# Cruise Control Software Development Document V.0.7

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"I pledge my honor that I have abided by the Stevens Honor System."

# **Table of Contents**

- 1. Executive Summary
- 2. Introduction
  - a. Customer need
  - b. Major features
  - c. Reliability
  - d. Performance
- 3. Requirements
  - a. Functional Requirements
    - i. Inputs
    - ii. Outputs
  - b. Systems Requirements
  - c. Non-Functional Requirements
    - i. Performance
    - ii. Reliability
    - iii. Availability
    - iv. Maintainability
    - v. Security
- 4. Requirements Analysis Model
  - a. UML Use Cases & Diagrams
    - i. Use Case 1
    - ii. Use Case 2
    - iii. Use Case 3
    - iv. Use Case 4
    - v. Use Case 5
    - vi. Use Case 6
    - vii. Use Case 7
  - b. UML Class-Based Modeling
  - c. UML CRC Model Index Card
  - d. UML Activity Diagram
  - e. UML Sequence Diagram
  - f. UML State Diagram

# 1. Executive Summary

This project is to develop a cruise control that is used to automatically maintain a car's speed without the user having their foot on the gas pedal. Cruise control is a feature offered in the majority of modern cars to provide user convenience specifically for long drives on highways. Some major features that are needed to make the cruise control work include turning the program on and off, a dashboard display of the speed of the car, buttons to increase and decrease the speed as necessary, and so on. Our goal is to successfully implement these major features with no chance of failure in order to increase the reliability of our cruise control software and enhance the overall performance of the cruise control system.

## 2. Introduction

#### **High-Level Customer Need**

Cruise control is a highly sought after feature in vehicles that electronically interacts with the engine's management system to maintain its speed. Originally invented to save gas by reducing gas-wasting surges on the accelerator, cruise control provides an opportunity for the driver to rest their foot and safely adjust their positioning, while also helping to prevent speeding tickets on long roads and highways.

#### **Major Features**

Our implementation of cruise control needs a number of standard features in order to work properly. The first major feature we need is to take input that will turn cruise control on and off. In addition, cruise control needs to be able to shut off when the user presses the brake and, when the car turns off, the entire program should stop running. We need another input that sets the speed that the cruise control will maintain. To see the speed that we are maintaining we will need a dashboard display of a speedometer that shows the current speed. Input to increase and decrease the set speed of the cruise control will also be implemented so the driver does not have to turn off cruise control and try to get the desired speed by pressing the gas. There will be a logging system that writes data to an excel spreadsheet as soon as cruise control is turned on. It will track any changes in the program such as when it turns on, being set, the current speed, and when it is turned off or deactivates. This will provide a better understanding of how the cruise control program is running and if there is a problem, it will be easier to understand where and why it occurred.

# **High-Level Reliability**

As the reliability of our implementation of cruise control is directly related to the safety of the passengers, it is crucial to develop highly reliable software to give the passengers a sense of security. Ultimately, our goal will be for our implementation to have a success rate of 99.99% for hardware and 99.999% for software of the cruise control. To achieve this goal, we have to make sure that all of the major features mentioned above, such as turning the cruise control on and off, and setting the speed the passenger wants to maintain the vehicle at, should work 99.99% of the time. With our agile development process, we will successfully implement all the features with a low probability of failure and test the reliability of our implementations via series of tests and experiments, to make sure that we have reached our goals.

# **High-Level Performance**

The cruise control system will have to have optimal performance while the car is in motion. Optimal performance means that the vehicle will reach the cruise control speed that is set by the driver as soon as possible. The cruise control will also have to maintain the speed that the driver decided to set by the cruise control button until the driver turns off the engine or turns off the cruise control option. It is important that once the cruise control is turned on, and the speed has been set, that the vehicle does not dip above nor below the speed. A fluctuation of the speed of the car is an indicator of a low-level performance, which should be avoided and be accounted for when implementing the cruise control system in the vehicle.

