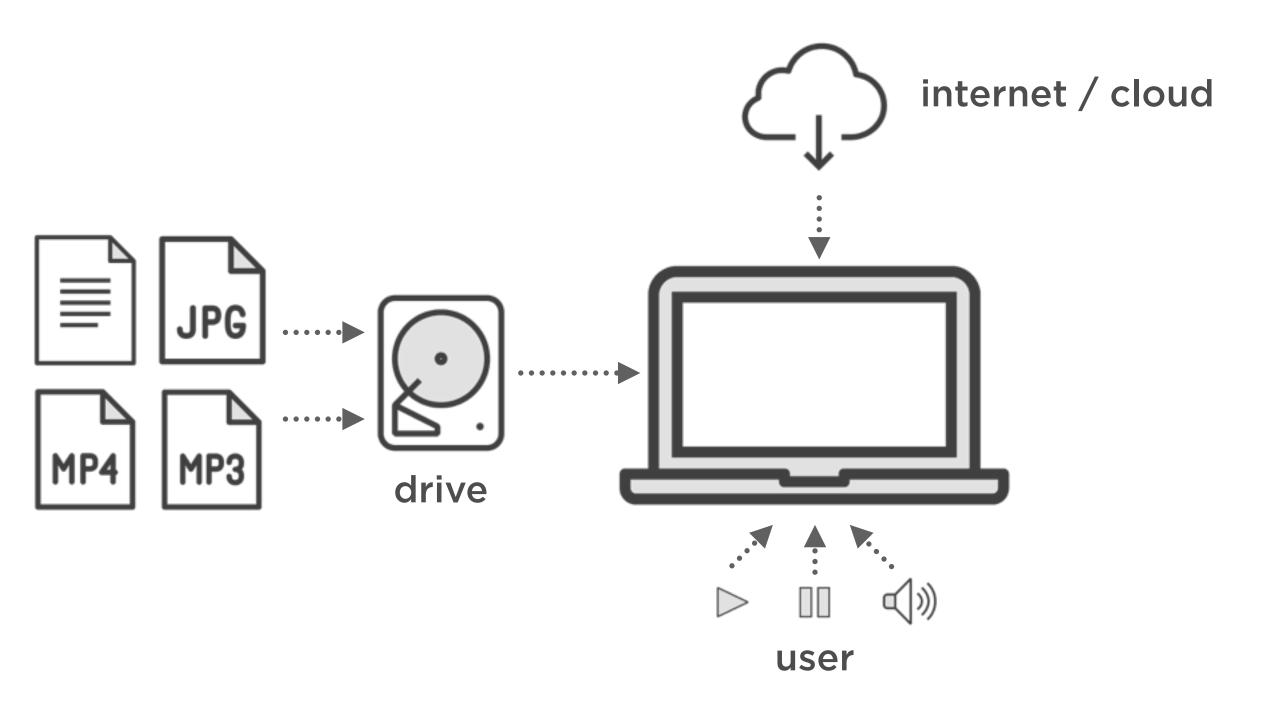
Working with Data

INTRO: INPUT, OUTPUT AND EVERYTHING IN-BETWEEN

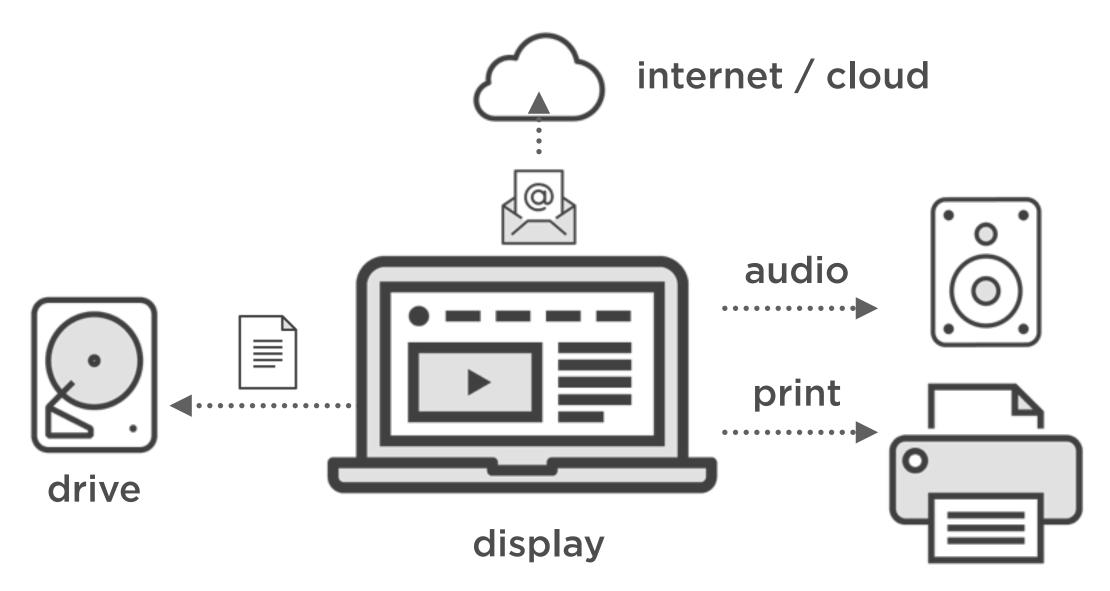


