Regression-discontinuity designs

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目录

1	Preparation		
	1.1	Import Data	2
	1.2	Data	2
	1.3	Load rddtools package	3
	1.4	Set outcome, forcing and cutoff variable	4
	1.5	Summary and Plot	4
2	Estimate RDD		
	2.1	Parametric estimation	5
	2.2	Nonparametric estimation	6
	2.3	Covariates	7
3	Reg	gression sensitivity analysis	9
4	Placebo Tests		10
5	Design sensitivity analysis		12

1 Preparation

1.1 Import Data

```
#install.packages("foreign")
library("foreign")
votex<-read.dta("/Users/admin/Desktop/teaching assistant/Econometrics/teaching assistant/</pre>
```

1.2 Data

```
str(votex)
## 'data.frame':
                    349 obs. of 19 variables:
              : Factor w/ 51 levels "AL", "AK", "AZ", ...: 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 4 ...
   $ district : int 2 3 5 7 0 2 3 4 5 1 ...
               : num -0.0129 0.2373 0.1714 0.2053 -0.0192 ...
   $ d
               : int 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 ...
##
   $ win
##
   $ lne
               : num 22.2 21.3 21.3 21.1 21.5 ...
               : int 110111111...
   $ i
##
    $ votingpop: int 383051 390281 385257 386174 271051 372763 389417 374765 390294 39
    $ votpop
               : num 0.697 0.703 0.701 0.691 0.675 ...
##
    $ populatn : int
                      549505 555321 549844 559247 401851 543217 544970 543509 542880 57
##
    $ black
               : num 0.3075 0.282 0.1425 0.3331 0.0342 ...
##
    $ blucllr : num 0.0862 0.1132 0.0951 0.0881 0.0467 ...
##
               : num 0.01528 0.00928 0.00994 0.00975 0.01038 ...
    $ farmer
##
    $ fedwrkr : num 0.0216 0.0233 0.0451 0.0135 0.0491 ...
    $ forborn : num 0.01166 0.00926 0.01448 0.00764 0.04035 ...
##
               : num 0.0832 0.1283 0.1145 0.0903 0.0258 ...
##
    $ manuf
    $ unemplyd : num   0.0271   0.0316   0.0372   0.0315   0.0443   ...
               : num 3.31e-05 3.28e-05 3.31e-05 3.25e-05 7.56e-05 ...
##
   $ union
    $ urban
               : num 0.65 0.545 0.581 0.522 0.643 ...
##
##
    $ veterans : num   0.107   0.106   0.117   0.104   0.137   ...
   - attr(*, "datalabel")= chr "102nd Congress"
```

1 PREPARATION 3

```
## - attr(*, "time.stamp")= chr " 4 Feb 2013 15:33"
## - attr(*, "formats")= chr "%8.0g" "%8.0g" "%10.0g" "%9.0g" ...
## - attr(*, "types")= int 251 251 255 251 254 251 253 255 253 255 ...
## - attr(*, "val.labels")= chr "fips" "" "" "" ...
## - attr(*, "var.labels")= chr "State code " "Congr district " "Dem vote share minus "" - attr(*, "version")= int 12
## - attr(*, "label.table")=List of 1
## ...$ fips: Named int 1 2 4 5 6 8 9 10 11 12 ...
## ...- attr(*, "names")= chr "AL" "AK" "AZ" "AR" ...
```

1.3 Load rddtools package

```
#install.packages("devtools")
\#devtools::install\_github("bquast/rddtools")
library("rddtools")
## Loading required package: AER
## Loading required package: car
## Loading required package: carData
## Loading required package: lmtest
## Loading required package: zoo
##
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       as.Date, as.Date.numeric
## Loading required package: sandwich
## Loading required package: survival
## Loading required package: np
```

1 PREPARATION 4

```
## Nonparametric Kernel Methods for Mixed Datatypes (version 0.60-9)
## [vignette("np_faq",package="np") provides answers to frequently asked questions]
## [vignette("np",package="np") an overview]
## [vignette("entropy_np",package="np") an overview of entropy-based methods]
```

