Substance Classification

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Problem

- Given information regarding an individual's personality traits, can we predict whether they are at risk for using marijuana?
- Other substances?

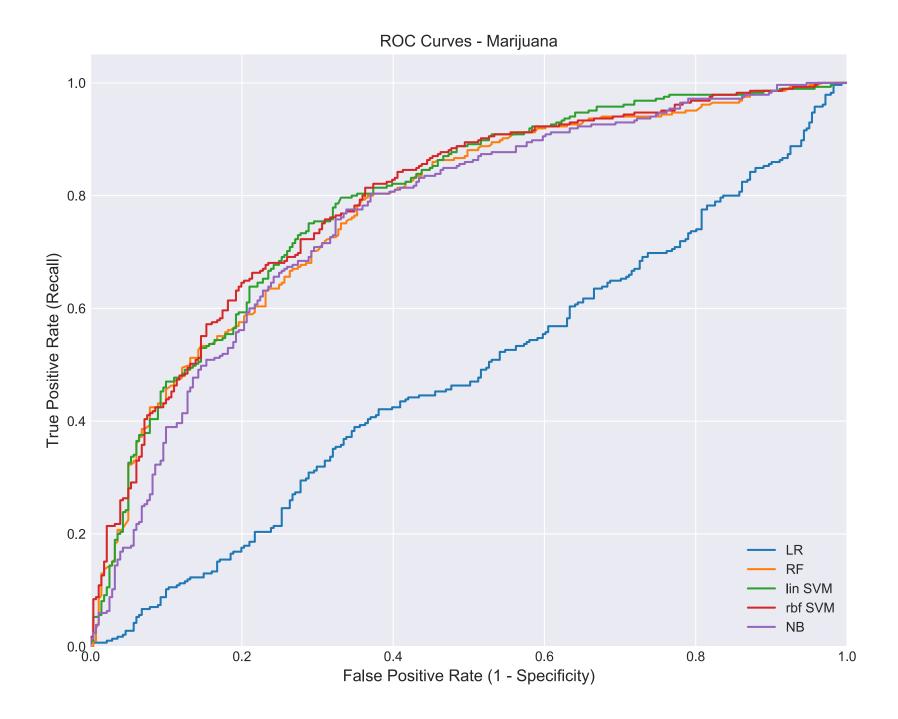
Data

Source

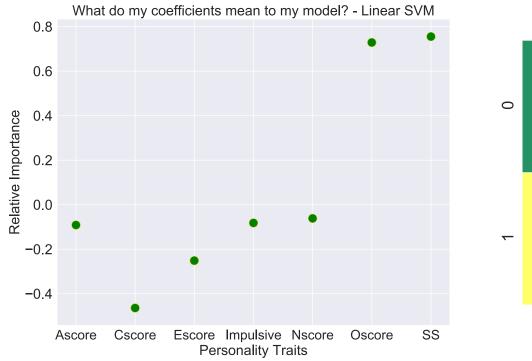
- UCI Machine Learning Repository
- Training Set:
 - -1,319 Observations
 - -0 (Non-User) 608 Observations
 - -1 (User) 711 Observations

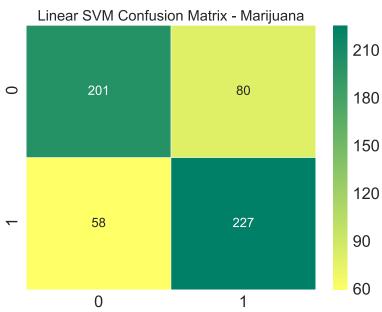
NEO-FFI-R Framework

- Nscore Neuroticism
- Escore Extraversion
- Oscore Openness
- Ascore Agreeableness
- Cscore Conscientiousness
- Impulsive Impulsiveness
- SS Sensation-Seeking



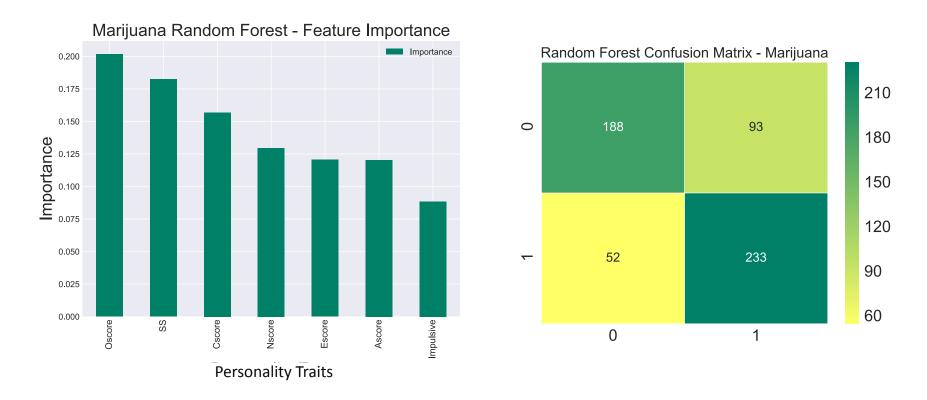
Linear SVM





Test Accuracy: 0.76% | Recall Class 0: 0.72 | Recall Class 1: 0.80

Random Forest



Test Accuracy: 0.76% | Recall Class 0: 0.73 | Recall Class 1: 0.80

Flask

- Marijuana Random Forest
- Nicotine Linear SVM
- Cocaine SMOTE, Linear SVM

http://10.18.4.243:5000/predict

Findings - Marijuana

- Individuals that score higher on the openness and SS metrics are more likely to use marijuana
- Individuals that score higher on extraversion, conscientiousness and neuroticism are at less risk for using marijuana
- Agreeableness and impulsiveness are fairly neutral metrics

Findings – Nicotine & Cocaine

- Individuals scoring higher on neuroticism and SS are at a greater risk for using both nicotine and cocaine
- High conscientiousness and extraversion scores tend to lead to less nicotine use
- High extraversion scores tend to lead to more cocaine use, while high agreeableness and conscientiousness lead to less cocaine use

Thank You

Questions?

Appendix

Multilabel Approach

 Random Forest – Multilabel Classification for 10 dependent variables

		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	0	0.93	1.00	0.96	525
Heroin —	1	0.75	0.56	0.64	157
	2	0.83	0.89	0.86	288
	3	0.73	0.39	0.51	121
	4	0.73	0.56	0.64	147
Ketamine	5	0.25	0.03	0.06	32
	→ 6	1.00	0.03	0.06	60
	7	0.68	0.56	0.61	108
	8	0.56	0.50	0.53	122
	9	0.73	0.80	0.76	318
avg / total		0.79	0.73	0.74	1878