



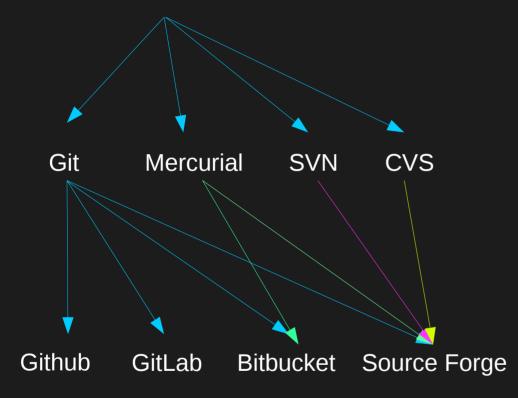
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&

Nicolas Garavito-Camargo
TIMESTEP
04/18/17

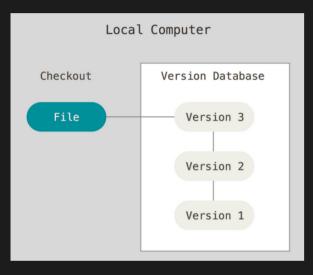
https://github.com/jngaravitoc/github_hands_on

Version control: software that does management of changes to documents



Web-based hosting service for source code.

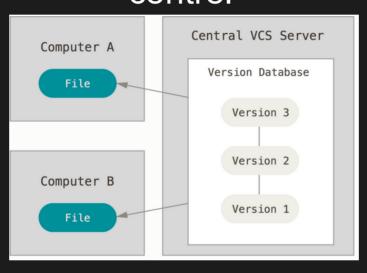
Local version control



Local version control

Checkout Version Database Version 3 Version 2 Version 1

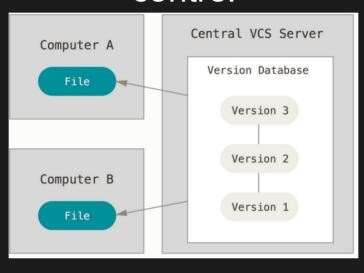
Centralized version control



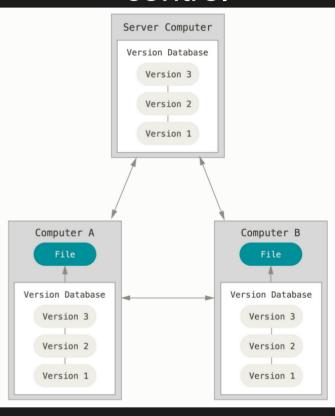
Local version control

Checkout Version Database File Version 3 Version 2 Version 1

Centralized version control



Distributed version control



Git, Mercurial, SVN, etc..

Github features

- Unlimited Public repositories, limited Private repositories.
- Documentation of software: Doc, Readme
- Issues: Report bugs or other issues with a given code (Issues can be closed when they are resolved).
- Email notifications.
- Github host web pages: https://pages.github.com/

Student package: https://education.github.com/pack

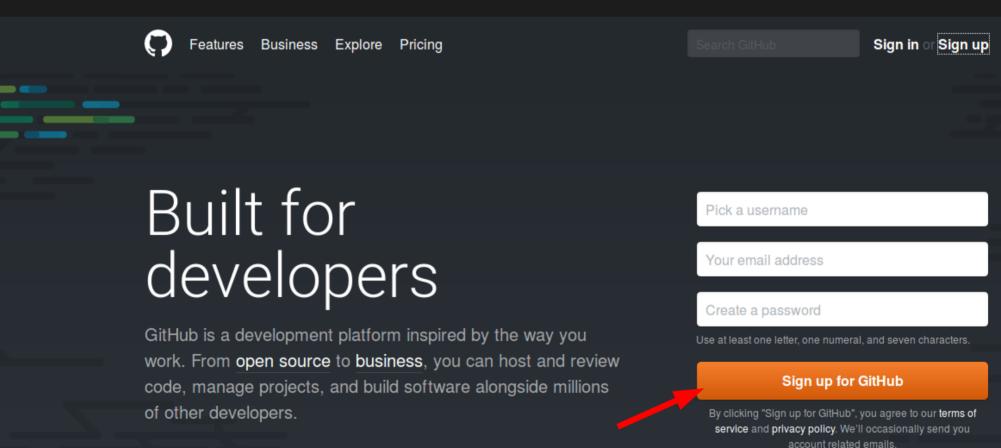
Github in astronomy:

- NASA, LSST, DESI etc ...
- Astropy: https://github.com/astropy/astropy
 Matplolib, scikits-learn, emcee, and many many more.
- Help science be reproducible.

Hands-on

https://github.com/jngaravitoc/github hands on

1. Create a github account: go to github.com



2. Installing git(see the docs)

For mac: Type git and follow instructions.