1.4 Set outcome, forcing and cutoff variable

```
votex_rdd <- rdd_data(x=d, y=lne,cutpoint=0, data=votex)</pre>
```

1.5 Summary and Plot

```
summary(votex_rdd)

## ### rdd_data object ###

##

## Cutpoint: 0

## Type: Sharp

## Sample size:

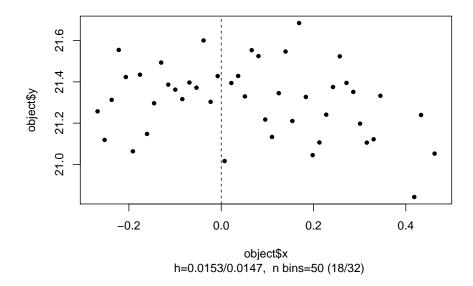
## -Full : 349

## -Left : 131

## -Right: 218

## Covariates: no

plot(votex_rdd,nbins=50)
```

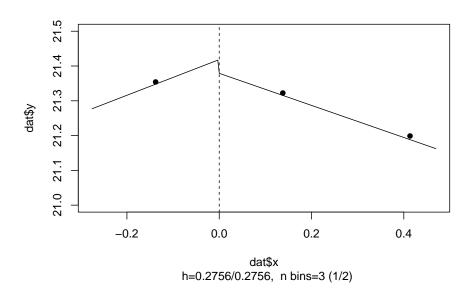


2 Estimate RDD

2.1 Parametric estimation

```
library("rddtools")
reg_para<-rdd_reg_lm(votex_rdd,slope="separate",order = 1)</pre>
print(reg_para)
## ### RDD regression: parametric ###
##
    Polynomial order: 1
    Slopes: separate
##
    Number of obs: 349 (left: 131, right: 218)
##
##
    Coefficient:
##
##
      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## D -0.039487
                 0.095882 -0.4118
                                    0.6807
```

```
plot(reg_para,ylim=c(21,21.5))
```



2.2 Nonparametric estimation

```
reg_np <- rdd_reg_np(rdd_object=votex_rdd, slope = "separate")
print(reg_np)

## ### RDD regression: nonparametric local linear###

## Bandwidth: 0.3592744

## Number of obs: 345 (left: 131, right: 214)

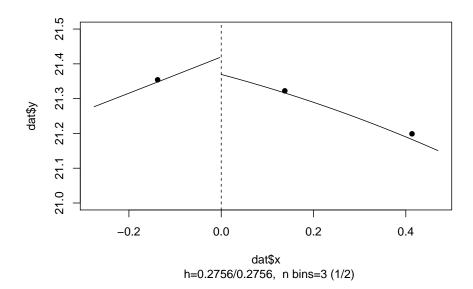
##

## Coefficient:

## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)

## D -0.069645 0.099797 -0.6979 0.4853

plot(reg_np,ylim=c(21,21.5))
```



- Reference
- Guido Imbens & Karthik Kalyanaraman, 2012, "Optimal Bandwidth Choice for the Regression Discontinuity Estimator", Review of Economic Studies, Vol. 79(3), 933-959

2.3 Covariates

```
votex_rdd_cov <- rdd_data(x=d, y=lne,cutpoint=0, data=votex,covar=c(votex$i,votex$votpo
summary(votex_rdd_cov)

## ### rdd_data object ###
##</pre>
```

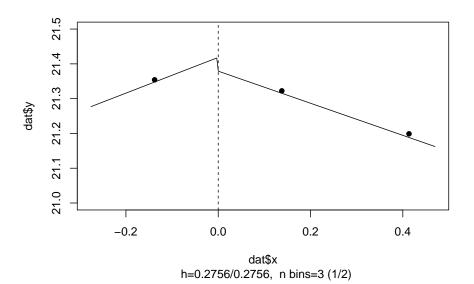
Cutpoint: 0
Type: Sharp
Sample size:
-Full : 1047
-Left : 393
-Right: 654

Covariates: yes

library("rddtools")

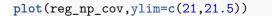
plot(reg_para_cov,ylim=c(21,21.5))

