

# Object Oriented Programming

## *Project Report*

### **Problem Statement:**

#### **Mobile Finder Application**

Develop an object oriented Mobile Finder Application in C++. The application should have the following features:

#### Inventory Management:

- Add/Edit/Delete mobile information records
- Permanent storage of mobile phones' data

#### Customized Searching:

- Get the user preferences (e.g. brand, type, price, RAM, OS, screen size, camera etc.) and display all the phones which satisfy the user requirements.
- The search result should also be saved in a file (named by User ID).

#### Sales Management:

- Generate, display and save each sale's invoice.
- Maintain a log of all the sales date wise.
- Generate a report of sales data over a particular period of time specified by start and end date. The report should also compute the total amount of all these sales.

#### Requirements:

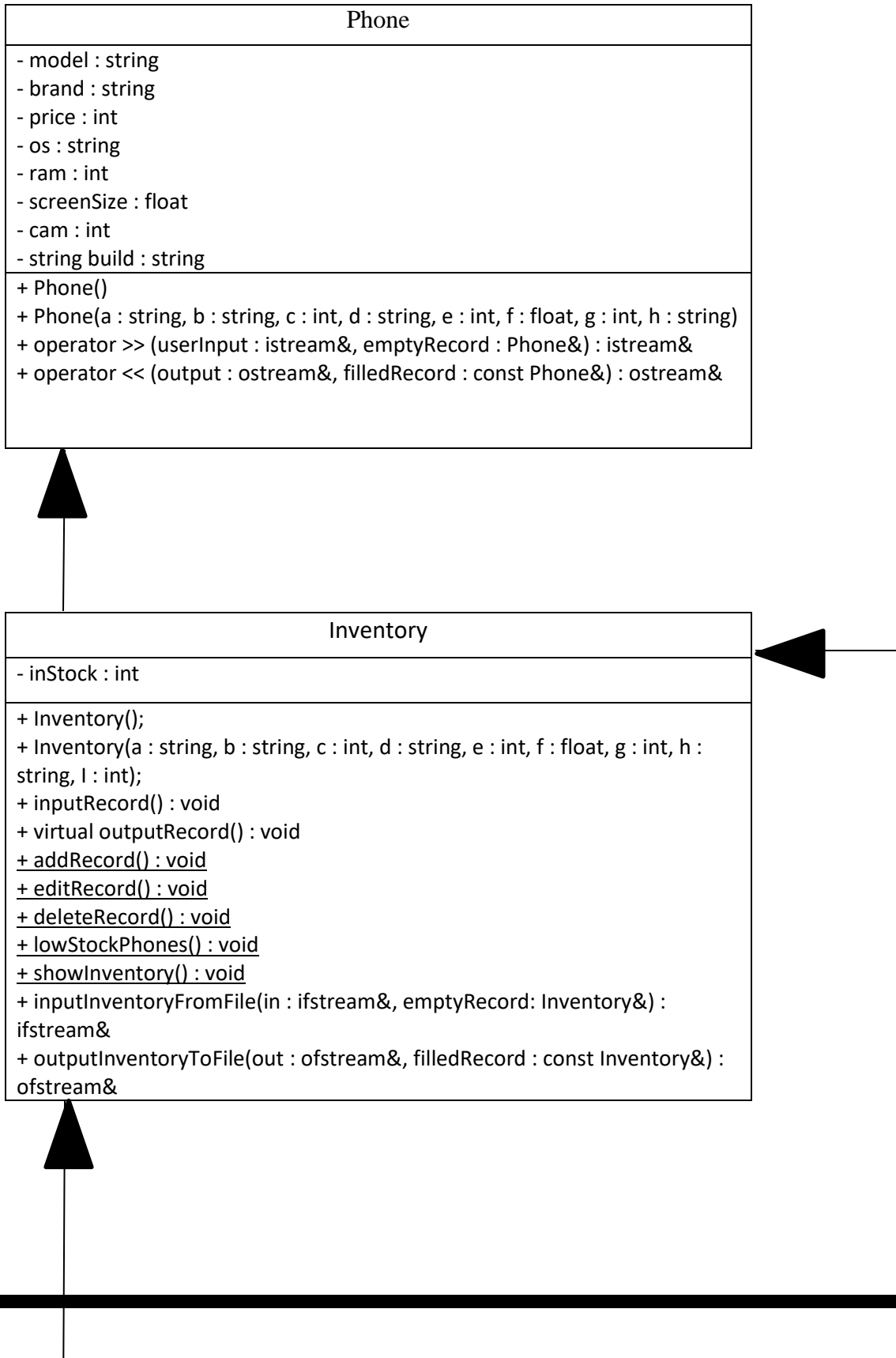
- Application should be well designed using object oriented concepts learned.
- Data should be displayed by overloading << and >> operators.
- You are allowed to design the classes as required.

**Objectives:**

- To build a user-friendly program that easily read, write large amounts of data and easily find required items.
- To show how to create a clean and well-organized object oriented program that uses most of the concepts studied in the course
- To show how to use separate compilation so that each class can be stored in a separate header file and all functions of all classes can be defined in just one cpp file.
- To show how different operations in a problem statement can be converted into class member functions.
- To use the four pillars of OOP (abstraction, encapsulation, inheritance, polymorphism) to solve a problem
- To identify which member functions of base class can be turned into virtual functions to allow static polymorphism
- To use filehandling to permanently store data and to update it as the program generates new data
- To read and write data to files in a uniform manner to allow fast and effortless data handling.
- To show how to generate data reports from existing data.
- To use functions to manipulate input and output functions
- To use functions to pick time directly from the system
- To account for exceptions and to write conditions to handle those exceptions.
- To show how to use multi-level class inheritance to meet specified requirements
- To show how to overload “<<” and “>>” operators to display class objects

**(Note: MS word was acting strange due to the following UML diagram, you might receive the file with all the formatting messed up)**

## UML diagram:



## Search

- userID : string

+ Search(a : string)  
+ Search(a : string, b : string, c : int, d : string, e : int, f : float, g : int, h : string, i : int, j : string)  
+ virtual outputRecord() : void  
+ byPreference() : void  
+ outputSearchToFile(out : ofstream&, filledRecord: const Search&):  
ofstream&

## Sales

- date : int  
- customerName : string  
- contactNum : string  
- cardNum : string

+ Sales()  
+ Sales(a : string, b : string, c : int, d : string, e : int, f : float, g : int, h : string, l : int, j : string, k : string, l : string)  
+ getInput() : void  
+ virtual outputRecord() : void  
+ buyPhone() : void  
+ findInvoices() : void  
+ generateReport() : void  
+ inputSalesFromFile(in : ifstream&, emptyRecord : Sales&) : ifstream&  
+ outputSalesToFile(out : ofstream&, filledRecord : const Sales&) :  
ofstream&

**Note:**

I've added copies of the data files in the project folder. You can use those in case data gets messed up during testing.

**Design:**

In such a problem where all involved objects are so different from each other it becomes really difficult to implement the is-a relation in its true sense. With that being said, I've implemented the design that made the most sense.

There are 4 main entities in this problem; phone, inventory, search and sales.

In my program, I've created a class for phone and it acts as a base class to all other classes. That's because you can't have inventory, search and sales features if there isn't any phone data.

Secondly, I've created a class for inventory and it inherits from the phone class, because otherwise it can't perform its functions.

Lastly, I've created classes for search and sales. Both inherit from Inventory class because both of these aspects depend on what is available in the inventory.

**Extra features added:**

- Showing low-stock phones
- Showing entire inventory
- Searching phones based on a single aspect (instead of comparing entire object). This provides much better search results
- Finding invoices

Justification for disabling the warning and using localtime() function. The function is considered unsafe because it does not take a parameter for buffer size and might write in memory blocks that are holding important data. In my program, I use that function only once (when an object is created). As I'm using it only once, the buffer never gets full and hence, it's relatively safe to use.

Also, I tried using the safe versions of the function, localtime\_s() and localtime\_r() but I couldn't figure out how to make them work.

## Source Code:

phone.h header file:

```
#pragma once
#include <iostream>
#include <string>

using namespace std;

class Phone
{
protected:
    string model;
    string brand;
    int price;
    string os;
    int ram; //mentioning RAM in GBs is the norm these
days. Also, when taking input, user is explicitly told to enter the value in GBs
    float screenSize; //screenSizes usually are measured in inches and
to the precision of 0.1 hence, I've made this variable a float
    int cam; //mentioning camera resolution in
Megapixels is the norm these days. Also, when taking input, user is explicitly told to enter the
value in MPs
    string build;

public:
    Phone();
    Phone(string a, string b, int c, string d, int e, float f, int g, string h);

    friend istream& operator >> (istream& userInput, Phone& emptyRecord);
    //operator overloaded functions for taking input and displaying object values
    friend ostream& operator << (ostream& output, const Phone& filledRecord);
    //const objects can't be edited
};
```