# 3. Requirements

## **Functional Requirements**

#### <u>User-Inputs</u>

- FR-I-1. System shall accept the driver's activation of the system from a turn on input. The cruise control shall then turn on and display to the driver that cruise control has been turned on.
- FR-I-2. System shall accept the driver's deactivation of the system from a turn off input. The cruise control shall then turn off completely and the cruise control display icon will turn off.
- FR-I-3. System shall accept every setting of speed that is set by the driver. On a set speed input, cruise control shall set and maintain the speed of the car at the current speed shown on the speedometer.
- FR-I-4. System shall accept the driver's increase of the set speed. On an increased speed input, cruise control shall increase the set speed by 1 mph.
- FR-I-5. System shall accept the driver's decrease of the set speed. On a decreased speed input, cruise control shall decrease the set speed by 1 mph.
- FR-I-6. On an acceleration pedal input, the cruise control shall accept the user's increase of set speed and the car shall speed up. If the driver wants to set the speed of the car to the speed in which he accelerated, he can hit the set input again and the car will maintain this new speed. If the driver does not hit set and he releases the accelerator, the speed of the car will decelerate back to its original set speed.
- FR-I-7. On a brake input, cruise control shall turn off the set speed but the cruise control system shall still be turned on, and shall wait for a new set speed.
- FR-I-8. When the car turns off, cruise control shall turn off completely.

#### Sensors

- SN-1. The cruise control system shall have a sensor to detect the speed of the car
- SN-2. The cruise control system shall have a sensor to detect the time and use the sensor that detects the speed of the car to help log data to the log.

- SN-3. The system shall receive information from sensors about the brake application continuously every 0.5 seconds
- SN-4. The system shall provide an approval request to the sensors before activation

#### **EMS**

- EMS-1. The system shall receive the current speed from the EMS continuously every 1 second
- EMS-2. The system shall provide an activation request to the throttle (EMS)
- EMS-3. The system shall provide a deactivation request to the throttle (EMS)

#### Feedback from Output

- FR-O-1. Logging of car data shall begin within 1 second of the car turning on. Cruise control hardware shall provide visual feedback to the user on activation.
- FR-O-2. When the vehicle shuts down, cruise control hardware shall provide visual feedback to the user.
- FR-O-3. Once the speed has been set by the user, the cruise control hardware shall provide visual feedback on it.
- FR-O-4. The cruise control shall perform an automatic shutdown after one minute if cruise control has been turned on, but a speed has not been set.

# **System Requirements**

- SR-1. System shall accept all inputs within 2 seconds after the engine starts
- SR-2. System shall accept electric power from the alternator
- SR-3. System shall accept direct current from the car battery to support logging after engine is shut down
- SR-4. The system shall receive the time and date from the car's clock every second
- SR-5. The system shall provide an adjustment (increase or decrease) request to the throttle up to the allowable positions of speed
- SR-6. The system shall provide a physical interface for technicians to access in the case where maintenance is needed

- SR-7. The system software shall be configurable by the technician
- SR-8. The system hardware shall have a 99.99% availability
- SR-9. The system software shall have a 99.99% availability
- SR-10. The system shall have an accuracy range of plus-minus 1 of the set speed
- SR-11. The system shall adhere to the safe and secure communication protocol specified by the manufacturer, industry, and government
- SR-12. The system shall only be accessible only to authorized dealers via hard-wired interface and be password protected/

# **Non-Functional Requirements**

#### Performance

- NF-P-1. The cruise control system shall display that it is turned on within 100ms of a turn on input from the driver.
- NF-P-2. The cruise control system shall turn off within 100ms of a turn off input.
- NF-P-3. The cruise control system shall deactivate the set speed within 100ms of a brake input.

#### **Reliability**

NF-R-1. The cruise control system shall be available to use 99.99% of the time

## **Availability**

- NF-A-1. The cruise control system shall be ready to use without delay 99.99% of the time.
- NF-A-2. The cruise control system shall be ready to turn on within 2 seconds after the car is turned on and the engine starts running.
- NF-A-3. The cruise control system shall only be able to maintain a speed once the car is driving at a minimum speed of 25 mph.

# **Maintainability**

- NF-M-1. The cruise control shall be able to maintain itself until the car becomes unable to move. If maintenance is needed, the cruise control unit shall be able to signal to the driver whenever the system is unavailable and cruise control shall not be activated.
- NF-M-2. The technician shall be able to view all of the logged data from the cruise control system.

# **Security**

NF-S-1.

The cruise control unit shall not be connected to the internet, so it will not be vulnerable to cyber attacks. The only vulnerability it has is if there is a physical harm against the unit. If the cruise control system were to fall to a physical attack that caused any controls or sensors to malfunction outside optimal operation, the cruise control system would alert the driver and deny usage.

