

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Course Code: CSE 370	Credits: 3.0
Course Name: Database Systems	Semester: Summer 2025

Lab Assignment 2

Proving yourself worthy of being able to handle more significant tasks, the tech lead has decided to give you a challenging job. However, this time, the data you would be handling is very sensitive and no one wants this data to be leaked. Therefore, instead of getting the entire table, the tech lead has given you the list of attributes that the table contains and the table name. The information given is as follows:

You will use a database called **Company_<Your8DigitStudentID>**.

Format: CREATE DATABASE Company_<Your8DigitStudentID>;
CREATE DATABASE Company_12345678;
USE Company_12345678;

Table Name: <i>Employee</i>	
Attribute Name	Attribute type
<i>employee_id</i>	char(10)
<i>first_name</i>	varchar(20)
<i>last_name</i>	varchar(20)
<i>email</i>	varchar(60)
<i>phone_number</i>	char(14)
<i>hire_date</i>	date

<i>job_id</i>	char(10)
<i>salary</i>	int
<i>commission_pct</i>	decimal(5,3)
<i>manager_id</i>	char(10)
<i>department_id</i>	char(10)

You need to insert rows (around 10 or more to test all of the queries for the following tasks) as per the data types of the attributes/columns and problem statements of the following tasks.

Employee IDs should be 'EMP001', 'EMP002', etc.

Job IDs should be 'JOB001', 'JOB002', etc.

Manager IDs should be 'MNG001', 'MNG002', etc.

Department IDs should be DPT001, ..., DPT005, ... DPT007, etc.

Write down the queries to retrieve the following information:

[7

X 2 =14]

1.Find the **first_name**, **last_name**, **email**, **phone_number**, **hire_date** and **department_id** of all the employees with the latest **hire_date**.

Answer: select first_name,last_name,email,phone_number,hire_date,department_id from employee where hire_date = (select max(hire_date) from employee);

```

MariaDB [company_22299510]> select first_name,last_name,email,phone_number,hire_date,department_id from employee where hire_date = (select max(hire_date) from employee);
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| first_name | last_name | email          | phone_number | hire_date | department_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Marga     | Ton      | marga@apollo.com | 7767767768  | 2023-11-17 | DPT007        |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [company_22299510]>

```

2.Find the **first_name**, **last_name**, **employee_id**, **phone_number**, **salary** and **department_id** of all the employees with the lowest **salary** in each department.

Answer: select first_name, last_name, employee_id, phone_number, salary, department_id from employee e1 where salary = (select min(salary) from employee where department_id = e1.department_id);

```
MariaDB [company_22299510]> select first_name, last_name, employee_id, phone_number, salary, department_id from employee e1 where salary = (select min(salary) from employee where department_id = e1.department_id);
```

first_name	last_name	employee_id	phone_number	salary	department_id
Ryan	Rauf	EMP002	87321633632	20000	DPT001
Rafi	Resig	EMP003	6546546543	5000	DPT005
Khaled	Eich	EMP004	43278939570	30000	DPT002
Linus	Biswas	EMP005	9879879876	2000	DPT006
Roddil	Johnson	EMP013	4543601744	2000	DPT003
Faltu	Nakami	EMP015	98165630488	1500	DPT004
Dennis	Rich	EMP016	4324324324	1000	DPT007
Richie	Hockley	EMP018	5435435432	1000	DPT007
Yukini	Natonumi	EMP019	198488840488	10000	DPT005

```
9 rows in set (0.003 sec)

MariaDB [company_22299510]>
```

Answer :

3.Find the **first_name**, **last_name**, **employee_id**, **commission_pct** and **department_id** of all the employees in the department 'DPT007' who have a lower commission_pct than all of the department 'DPT005' employees.

