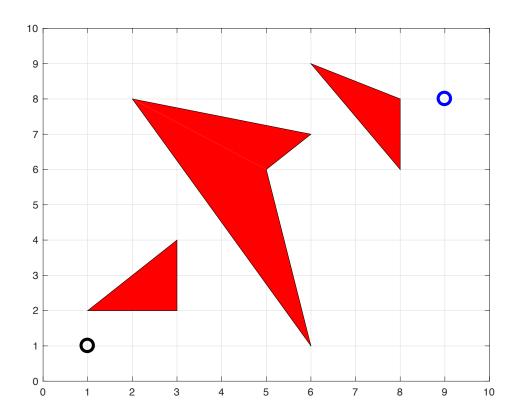
## ME 401/5501 – Robotics and Unmanned Systems HW #1: DUE August 31st, 2022

## LATE HOMEWORK WILL BE PENALIZED 10% PER DAY

### Problem 1:

Using the map shown below, generate the visibility graph (include the start and end nodes). Additionally, show the reduced visibility graph with a different color (i.e. blue for reduced graph, black for remaining standard edges). You do **not** need to compute the edge costs.

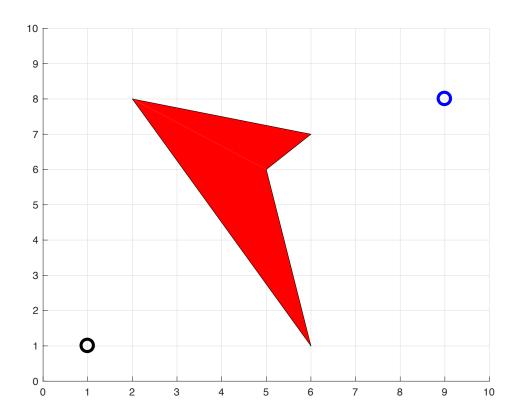


## Problem 2:

Using the Python Class tutorial available at <a href="https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/classes.html">https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/classes.html</a>, create a class called **node** that has the following instance variables, **x**, **y**, **parent\_cost**, and **index**. Provide your short Python script that contains this class.

# Problem 3:

Using the map shown below, show the reduced visibility graph along with the Euclidean distance for each edge. Highlight the shortest path from the start (1,1) to the goal (9,8).



#### Problem 4:

Given the following map parameters, generate a figure similar to the one shown in which you are computing each node index and plotting the index at the corresponding node location. The node index is simply the unique name/value associated with the node. You need to write your **Python** script such that any node location (x and y pair) returns the node index. I.e. simply making counter that plots at each node location will not work. Use the equation(s) developed in class to assist in this problem. This node index is crucial in generating grid-based path planning techniques. A small function that computes the node index is an efficient method for computing the index.

### Notes:

When generating the x and y values (that span from 0 to 10), the NumPy command *arange* is particularly useful. Make sure that you capture the end point by adding an extra "grid\_size" onto the end value.

Matplotlib.text(x, y, str(int(number to display)), color="red", fontsize=8) is a good function to use to stick the text in the figure.

```
420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 438 439 440
   399 400 401 402 403 404 405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419
   378 379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398
   357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377
8 4336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356
   315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335
   294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314
   273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293
   252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272
   231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251
   210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230
   189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209
4 - 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188
   147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167
   126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146
  105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125
2 484 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104
   63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83
   42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62
  21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41
                                                               8
                                                                              10
```

# Problem 5:

Create a function that calculates the distance from one **node** to another. Pass two nodes to the function and return the Euclidean distance. Test your function by having it calculate the distance from (2,1) to (3,2). Make sure the answer is correct.

Submit your Python code.