Simon Allardice STAFF AUTHOR, PLURALSIGHT @allardice www.pluralsight.com

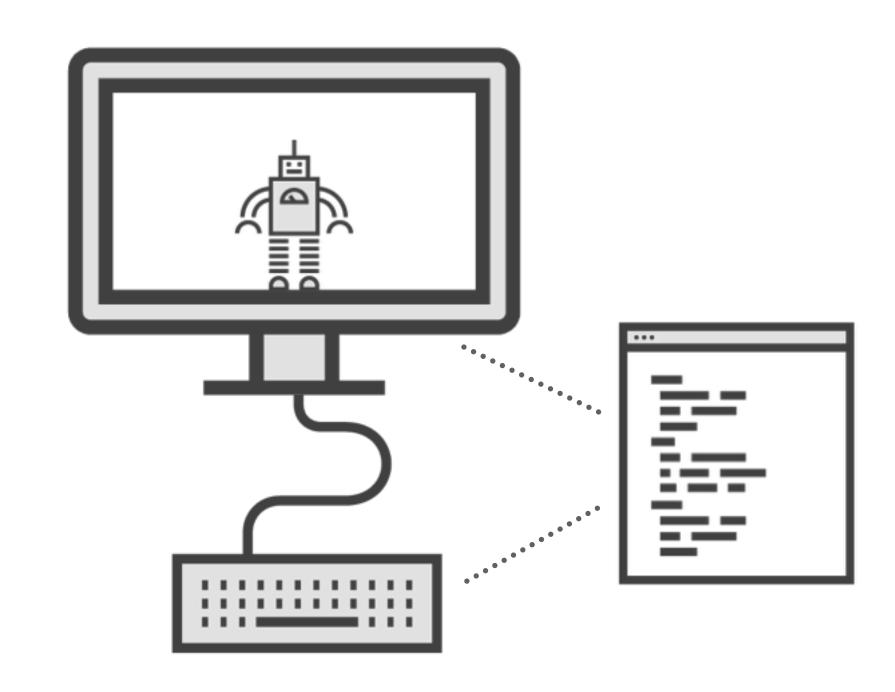
Sources of Input



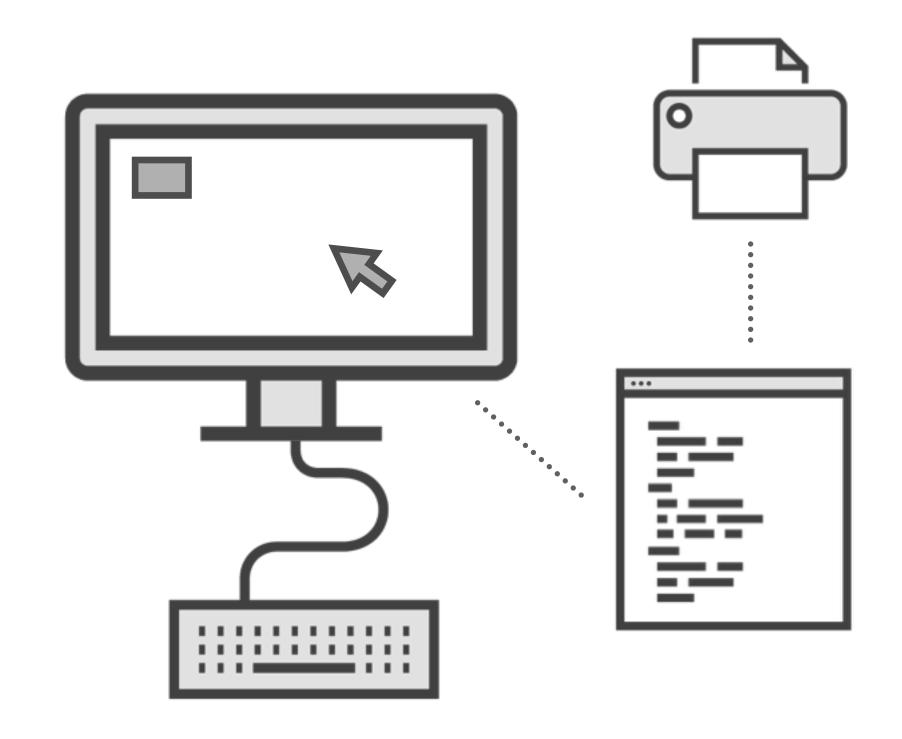
