Social anxiety/Social phobia [1]

Meaning:-

- is the fear of interaction with other people.
- brings on self-consciousness:
 - o feelings of being negatively judged and evaluated,
 - feelings of inadequacy
 - inferiority
 - embarrassment
 - humiliation
 - Depression.
 - Leads to avoidance.
- Symptoms include emotional distress in the following situations:
 - o Being introduced to other people
 - o Being teased or criticized
 - Being the center of attention
 - Being watched while doing something
 - Meeting people in authority ("important people")
 - Most social encounters, especially with strangers
 - o Going around the room (or table) in a circle and having to say something
 - Interpersonal relationships, whether friendships or romantic
- Consequences for individuals with social phobia
- Suffer from Depression
- Lower success rate in educational
- Less likely to graduate high school
- Less in skilled occupation
- o Earn lower income
- Less likely to marry
- More often live with parents

Treamtment Goals

- Reduce anxiety symptoms -distorted cognitions
- Reduce phobic avoidance
- Reduce disability and impairment
- Identify and treat disorders

Medication for social phobia [2]

The primary class of drugs used to treat social anxiety are called selective <u>serotonin</u> reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs). This class of drugs was first developed to treat <u>depression</u> and so are often referred to as antidepressants. Since then, however, they have been found to be effective in the treatment of a wider range of disorders.

Common SSRIs include Paxil (paroxetine), Zoloft (sertraline), Prozac (fluoxetine), and Luvox (fluoxamine).

References:

- [1] https://socialanxietyinstitute.org/what-is-social-anxiety
- [2] https://psychcentral.com/disorders/anxiety/social-anxiety-disorder-treatment/