### inventory.h header file:

```
#pragma once
#include <iostream>
#include "phone.h"

using namespace std;

class Inventory : public Phone
{
protected:
    int inStock; //number of articles in
stock of each phone

public:
    Inventory();
    Inventory(string a, string b, int c, string d, int e, float f, int g, string h, int i);
    void inputRecord();
    virtual void outputRecord();
    static void addRecord();
    static void editRecord();
    static void deleteRecord();
    static void lowStockPhones(); //This is a special feature made
just for the vendor so that they can quickly find the models with low stock
    static void showInventory(); //vendor can use this feature to
quickly see the entire inventory

    friend ifstream& inputInventoryFromFile(ifstream& in, Inventory& emptyRecord);
    friend ofstream& outputInventoryToFile(ofstream& out, const Inventory& filledRecord);
    //functions can't modify const objects

};
```

search.h header file:

```
#pragma once
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include "inventory.h"

using namespace std;

class Search : public Inventory
{
private:
    string userId;

public:
    Search(string a);
    //Can't make an object of search without giving UserID
    Search(string a, string b, int c, string d, int e, float f, int g, string h, int i,
string j);
    virtual void outputRecord();
    //function overriding
    void byPreference();
    //Making just one object of Phone class and taking user input in that to
search for phones would have actually been a lot easier for me to implement but it won't be very
useful for the user in a lot of cases (for example if the user wants to see all phones within a
specific price range)

    friend ostream& outputSearchToFile(ostream& out, const Search& filledRecord);
    //functions can't modify const objects

};
```



sales.h header file:

```
#pragma once
#include <iostream>
#include "inventory.h"

using namespace std;

class Sales : public Inventory
{
private:
    int date;
    string customerName;
    string contactNum;
    string cardNum;

public:
    Sales();
    Sales(string a, string b, int c, string d, int e, float f, int g, string h, int i, string
j, string k, string l);
    void getInput();
    virtual void outputRecord();
        //function overriding
    void buyPhone();
    void findInvoices();
        //special function to help vendor find invoices of a particular customer
    void generateReport();

    friend ifstream& inputSalesFromFile(ifstream& in, Sales& emptyRecord);
    friend ofstream& outputSalesToFile(ofstream& out, const Sales& filledRecord);
    //functions can't modify const objects

    //////////////////////////////////////mode 1 for customer mode 2 for management
};
```

implementation.cpp file:

```
#pragma warning (disable:4996) //So that compiler allows us to use
localtime() function in time.h library

#include <iostream>

#include <string>

#include <fstream>

#include <time.h> //for date and time manipulation

#include <iomanip>

#include <stdlib.h> //to use system function

#include <windows.h> //to use sleep function

#include "phone.h"

#include "inventory.h"

#include "search.h"

#include "sales.h"
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
char inventoryFile[] = { "InventoryData.txt" }; //Name of file that holds all
inventory info. Would have been a waste of memory if all Inventory objects had a copy of this
```

```
char invoiceFile[] = { "SalesInvoice.txt" };
```

```
char reportFile[] = { "SalesReport.txt" };
```

```
//Defining '>>' and '<<' friend operator overloaded functions declared in Phone class
```

```
istream& operator >> (istream& userInput, Phone& emptyRecord)
```

```
{  
  
    cin.ignore();  
    cout << "\n\nEnter model: ";  
    getline(userInput, emptyRecord.model);  
    cin.ignore();  
    cout << "Enter brand: ";  
    getline(userInput, emptyRecord.brand);  
    cin.ignore();  
    cout << "Enter price: ";  
    userInput >> emptyRecord.price;  
    cin.ignore();  
    cout << "\n\nEnter OS: ";  
    getline(userInput, emptyRecord.os);  
    cin.ignore();  
    cout << "Enter RAM size (in GBs): ";  
    userInput >> emptyRecord.ram;  
    cin.ignore();  
    cout << "Enter screen size (in Inches): ";  
    userInput >> emptyRecord.screenSize;  
    cin.ignore();  
    cout << "Enter camera magnitude (in MPs): ";  
    userInput >> emptyRecord.cam;  
    cin.ignore();  
    cout << "Enter build: ";  
    getline(userInput, emptyRecord.build);
```

```

        cin.ignore();

        return userInput;
    }

ostream& operator << (ostream& output, const Phone& filledRecord)
{
    output << "\nModel: " << filledRecord.model;
    output << "\nBrand: " << filledRecord.brand;
    output << "\nPrice: Rs. " << filledRecord.price;
    output << "\nOS: " << filledRecord.os;
    output << "\nRAM: " << filledRecord.ram << " GB";
    output << "\nScreen size: " << filledRecord.screenSize << " Inches";
    output << "\nCamera: " << filledRecord.cam << " MP";
    output << "\nBuild: " << filledRecord.build;
    return output;
}

```

//Phone class functions defined below

```

Phone::Phone() : model(""), brand(""), price(0), os(""), ram(0), screenSize(0.0), cam(0), build("")
{
}

```

```
Phone::Phone(string a, string b, int c, string d, int e, float f, int g, string h) : model(a), brand(b), price(c),  
os(d), ram(e), screenSize(f), cam(g), build(h)  
  
{}
```

```
//Defining friend functions declared in Inventory class
```

```
ifstream& inputInventoryFromFile(ifstream& in, Inventory& emptyRecord)  
{  
  
    string temp;  
    getline(in, emptyRecord.model);  
    getline(in, emptyRecord.brand);  
    getline(in, temp);  
    emptyRecord.price = stoi(temp);  
    getline(in, emptyRecord.os);  
    getline(in, temp);  
    emptyRecord.ram = stoi(temp);  
    getline(in, temp);  
    emptyRecord.screenSize = stof(temp);  
    getline(in, temp);  
    emptyRecord.cam = stoi(temp);  
    getline(in, emptyRecord.build);  
    getline(in, temp);  
}
```

```
    emptyRecord.inStock = stoi(temp);  
  
    return in;  
  
}
```

```
ofstream& outputInventoryToFile(ofstream& out, const Inventory& filledRecord)  
    //functions can't modify const objects
```

```
{  
  
    out << endl << filledRecord.model  
        << endl << filledRecord.brand  
        << endl << filledRecord.price  
        << endl << filledRecord.os  
        << endl << filledRecord.ram  
        << endl << filledRecord.screenSize  
        << endl << filledRecord.cam  
        << endl << filledRecord.build  
        << endl << filledRecord.inStock;  
  
    return out;  
  
}
```

```
//Inventory class functions defined below
```

```
Inventory::Inventory() : Phone::Phone()
```

```
{  
    inStock = 0;  
}
```

```
Inventory::Inventory(std::string a, std::string b, int c, std::string d, int e, float f, int g, string h, int i) :  
Phone::Phone(a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h)
```

```
{  
    inStock = i;  
}
```

```
void Inventory::inputRecord()
```

```
{  
    cin >> *this;  
    //calling operator overloaded function using "this" pointer  
    cout << "Enter number of units in stock: ";  
    cin >> inStock;  
    cin.ignore();  
}
```

```
void Inventory::outputRecord()
```

```
{  
    cout << *this;  
    //calling operator overloaded function  
    cout << "\nUnits in stock: " << inStock;  
}
```

```

void Inventory::addRecord()
{
    Inventory newRecord;
    //newRecord stores the info of the new phone that will be added to the file

    ofstream output(::inventoryFile, ios::app);
    gets written in the end                                //Ensures new record

    if (!output)
    {
        cout << "\n\nError opening file.\n";
    }
    else
    {
        newRecord.inputRecord();
        //Taking user input

        outputInventoryToFile(output, newRecord);
        //Outputting new
        record to inventory file

        output.close();

        cout << "\n\nRecord added successfully.";
    }
}

void Inventory::editRecord()
{

```



```
string phoneModel, line;  
//PhoneModel stores the model user is searching (for editing), line stores line read from file,  
temp is just a temporary data holder
```

```
Inventory oldRecord, newRecord;  
//oldRecord holds values of record to be edited. newRecord hold values that will replace  
oldRecord
```

```
int check = 0, confirmation = 0;  
//check is used to check whether specified model is in file. confirmation is to confirm whether  
user wants to edit the record
```

```
ifstream input(::inventoryFile, ios::in);
```

```
if (!input)
```

```
{
```

```
    cout << "\n\nError opening file.\n";
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
    cout << "\n\nEnter the model you want to edit: ";
```

```
    cin >> phoneModel;
```

```
    getline(input, line);
```

```
//Ignoring the empty line in start of file
```

```
    while (!input.eof())
```

```
{
```

```
        inputInventoryFromFile(input, oldRecord);
```

```
//reading records from file
```

```
        if (oldRecord.model == phoneModel)
```

```
{
```

```

        check = 1;
        //if specified model found, break loop

        break;
    }

}

input.close();

if (check == 0)
    //operation cancelled if model not found
{
    cout << "\n\nSpecified model does not exit in database.\n";
}
else
{
    Inventory* old = &oldRecord;
    old->outputRecord();
    cout << "\n\nEnter 1 to edit this record or 0 to cancel.\n\n";    //taking user
confirmation
    cin >> confirmation;

    if (confirmation == 1)
    {
        cin.ignore();
        cout << "\nEnter new values.\n";
        //taking in new values
        newRecord.inputRecord();
    }
}

```

```

        ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);

        ofstream out("NewInventoryFile.txt", ios::out);

        if (!in)
        {
            cout << "\n\nError opening file.\n";
        }
        else
        {
            getline(in, line);
            //Ignoring the empty line in start of file
            while (!in.eof())
            {
                getline(in, line);
                if (line == oldRecord.model)
                //if line matches data "model" in oldRecord, store newRecord in file
                {
                    outputInventoryToFile(out, newRecord);
                }
            }
            //outputting new record to file

            for (int i = 0; i < 8; ++i)
            //loop to skip oldRecord values in original inventory file
            {
                getline(in, line);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        else
        {
            out << endl << line;

//Storing line as-is
        }
    }
    in.close();
    out.close();

    remove(::inventoryFile);
    int result = rename("NewInventoryFile.txt", ::inventoryFile);
//Deleting old file and renaming new file to old one
    if (result == 0)
    {
        cout << "\n\nRecord edited successfully.";
    }
    else
    {
        cout << "\n\nOperation failed.\n";
    }
}

}

else
{
    cout << "\n\nOperation cancelled.\n";
}