Sources of Output



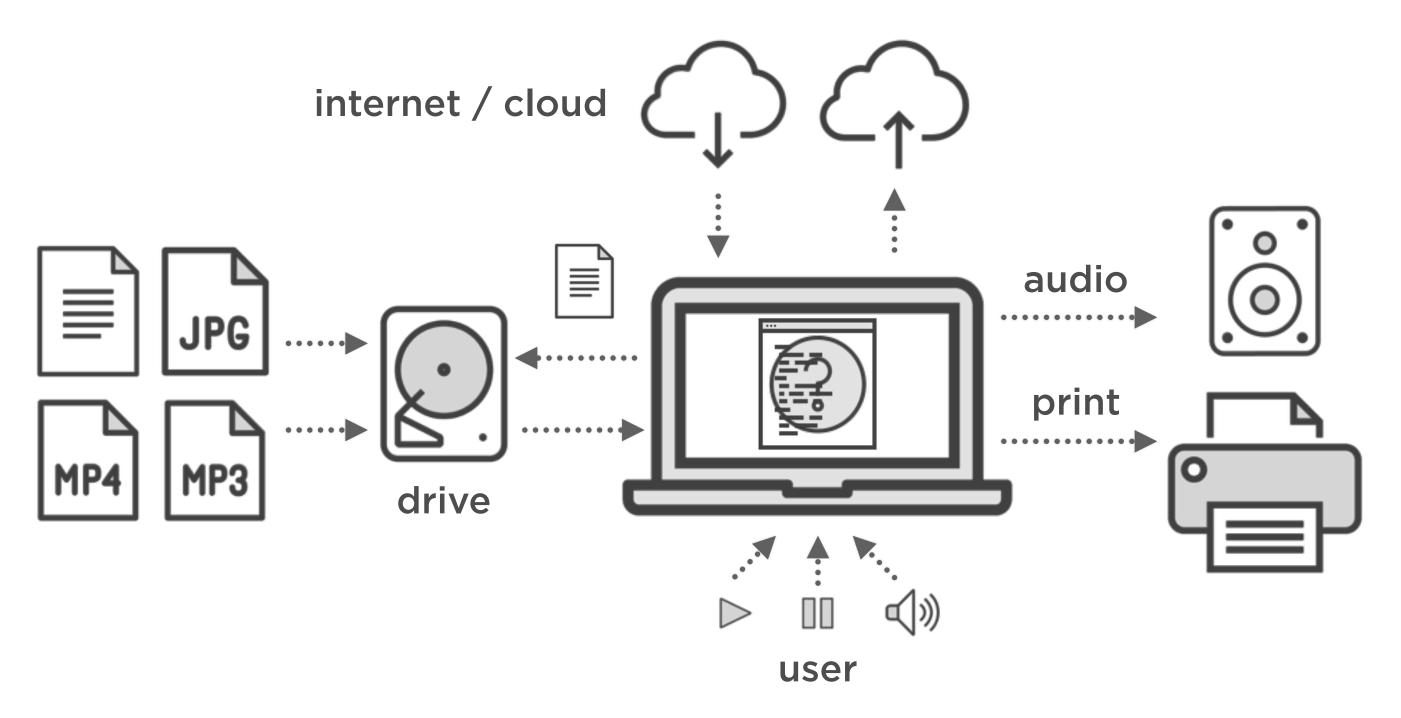
How Do We Turn Input Into Output?



How Do We Turn Input Into Output?



