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For each function below, trace through it with reasonably small integer values. What does each function do?

HINT: You should assume integers are 8 bits for the purpose of this exercise.

```
int mystery1(int a, int b) {
    int c = a - b,
        d = (c >> 7) & 1,
        mystery = a - c * d;
    return mystery;
}
```

Trace: `mystery1(3, 7)` returns 7 ...(binary 00000111)

Trace: `mystery1(8, 7)` returns 8 ...(binary 00001000)

Summary: Mystery1 returns the max of two integer bits

```
void mystery2(int values[], int i, int j) {
    values[i] = values[i] ^ values[j];
    values[j] = values[i] ^ values[j];
    values[i] = values[i] ^ values[j];
}
```

Note: Improper C++ syntax found below.

Trace: `mystery2([1, 2, 3, 4], 0, 3)` values = [4, 2, 3, 1]

Trace: `mystery2([1, 2, 3, 4], 1, 2)` values = [1, 3, 2, 4]

Summary: Mystery2 swaps the values of indices i and j then returns

```
int mystery3(int x, int y) {
    int s, c;
    s = x ^ y;
    c = x & y;
    while (c != 0) {
        c = c << 1;
        x = s;
        y = c;
        s = x ^ y;
        c = x & y;
    }
    return s;
}
```

Trace: `mystery3(5, 7)` returns 12 ...(binary 00001100)

Trace: `mystery3(2, 8)` returns 10 ...(binary 00001010)

Summary: Mystery3 returns the sum of two integer inputs

Lab 4 work

Bitwise + Bitshift Operators

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① Mystery 1

Trace: `mystery1(3, 7)`

$c = a - b \rightarrow c = 3 - 7 = -4$
 $d = (c >> 7) \& 1 \rightarrow$
 $-4 = 11111100$
 $\text{shift } 7 = 1111111$
 $= -1$
 $\& 1 = 00000001$
 $d = 1$
 $a - c * d = 3 - (-4) * 1$
 $= 7$

Trace: `mystery1(8, 7)`

$c = a - b = 8 - 7 = 1$
 $d = (c >> 7) \& 1 \rightarrow$
 $1 = 00000001$
 $\text{shift } 7 = 00000000 = 0$
 $\& 1 = 00000000$
 $d = 0$
 $a - c * d = 8 - (1) * 0$
 $= 8$

② Mystery 2

Trace: `mystery2([1, 2, 3, 4], 0, 3)`

$v[0] = v[0] \wedge v[3]$
 $v[3] = v[0] \wedge v[3]$
 $v[0] = v[0] \wedge v[3]$
 $v[0] = 0101$
 $v[3] = 0001$
 $v[0] = 0100$

values = [4, 2, 3, 1]

Trace: `mystery2([1, 2, 3, 4], 1, 2)`

$v[1] = v[1] \wedge v[2]$
 $v[2] = v[1] \wedge v[2]$
 $v[1] = v[1] \wedge v[2]$
 $v[1] = 0001$
 $v[2] = 0010$
 $v[1] = 0011$

values = [1, 3, 2, 4]

③ Mystery 3

Trace: `mystery3(5, 7)`
 $s = x \wedge y \Rightarrow 0101 \wedge 0111 = 0010$
 $c = x \& y \Rightarrow 0101 \& 0111 = 0101$
 $1000 \wedge 0100 = 1100$

= 12

Trace: `mystery3(2, 8)`
 $s = x \wedge y \Rightarrow 0010 \wedge 1000 = 1010$
 $c = x \& y \Rightarrow 0010 \& 1000 = 0000$
 $0010 \wedge 1000 = 1010$

= 10