```

```
    }  
    }  
}
```

```
void Inventory::deleteRecord()
```

```
{
```

```
    string phoneModel, line;
```

```
    //PhoneModel stores the model user is searching (for deletion), line stores line read from file,  
    temp is just a temporary data holder
```

```
    Inventory record;
```

```
    //record holds values of record to be deleted
```

```
    int check = 0, confirmation = 0;
```

```
    //check is used to check whether specified model is in file. confirmation is to confirm whether  
    user wants to delete the record
```

```
    ifstream input(::inventoryFile, ios::in);
```

```
    if (!input)
```

```
    {
```

```
        cout << "\n\nError opening file.\n";
```

```
    }
```

```
    else
```

```
    {
```

```
        cout << "\n\nEnter the model you want to delete: ";
```

```
        cin >> phoneModel;
```

```
        getline(input, line);
```

```
        //Ignoring the empty line in start of file
```

```

while (!input.eof())
{
    inputInventoryFromFile(input, record);

    if (record.model == phoneModel)
//setting check to 1 and breaking loop
    {
        check = 1;
        break;
    }
}
input.close();

if (check == 0)
    //operation cancelled if model not found
    {
        cout << "\n\nSpecified model does not exit in database.\n";
    }
else
    {
        Inventory* data = &record;
        data->outputRecord();

        cout << "\n\nEnter 1 to delete this record or 0 to cancel.\n\n";
//taking user confirmation
        cin >> confirmation;
    }
}

```

```

if (confirmation == 1)
{

    ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);
    ofstream out("NewInventoryFile.txt", ios::out);

    if (!in)
    {
        cout << "\n\nError opening file.\n";
    }
    else
    {
        getline(in, line);
        //Ignoring the empty line in start of file
        while (!in.eof())
        {
            getline(in, line);
            if (line == record.model)
            //if line matches data "model" in record, skip that line and the next 8 lines as well
            {
                for (int i = 0; i < 8; ++i)
                //loop to skip record values in file
                {
                    getline(in, line);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        else
        {
            out << endl << line;

//Storing line as-is
        }
    }
    in.close();
    out.close();

    remove(::inventoryFile);

    int result = rename("NewInventoryFile.txt", ::inventoryFile);
//Deleting old file and renaming new file to old one
    if (result == 0)
    {
        cout << "\n\nRecord deleted successfully.";
    }
    else
    {
        cout << "\n\nOperation failed.\n";
    }
}

}

else
{
    cout << "\n\nOperation cancelled.\n";
}

```



```
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
void Inventory::lowStockPhones()
```

```
{  
    string line;  
    Inventory record;  
    Inventory* recordPointer;  
    int check = 0;  
    //used to check whether there are any low-stock phones or not  
  
    ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);  
    if (!in)  
    {  
        cout << "\nError opening file.\n";  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        getline(in, line);  
        //Ignoring the empty line in start of file  
        while (!in.eof())  
        {  
            inputInventoryFromFile(in, record);  
  
            if (record.inStock <= 10)
```

```

        {
            ++check;
            //Helps ensure following if condition is executed only once
            if (check == 1)
            {
                cout << "\n\nLow stock phone/s:\n\n";
            }

            recordPointer = &record;
            recordPointer->outputRecord();
            cout << endl;
        }
    }
    in.close();
    if (check == 0)
    {
        cout << "\nNo low-stock phones in inventory.\n";
    }
}
}

```

```

void Inventory::showInventory()
{
    string line;
    Inventory record;
}

```

```
Inventory* recordPointer;

ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);

if (!in)
{
    cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
}
else
{
    getline(in, line);
    //Ignoring the empty line in start of file
    while (!in.eof())
    {
        inputInventoryFromFile(in, record);
        recordPointer = &record;
        recordPointer->outputRecord();
        cout << endl;
    }
    in.close();

    Sleep(15000);
    //Enough time to see inventory

}

}
```

//defining Search class function below

```
Search::Search(string a) : Inventory()
```

```
{  
  
    userId = a + ".txt";  
  
}
```

```
Search::Search(string a, string b, int c, string d, int e, float f, int g, string h, int i, string j) : Inventory(a,  
b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i)
```

```
{  
  
    userId = j + ".txt";  
  
}
```

```
void Search::outputRecord()                                     //function overriding (the  
reason behind overriding this function is that we don't want to output number of units in stock because  
that info is irrelevant to customer)
```

```
{  
  
    cout << *this;  
  
    if (inStock == 0)  
  
    {
```

```
        cout << "\n\nSold out.\n\n";                               //While we don't want to  
show inStock value to the customer, it still affects the customer and that's why Search class inherits from  
Inventory class
```

```
    }  
  
}
```

```
//Defining friend function declared in Search class
```

```
ofstream& outputSearchToFile(ofstream& out, const Search& filledRecord)
```

```
{
```

```
    out << endl << filledRecord.model
```

```
        << endl << filledRecord.brand
```

```
        << endl << filledRecord.price
```

```
        << endl << filledRecord.os
```

```
        << endl << filledRecord.ram
```

```
        << endl << filledRecord.screenSize
```

```
        << endl << filledRecord.cam
```

```
        << endl << filledRecord.build << endl;           //not storing number of units in  
storage in the user's search results file because that info is not shown to the customer (because its  
irrelevant to customer)
```

```
    return out;
```

```
}
```

```
//Defining Search class functions
```

```

void Search::byPreference()
{
    Search record(userId);

    Inventory* recordPointer;

    int check = 0;

    int option = 0;

    string line;

    while (1)
    {

        cout << "\n\t\t\t\t\t Enter 1 to search by model,\n\t\t\t\t\t 2 to search by brand,"
                << "\n\t\t\t\t\t 3 to search by price range,\n\t\t\t\t\t 4 to search by OS,"
                << "\n\t\t\t\t\t 5 to search by RAM size,\n\t\t\t\t\t 6 to search by screen size,"
                << "\n\t\t\t\t\t 7 to search by camera resolution,\n\t\t\t\t\t 8 to search by build
material,"

                << "\n\t\t\t\t\t or 0 to return to main menu.\n\n\t\t\t\t\t ";

        cin >> option;

        if (option == 1)
        {

            string phoneModel;

            cout << "Enter phone model: ";

            cin >> phoneModel;

```

```

        ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);

        if (!in)
        {
            cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
        }
        else
        {
            getline(in, line);
//Ignoring the empty line in start of file
            while (!in.eof())
            {

```

inputInventoryFromFile(in, record);  
 //Although friend functions are not inherited, an object of Search class is still able to work with a friend function of its parent class because compiler implicitly typecasts it to Inventory

```

            if (record.model == phoneModel)
            {
                check = 1;
                recordPointer = &record;
                recordPointer->outputRecord();
                cout << endl;

                ofstream out(userId, ios::app);

                if (!out)
                {

```

```

        cout << "\nError opening file.\n";

    }

    else

    {

        outputSearchToFile(out, record);
        //Storing users search results in file named by user's ID

    }

    out.close();

    break;

//model names are unique hence there will be only one phone to output and hence we can
break the loop

    }

}

in.close();

if (check == 0)

{

    cout << "Specified model does not exist in database";

}

}

}

else if (option == 2)

{

    string phoneBrand;

    cout << "Enter phone brand: ";

```



```
cin >> phoneBrand;
```

```
ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);
```

```
if (!in)
```

```
{
```

```
    cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
    getline(in, line);
```

```
//Ignoring the empty line in start of file
```

```
    while (!in.eof())
```

```
{
```

```
        inputInventoryFromFile(in, record);
```

//Although friend functions are not inherited, an object of Search class is still able to work with a friend function of its parent class because compiler implicitly typecasts it to Inventory

```
if (record.brand == phoneBrand)
```

```
{
```

```
    check = 1;
```

```
    recordPointer = &record;
```

```
    recordPointer->outputRecord();
```

```
    cout << endl;
```

```
    ofstream out(userId, ios::app);
```

```

        if (!out)
        {
            cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
        }
        else
        {
            outputSearchToFile(out, record);
            //Storing users search results in file named by user's ID
        }
        out.close();
    }
}
in.close();

if (check == 0)
{
    cout << "\nPhones of specified brand do not exist in database.\n";
}

}

else if (option == 3)
{

```

int lowerEnd, higherEnd; //lowerEnd and  
 higherEnd help define the price range. Instead of using just one variable to set the maximum limit I'm  
 also using a variable to set the minimum limit. This is important because without both limits, user will

get lots of irrelevant result. For example a user looking for a Rs. 60,000 phone will also be shown Rs. 5,000 phones

```
cout << "\nEnter upper price limit: ";  
cin >> higherEnd;  
cout << "\nEnter lower price limit: ";  
cin >> lowerEnd;
```

```
ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);  
if (!in)  
{  
    cout << "\nError opening file.\n";  
}  
else  
{
```

```
    getline(in, line);
```

```
//Ignoring the empty line in start of file
```

```
    while (!in.eof())  
    {
```

```
        inputInventoryFromFile(in, record);
```

//Although friend functions are not inherited, an object of Search class is still able to work with a friend function of its parent class because compiler implicitly typecasts it to Inventory

```
        if (record.price < higherEnd && record.price > lowerEnd)  
        {
```

```
            check = 1;
```

```

        recordPointer = &record;

        recordPointer->outputRecord();

        cout << endl;

        ofstream out(userId, ios::app);

        if (!out)
        {
            cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
        }
        else
        {
            outputSearchToFile(out, record);
            //Storing users search results in file named by user's ID
        }
        out.close();
    }
}

in.close();

if (check == 0)
{
    cout << "\nPhones in specified price range do not exist in
database.\n";
}
}
}

```

```

else if (option == 4)
{
    string phoneOS;

    cout << "Enter operating system: ";
    cin >> phoneOS;

    ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);
    if (!in)
    {
        cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
    }
    else
    {
        getline(in, line);
//Ignoring the empty line in start of file
        while (!in.eof())
        {

```

```

            inputInventoryFromFile(in, record);

```

//Although friend functions are not inherited, an object of Search class is still able to work with a friend function of its parent class because compiler implicitly typecasts it to Inventory

```

            if (record.os == phoneOS)

```

```

            {

```

```

                check = 1;