It's All Our Data



Data: Creating and Naming Variables



Data: Creating and Naming Variables

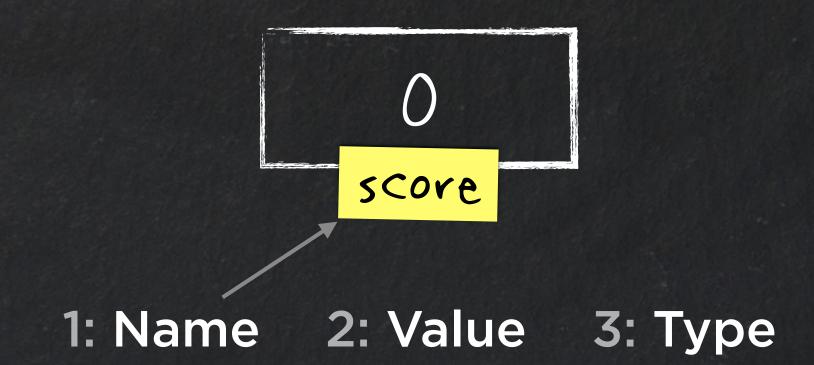
1: Name

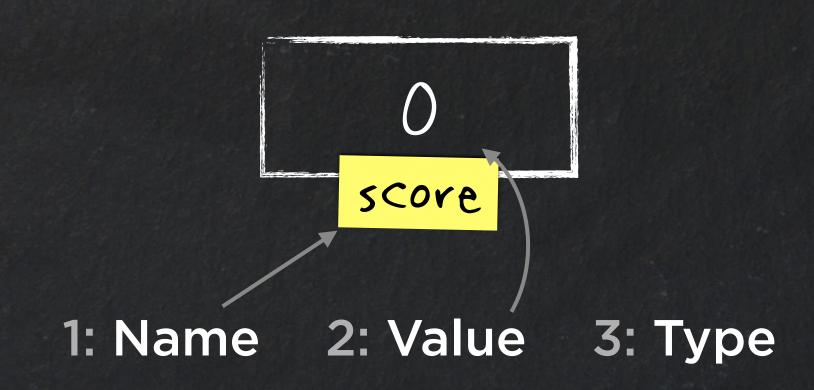
1: Name 2: Value

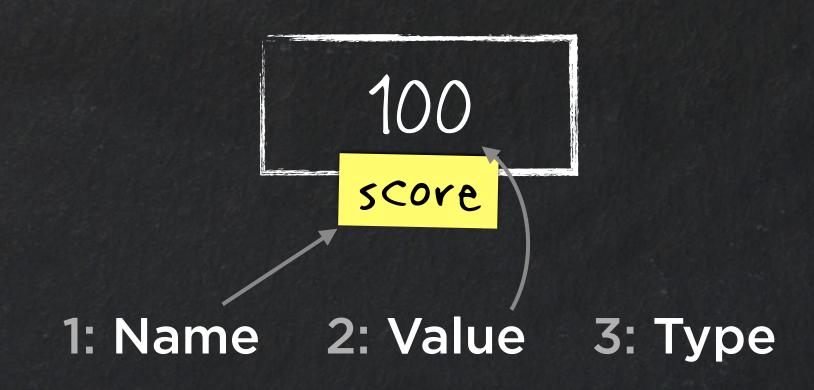
1: Name 2: Value 3: Type

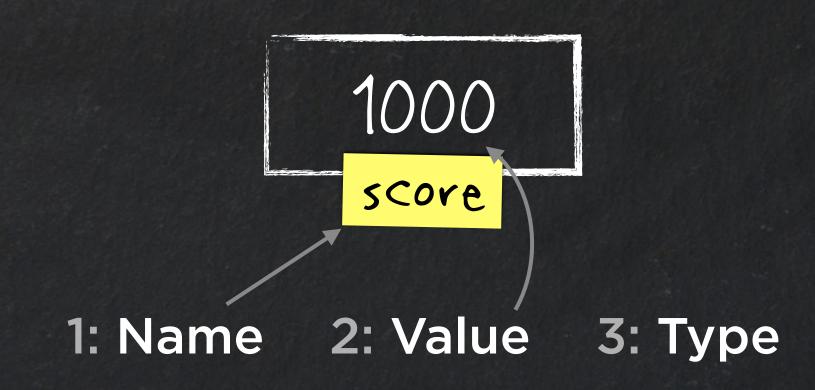


1: Name 2: Value 3: Type



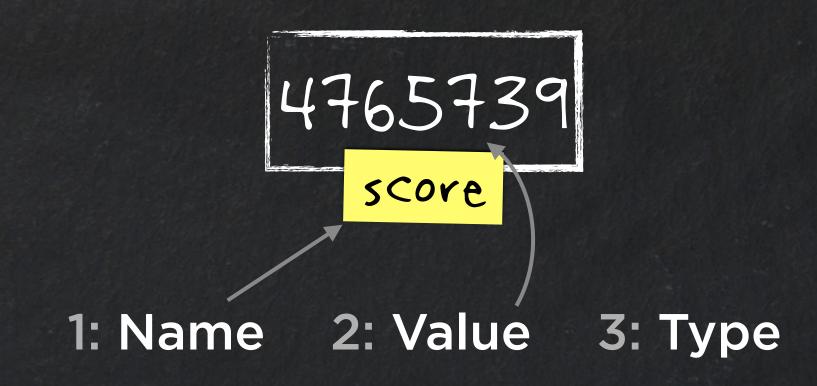


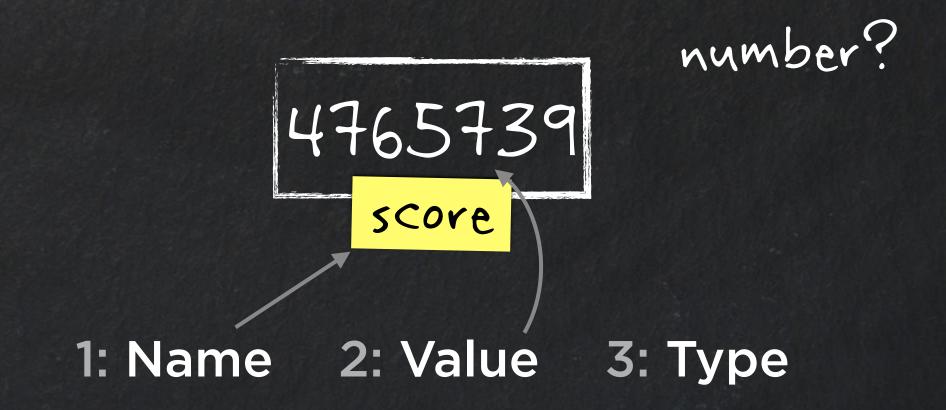


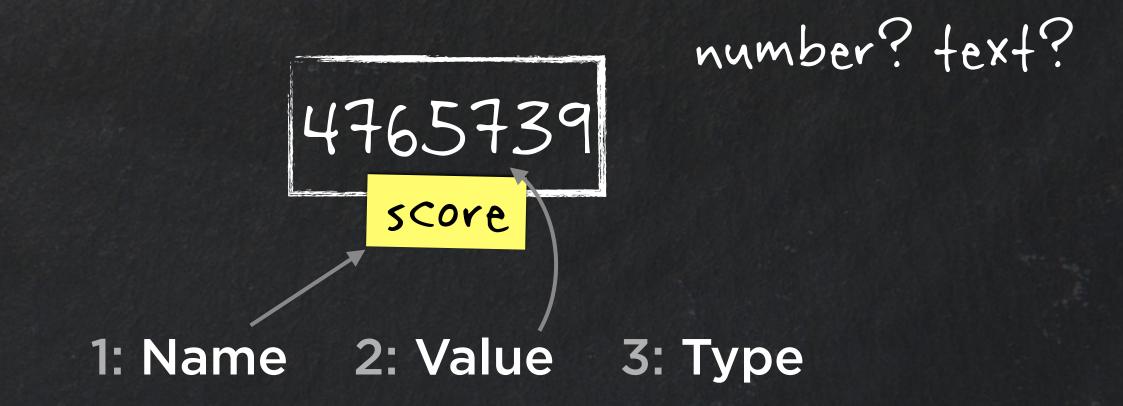


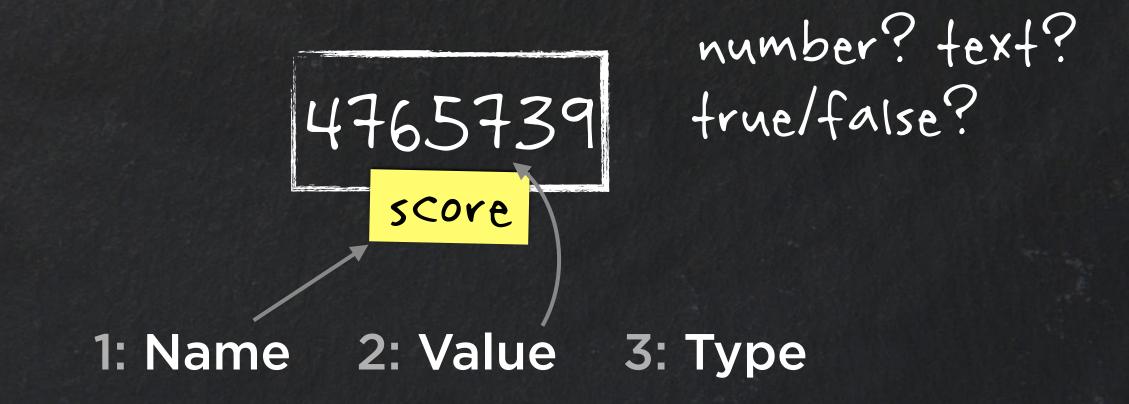


