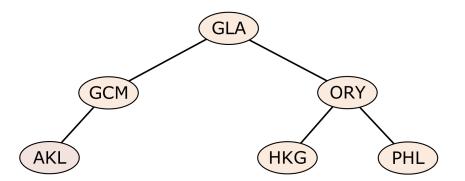


#### **CIS2520 Data Structures**

Sample Final Questions

1)
Let I and K be two nonempty sets.
A table of items of type I and keys of type K is a finite subset T of I $ imes$ K such that

**2)** Consider the AVL tree below. Draw the tree after insertion of FRA.



**3)**The worst-case running time for a search in a hash table is O(\_\_\_\_\_), where n is the number of \_\_\_\_\_.

**4)** The worst-case running time for a search in a 2-4 tree is  $O(\underline{\hspace{0.2cm}})$ , where n is the number of  $\underline{\hspace{0.2cm}}$ .

**5)** Consider two functions f and g from  $\mathbb{Z}_+$  to  $\mathbb{R}_+$ , where  $\mathbb{Z}_+$  is the set of positive integers and  $\mathbb{R}_+$  the set of positive real numbers. We say that f is O(g) if and only if:

6	

Consider four functions  $f_1$ ,  $f_2$ ,  $g_1$  and  $g_2$  from  $\mathbb{Z}_+$  to  $\mathbb{R}_+$ , where  $\mathbb{Z}_+$  is the set of positive integers and  $\mathbb{R}_+$  the set of positive real numbers. If  $f_1$  is  $O(g_1)$  and  $f_2$  is  $O(g_2)$  then

$f_1+f_2$ is	 	 
$f_1$ – $f_2$ is	 	
f <sub>1</sub> f <sub>2</sub> is	 	 
f <sub>1</sub> /f <sub>2</sub> is		

# 7)

Consider the Queue ADT operations below. Write 4 axioms.

Create: Ø → Queue[T]

Enqueue: TxQueue[T] → Queue[T]

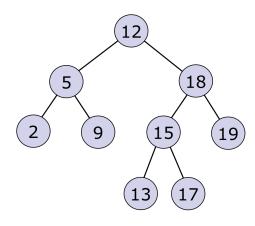
Dequeue: Queue[T] → Queue[T]

**Full**: Queue[T] → Boolean **Empty**: Queue[T] → Boolean

Size: Queue[T] → N Head: Queue[T] → T Tail: Queue[T] → T

# 8)

Consider the binary search tree below. Draw the tree after removal of 12.



# 9)

Write a C function that returns the sum of the n first nonnegative integers.

int	sum	(int	n)	{	
).					

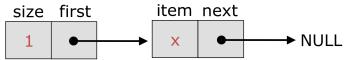
#### 10)

Consider the C function below. The call foo(7); outputs \_\_\_\_\_.

```
void foo (int n) {
    if(n<=10) {
        foo(n+1);
        printf("%d",n);
}</pre>
```

#### 11)

The figure below represents a stack, after initialization and insertion of an item x. Represent the stack after insertion of a second item, y.



#### 12)

Let the symbol A be the base 26 expansion of 0, let B be the base 26 expansion of 1, etc. According to the division method, the hash address of GLA in a hash table with 11 slots is

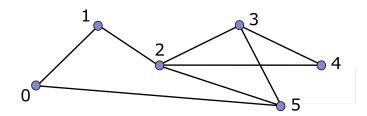
\_\_\_\_\_

#### 13)

We say that a problem is tractable if \_\_\_\_\_

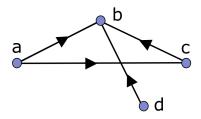
## 14)

Consider the graph below. What is its adjacency matrix?



## **15)**

The graph below is not connected because

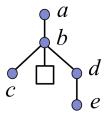


#### 16)

As seen in class, a tree can be defined as follows:

- (a) The empty tuple () is a tree.
- (b) Any tuple  $(N,T_1,T_2,...,T_n)$  where  $n\ge 0$  and  $T_1,T_2,...,T_n$  are trees is a tree.

The tree represented below is the tuple \_

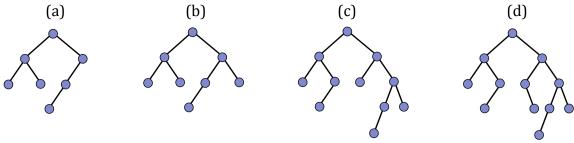


#### 17)

Draw the expression tree that represents the polynomial fraction  $\frac{1+5x}{2-x}$ .

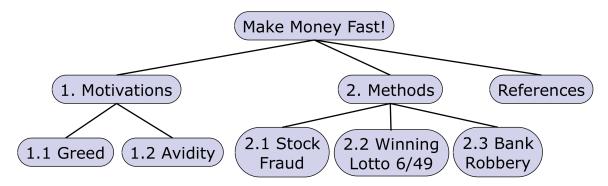
#### 18)

Which ones of these trees, if any, are AVL trees?



19)

To print the structured document represented by the tree below, use \_\_\_\_\_\_ traversal.



# 20)

A queue is implemented using a circular array of size 5. Assume the queue is empty, and then the following operations are performed: enqueue 4, then 8, then 3; dequeue; enqueue 7; dequeue; enqueue 6, then 1. Draw the resulting array with its elements.