```

```

        recordPointer = &record;
        recordPointer->outputRecord();
        cout << endl;

        ofstream out(userId, ios::app);
        if (!out)
        {
            cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
        }
        else
        {
            outputSearchToFile(out, record);
            //Storing users search results in file named by user's ID
        }
        out.close();
    }
}
in.close();

if (check == 0)
{
    cout << "\nPhones with specified OS do not exist in database.\n";
}
}

```

```
}
```

```
else if (option == 5)
```

```
{
```

```
    int phoneRam;
```

```
    cin.ignore();
```

```
    cout << "Enter RAM (in GBs): ";
```

//Prices vary greatly according to RAM size hence we're using a limit so that results are relevant to the user. Also, the available RAM options are not that diverse so there's no need to use a range

```
    cin >> phoneRam;
```

```
    ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);
```

```
    if (!in)
```

```
    {
```

```
        cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
```

```
    }
```

```
    else
```

```
    {
```

```
        getline(in, line);
```

```
//Ignoring the empty line in start of file
```

```
        while (!in.eof())
```

```
        {
```

```
            inputInventoryFromFile(in, record);
```

//Although friend functions are not inherited, an object of Search class is still able to work with a friend function of its parent class because compiler implicitly typecasts it to Inventory

```

        if (record.ram <= phoneRam)
        {
            check = 1;
            recordPointer = &record;
            recordPointer->outputRecord();
            cout << endl;

            ofstream out(userId, ios::app);
            if (!out)
            {
                cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
            }
            else
            {
                outputSearchToFile(out, record);
                //Storing users search results in file named by user's ID
            }
            out.close();
        }
    }
    in.close();

    if (check == 0)
    {

```



```

        cout << "\nPhones with specified RAM limit do not exist in
database.\n";

    }

}

}

else if (option == 6)
{
    float phoneScreenSize;

    cin.ignore();

    cout << "Enter screen size (in Inches): ";
    cin >> phoneScreenSize;

    ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);
    if (!in)
    {
        cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
    }
    else
    {
        getline(in, line);
        //Ignoring the empty line in start of file
        while (!in.eof())
        {

```

```
inputInventoryFromFile(in, record);
```

//Although friend functions are not inherited, an object of Search class is still able to work with a friend function of its parent class because compiler implicitly typecasts it to Inventory

```
if (record.screenSize <= phoneScreenSize)
```

//Screen sizes don't vary that much hence we're using only one limit

```
{
```

```
    check = 1;
```

```
    recordPointer = &record;
```

```
    recordPointer->outputRecord();
```

```
    cout << endl;
```

```
    ofstream out(userId, ios::app);
```

```
    if (!out)
```

```
    {
```

```
        cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
```

```
    }
```

```
    else
```

```
    {
```

```
        outputSearchToFile(out, record);
```

//Storing users search results in file named by user's ID

```
    }
```

```
    out.close();
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
in.close();
```

```
        if (check == 0)
        {
            cout << "\nPhones with specified screen size do not exist in
database.\n";
        }
    }
}
```

```
else if (option == 7)
{
    int phoneCam;

    cin.ignore();
    cout << "Enter camera resolution (in MPs): ";
    cin >> phoneCam;

    ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);
    if (!in)
    {
        cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
    }
    else
    {
        getline(in, line);
        //Ignoring the empty line in start of file
    }
}
```

```
while (!in.eof())
```

```
{
```

```
    inputInventoryFromFile(in, record);
```

//Although friend functions are not inherited, an object of Search class is still able to work with a friend function of its parent class because compiler implicitly typecasts it to Inventory

```
    if (record.cam <= phoneCam)
```

//Prices vary greatly according to camera resolution hence we're using a limit so that search results are relevant to the user

```
{
```

```
    check = 1;
```

```
    recordPointer = &record;
```

```
    recordPointer->outputRecord();
```

```
    cout << endl;
```

```
    ofstream out(userId, ios::app);
```

```
    if (!out)
```

```
{
```

```
        cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
    outputSearchToFile(out, record);
```

//Storing users search results in file named by user's ID

```
}
```

```
    out.close();
```

```

        }

    }

    in.close();

    if (check == 0)
    {
        cout << "\nPhones with specified camera resolution do not exist in
database.\n";
    }
}

else if (option == 8)
{
    string phoneBuild;

    cin.ignore();

    cout << "Enter build material: ";

    getline(cin, phoneBuild);

    ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);

    if (!in)
    {
        cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
    }
}

```

```

else
{
    getline(in, line);
//Ignoring the empty line in start of file
    while (!in.eof())

```

```

    {
        inputInventoryFromFile(in, record);
//Although friend functions are not inherited, an object of Search class is
still able to work with a friend function of its parent class because compiler implicitly typecasts it to
Inventory

```

```

        if (record.build == phoneBuild)

```

```

        {
            check = 1;
            recordPointer = &record;
            recordPointer->outputRecord();
            cout << endl;

```

```

            ofstream out(userId, ios::app);

```

```

            if (!out)

```

```

            {
                cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
            }

```

```

            else

```

```

            {

```

```

                outputSearchToFile(out, record);

```

```

//Storing users search results in file named by user's ID

```

```
        }
        out.close();
    }
}
in.close();

if (check == 0)
{
    cout << "\nPhones with specified camera resolution do not exist in
database.\n";
}

}

else if (option == 0)
{
    break;
}

else
{
    cout << "Please select a valid option";
}

}

}
```

//Defining friend functions declared in Sales class

ifstream& inputSalesFromFile(ifstream& in, Sales& emptyRecord)

{

    string temp;

    getline(in, emptyRecord.model);

    getline(in, emptyRecord.brand);

    getline(in, temp);

    emptyRecord.price = stoi(temp);

    getline(in, emptyRecord.os);

    getline(in, temp);

    emptyRecord.ram = stoi(temp);

    getline(in, temp);

    emptyRecord.screenSize = stof(temp);

    getline(in, temp);

    emptyRecord.cam = stoi(temp);

    getline(in, emptyRecord.build);

        //inStock value is not stored in invoice file hence we're not reading that from the file

    getline(in, temp);

    emptyRecord.date = stoi(temp);

    getline(in, emptyRecord.customerName);



```
    getline(in, emptyRecord.contactNum);  
    getline(in, emptyRecord.cardNum);  
    return in;  
}
```

ofstream& outputSalesToFile(ofstream& out, const Sales& filledRecord)  
can't modify const objects

//functions

```
{  
    out << endl << filledRecord.model  
        << endl << filledRecord.brand  
        << endl << filledRecord.price  
        << endl << filledRecord.os  
        << endl << filledRecord.ram  
        << endl << filledRecord.screenSize  
        << endl << filledRecord.cam  
        << endl << filledRecord.build  
        << endl << filledRecord.date  
        << endl << filledRecord.customerName  
        << endl << filledRecord.contactNum  
        << endl << filledRecord.cardNum;  
    return out;  
}
```

//Defining Sales class functions below

Sales::Sales()

{

time\_t t = time(0); //time\_t is a datatype used to hold values  
returned by functions like time(). time(0) is a function that returns the current calendar time as a value of  
type time\_t.

tm\* now = localtime(&t); //tm is a structure made for holding time and date  
info. The time\_t datatype is hard to read and isn't portable, the function localtime() helps convert time\_t  
values into a tm object so that values can be easily manipulated.

string year = to\_string((now->tm\_year + 1900)); //converting  
year value to a string

string month, day, currentDate;

if ((now->tm\_mon + 1) >= 10)  
//this if-else condition helps ensure we end up with a two letter string for month

{

month = to\_string((now->tm\_mon + 1));

}

else

{

month = "0" + to\_string((now->tm\_mon + 1));

}

if ((now->tm\_mday) >= 10) //this  
if-else condition helps ensure we end up with a two letter string for day

```

{
    day = to_string((now->tm_mday));
}
else
{
    day = "0" + to_string((now->tm_mday));
}

```

currentDate = year + month + day;  
 //storing year, month and day as one combined string. the string is stored in this particular order (YYYYMMDD) after being converted to an int, the year will be the most significant number and the day will be the last significant. This will help with the comparisons in report generation

```

date = stoi(currentDate);
//converting currentDate string to integer so that comparison can be carried out
}

```

Sales::Sales(string a, string b, int c, string d, int e, float f, int g, string h, int i, string j, string k, string l) :  
 Inventory(a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i)

```

{
    time_t t = time(0);

    tm* now = localtime(&t);

    string year = to_string((now->tm_year + 1900)); //converting
year value to a string

    string month, day, currentDate;

    if ((now->tm_mon + 1) >= 10)
    //this if-else condition helps ensure we end up with a two letter string for month

```

```
{  
    month = to_string((now->tm_mon + 1));  
}
```

else

```
{  
    month = "0" + to_string((now->tm_mon + 1));  
}
```

```
if ((now->tm_mday) >= 10)
```

//this

if-else condition helps ensure we end up with a two letter string for day

```
{  
    day = to_string((now->tm_mday));  
}
```

else

```
{  
    day = "0" + to_string((now->tm_mday));  
}
```

```
currentDate = year + month + day;
```

//storing year, month and day as one combined string

```
date = stoi(currentDate);
```