1: Name 2: Value 3: Type



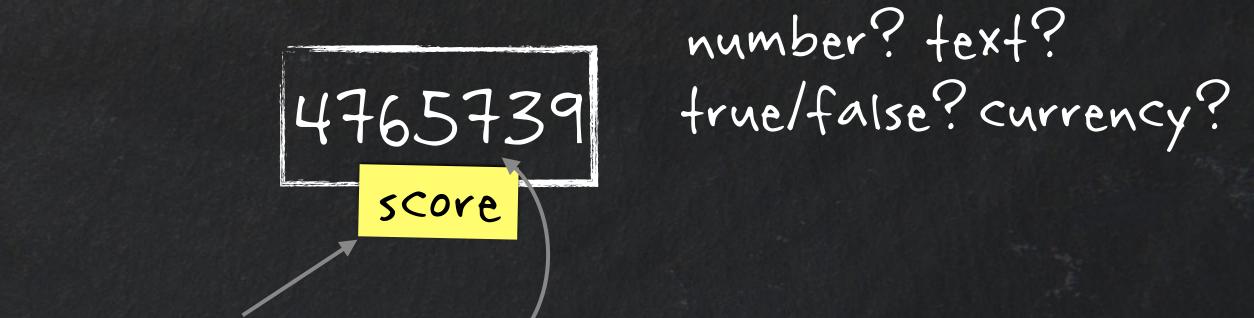






2: Value

1: Name



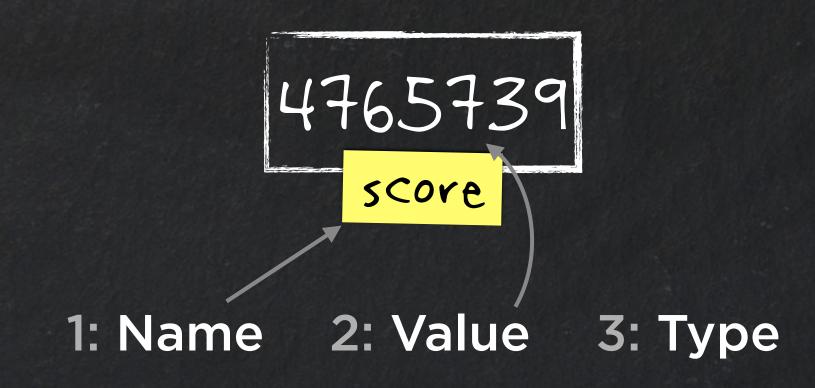
3: Type

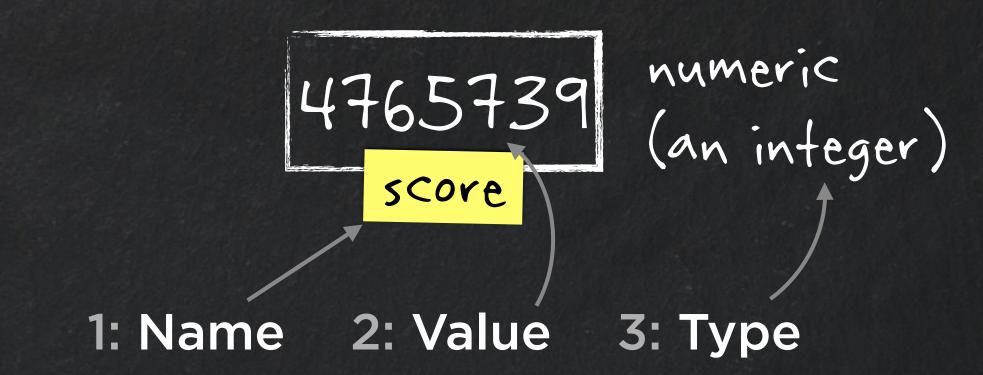


number? text? true/false? currency? something else?

1: Name 2: Value

3: Type





Swift Visual Basic

var score: Int

Dim score As Integer

C++

JavaScript

int score;

Swift Visual Basic

var score: Int

Dim score As Integer

C++

JavaScript

int score;

Swift Visual Basic

var score: Int

Dim score As Integer

C++

JavaScript

int score;

Swift

Visual Basic

var score: Int

Dim score As Integer

C++

JavaScript

int score;

Swift Visual Basic

var score: Int

Dim score As Integer

C++

JavaScript

int score;

Swift Visual Basic

var score: Int

Dim score As Integer

C++

JavaScript

int score;

Swift Visual Basic

var score: Int

Dim score As Integer

C++

JavaScript

int score;

Swift

Visual Basic

var score: Int

Dim score As Integer

C++

JavaScript

int score;

