

Justin Nguyen

Problem 16A

	x	h	true_val	w1	error	language-python
0	1.1	0.1	1.092629	1.092629	2.393596e-09	
1	1.2	0.1	1.187085	1.187085	3.573025e-09	
2	1.3	0.1	1.283382	1.283382	4.324595e-09	
3	1.4	0.1	1.381446	1.381446	4.927043e-09	
4	1.5	0.1	1.481159	1.481159	5.480356e-09	
5	1.7	0.1	1.685014	1.685014	5.786400e-10	
6	1.9	0.1	1.893930	1.893930	1.300705e-09	
7	2.0	0.1	2.000000	2.000000	6.951240e-11	

Problem 16B

	x	h	true_val	w1	error	language-python
0	1.0	0.1	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000e+00	
1	1.1	0.1	1.092629	1.092629	1.343586e-07	
2	1.2	0.1	1.187085	1.187085	1.336928e-07	
3	1.3	0.1	1.283382	1.283382	9.782392e-08	
4	1.4	0.1	1.381446	1.381446	6.019883e-08	
5	1.5	0.1	1.481159	1.481159	3.067557e-08	
6	1.6	0.1	1.582392	1.582392	1.081805e-08	
7	1.7	0.1	1.685014	1.685014	4.897331e-10	
8	1.8	0.1	1.788899	1.788899	4.990896e-09	
9	1.9	0.1	1.893930	1.893930	4.346022e-09	
10	2.0	0.1	2.000000	2.000000	6.951240e-11	

Code Source

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

"""
Function RK_Vec_Var_11_1_A

In BlackBox:

- Compute gamma
```

- Compute approximations
- Compute Y true
- Compute Error

Format short g

Show:

- $XX = a + (i * H[i])$
- H
- YA
- Error

Values are as follows:

X H YA

1.1 0.1 1.0926 1.0926 2.4045E-9

1.2 0.1 1.1871 1.1871 3.5951E-9

1.3 0.1

1.4 0.1

1.5 0.1

1.7 0.2

1.9 0.2

2 0.1 2 2 0

HW 16B

X H YA

```
1.1 0.1 1.0926 1.0926 1.3435E-7
```

```
1.2 0.1 1.1871 1.1871 1.3367E-7
```

```
1.3 0.1
```

```
1.4 0.1
```

```
1.5 0.1
```

```
1.7 0.2
```

```
1.9 0.2
```

```
2 0.1 2 2 8.8818E-16
```

```
"""
```

```
#u1,u2,u3,u4
```

```
# a = 1
```

```
# b = 2
```

```
# alpha = 1
```

```
# beta = 2 #
```

```
# w = np.array([alpha, 0, 0, 1])
```

```
p = lambda x : -2/x
```

```
q = lambda x : (2 / x**2)
```

```
r = lambda x : (np.sin(np.log(x)))/(x**2)
```

```
c2 = -0.0392070132
```

```
c1 = 1.1392070132
```

```
true_function = lambda x : (c1*x) + (c2/(x**2)) \
```

```
- ((0.3)*np.sin(np.log(x))) \
```

```
- ((0.1)*np.cos(np.log(x)))
```

```
def set_pandas_display_options() -> None:
```

```
    """Set pandas display options."""
```

```
# Ref: https://stackoverflow.com/a/52432757/
```

```
display = pd.options.display
```

```
display.max_columns = 1000
```

```
display.max_rows = 1000
```

```
display.max_colwidth = 199
```

```
display.width = 1000
```

```
def vector_function(t,w):
```

```
    f1 = lambda x,w : w[1]
```

```
    #(p(x)*u2+q(x)*u1+r(x));
```

```
    f2 = lambda x,w : p(x) * w[1] + q(x) * w[0] + r(x)
```

```
    f3 = lambda x,w : w[3]
```

```
    # k12 = h*(p(x)*v2+q(x)*v1);
```

```
    f4 = lambda x,w : p(x)* w[3] + q(x)* w[2]
```

```
    fv = np.zeros(len(w))
```

```
    fv[0] = f1(t,w)
```

```
    fv[1] = f2(t,w)
```

```
    fv[2] = f3(t,w)
```

```
    fv[3] = f4(t,w)
```

```

return fv

def RK4Vector(a,b, w, N, h=[False,0.1], condition= 1):
    """
    RK4 for a vector function
    """