//converting currentDate string to integer so that comparison can be carried out

```
customerName = j;
```

```
contactNum = k;
```

```
cardNum = l;
```

```
}
```

```
void Sales::getInput()
```

```
{
```

```
    cin.ignore();
```

```
    cout << "\n\nEnter full name: ";
```

```
    getline(cin, customerName);
```

```
    cin.ignore();
```

```
    cout << "Enter contact number: ";
```

```
    getline(cin, contactNum);
```

```
    cin.ignore();
```

```
    cout << "Enter credit/debit card number to confirm purchase: ";
```

```
    getline(cin, cardNum);
```

```
    cin.ignore();
```

```
}
```

```
void Sales::outputRecord()
```

```
    //function overriding
```

```
{
```

```
    cout << "\nCustomer Invoice\n\n";
```

```
    cout << *this;
```

```
    cout << "\nPurchased by: " << customerName;
```

```
    cout << "\nContact number: " << contactNum;
```

```
    //invoice doesn't carry customer's credit/debit card number
```

```
}
```

```

void Sales::buyPhone()
{
    int check = 0;
    //checks whether specified model is in file or not

    string phoneModel, line;

    Inventory* record;
    //pointer used to access output function


    cout << "\nEnter phone model: ";

    cin >> phoneModel;
    //no spaces


    ifstream in(::inventoryFile, ios::in);
    if (!in)
    {
        cout << "\nError opening file";
    }
    else
    {
        getline(in, line);
        //Ignoring the empty line in start of file

        while (!in.eof())
        {

            inputInventoryFromFile(in, *this);
            //implicit typecasting to Inventory (upcasting)

            if (model == phoneModel)

```

```
        {
            check = 1;
            break;
        }
    }
    in.close();

    if (check == 0)
    {
        cout << "\nSpecified model doesn't exist in database.\b";
    }
    else
    {
        if (this->inStock == 0)
        {
            cout << "\n\nSorry, the phone has sold out.\n";
        }
        else
        {
            --(this->inStock);
            //decrementing inStock number

            this->getInput();
            //getting name, contact info and card number from user;

            record = this;

            record->outputRecord();
            //accessing output function of Sales class
        }
    }
}
```

```

        ofstream out(::invoiceFile, ios::app);

        outputSalesToFile(out, *this);
//Storing invoice data

        out.close();


        ifstream input(::inventoryFile, ios::in);
//updating inStock number in inventory file

        ofstream output("NewInventoryFile.txt", ios::out);


        getline(input, line);
//Ignoring the empty line in start of file

        while (!input.eof())
        {

            getline(input, line);

            if (line == model)
            {

                output << endl << line;
//outputting model and the next 7 data values as-is

                for (int i = 0; i < 7; ++i)
                {

                    getline(input, line);

                    output << endl << line;

                }

                getline(input, line);
//ignoring old inStock value

```



```
        output << endl << inStock;
//storing updated value
    }
    else
    {
        output << endl << line;
    }
}

input.close();
output.close();

remove(::inventoryFile);
int temp = rename("NewInventoryFile.txt", ::inventoryFile);
if (temp == 0)
{
    cout << "\n\nPurchase completed successfully.";
}
else
{
    cout << "\n\nOperation failed.";
}
}
}
}
```

```
}
```

```
void Sales::findInvoices()
```

```
{
```

```
    Inventory* record;
```

```
    Sales emptyRecord;
```

```
    string customerContactNumber, line;
```

```
    int check = 0;
```

```
    cout << "\nEnter customer's contact number: ";
```

```
    cin >> customerContactNumber;
```

```
//no
```

```
spaces
```

```
    cin.ignore();
```

```
    ifstream in(::invoiceFile, ios::in);
```

```
    if (!in)
```

```
    {
```

```
        cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
```

```
    }
```

```
    else
```

```
    {
```

```
        getline(in, line);
```

```
//Ignoring the empty line in start of file
```

```
        while (!in.eof())
```

```
        {
```

```
            inputSalesFromFile(in, emptyRecord);
```

```

        if (emptyRecord.contactNum == customerContactNumber)
        {
            check = 1;
            record = &emptyRecord;
            record->outputRecord();
            cout << endl;
        }
    }
    in.close();

    if (check == 0)
    {
        cout << "\nNo records with specified contact number found.\n";
    }
    else
    {
        Sleep(7000);
        //Enough time to look at invoice
    }
}

void Sales::generateReport()
{
    string temp;

```

```

    string startYear, endYear;                                //used for taking date inputs

    string startMonth, endMonth;

    string startDay, endDay;

    int startingDate, endingDate;

    int totalRevenue = 0;                                     //stores amount of total sales
made in specified period

    Sales emptyRecord;                                        //used for reading data
from invoice file, and for writing data to report file

```

```
string startMonth, endMonth;
```

```
string startDay, endDay;
```

```
int startingDate, endingDate;
```

```
int totalRevenue = 0; //stores amount of total sales
```

made in specified period

```
Sales emptyRecord; //used for reading data
```

from invoice file, and for writing data to report file

```
cout << "\nEnter starting date of report (in DD/MM/YYYY format): ";
```

```
cin >> setw(2) >> startDay;
```

```
cin.ignore(); //ignore '\n'
```

```
cin >> setw(2) >> startMonth;
```

```
cin.ignore(); //ignore '\n'
```

```
cin >> setw(4) >> startYear;
```

```
cin.ignore(); //ignore '\n'
```

```
temp = startYear + startMonth + startDay;
```

```
startingDate = stoi(temp);
```

cout &lt;&lt; "\nEnter ending date of report (in DD/MM/YYYY format): ";

```
cin >> setw(2) >> endDay;
```

```
cin.ignore(); //ignore '\n'
```

```
cin >> setw(2) >> endMonth;
```

```
cin.ignore(); //ignore '\n'
```

```
cin >> setw(4) >> endYear;
```

```
cin.ignore(); //ignore '/'
```

```
temp = endYear + endMonth + endDay;
```

```
endingDate = stoi(temp);
```

```
ifstream in(::invoiceFile, ios::in);
```

```
ofstream out(::reportFile, ios::out); //truncating file in case there was any  
other data in it
```

```
if (!in)
```

```
{
```

```
    cout << "\nError opening file.\n";
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
    out << "\nSales Report\n\nPeriod: " << startDay << "/" << startMonth << "/" <<  
startYear << " to " << endDay << "/" << endMonth << "/" << endYear << "\n\n";
```

```
    getline(in, temp);
```

```
    //ignoring the empty first line
```

```
    while (!in.eof())
```

```
{
```

```
    inputSalesFromFile(in, emptyRecord);
```

```
    if (emptyRecord.date >= startingDate && emptyRecord.date <= endingDate)
```

```
{
```

```
    outputSalesToFile(out, emptyRecord);
```

[illegible]

```
while (1)
{
    cout << "\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\t\t Enter 1 to access inventory management features,"
        << "\n\t\t\t\t 2 to search phones on basis of preferences,"
        << "\n\t\t\t\t\t 3 to buy a phone,"
        << "\n\t\t\t\t\t\t 4 to access sales management features,"
        << "\n\t\t\t\t\t\t\t or 0 to exit the program.\n\n\t\t\t\t\t\t ";
    cin >> option;

    if (option == 1)
    {
        system("CLS");
        cout << "\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\t\t Enter 1 to add a new phone,"
            << "\n\t\t\t\t\t 2 to edit a phone,\n\t\t\t\t\t 3 to delete a phone,"
            << "\n\t\t\t\t\t\t 4 to view low-stock phones,\n\t\t\t\t\t\t\t 5 to see all
inventory,"
            << "\n\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\t or 0 to go back to main menu\n\n\t\t\t\t\t\t\t ";
        cin >> optionTwo;
        cout << endl << endl;
        if (optionTwo == 1)
        {
            Inventory::addRecord();
        }
        else if (optionTwo == 2)
        {
```

```

        Inventory::editRecord();
    }
    else if (optionTwo == 3)
    {
        Inventory::deleteRecord();
    }
    else if (optionTwo == 4)
    {
        Inventory::lowStockPhones();
    }
    else if (optionTwo == 5)
    {
        Inventory::showInventory();
    }
    else
    {
        continue;
    }
}
else if (option == 2)
{
    system("CLS");
    cin.ignore();
    cout << "\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\t\t\t\t\tEnter userID: ";
    getline(cin, userIDentity);

```



```

        Search s(userIdentity);

        system("CLS");

        cout << "\n\n";

        s.byPreference();

    }

    else if (option == 3)

    {

        system("CLS");

        cout << "\n\n";

        Sales customer;

        customer.buyPhone();

    }

    else if (option == 4)

    {

        system("CLS");

        cout << "\n\n";

        Sales salesman;

        cout << "\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\t\t\t\t\tEnter 1 to find invoice/s of a customer,"
            << "\n\t\t\t\t\t or 2 to generate sales report.\n\n\t\t\t\t\t ";

        cin >> optionThree;

        if (optionThree == 1)

        {

            system("CLS");

            cout << "\n\n";

```

```
        salesman.findInvoices();
    }
else if (optionThree == 2)
{
    system("CLS");
    cout << "\n\n";
    salesman.generateReport();
}
else
{
    cout << "\nInvalid value. Going back to main menu.";
    Sleep(3000);
    system("CLS");
    continue;
}
}

else if (option == 0)
{
    system("CLS");
    cout << "\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\t\t\t\t\t\tgoodbye!\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n\n";
    exit(0);
}

else
{
    cout << "\n\nInvalid value.";
```

```
    }  
    Sleep(3000);  
    system("CLS");  
}  
}
```