Swift Visual Basic

var score: Int

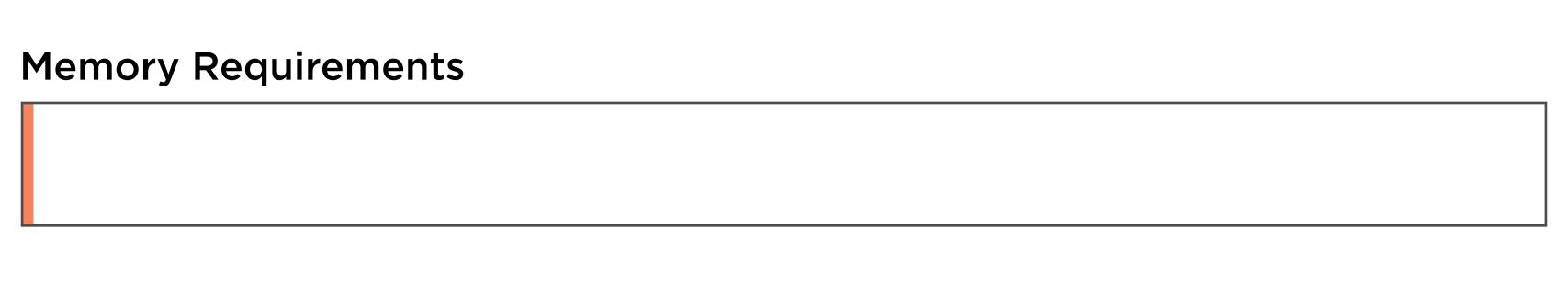
Dim score As Integer

C++

JavaScript

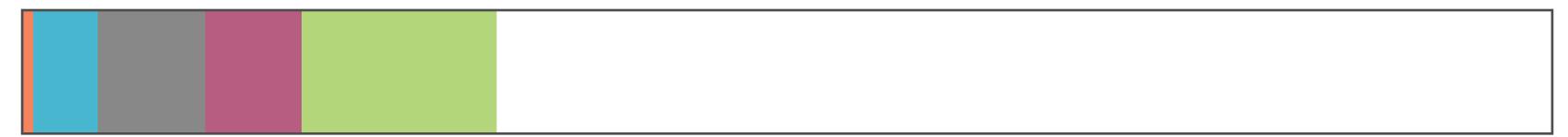
int score;

Memory Requirements		









Declaring a Variable

Swift

Visual Basic

var score: Int

Dim score As Integer

C++

JavaScript

int score;

var score;

Choosing a Variable Name (the *Identifier*)

Choosing a Variable Name (the *Identifier*)

Rules (Syntax)

What are you allowed to do?

Choosing a Variable Name (the *Identifier*)

Rules (Syntax)

What are you allowed to do?

Guidelines (Style)

What are you supposed to do?

```
// This variable name is within the rules
var CuRReNt_Sc0_rE;
```

Naming Variables

Just because you can, doesn't mean you should

Rule: No Reserved Words / Keywords

You can't use a word the language already owns

```
var if;  // not allowed
var true; // not allowed
```

Rule: No Reserved Words / Keywords

You can't use a word the language already owns

score

```
score
Score // case sensitive: "score" is different from "Score"
```

```
score
Score // case sensitive: "score" is different from "Score"

x // Nothing enforces a meaningful name
```

```
score
Score // case sensitive: "score" is different from "Score"

x // Nothing enforces a meaningful name
```

```
score
Score // case sensitive: "score" is different from "Score"
      // Nothing enforces a meaningful name
Sscore
       // PHP requires leading $
highscore
high_score // With multiple words,
```

```
score
Score // case sensitive: "score" is different from "Score"
      // Nothing enforces a meaningful name
Sscore
       // PHP requires leading $
highscore
high_score // With multiple words,
highScore // there are different "styles".
```

```
score
Score // case sensitive: "score" is different from "Score"
      // Nothing enforces a meaningful name
X
Sscore
        // PHP requires leading $
highscore
high_score
          // With multiple words,
highScore // there are different "styles".
            // Most languages have a preferred style.
HighScore
```

Non-Roman Alphabet Identifiers

```
// Swift Variable Names

var 如此这般 // Mandarin

var יְּפְצִ'יִק // Hebrew

var יִבּב // Arabic

var المح // Emoji
```

Rule: Don't Start with a Digit

In most languages, you can use numbers but you cannot begin with one

```
var rule22;  // is allowed
var 22ndrule; // is not allowed
```

Rule: Don't Start with a Digit

In most languages, you can use numbers but you cannot begin with one

Style Example: Camel Case

Not required, but commonly seen in many languages

Style Example: Camel Case

Not required, but commonly seen in many languages

Style Example: Camel Case

Not required, but commonly seen in many languages

Data: Using Variables and Operators

Providing an Initial Value

Swift Visual Basic

var score: Int

Dim score As Integer

C++

JavaScript

int score;

var score;