# 4. Requirements Analysis Modeling

#### **UML Use Cases**

Use case 1: Usage of turn on and set speed

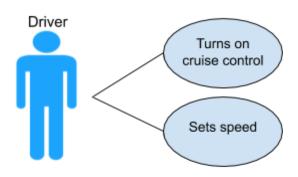
**Primary actor:** The driver

*Goal in context:* The cruise control system turns on and the user sets speed *Precondition:* The car is in good condition, and the driver is trying to use cruise control in an appropriate condition (driving at a speed of over 25 mph)

*Trigger:* Driver decides to use cruise control on a highway

- 1. The driver powers on cruise control through the user interface.
- 2. Cruise control starts writing to a log.
- 3. Cruise control gives visual feedback to show that it has been activated.
- 4. The driver sets speed to the current speed of the car.
- 5. Cruise control requests the speed from sensors.
- 6. Sensors provide approval to set cruise control at current speed.
- 7. Cruise control requests the Engine Management System to set the speed at current position for desired speed.
- 8. The Engine Management System is set to the indicated speed, and is visually shown to the driver.
- 9. Cruise control detects inputs from the driver (including increase speed, decrease speed, accelerator, brake, and turn off) and adjusts speed, deactivates, or turns off cruise control completely depending on which input is given.
- 10. The set speed is maintained regardless of whether the driver is going uphill or downhill.
- 11. Speed is continuously reported to the cruise control system.

**Exception:** If there is something wrong with the cruise control system, it will not turn on and the user will have to get it fixed before he can use it again.



*Use case 2:* Usage of brake with cruise control engaged.

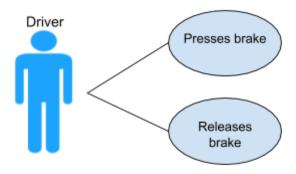
**Primary actor:** The driver.

*Goal in context:* Cruise control shall disengage when brake is applied.

**Precondition:** The car is in good condition, and the driver has activated cruise control and set the speed.

*Trigger:* Driver must brake to avoid potential collision.

- 1. While using cruise control, the driver sets foot on the brake pedal.
- 2. Cruise control set speed is deactivated and the car decelerates.
- 3. Cruise control logs the brake pedal input and the changes in the speed of the car.
- 4. Cruise control gives visual feedback to show that the car is decelerating.
- 5. Cruise control remains turned on until the user requests a speed to be set or the user turns off the cruise control system completely by using a turn off input.
- 6. Speed is continuously reported to the cruise control system.



*Use case 3:* Usage of accelerator with cruise control engaged.

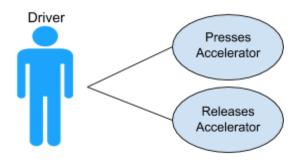
**Primary actor:** The driver.

*Goal in context:* Cruise control shall allow acceleration and then re-engage at the originally set speed when the accelerator is released.

**Precondition:** The car is in good condition, and the driver has activated cruise control and set the speed.

*Trigger:* Driver wants to use the accelerator to pass another car on the road.

- 1. While using cruise control, the driver sets foot on the accelerator pedal.
- 2. Cruise control shall allow the acceleration of the vehicle.
- 3. Cruise control logs the acceleration pedal input and the changes in the speed of the car.
- 4. Cruise control gives visual feedback to show that the car is accelerating.
- 5. The driver releases the accelerator and the vehicle begins to decelerate.
- 6. Cruise control logs the acceleration pedal input and the changes in the speed of the car.
- 7. Cruise control requests the speed from sensors.
- 8. Cruise control shall read the speed log and decelerate until the previous set speed is reached.
- 9. Cruise control shall request the Engine Management System to maintain the speed at the current position.
- 10. Cruise control shall display visual feedback of the current speed to the driver.
- 11. Speed is continuously reported to the cruise control system.



*Use case 4:* Usage of accelerator when driver sets speed

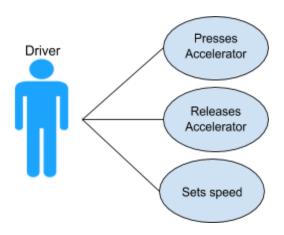
**Primary actor:** The driver.

*Goal in context:* Cruise control shall allow acceleration and on set speed input, sets the speed of the car to the new speed the driver accelerated to.