main.cpp file:

```
#include <iostream>
#include "search.h"
#include "sales.h"
using namespace std;

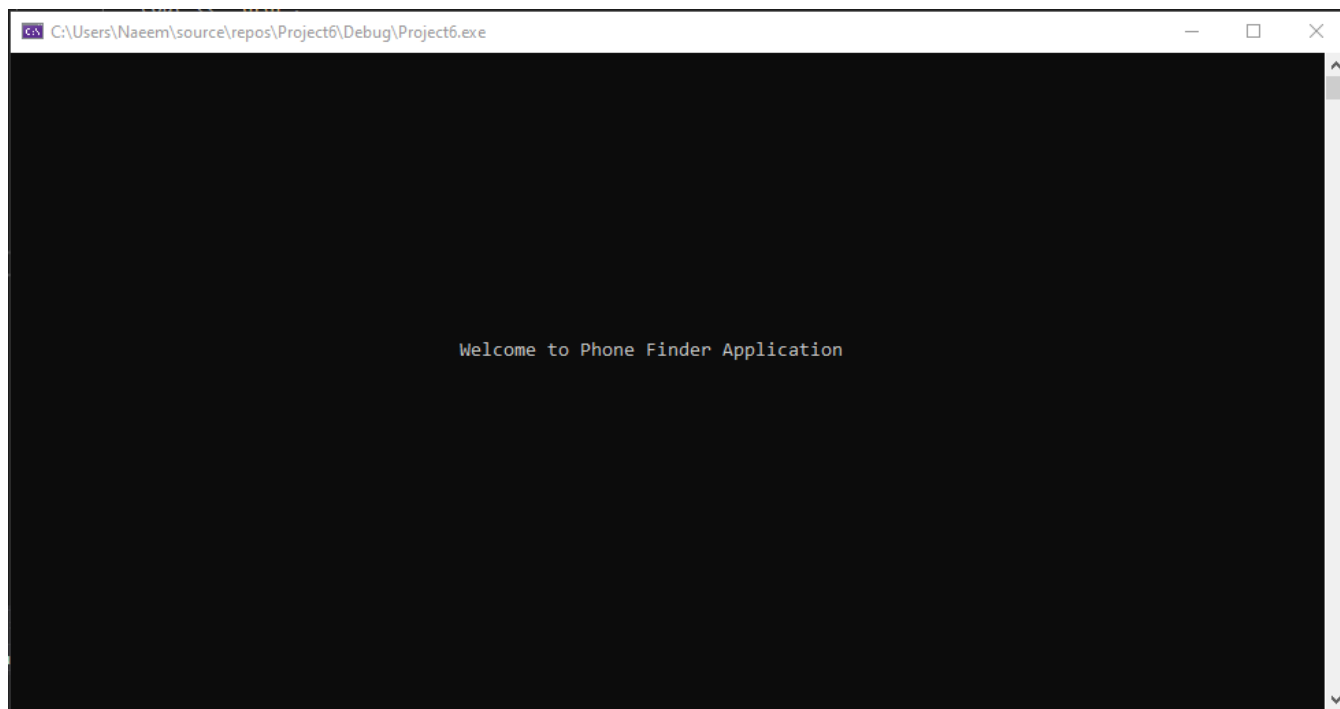
void programInterface();

int main()
{
    programInterface();
}
```

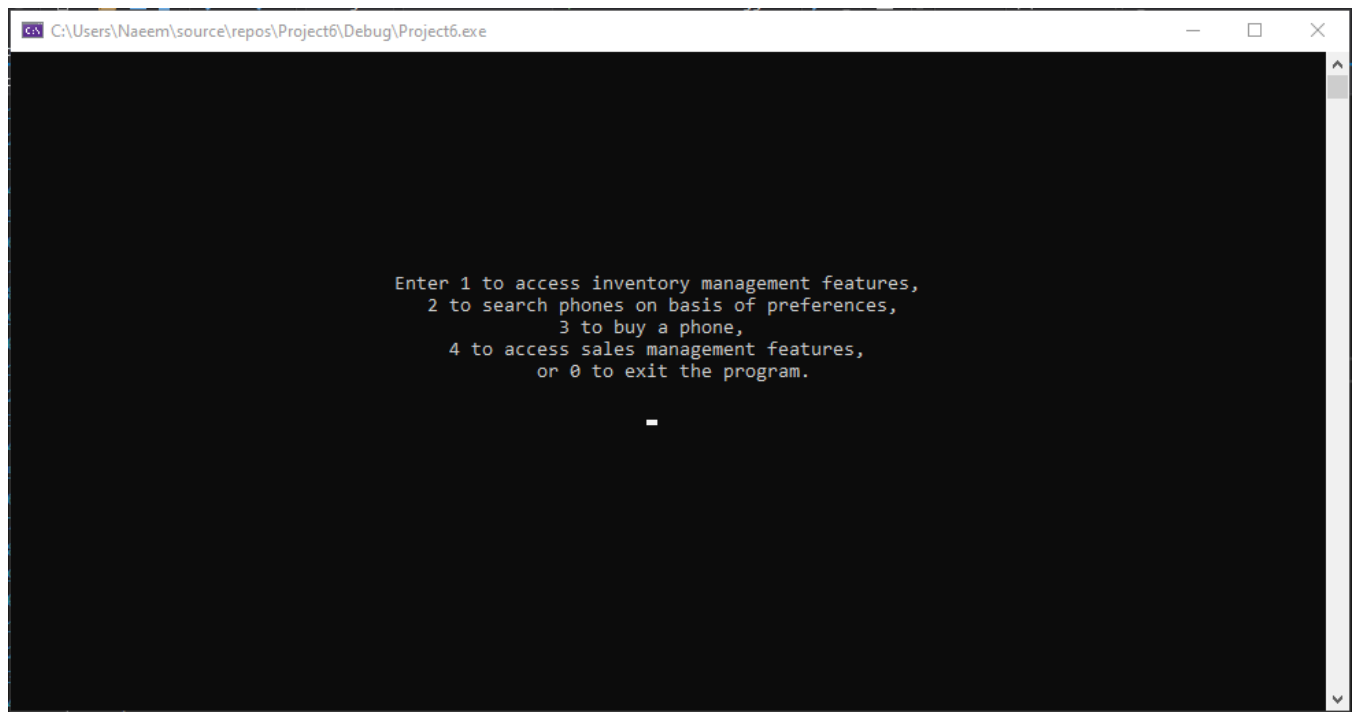
**Tools Used: Visual Studio 2019, Microsoft Word**

**Sample Program Outputs:**

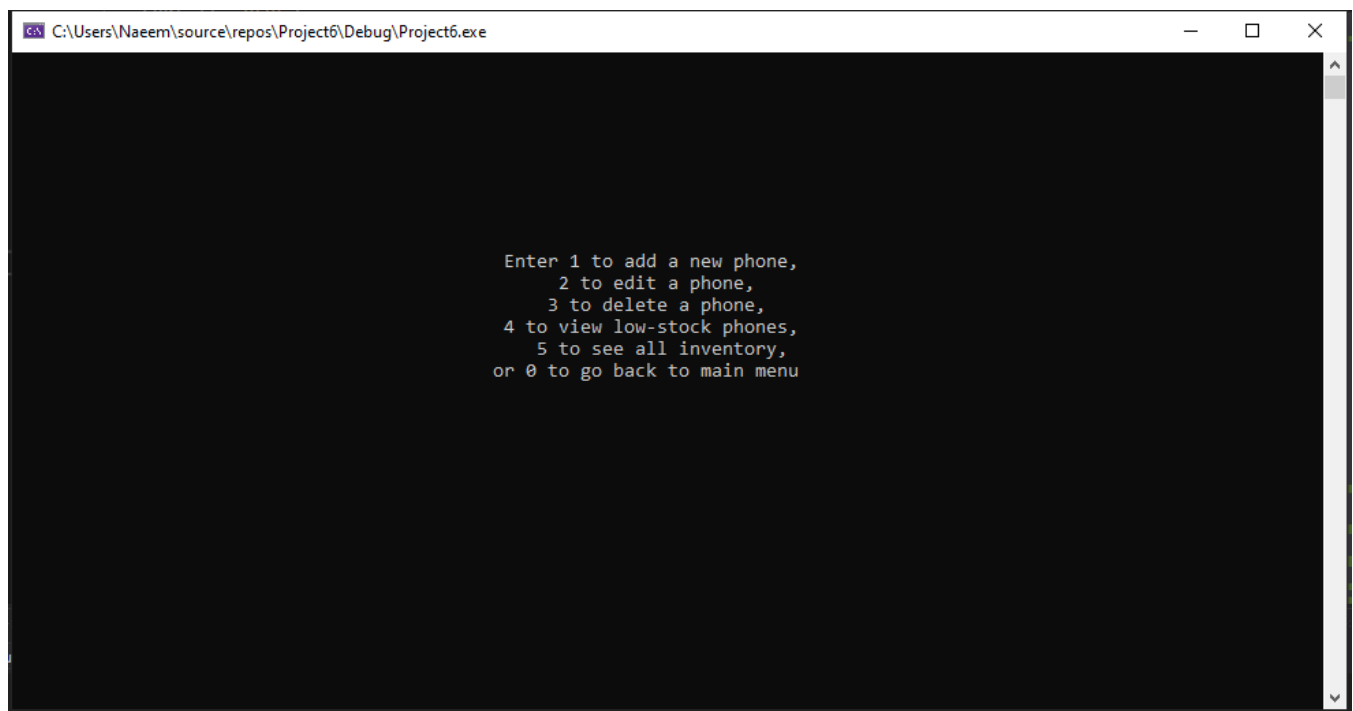
Welcome screen:



