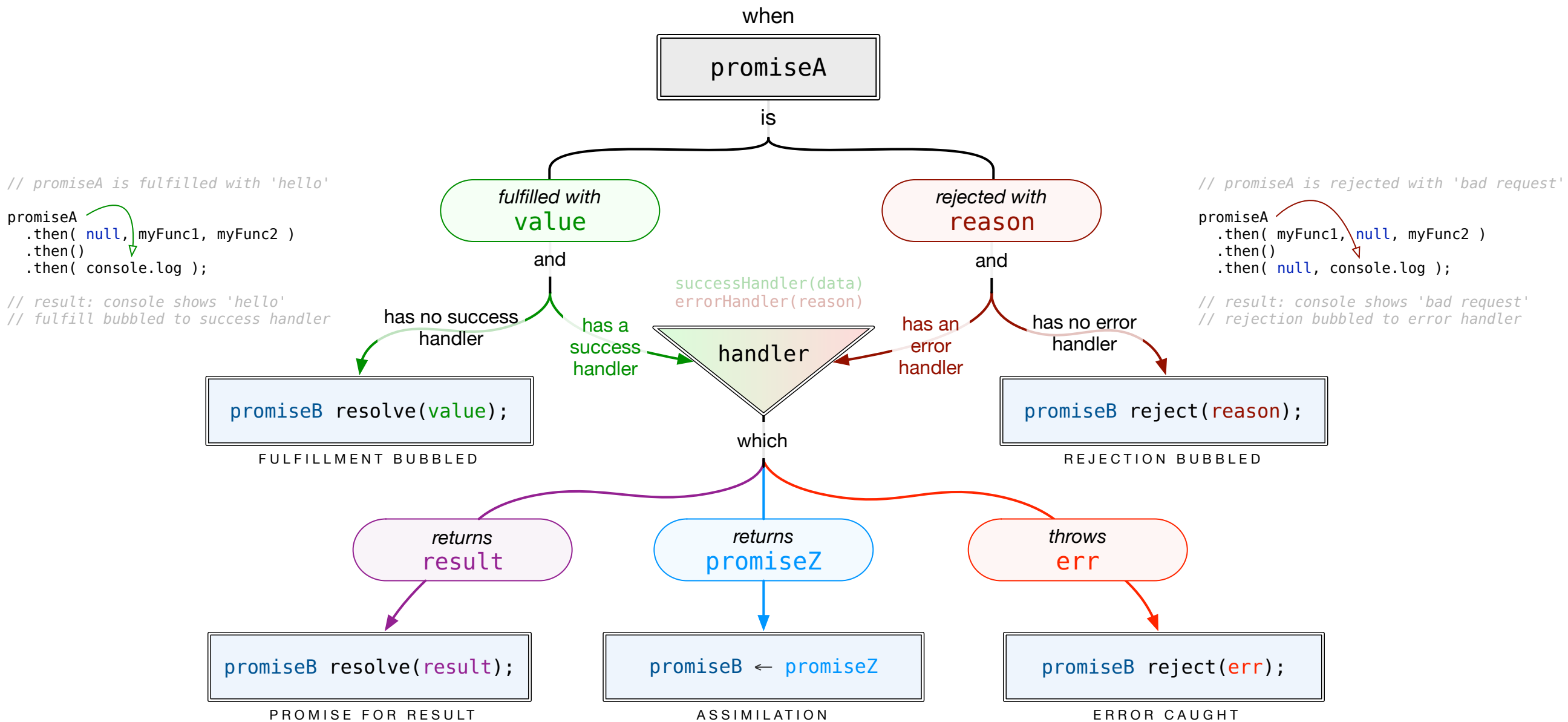


.then() always returns a new promise. What happens to that promise?

```
promiseB = promiseA.then( [successHandler], [errorHandler] );
```



```
// promiseA is fulfilled with 'hello'
promiseA
  .then( null, myFunc1, myFunc2 )
  .then()
  .then( console.log );

// result: console shows 'hello'
// fulfill bubbled to success handler
```

```
// promiseA is rejected with 'bad request'
promiseA
  .then( myFunc1, null, myFunc2 )
  .then()
  .then( null, console.log );

// result: console shows 'bad request'
// rejection bubbled to error handler
```

```
// output promise is for returned val
promiseForVal2 = promiseForVal1
  .then( function success (val1) {
    val2 = ++val1;
    return val2;
  });

// same idea, shown in a direct chain:
promiseForVal1
  .then( function success (val1) {
    // do some code to make val2
    return val2;
  })
  .then( function success (val2) {
    console.log( val2 );
  });
```

```
// output promise "becomes" returned promise
promiseForMessages = promiseForUser
  .then( function success (user) {
    // do some code to get a new promise
    return promiseForMessages;
  });

// same idea, shown in a direct chain:
promiseForUser
  .then( function success (user) {
    // do some code to get a new promise
    return promiseForMessages;
  })
  .then( function success (messages) {
    console.log( messages );
  });
```

```
// output promise will be rejected with error
promiseForVal2 = promiseForVal1
  .then( function success (val1) {
    // THROWN ERROR '404' trying to make val2
    return val2;
  });

// same idea, shown in a direct chain:
promiseForVal1
  .then( function success (val1) {
    // THROWN ERROR '404' trying to make val2
    return val2;
  })
  .then( null, function failed (err) {
    console.log('Oops!', err);
  });
```