**Precondition:** The car is in good condition, and the driver has activated cruise control and set the speed.

*Trigger:* Driver wants to use the accelerator to pass another car on the road.

- 1. While using cruise control, the driver sets foot on the accelerator pedal.
- 2. Cruise control shall allow the acceleration of the vehicle.
- 3. Cruise control logs the acceleration pedal input and the changes in the speed of the car.
- 4. Cruise control gives visual feedback to show that the car is accelerating.
- 5. The driver releases the accelerator and sets the speed at the current speed.
- 6. Cruise control logs the acceleration pedal input and the changes in the speed of the car.
- 7. Cruise control requests the speed from sensors.
- 8. Cruise control shall read the speed log and decelerate until the previous set speed is reached or the user requests to set the speed.
- 9. The driver requests to set the speed at the current speed.
- 10. Sensors provide approval to set cruise control at current speed.
- 11. Cruise control requests the Engine Management System to set the speed at current position for desired speed.
- 12. The Engine Management System is set to the indicated speed, and is visually shown to the driver.
- 13. Cruise control shall display visual feedback of the current speed to the driver.
- 14. Speed is continuously reported to the cruise control system.



*Use Case 5:* Usage of the increase speed button while cruise control is on and speed is set.

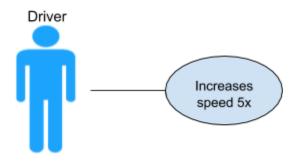
**Primary actor:** The driver.

*Goal in context:* Cruise control shall increment the set speed by 1 mph with each input.

**Precondition:** The car is in good condition, and the driver has activated cruise control and set the speed.

*Trigger:* Driver wants to increase the currently set speed 5 mph, without using the accelerator pedal.

- 1. While cruise control is activated and currently set at a speed, the driver triggers the increase speed input on the cruise control interface.
- 2. Cruise control requests speed values from sensors.
- 3. Sensors provide approval to set cruise control at the incremented speed.
- 4. Cruise control logs the increase speed input and the changes in the speed of the car.
- 5. Cruise control requests the Engine Management System to increase the speed by 1 mph.
- 6. The Engine Management System is set to 1 mph over the original set speed.
- 7. Cruise control shall display visual feedback of the current set speed to the driver.
- 8. Speed is continuously reported to the cruise control system.
- 9. The user repeats step 1 and the cruise control system repeats steps 2-7.



*Use Case 6:* Usage of the decrease speed button while cruise control is on and speed is set.

**Primary actor:** The driver.

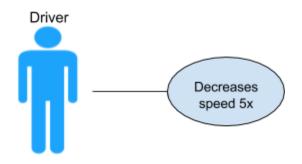
*Goal in context:* Cruise control shall decrement the set speed by 1 mph with each input.

**Precondition:** The car is in good condition, and the driver has activated cruise control and set the speed.

*Trigger:* Driver wants to decrease the currently set speed 5 mph.

- 1. While cruise control is activated and currently set at a speed, the driver triggers the decrease speed input on the cruise control interface.
- 2. Cruise control requests speed values from sensors.
- 3. Sensors provide approval to set cruise control at the decreased speed.
- 4. Cruise control logs the decrease speed input and the changes in the speed of the car.
- 5. Cruise control requests the Engine Management System to decrease the speed by 1 mph.
- 6. The Engine Management System is set to 1 mph under the original set speed.
- 7. Cruise control shall display visual feedback of the current set speed to the driver
- 8. Speed is continuously reported to the cruise control system.
- 9. The user repeats step 1 and the cruise control system repeats steps 2-7.

*Exception:* If the driver is trying to decrease speed under 25 mph, the Engine Management System will not adjust the speed and cruise control shall display visual feedback regarding the speed not being updated.



Use Case 7: Usage of the turn off input

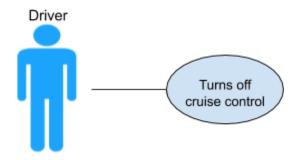
**Primary actor:** The driver.

Goal in context: Cruise control shall turn off completely on a turn off input

**Precondition:** The driver has cruise control turned on.

*Trigger:* Driver wants to turn off cruise control completely.