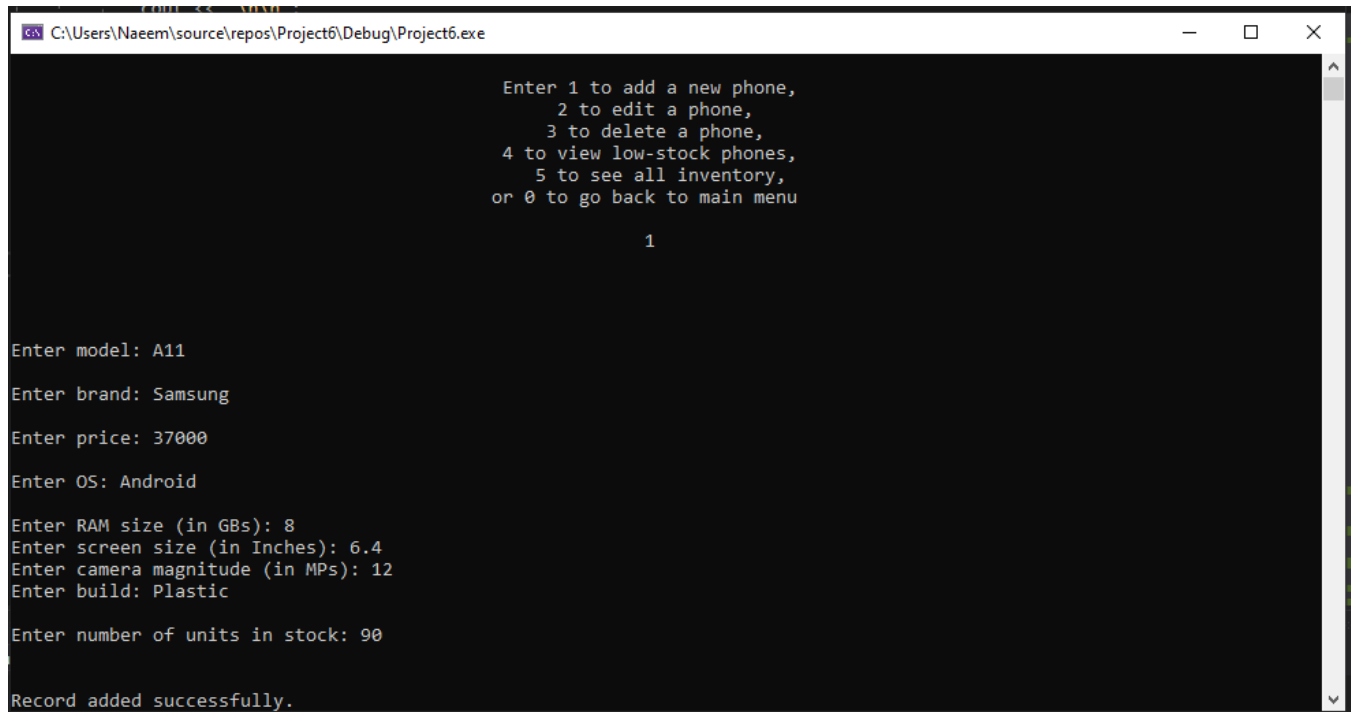
Main menu :



Inventory management features:



add new phone record feature:

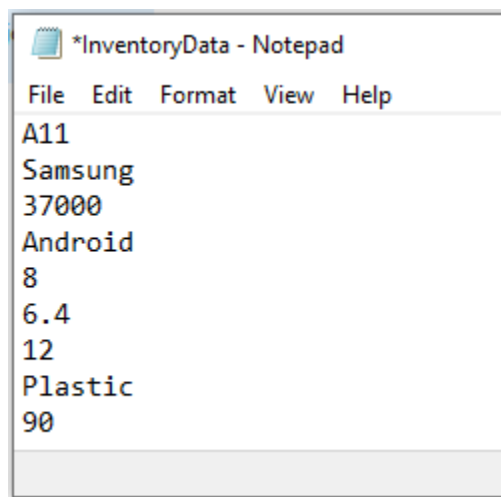


```
C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

Enter 1 to add a new phone,
    2 to edit a phone,
    3 to delete a phone,
    4 to view low-stock phones,
    5 to see all inventory,
or 0 to go back to main menu

1

Enter model: A11
Enter brand: Samsung
Enter price: 37000
Enter OS: Android
Enter RAM size (in GBs): 8
Enter screen size (in Inches): 6.4
Enter camera magnitude (in MP): 12
Enter build: Plastic
Enter number of units in stock: 90
Record added successfully.
```



```
*InventoryData - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
A11
Samsung
37000
Android
8
6.4
12
Plastic
90
```

edit phone record feature:

C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

or 0 to go back to main menu

2

Enter the model you want to edit: A11

Model: A11

Brand: Samsung

Price: Rs. 37000

OS: Android

RAM: 8 GB

Screen size: 6.4 Inches

Camera: 12 MP

Build: Plastic

Units in stock: 90

Enter 1 to edit this record or 0 to cancel.

1

Enter new values.

Enter model: A12

Enter brand: LG

Enter price: 56000

Enter OS: Android

Enter RAM size (in GBs): 8

Enter screen size (in Inches): 6.5

Enter camera magnitude (in MP): 14

Enter build: Metal

Enter number of units in stock: 80

Record edited successfully.



\*InventoryData - Notepad

File	Edit	Format	View	Help
A11				
Samsung				
37000				
Android				
8				
6.4				
12				
Plastic				
90				

InventoryData - Notepad

File	Edit	Format	View	Help
A12				
LG				
56000				
Android				
8				
6.5				
14				
Metal				
80				

delete phone record:

```
C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

Enter 1 to add a new phone,
    2 to edit a phone,
    3 to delete a phone,
    4 to view low-stock phones,
    5 to see all inventory,
or 0 to go back to main menu

3

Enter the model you want to delete: A12

Model: A12
Brand: LG
Price: Rs. 56000
OS: Android
RAM: 8 GB
Screen size: 6.5 Inches
Camera: 14 MP
Build: Metal
Units in stock: 80

Enter 1 to delete this record or 0 to cancel.

1

Record deleted successfully.
```

### Low-stock phones:

C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

Enter 1 to add a new phone,  
2 to edit a phone,  
3 to delete a phone,  
4 to view low-stock phones,  
5 to see all inventory,  
or 0 to go back to main menu

4

Low stock phone/s:

Model: A70  
Brand: Samsung  
Price: Rs. 40000  
OS: Android  
RAM: 8 GB  
Screen size: 6.5 Inches  
Camera: 48 MP  
Build: Plastic  
Units in stock: 7

Model: Note10  
Brand: Xiaomi  
Price: Rs. 80000  
OS: Android  
RAM: 12 GB  
Screen size: 6.6 Inches  
Camera: 108 MP  
Build: Metal  
Units in stock: 4

See all inventory records:

```
C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

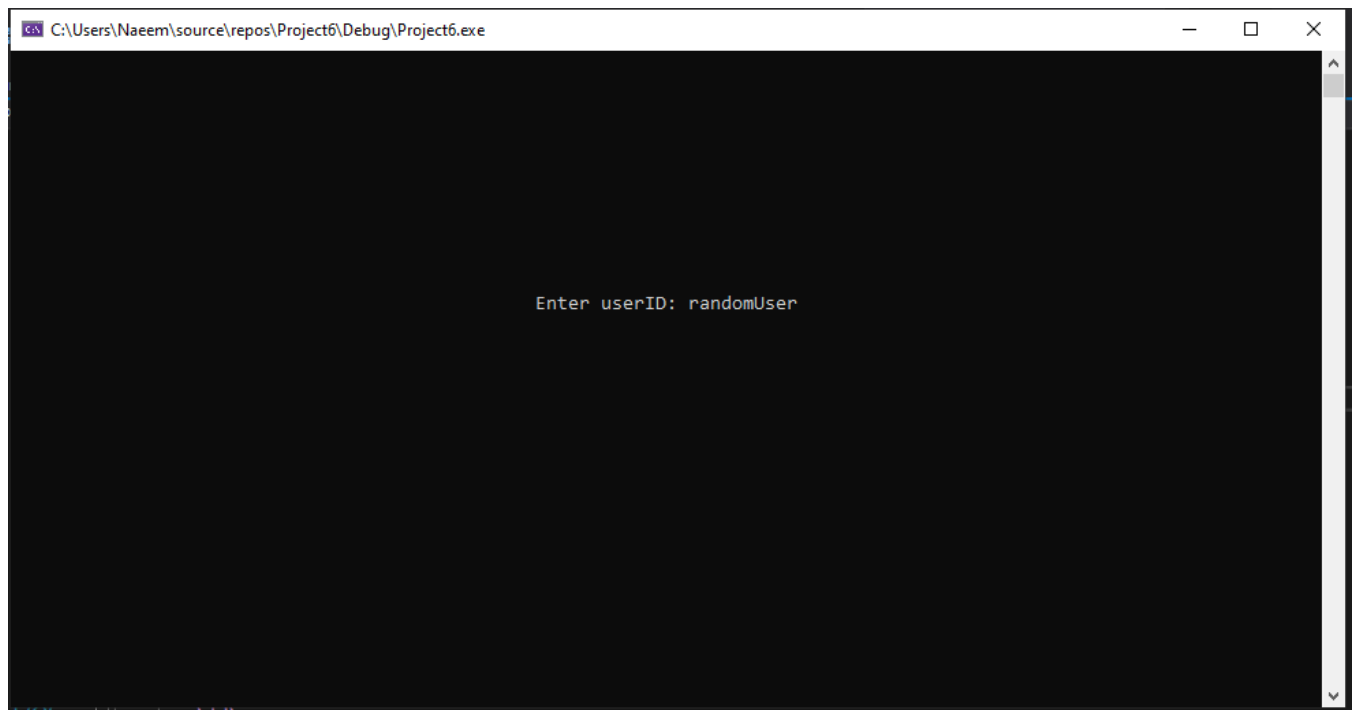
Enter 1 to add a new phone,
    2 to edit a phone,
    3 to delete a phone,
    4 to view low-stock phones,
    5 to see all inventory,
or 0 to go back to main menu

5

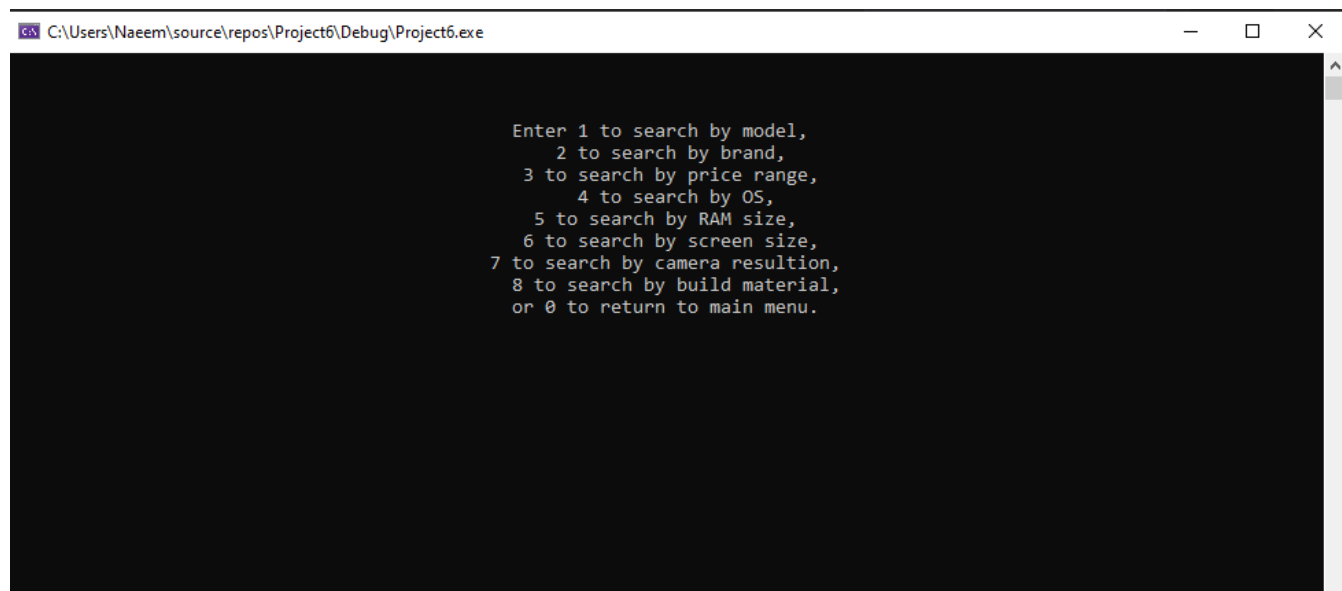
Model: A50
Brand: Samsung
Price: Rs. 30000
OS: Android
RAM: 4 GB
Screen size: 6.2 Inches
Camera: 10 MP
Build: Plastic
Units in stock: 100

Model: A60
Brand: Samsung
Price: Rs. 36000
OS: Android
RAM: 4 GB
Screen size: 6.4 Inches
Camera: 20 MP
```