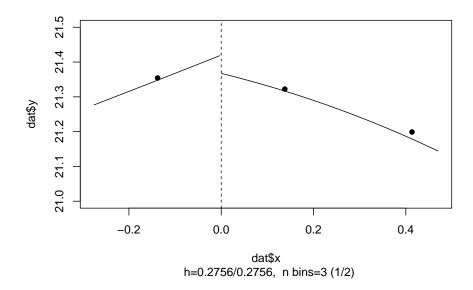
```
reg_para_cov<- rdd_reg_lm(rdd_object=votex_rdd_cov,slope="separate",covariates=c(votex</pre>
print(reg_para_cov)
## ### RDD regression: parametric ###
   Polynomial order: 1
##
   Slopes: separate
##
   Number of obs: 1047 (left: 393, right: 654)
##
##
##
   Coefficient:
      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## D -0.039487
                 0.055145 -0.7161
                                    0.4741
```



```
reg_np_cov <- rdd_reg_np(rdd_object=votex_rdd_cov, slope = "separate",covariates=c(vote
print(reg_np_cov)</pre>
```

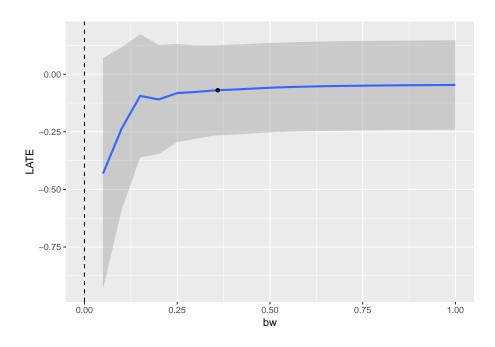
```
## ### RDD regression: nonparametric local linear###
## Bandwidth: 0.3068581
## Number of obs: 1008 (left: 393, right: 615)
##
## Coefficient:
## Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## D -0.076478 0.058771 -1.3013 0.1932
```





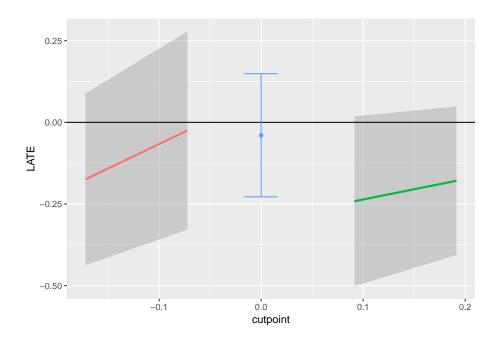
3 Regression sensitivity analysis

```
plotSensi(reg_np,0,1,level = 0.95, output = c("data", "ggplot"), plot = TRUE)
```

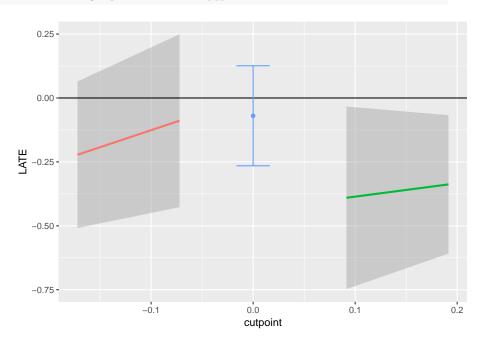


4 Placebo Tests

plotPlacebo(reg_para, device = "ggplot",level = 0.95)

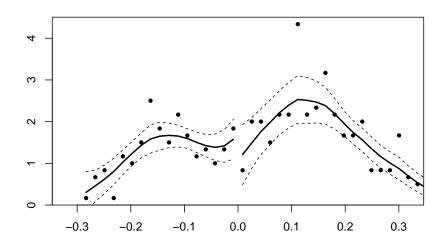


plotPlacebo(reg_np, device = "ggplot",level = 0.95)



5 Design sensitivity analysis

dens_test(reg_para)



```
##
## McCrary Test for no discontinuity of density around cutpoint
##
## data: reg_para
## z-val = -0.96632, p-value = 0.3339
## alternative hypothesis: Density is discontinuous around cutpoint
## sample estimates:
## Discontinuity
## -0.4293967
```

• Reference

• Justin McCrary,2008, "Manipulation of the running variable in the regression discontinuity design: A density test", Journal of Econometrics, Vol.142(2),698-714