In reply to Jacob Bor, et al., "Police killings and their spillover effects on the mental health of black Americans."
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10 A recent study by Jacob Bor and colleagues in *The Lancet* draws a causal relationship between exposure to police killings of unarmed blacks and worse mental health among black Americans.¹ 11 We appreciate the effort to seek evidence of ways in which criminal justice disparities can 12 13 influence mental health, but are concerned that the methods could undermine an important 14 message. The authors use data from Mapping Police Violence (MPV), which provides information about 15 known police killings – including whether the citizen was "allegedly armed" or "unarmed." 16 However, in these data, police killings of citizens holding a toy weapon (e.g., BB gun, pellet gun, 17 18 or air rifle) are coded as unarmed. Likewise, citizens "alleged to be armed by the police, but multiple independent witnesses maintain the person was unarmed," are coded by MPV as having 19 20 been unarmed (see mappingpoliceviolence.org/aboutthedata). These are important caveats. Toy 21 guns are often difficult to distinguish from real guns (especially in a matter of split seconds), 22 which is why databases compiled by *The Guardian* and *The Washington Post* are careful to not 23 label such cases as unarmed, but as specifically involving toy guns. Similarly, it is debatable 24 whether we should dismiss police accounts of events in favor of witness accounts, which are 25 often shaky. 26 We compared police shootings in the MPV database with multiple years of police shooting data 27 available from *The Guardian* and *The Washington Post*, and found that MPV consistently reported more shootings of unarmed black citizens (Table 1). We also compared fatal shootings 28 29 of black citizens whom MPV identified as unarmed, to the same incidents in *The Washington* Post's and The Guardian's data between 2015-17 (Table 2). In total, we identified 110 such 30 31 shootings. Among them, there were 36 discrepancies – mostly due to MPV labeling those in 32 possession of toy guns as unarmed. Note, however, that in some instances, other databases coded

33	citizens as being in possession of a deadly weapon (e.g., an actual gun, knife, or vehicle). As but
34	one example, MPV classified Freddie Blue, who was fatally shot in 2015, as unarmed. In <i>The</i>
35	Washington Post's data, he was classified as armed with a gun; in The Guardian's data,
36	unknown. According to local news coverage, Blue and three other men had been in a
37	confrontation with police, and at least one of the men (it is unclear which) pointed a gun at the
38	officers, prompting them to shoot. ²
39	We make no claim that <i>The Washington Post</i> or <i>The Guardian's</i> data are 100% accurate. Indeed
40	others have been critical of these data as well. ^{3,4} Yet, these simple exercises should raise a red
41	flag. In short, the very liberal definition of "unarmed" used by MPV and by the authors likely
42	overestimates the true number of unarmed shootings in the analysis. Additionally, no apparent
43	statistical consideration is given to whether shootings are deemed justified or unjustified and
44	how this may affect the public's view of them. The study should be viewed in this light, with
45	consideration that the mental health effects are potentially over-stated.
46	Healthcare disparity between black Americans and whites has long been known to occur. Only
47	recently are the depths of this disparity beginning to be understood. It is vitally important to
48	investigate this, address disparity and push for equality with the most accurate and robust data
49	available.

References

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- 57 3 Klinger, DA, Slocum, LA. Critical assessment of an analysis of a journalistic compendium of citizens killed by police gunfire. *Criminology & Public Policy* 59 (2017); *16*(1): 349-362.

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 65 66 Table 1. Number of fatal police shootings of unarmed black citizens, 2015-

2017, database comparison.

	MPV ^a	The Washington Post ^b	The Guardian ^c
2015	54	38	40
2016	33	19	30
2017	34	20	

^a Mapping Police Violence, <u>www.mappingpoliceviolence.org/aboutthedata</u>
^b https://www.washingtonpost.com/graphics/2018/national/police-shootings2018/?utm_term=.0dface654e50

^c The Guardian (stopped tracking police shootings after 2016), https://www.theguardian.com/us-news/ng-interactive/2015/jun/01/the-counted-police-killingsus-database

Table 2. Citizens fatally shot by police whom MPV labeled unarmed, 2015-17 (N=36).

Year	Name	WAPO Classification	Guardian Classification
2015	Leslie Sapp III	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Tiano Maton	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Bryan Day	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	La'vante Biggs	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Lamontez Jones	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Dominic Hutchinson	Toy weapon	Unknown
	Richard Perkins	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Freddie Blue	Gun	Unknown
	Leroy Browning	Gun	Unarmed
	Cornelius Brown	Unknown weapon	Other
	Denzel Brown	Undetermined	Unarmed
2016	Peter John	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Paul Gaston	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Kionte Spencer	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Arteair Porter, Jr.	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	India Beaty	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Robert Dentmond	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Dominique Silva	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Charlin Charles	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Lionel Gibson	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Sherman Evans	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Arthur Williams	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Tyre King	Toy weapon	Non-lethal firearm
	Roy Richards	Toy weapon	Gun
2017	Jerome Allen	Toy weapon	n/a
	Quanice Hayes	Toy weapon	n/a
	Chance Baker	Toy weapon	n/a
	Lorenzo Cruz	Toy weapon	n/a
	Christopher Wade	Toy weapon	n/a
	Aries Clark	Toy weapon	n/a
	Deaundre Phillips	Gun	n/a
	Jimmie Sanders	Gun	n/a
	Antonio Garcia, Jr.	Knife	n/a
	Dennis Plowden	Vehicle	n/a
	Herbert Gilbert	Undetermined	n/a
	Anthony Aquilar	Undetermined	n/a