

Teambook Sindicato de Transporte 2880

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Contents

1	Graphs	5
1.1	Depth First Search (DFS)	5
1.2	Breadth First Search (BFS)	5

Chapter 1

Graphs

This chapter shows some of the basic algorithms and implementations required to solve problems that include graphs.

1.1 Depth First Search (DFS)

The DFS algorithm is a recursive algorithm that visits all the nodes of a graph. It is used to find connected components, topological sorting, and to find bridges and articulation points. The algorithm is as follows:

The implementation can be done as follows:

1.2 Breadth First Search (BFS)

The BFS algorithm is a non-recursive algorithm that visits all the nodes of a graph. It is used to find connected components, topological sorting, and to find bridges and articulation points, to better understand it, a propagating fire can be imagined. The algorithm is as follows:

The implementation can be done as follows:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;
signed main()
{
    vector<vector<int>> adj; // adjacency list representation
    int n; // number of nodes
    int s; // source vertex

    queue<int> q;
```

```
vector<bool> used(n);
vector<int> d(n), p(n);

q.push(s);
used[s] = true;
p[s] = -1;
while (!q.empty()) {
    int v = q.front();
    q.pop();
    for (int u : adj[v]) {
        if (!used[u]) {
            used[u] = true;
            q.push(u);
            d[u] = d[v] + 1;
            p[u] = v;
        }
    }
}
return 0;
}
```

Graphs/BFS.cpp

Algorithm 1 Depth First Search (DFS)

```

1: procedure DFS( $G$ )
2:    $visited \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
3:    $time \leftarrow 0$ 
4:    $parent \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
5:    $low \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
6:    $disc \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
7:    $AP \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
8:    $bridge \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
9:   for all  $v \in V$  do
10:     $visited[v] \leftarrow false$ 
11:     $parent[v] \leftarrow -1$ 
12:     $low[v] \leftarrow \infty$ 
13:     $disc[v] \leftarrow \infty$ 
14:  end for
15:  for all  $v \in V$  do
16:    if  $visited[v] = false$  then
17:      DFSUtil( $G, v, visited, time, parent, low, disc, AP, bridge$ )
18:    end if
19:  end for
20: end procedure
21: procedure DFSUTIL( $G, v, visited, time, parent, low, disc, AP, bridge$ )
22:    $visited[v] \leftarrow true$ 
23:    $disc[v] \leftarrow time$ 
24:    $low[v] \leftarrow time$ 
25:    $time \leftarrow time + 1$ 
26:    $children \leftarrow 0$ 
27:   for all  $u \in Adj(v)$  do
28:     if  $visited[u] = false$  then
29:        $parent[u] \leftarrow v$ 
30:        $children \leftarrow children + 1$ 
31:       DFSUtil( $G, u, visited, time, parent, low, disc, AP, bridge$ )
32:        $low[v] \leftarrow \min(low[v], low[u])$ 
33:       if  $parent[v] = -1$  and  $children > 1$  then
34:          $AP[v] \leftarrow true$ 
35:       end if
36:       if  $parent[v] \neq -1$  and  $low[u] \geq disc[v]$  then
37:          $AP[v] \leftarrow true$ 
38:       end if
39:       if  $low[u] > disc[v]$  then
40:          $bridge[v][u] \leftarrow true$ 
41:       end if
42:     else
43:        $low[v] \leftarrow \min(low[v], disc[u])$ 
44:     end if
45:   end for

```

Algorithm 2 Breadth First Search (BFS)

```

1: procedure BFS( $G$ )
2:    $visited \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
3:    $time \leftarrow 0$ 
4:    $parent \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
5:    $low \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
6:    $disc \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
7:    $AP \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
8:    $bridge \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
9:   for all  $v \in V$  do
10:     $visited[v] \leftarrow false$ 
11:     $parent[v] \leftarrow -1$ 
12:     $low[v] \leftarrow \infty$ 
13:     $disc[v] \leftarrow \infty$ 
14:  end for
15:  for all  $v \in V$  do
16:    if  $visited[v] = false$  then
17:      BFSUtil( $G, v, visited, time, parent, low, disc, AP, bridge$ )
18:    end if
19:  end for
20: end procedure
21: procedure BFSUTIL( $G, v, visited, time, parent, low, disc, AP, bridge$ )
22:    $visited[v] \leftarrow true$ 
23:    $disc[v] \leftarrow time$ 
24:    $low[v] \leftarrow time$ 
25:    $time \leftarrow time + 1$ 
26:    $children \leftarrow 0$ 
27:   for all  $u \in Adj(v)$  do
28:     if  $visited[u] = false$  then
29:        $parent[u] \leftarrow v$ 
30:        $children \leftarrow children + 1$ 
31:       BFSUtil( $G, u, visited, time, parent, low, disc, AP, bridge$ )
32:        $low[v] \leftarrow \min(low[v], low[u])$ 
33:       if  $parent[v] = -1$  and  $children > 1$  then
34:          $AP[v] \leftarrow true$ 
35:       end if
36:       if  $parent[v] \neq -1$  and  $low[u] \geq disc[v]$  then
37:          $AP[v] \leftarrow true$ 
38:       end if
39:       if  $low[u] > disc[v]$  then
40:          $bridge[v][u] \leftarrow true$ 
41:       end if
42:     else
43:        $low[v] \leftarrow \min(low[v], disc[u])$ 
44:     end if
45:   end for

```
