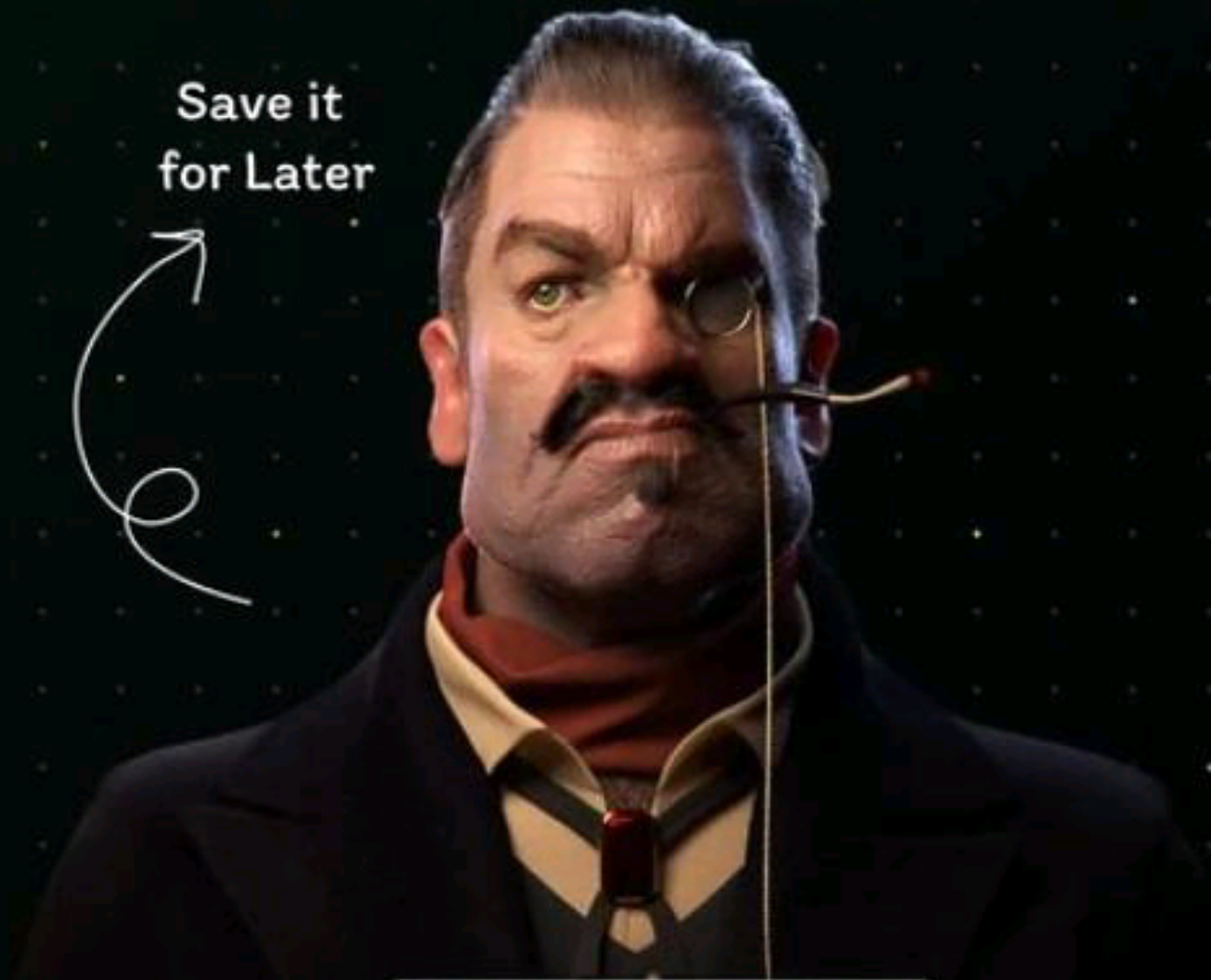


Python interview Questions & Answers

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1 What is Python?



👉 Python is a high-level, interpreted, interactive, and object-oriented language. It uses English keywords frequently. Whereas, other languages use punctuation, Python has fewer syntactic constructions.

👉 Python is designed to be highly readable and compatible with different platforms such as Mac, Windows, Linux, Raspberry Pi, etc.

2 How is Memory managed in Python?

- ✓ ➡ Memory in Python is managed by Python **private heap space**. All Python objects and data structures are **located in a private heap**. This **private heap** is taken care of by Python Interpreter itself, and a programmer doesn't have access to this private heap.
- ➡ Python memory manager takes care of the allocation of Python private heap space.
- ➡ Memory for Python private heap space is made **available by Python's in-built garbage collector**, which recycles and frees up all the unused memory.

3 What is the difference between lists and tuples?

List	Tuple
<ul style="list-style-type: none">👉 Lists are mutable👉 Lists are usually slower than tuples👉 Lists consume a lot of memory👉 Lists consist of many built-in functions.👉 Syntax <pre>list_1 = [10, 'Intellipaat', 20]</pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">👉 Tuples are immutable👉 Tuples are faster than lists👉 Tuples consume less memory👉 Tuples do not consist of many built-in functions.👉 Syntax <pre>top_1 = (10, 'Intellipaat' , 20)</pre>

4 What are functions in Python?

- ✓ A function is a block of code which is executed only when a call is made to the function. def keyword is used to define a particular function as shown below:

```
def function():  
    print("Hi, Welcome to Intellipaat")  
function(); # call to the function
```

5 What is a map function in Python?

- ✓ The map() function in Python has **two parameters**, function and iterable. The map() function takes a function as an argument and then **applies that function to all the elements of an iterable**, passed to it as another argument. It returns an object list of results.



```
def calculateSq(n):  
    return n*n  
numbers = (2, 3, 4, 5)  
result = map( calculateSq, numbers)  
print(result)
```


6 What are Python Modules?

✓ Files containing Python codes are referred to as Python Modules. This code can either be classes, functions, or variables and saves the programmer time by **providing the predefined functionalities** when needed. It is a file with “.py” extension containing an executable code.

- 👉 os
- 👉 sys
- 👉 data time
- 👉 math
- 👉 random
- 👉 JSON