Juliah	Jelson Problem Set	7 Pledge"
	Problem 2 2 Stacks-	51 and 32
	Start read	mg tape
	· if striv	ng empty > Accept (alphaber)
	· all string	as must appear in a, b, c, d
		> iFinputis a"
		-push'onto 81 -continue until 400 see
		a different symbol than - if not "a" move to nexts
		- It not "a" move to nexts
	2nd State-	Push onto 82
		continue this until next
		symbol is not "b"
	2 . 1 Combo	move to next state
	315 Xale	> if input is "c"
		POP The 2's from SI
		For every cininput
		off of SI, REJECTSH
		m if SI not empty
	,th -	by end of ("'s REJECT
		state > if next input is D"
	if Both stacks	POP 2 "b" OFF OF
	empty by end - Accept	52 IF no more
	o if ork or More Stalls	"b" 's on S2, but
	not empty or there is more	Still more input, REJE
	input left but no more on	>if no more inpu
	Stacks -> REJECT	but "b" & still on
	(ofter bolbbind)	SZ, RESECT
		ense Move to next State

18 CARPER PER
Problem 2
L MUIE = { 2 2 bijc : i,j > 03
There is no pattern to
push/pop on stacks (unlike i+j) therefore it cannot
be recognized by a 2PDA
J
$\int et i = 4 \text{ and } j = 2$ $\int a^4 b^{4*2} c^2 \vec{z} = a a a a b b b b b b b b b c c$
if you were to a b put a's on stack a b ther Pop when b's a b
appear, you can have boo little amount of as so there would
SHII be b's And not enough is to pop his off
let i=1 j=2 abbcc
 No partern to aneralize
frind throughour - Cannot go rounce
1) OF CEL 200 CONTION
be recognized by 2PDA

P	Problem 3
	KNOWN - if L is CFL without & there is a CNF
	grammar for L
	KNOWN -> if L = Ø and L is regular then L can
	be expressed as the union of hu
	regular languages A An where
	each is accepted by a DFA with only 1 final state
	knowing these, we can constitut a new state
	Context Free Grammar in CNF
	G'= (V', Z, R1, S')
	VI = { < q, A, r > A e V as a deq, reas
	8' = < 90,8,9x
	$R' = \{ \langle q, A, r \rangle \rightarrow \epsilon \mid A \rightarrow \epsilon \in \mathbb{R}, \epsilon \in \Sigma \cup \{\epsilon\}, \{ \langle q, t \rangle = r\} \} $
	} (q, A, r) -> (qB, s) (s, C, r) A -> BC & R and q, r, s & Q
	(q, A,r) generates strings w to by A in G
	so starting in 9, and ending in state r
	let L, be a CFZ
	let L, be a CFZ \\ and \(\Sigma^* \) be regular
	LN Z* = L which is a CFL
	BASIC DESCRIPTION:
	-> CONSTRUCT MINPOA FOR L, the CFL and a DFA, MZ
	for the Reg lang Lz. > construct newNPDA that accepts L, NLZ
	> construct new NPDA i that accepts -112
	> M simulates M, and M2 MI accepts Ward M2 accepts
	9,1P) 210-1c (92/2) Ens