

Nearest Smaller to Left.

Given an array of integers find the closest (w/o considering distance, but value) smaller on left of every element. If an element has no smaller on the left side, print -1.

arr[]:

4	5	2	10	8
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-1 4 -1 2 2

Brute force -

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)

for (int j = i - 1; j >= 0; j--)

int j = (i - 1)

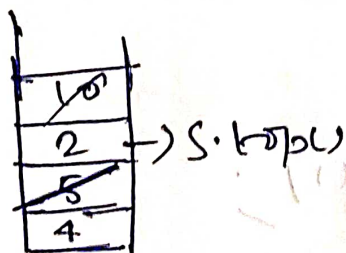
↪ related to i i.e

Stack will be apply.

arr[]:

4	5	2	10	8
---	---	---	----	---

↑ ↑
i i



Stack

Ans:

-1	4	-1	2	2
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- 4 is stack empty push -1
- is 4 smaller than 5 yes put in vector
- S.top < arr[i] push stop
- S.top > arr[i] pop element

• Here also we need not to reverse.

Code.

```
vector<int> v;
```

```
Stack<int> s;
```

```
for (int i=0; i<size; i++)
```

```
{  
    if (s.size() >= 0)
```

```
    {  
        v.push_back(s.top());
```

```
    }  
    else if (s.size() > 0 && s.top() < arr[i])
```

```
    {  
        v.push_back(s.top());
```

```
    }  
    else if (s.size() > 0 && s.top() >= arr[i])
```

```
    {  
        while (s.size() > 0 && s.top() >= arr[i])
```

```
        {  
            s.pop();
```

```
        }  
        if (s.size() >= 0)
```

```
        {  
            v.push_back(s.top());
```

```
        }  
        else
```

```
        {  
            v.push_back(s.top());
```

```
        }  
        s.push_back(arr[i]);
```