- 1. While cruise control is on, the driver triggers the turn off input.
- 2. If the car is driving at a set speed, the set speed is deactivated and the car decelerates.
- 3. Cruise control turns off completely.
- 4. Cruise control gives visual feedback to show that the car is decelerating.
- 5. Cruise control gives visual feedback to show cruise control has been turned off completely.
- 6. If cruise control is on, but no set speed has been activated, the cruise control system turns off completely.
- 7. Cruise control gives visual feedback to show cruise control has been turned off completely.



# **UML Class-Based Modeling**

#### **Cruise Control**

Time

Current speed

turnOn() setSpeed()

increaseSetSpeed()

decreaseSetSpeed()

accelerateSpeed()

disengageSpeed()
TurnOff()

#### **UML CRC Model Index Card**

Class: turnOn()		
Activates the cruise control system Keeps the cruise control on standby, waiting for set speed Keeps the cruise control on standby, waiting for the increase speed Keeps the cruise control on standby, waiting for the decrease speed Keeps the cruise control on standby, waiting for the cruise control off	Set speed Increase speed Decrease speed Cruise Control Off	

Class: turnOff()		
Deactivates the cruise control system Disables the "cruise control on"	Cruise Control On	

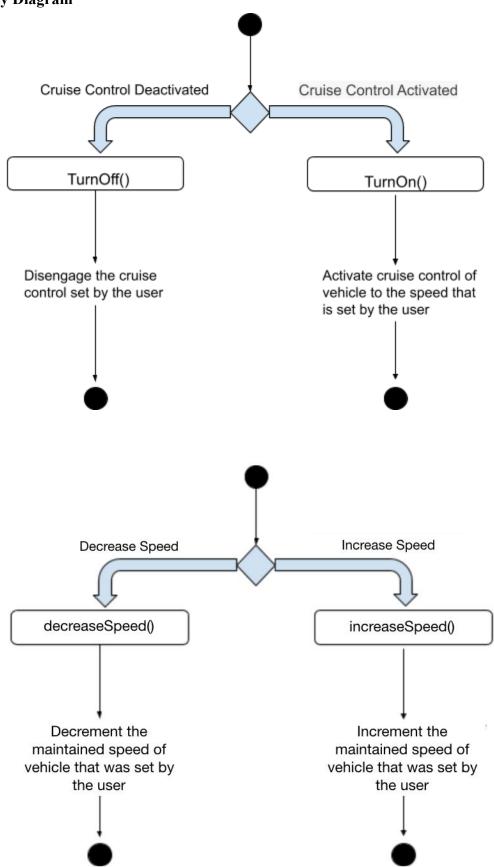
Class: setSpeed()	
Sets the speed of the cruise control system Sets the new speed to the increased speed that is set by driver Sets the new speed to the decreased speed that is set by driver	Increase speed Decrease speed

Class: increaseSetSpeed()	
Increases the desired speed that can be set by the driver	
Class: decreaseSetSpeed()	
Decreases the desired speed that can be set by the driver	

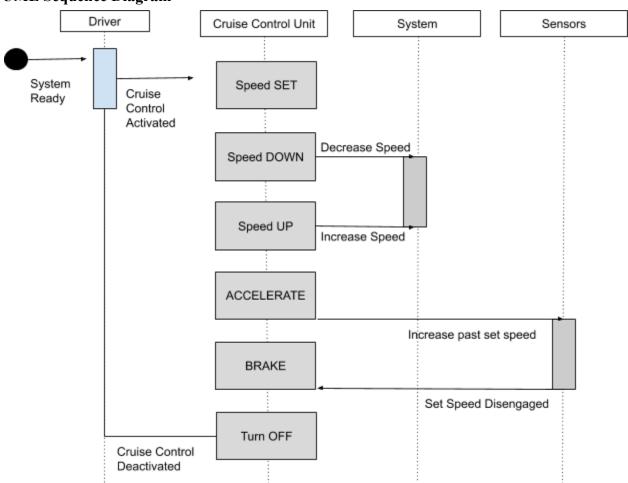
Class: accelerateSpeed()		
Increases the speed of the car Speed is increased past the speed that is set by the cruise control system After the acceleration pedal is released, cruise control shall maintain originally set speed upon deceleration.	Accelerator pedal	

Class: disengageSetSpeed()	
Vehicle will start to decelerate, but cruise control will still be active Cruise control system will still stay activated The vehicle will not have the set speed anymore	Brake pedal

#### **UML Activity Diagram**



# **UML Sequence Diagram**



# **UML State Diagram**

