b) Proprietary algorithms for processing sensor data to determine surcharacteristics;
- c) Machine learning models trained on NaviFloor's comprehensive su database; and
- d) Real-time coefficient adjustment mechanisms based on robot-surfainteraction data.

#### 4. DETAILED DESCRIPTION

1. Sensor Array Configuration

The invention employs a proprietary sensor array comprising:

1.1. High-resolution LiDAR sensors (Model NF-L2000) operating at 12

- 1.2. Depth-sensing cameras with 1920x1080 resolution;
- 1.3. Surface texture analysis sensors utilizing infrared technology;
- 1.4. Accelerometers and gyroscopes for motion data collection.
- 2. Data Processing Algorithm

The surface friction coefficient () is calculated using the following met

2.1. Initial surface scan using LiDAR and depth sensors;

2.2. Real-time	texture	analysis	usina	proprietary	/ NaviFloor	algorithms
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- 2.3. Correlation with pre-existing surface texture database;
- 2.4. Application of machine learning models for coefficient prediction.
- 3. Coefficient Calculation Formula

$$= k (S) + k (T) + k (R) + k (V)$$

Where:

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S = Surface texture parameter

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T = Temperature factor

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R = Surface roughness coefficient

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V = Robot velocity vector

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k, k, k, k = Calibration constants

## 5. IMPLEMENTATION METHODOLOGY

- 1. The method is implemented through NaviFloor's proprietary softwa
- 1.1. Surface Analysis Module (SAM) v3.2
- 1.2. Coefficient Estimation Engine (CEE) v2.1
- 1.3. Real-time Navigation Adjustment System (RNAS) v4.0
- 2. The system performs continuous calibration cycles at 100ms interv

#### 6. CLÁIMS

- 1. A method for estimating surface friction coefficients comprising:
- 1.1. Deploying multiple sensor types for surface analysis;
- 1.2. Processing sensor data through proprietary algorithms;
- 1.3. Generating real-time friction coefficient estimates;
- 2. The method of claim 6.1, wherein the sensor array includes LiDAR

1.4. Adjusting robot navigation parameters based on calculated coeffi

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8. CERTIFICATION
The undersigned hereby certifies that the above-described invention i
and was developed by NaviFloor Robotics, Inc.
EXECUTED this 15th day of March, 2022
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