user ID before search (to save search results):



Search by preference (price, brand, ram, etc.) (menu + samples):



```
C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

Enter 1 to search by model,
    2 to search by brand,
    3 to search by price range,
    4 to search by OS,
    5 to search by RAM size,
    6 to search by screen size,
    7 to search by camera resolution,
    8 to search by build material,
    or 0 to return to main menu.
```

C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

Enter 1 to search by model,  
2 to search by brand,  
3 to search by price range,  
4 to search by OS,  
5 to search by RAM size,  
6 to search by screen size,  
7 to search by camera resolution,  
8 to search by build material,  
or 0 to return to main menu.

2

Enter phone brand: Samsung

Model: A50  
Brand: Samsung  
Price: Rs. 30000  
OS: Android  
RAM: 4 GB  
Screen size: 6.2 Inches  
Camera: 10 MP  
Build: Plastic

Model: A60  
Brand: Samsung  
Price: Rs. 36000  
OS: Android  
RAM: 4 GB  
Screen size: 6.4 Inches  
Camera: 20 MP  
Build: Plastic

Model: A70  
Brand: Samsung  
Price: Rs. 40000  
OS: Android  
RAM: 8 GB

C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

Enter 1 to search by model,  
2 to search by brand,  
3 to search by price range,  
4 to search by OS,  
5 to search by RAM size,  
6 to search by screen size,  
7 to search by camera resolution,  
8 to search by build material,  
or 0 to return to main menu.

8

Enter build material: Metal

Model: Note10  
Brand: Xiaomi  
Price: Rs. 80000  
OS: Android  
RAM: 12 GB  
Screen size: 6.6 Inches  
Camera: 108 MP  
Build: Metal

Model: iPhone11  
Brand: Apple  
Price: Rs. 130000  
OS: iOS  
RAM: 6 GB  
Screen size: 6.2 Inches  
Camera: 20 MP  
Build: Metal



C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

Enter 1 to search by model,  
2 to search by brand,  
3 to search by price range,  
4 to search by OS,  
5 to search by RAM size,  
6 to search by screen size,  
7 to search by camera resolution,  
8 to search by build material,  
or 0 to return to main menu.

3

Enter upper price limit: 50000

Enter lower price limit: 20000

Model: A50  
Brand: Samsung  
Price: Rs. 30000  
OS: Android  
RAM: 4 GB  
Screen size: 6.2 Inches  
Camera: 10 MP  
Build: Plastic

Model: A60  
Brand: Samsung  
Price: Rs. 36000  
OS: Android  
RAM: 4 GB  
Screen size: 6.4 Inches  
Camera: 20 MP  
Build: Plastic

Model: A70  
Brand: Samsung  
Price: Rs. 40000  
OS: Android  
RAM: 8 GB

C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

Enter 1 to search by model,  
2 to search by brand,  
3 to search by price range,  
4 to search by OS,  
5 to search by RAM size,  
6 to search by screen size,  
7 to search by camera resolution,  
8 to search by build material,  
or 0 to return to main menu.

5

Enter RAM (in GBs): 8

Model: A50  
Brand: Samsung  
Price: Rs. 30000  
OS: Android  
RAM: 4 GB  
Screen size: 6.2 Inches  
Camera: 10 MP  
Build: Plastic

Model: A60  
Brand: Samsung  
Price: Rs. 36000  
OS: Android  
RAM: 4 GB  
Screen size: 6.4 Inches  
Camera: 20 MP  
Build: Plastic

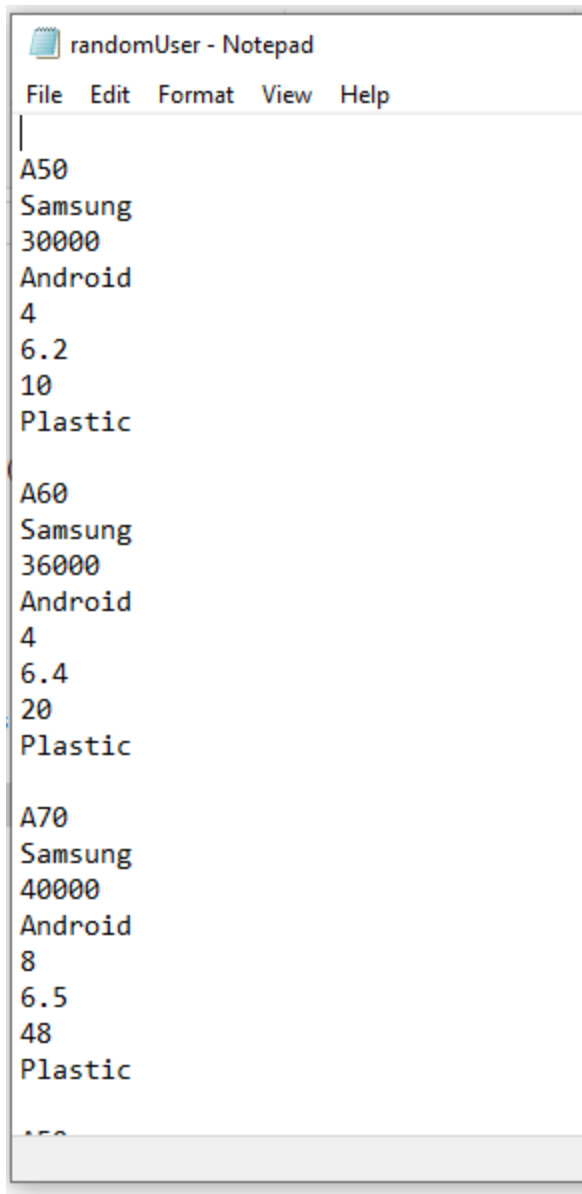


Figure 1: saved search results

buy phone feature (+ saving invoice):

```
C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

Enter phone model: C11

Enter full name: Shahid Faisal

Enter contact number: 342-5234-233

Enter credit/debit card number to confirm purchase: 567456

Customer Invoice

Model: C11
Brand: Realme
Price: Rs. 25000
OS: Android
RAM: 3 GB
Screen size: 6.3 Inches
Camera: 12 MP
Build: Plastic
Purchased by: Shahid Faisal
Contact number: 342-5234-233

Purchase completed successfully.
```

```
SalesInvoice - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
C11
Realme
25000
Android
3
6.3
12
Plastic
20200624
Shahid Faisal
342-5234-233
567456
```

find customer invoice:

```
C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

Enter customer's contact number: 315-1111-111

Customer Invoice

Model: C11
Brand: Realme
Price: Rs. 25000
OS: Android
RAM: 3 GB
Screen size: 6.3 Inches
Camera: 12 MP
Build: Plastic
Purchased by: Jahanzeb Naeem
Contact number: 315-1111-111
```

generate report:

```
C:\Users\Naeem\source\repos\Project6\Debug\Project6.exe

Enter starting date of report (in DD/MM/YYYY format): 23/02/2019
Enter ending date of report (in DD/MM/YYYY format): 20/04/2020
Report generated.
```

```
SalesReport - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
|
Sales Report

Period: 23/02/2019 to 20/04/2020

C11
Realme
25000
Android
3
6.3
12
Plastic
20190624
Jahanzeb Naeem
315-1111-111
1234234

X
OnePlus
65000
Android
8
```

```
SalesReport - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
6.6
108
Metal
20200215
Kamran Ali
324-1234-121
54233453

iPhone11
Apple
130000
iOS
6
6.2
20
Metal
20191216
Faiza Ahmad
361-2131-354
45675764

Total revenue generated: 665000
```

**Conclusion:**

It can be seen that it is indeed possible to create such an information system using UML diagrams, classes, text files, operator overloading, loops and selection statements, multilevel inheritances, virtual functions and static polymorphism.