

$$\max_x u(e-x, x)$$

$$\max_x u(s-x, x)$$

$$FOC: u_1(e-x, x)(-1) + u_2(e-x, x) = 0$$

$$\frac{u_1(e-x, x)}{u_2(e-x, x)} = 1$$

$$e = 5 \text{ or } 10$$

$$x_1^* : x : \frac{u_1(e_1-x, x)}{u_2(e_1-x, x)} = 1$$

$$x_2^* : x : \frac{u_1(e_2-x, x)}{u_2(e_2-x, x)} = 1$$

$$\max_x p u(e_1-x, x) + (1-p) u(e_2-x, x)$$

$$p[u_1(e_1-x, x)(-1) + u_2(e_1-x, x)] + (1-p)[u_1(e_2-x, x)(-1) + u_2(e_2-x, x)] = 0$$

$$p u_1(e_1-x, x) + (1-p) u_2(e_1-x, x) = p u_2(e_2-x, x) + (1-p) u_1(e_2-x, x)$$

$$e_1 \geq e_2$$

$$\max_{x \in [0, e]} f(x, p)$$

↑ lattice ✓

$$f(x, p) = p u(e_1-x, x) + (1-p) u(e_2-x, x)$$

increasing ✓

f is concave in x ✓

g(x) is 1-D



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial p} = u(e_1-x, x) - u(e_2-x, x)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial p \partial x} = -u_1(e_1-x, x) + u_2(e_1-x, x) + u_2(e_2-x, x) - u_1(e_2-x, x)$$

$$= u_1(e_2-x, x) - u_1(e_1-x, x) + u_2(e_1-x, x) - u_2(e_2-x, x)$$

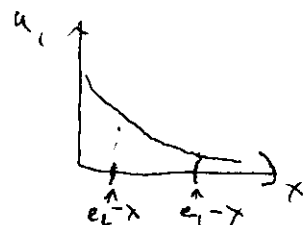
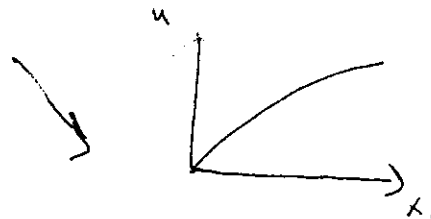
$$u_1(e_2 - x, x) \geq u_1(e_1 - x, x)$$

$$\text{if } \frac{\partial u_1}{\partial x_1} < 0$$

$$u_2(e_1 - x, x) \geq u_2(e_2 - x, x)$$

$$\text{if } \frac{\partial u_2}{\partial x_2} < 0$$

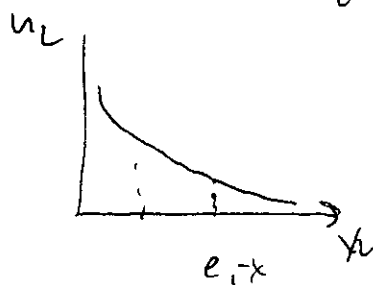
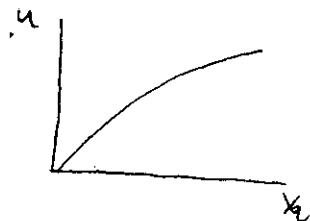
$$\therefore \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial p dx} \geq 0$$



$\therefore x^*(p)$ increasing in p

In particular, $x^*(0)$: \$0 for certain
 $x^*(p)$ for $p \in (0, 1)$
 $x^*(1)$: \$10 for certain

Statement not cross deriving



$$(0, 0, 10) \sim (x(0), 0, 0)$$

$\Downarrow?$

$$(0, x, 10) \sim (x(0), x, 0) \quad \forall x?$$

$\Downarrow?$

1a: $x_{10}^* = \arg \max_{x \in [0, 5]} u(0, x, 10-x)$

$$u(0, x, 10-x)$$

1b: $x_{10}^* = \arg \max_{x \in [0, x(5)]} u(x(0), x, x, 0)$

$$(0, x, 10-x) \sim (x(0)-x, x, 0)$$

$$2a: x_2^*(p) = \arg \max_{x \in [0, 5]} p$$

$$p \left[u(0, \text{lose } X, 10-x) + (1-p)u(0, x, 5-x) \right]$$

$$2b: x_2^*(p) = \arg \max_{x \in [0, X(5)]} p$$

$$p \left[u(X(10) - x, x, 0) + (1-p)u(X(10) - x, x, 0) \right]$$

normalization: Self $\leftrightarrow C2$

$$\begin{aligned} (0, 0, 5) &\sim (x_2(5), 0, 0) \\ &\vdots \\ (0, 0, 10) &\sim (x_2(10), 0, 0) \end{aligned}$$

normalization: If $\leftrightarrow C1$
~~normalization~~

$$\begin{aligned} (0, 5, 0) &\sim (x_1(5), 0, 0) \\ &\vdots \\ (0, 10, 0) &\sim (x_1(10), 0, 0) \end{aligned}$$

~~certainty~~

~~certainty~~

~~certainty~~ $C1$:

$C1 \leftrightarrow C2$

~~certainty~~
(1a):

$$\begin{aligned} (0, 5, 0) &\sim (0, 0, x(5)) \\ &\vdots \\ (0, 10, 0) &\sim (0, 0, x(10)) \end{aligned}$$

$C1 \leftrightarrow \text{Self}$

~~certainty~~
(1b):

$$\begin{aligned} (0, 5, 0) &\sim (x(5), 0, 0) \\ &\vdots \\ (0, 10, 0) &\sim (x(10), 0, 0) \end{aligned}$$

(1c): ~~certainty~~ $C2$

$C1 \leftrightarrow \text{Self}$
risk

~~$$(0, 5, 0) \sim (0, 0, x(5)) + (1-x(5)) (0, 10, 0)$$~~

$C1$ risk: $(0, 4, 0) \sim \frac{1}{2} (0, 5, 0) + (1-\frac{1}{2}) (0, 10, 0)$

Ans

$$(0, \frac{1}{2}, 0) \sim \alpha(0, 0, Y(1)) + (1-\alpha)(0, 0, Y(5))$$

$$\text{for } \alpha \in (0, \dots)$$