    T = np.zeros(N+1)

    W = np.zeros((N+1, len(w)))

    W[0] = w

    T[0] = a

    if h[0] == False:

        h[1] = (b-a)/N

    else:

        h[1] = h[1]

    h_val = h[1]

    if condition == 1:

        function = vector_function

    for i in range(N):

        s1 = function(T[i], W[i])

        s2 = function(T[i] + h_val/2, W[i] + h_val*s1/2)

```

```

s3 = function(T[i] + h_val/2, W[i] + h_val*s2/2)

s4 = function(T[i] + h_val, W[i] + h_val*s3)

W[i+1] = W[i] + (h_val*(s1 + 2*s2 + 2*s3 + s4)/6)

T[i+1] = T[i] + h_val

return T,W

```

```

def AdaptiveRKVector(a,b,w,tol,condition=1):

    T = []

    W = []

    H = []

    t = a

    w = w

    h = 0.1

    if a + h > b:

        h = b - a

    while t < b - 10E-12:

        x1,w1 = RK4Vector(t, b, w,1, h=[True, h], condition=condition)#RK4Vector(t, w,
        h, N)

        x2, w2 = RK4Vector(t, b, w, 2, h=[True,h/2], condition=condition)

        last_w1 = w1[-1]

        last_w2 = w2[-1]

        w3 = (16*last_w2 - last_w1)/15

        error = max(abs(w3 - last_w1))

```

```
if error < tol:

    w = w3

    t = t + h

    T.append(t)

    W.append(w)

    H.append(h)

    if error < tol/128:

        h = 2*h

        if t + h > b:

            h = b - t

        else:

            h = h/2

        if h < 10E-4:

            print("Step size has become too small at N = ", len(T))

            return T,W,H

        return T,W,H

def sixteenB():

    a = 1

    b = 2

    N = 10

    h = (b-a)/N
```

```

w = np.array([a, 0, 0, 1])

T,W = RK4Vector(a,b,w,N)

error = []

true_val = []

h_list = []

x_list = []

w1_list = []

z = (b - W[-1][0]) / (W[-1][2])

for i in range(len(T)):

    X = a+i*h

    w1 = W[i][0] + (z*W[i][2])

    w2 = W[i][1] + (z*W[i][3])

    w1_list.append(w1)

    x_list.append(X)

    h_list.append(h)

    true_val.append(true_function(X))

    error.append(abs(true_function(X) - w1))

    info_dict = {

        'x': x_list,

        'h': h_list,

```



```

'true_val': true_val,

'w1': w1_list,

'error': error

}

df = pd.DataFrame(info_dict)

print(df)

def sixteenA():

a = 1

b = 2

tol = 10E-5

N = 10

h = (b-a)/N

w = np.array([a, 0, 0, 1])

T,W,H = AdaptiveRKVector(a,b,w,tol,condition=1)

error = []

true_val = []

h_list = []

x_list = []

w1_list = []

z = (b - W[-1][0]) / (W[-1][2])

for i in range(len(T)):

```

```

X = T[i]#a+(i*H[i])

w1 = W[i][0] + (z*W[i][2])

w2 = W[i][1] + (z*W[i][3])


w1_list.append(w1)

x_list.append(X)

h_list.append(h)

true_val.append(true_function(X))

error.append(abs(true_function(X) - w1))

info_dict = {

    'x': x_list,

    'h': h_list,

    'true_val': true_val,

    'w1': w1_list,

    'error': error

}


df = pd.DataFrame(info_dict)

print(df)


if __name__=='__main__':

    set_pandas_display_options()

    sixteenA()

    sixteenB()

```