For Linux:

```
$ sudo yum install git-all
$ sudo apt-get install git-all
```

3. Set up git

(https://help.github.com/articles/set-up-git/)

Set a Git user name

```
$ git config --global user.name
"Mona Lisa"
```

 Setting your email address for every repository on your computer

```
$ git config --global user.email
"email@example.com"
```

Optional: Caching your GitHub password in Git

go here

4. Create a repository.

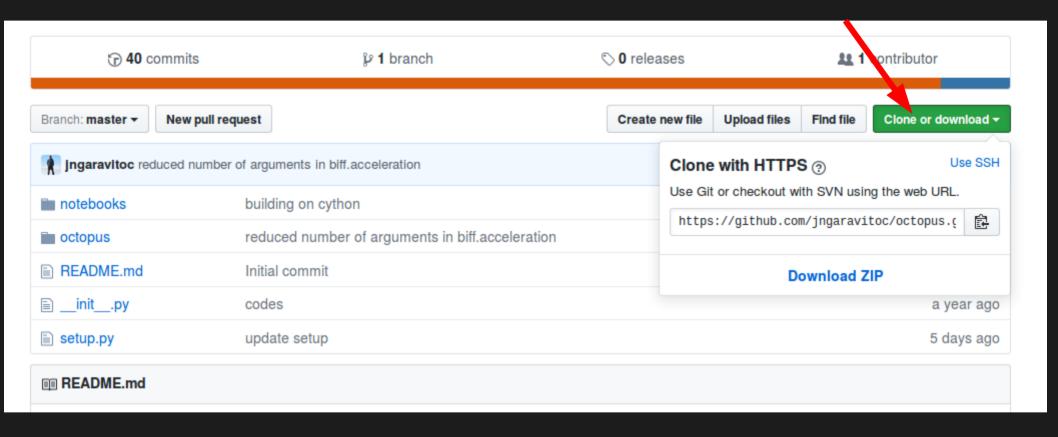
From github:

https://help.github.com/articles/create-a-repo/

From a terminal:

Adding an existing project to github

5. Clone your repository to your computer and see its status.



```
$ cd github_repos
$ git clone https://github.com/....
$ git status
```

6. Add a file, commit and push your file

```
Create a document $ echo 'hello git' > git_doc.txt
```

See your repository status \$ qit status

```
Add your file → start tracking your file (staging area) $ git add first_doc.txt $ git status
```

```
Commit your file → Store your file $ git commit -m 'descriptive comment' $ git log $ git push
```

7. Editing, moving and removing files.

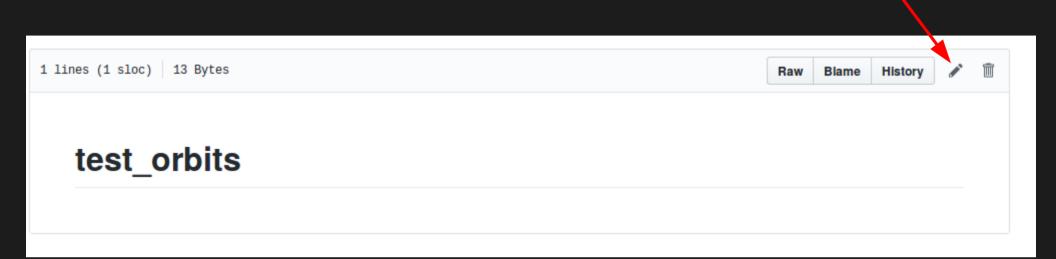
Move a file: \$ git mv file_from file_to

Remove a file:

\$rm file
\$ git rm file

Remove file from github but not from your pc. \$git rm --cached file

Do a commit through your repository web page.



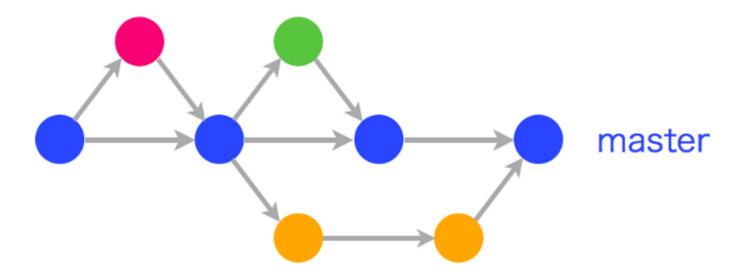
Pull your web page commits to your laptop.

On your repository type:

\$ git pull

8. Branches

GitHub flow



Creating a branch:

- \$ git branch editing
- \$ git checkout editing
- \$ git branch

Do some changes in the editing branch and commit those changes:

- \$ git add debugged code.py
- \$ git commit -m 'fixed bug in ... '
- \$ git push origin editing

Merging the editing branch with the master branch:

- \$ git checkout master
- \$ git merge editing
- \$ git push
- \$ git branch -d editing
- \$ git push origin --delete editing

9. Pull requests:

- 1. Clone your neighbor's repository.
- 2. Do some edits to your copy of their repository.
- 3. Go to their repository on github.
- 4. Click on New Pull Request. If pull request accepted you can merge your changes into their master branch.

Open a pull request

Create a new pull request by comparing changes across two branches. If you need to, you can also compare across forks.

base: master - ... compare: version0.3 - ... Able to merge. These branches can be automatically merged.

10. Collaborating

a) You are part of the team.

- Add a colleague to your repository.
- Clone the repository.
- Do your edits.
- Commit your edits / pull requests.

b) You are not part of the team.

- Fork a repository.
- Do your edits.
- Commit your edits and make a pull request.

Good practices:

- 1. Document your code: use doc strings.
- 2. Before working always: \$git pull
- 3. Use descriptive comments in your commits, avoid 'update'
- 4. Cite and acknowledge others code in your code and repository.
- 5. Add a License and a readme to your repository.

Useful links

- Github help web page is very complete:
 - https://help.github.com/
- Git documents are very complete and easy to read:
 - https://git-scm.com/doc
- A 15 min interactive tutorial: https://try.github.io/levels/1/challenges/1