

# **SQL**

## **Solutions to Exercise of Simple SQL Queries**

# Exercise for Simple SQL Queries

- **Schema**

- Student (snum: integer, sname: string, major: string, level: string, age: integer)
- Class (cname: string, meets\_at: string, room: string, fid: integer)
- Enrolled (snum: integer, cname: string)
- Faculty (fid: integer, fname: string, deptid: integer)

# Simple Projection/Selection

- **Q1: Find the department ID of the faculty member named *Adam Smith*.**
- **Q2: Find the names of all junior students (level='JR') and older than 20**

Q1: SELECT deptid  
FROM Faculty  
WHERE fname = 'Adam Smith';

Q2: SELECT S.sname  
FROM Student S  
WHERE S.level = 'JR' AND S.age>20;

**What if only unique names are needed for output?**

# Simple Projection/Selection

- **Q3: Find the classes that have at least one enrollment.**

**Q3:** SELECT cname  
FROM Enrolled;

# Join

- **Q4: Find names and majors of students who have enrolled in at least one class.**
- **Q5: Find names of students who have enrolled in at least two classes.**

Q4: SELECT S.sname, S.major  
FROM Student S, Enrolled E  
WHERE S.snum = E.snum;

Q5: SELECT S.sname  
FROM Student S, Enrolled E1, Enrolled E2  
WHERE E1.snum = E2.snum AND  
E1.cnum <> E2.cnum AND S.snum = E1.snum;

(Note: S.snum = E2.snum is redundant due to S.snum = E1.snum and E1.snum = E2.snum in WHERE clause)

# Join

- **Q6: Find distinct names of all Juniors (*level = JR*) enrolled in a class taught by *Adam Smith*.**

```
Q6: SELECT DISTINCT S.sname
     FROM Student S, Class C, Enrolled E, Faculty F
     WHERE S.snum = E.snum
           AND E.cname = C.name
           AND C.fid = F.fid
           AND F.fname = 'Adam Smith'
           AND S.level = 'JR';
```

# Set Operations

- **Q7: Find the distinct names of all students who have enrolled in both CS442 and CS392.**

Q7 Sol#1 (use set operations):

```
SELECT DISTINCT S.sname
FROM Student S, Enrolled E
WHERE S.snum = E.snum AND E.cnum = 'CS442'
INTERSECT
SELECT DISTINCT S2.sname
FROM Student S2, Enrolled E2
WHERE S2.snum = E2.snum AND E2.cnum = 'CS392'
```

# Set Operations

- **Q7: Find the distinct names of all students who have enrolled in both CS442 and CS392.**

Q7 Sol#2 (without using set operations):

```
SELECT DISTINCT S.sname
FROM Student S, Enrolled E1, Enrolled E2
WHERE S.snum = E1.snum
      AND E1.snum = E2.snum
      AND E1.cnum = 'CS442'
      AND E2.cnum = 'CS392';
```