Answer: SELECT first_name, last_name, employee_id, commission_pct, department_id FROM employee WHERE department_id = 'DPT007' AND commission_pct < ALL (SELECT commission_pct FROM employee WHERE department_id = 'DPT005');

```
MariaDB [company_22299510]> SELECT first_name, last_name, employee_id, commission_pct, department_id FROM employee WHERE department_id = 'DPT007' AND commission_pct < ALL (SELECT commission_pct FROM employee WHERE department_id = 'DPT005');
```

first_name	last_name	employee_id	commission_pct	department_id
Marga	Ton	EMP020	0.001	DPT007

```
1 row in set (0.001 sec)

MariaDB [company_22299510]>
```

4.Find the **department_id** and total number of employees of each department which does not have a single employee under it with a **salary** more than 30,000.

Answer: select department_id, count(*) as total_employees from employee group by department_id having max(salary) <= 30000;

```
MariaDB [company_22299510]> select department_id, count(*) as total_employees from employee group by department_id having max(salary) <= 30000;
```

department_id	total_employees
DPT005	1
DPT003	2
DPT004	2
DPT006	1

```
4 rows in set (0.006 sec)
```

5.For each department, find the **department_id**, **job_id** and **commission_pct** with **commission_pct** less than at least one other **job_id** in that department.

Answer:select e1.department_id, e1.job_id, e1.commission_pct from employee e1 where exists (select 1 from employee e2 where e1.department_id = e2.department_id and e1.job_id <> e2.job_id and e1.commission_pct < e2.commission_pct);

```
MariaDB [company_22299510]> select e1.department_id, e1.job_id, e1.commission_pct from employee e1 where exists (select 1 from employee e2 where e1.department_id = e2.department_id and e1.job_id <= e2.job_id and e1.commission_pct < e2.commission_pct);
```

department_id	job_id	commission_pct
DPT003	JOB012	0.000
DPT005	JOB018	0.002
DPT005	JOB013	0.023
DPT001	JOB008	0.000
DPT001	JOB006	0.852
DPT002	JOB009	0.000
DPT001	JOB007	1.000
DPT007	JOB014	0.023
DPT007	JOB019	0.009
DPT007	JOB020	0.001
DPT004	JOB005	0.000
DPT007	JOB017	0.230

```
12 rows in set (0.001 sec)
```

MariaDB [company_22299510]> |

6. Find the **manager_id** who does not have any employee under them with a **salary** less than 3500.

Answer: Select distinct E1.manager_id from employee e1 where e1.manager_id IS NOT NULL and not exists (select 1 from employee e2 where e2.manager_id = e1.manager_id and e2.salary < 3500);

```
MariaDB [company_22299510]> Select distinct E1.manager_id from employee e1 where e1.manager_id IS NOT NULL and not exists (select 1 from employee e2 where e2.manager_id = e1.manager_id and e2.salary < 3500);
```

```
Empty set (0.001 sec)
```

MariaDB [company_22299510]> |

7. Find the **first_name**, **last_name**, **employee_id**, **email**, **salary**, **department_id** and **commission_pct** of the employee with the lowest **commission_pct** under each manager.

Answer: select e1.first_name, e1.last_name, e1.employee_id, e1.email, e1.salary, e1.department_id, e1.commission_pct from employee e1 where e1.commission_pct = (select min(e2.commission_pct) from employee e2 where e2.manager_id = e1.manager_id);

```
MariaDB [company_22299510]> select e1.first_name, e1.last_name, e1.employee_id, e1.email, e1.salary, e1.department_id, e1.commission_pct from employee e1 where e1.commission_pct = (select min(e2.commission_pct) from employee e2 where e2.manager_id = e1.manager_id);
```

first_name	last_name	employee_id	email	salary	department_id	commission_pct
Ryan	Rauf	EMP002	rauf@nodejs.org	20000	DPT001	0.000
Khaled	Eich	EMP004	eich@javascript.com	30000	DPT002	0.000
James	Gost	EMP011	james@java.com	7000	DPT004	0.000
Roddil	Johnson	EMP013	roddil@spring.io	2000	DPT003	0.000

```
4 rows in set (0.032 sec)
```