Providing an Initial Value

Swift

Visual Basic

var score: Int

score = 0

Dim score As Integer

score = 0

C++

JavaScript

```
int score;
score = 0;
```

```
var score;
score = 0;
```

Providing an Initial Value

Swift

Visual Basic



Dim score As Integer score = 0

C++

JavaScript

```
int score;
score = 0;
```

```
var score;
score = 0;
```

Operators

A shortcut to perform a specific task - one operation

100 + 75

Operators

A shortcut to perform a specific task - one operation

100 + 75

addition operator

Operators

A shortcut to perform a specific task - one operation

addition operator

500 - 300

Operators

addition operator

500 - 300

subtraction operator

Operators

addition operator

500 - 300

subtraction operator

100 * 5

multiplication operator

Operators

addition operator

500 - 300

subtraction operator

100 * 5

multiplication operator

100 / 10

division operator

Operators

100 * 5

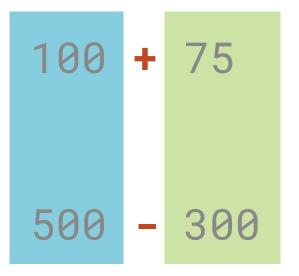
500 - 300

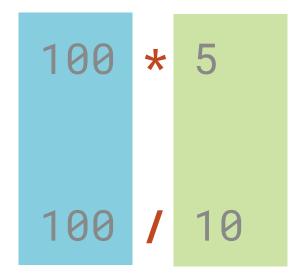
100 / 10

Operators

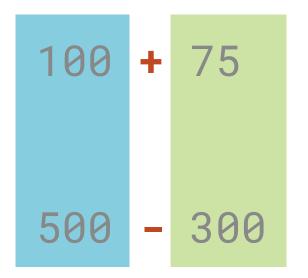


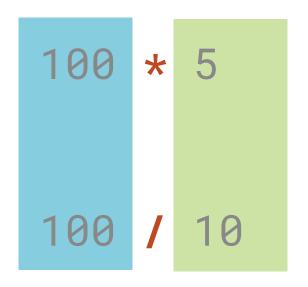
Operators





Operators





Binary operators require two values (operands) to work

Operators

500 - 300

Operators

500 - 300 result: 200

Operators

500 - 300 result: 200

300 - 500

Operators

500 - 300 result: 200

300 - 500 result:-200

Operators

Assignment Operator (Single Equals Sign)

score = 0

Assignment Operator (Single Equals Sign)

score = θ // score is now θ

Assignment Operator (Single Equals Sign)

score = 0 // score is now 0 score = 105 + 42

Assignment Operator (Single Equals Sign)

score = 0 // score is now 0 score = 105 + 42

Assignment Operator (Single Equals Sign)

score = 0 // score is now 0
score = 105 + 42 147

Assignment Operator (Single Equals Sign)

score = 0 // score is now 0

score = 105 + 42 // score is now 147

Assignment Operator (Single Equals Sign)

Swift

Visual Basic

var score: Int

score = 0

Dim score As Integer

score = 0

C++

JavaScript

```
int score;
score = 0;
```

```
var score;
```

score = 0;

Swift

Visual Basic

var score: Int

Dim score As Integer

C++

JavaScript

int score;

var score;

Swift

Visual Basic

var score: Int = 0

Dim score As Integer = 0

C++

JavaScript

int score = 0;

var score = 0;

Swift

Visual Basic

```
var score: Int = 0 Di
score = 500 sc
```

```
Dim score As Integer = 0
score = 100 + 50
```

C++

```
int score = 0;
score = 5 * 50;
```

```
var score = 0;
score = score + 100;
```

Swift

Visual Basic

```
var score: Int = 0
score = 500
```

```
Dim score As Integer = 0
score = 100 + 50
```

C++

```
int score = 0;
score = 5 * 50;
```

```
var score = 0;
score = score + 100;
```

Swift

Visual Basic

```
var score: Int = 0
score = 500
```

```
Dim score As Integer = 0
score = 100 + 50
```

C++

```
int score = 0;
score = 5 * 50;
```

```
var score = 0;
score = score + 100;
```

Swift

Visual Basic

```
var score: Int = 0 Di
score = 500 sc
```

```
Dim score As Integer = 0
score = 100 + 50
```

C++

```
int score = 0;
score = 5 * 50;
```

```
var score = 0;
score = score + 100;
```

Swift

Visual Basic

```
var score: Int = 0
score = 500
```

```
Dim score As Integer = 0
score = 100 + 50
```

C++

```
int score = 0;
score = 5 * 50;
```

```
var score = 0;
score = score + 100;
```

Data: Choosing and Using Data Types

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Carpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household: 3

Marital Status: Married

Currently serving in Armed Forces? No

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Carpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household: 3

Marital Status: Married

Currently serving in Armed Forces? No

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Garpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household: 3

Marital Status: Married

Currently serving in Armed Forces? No

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Garpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household:

Marital Status: Married

Currently serving in Armed Forces? No

Expectations for "Age":

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Carpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household:

Marital Status: Married

Currently serving in Armed Forces? No

Expectations for "Age":

Whole number

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Garpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household:

Marital Status: Married

Currently serving in Armed Forces? No

Expectations for "Age":

Whole number Specific, narrow range

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Carpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household:

Marital Status: Married

Currently serving in Armed Forces? No

Expectations for "Age":

Whole number

Specific, narrow range

Only positive



Expectations for a Bank Balance:

Expectations for a Bank Balance: Can be positive or negative

Expectations for a Bank Balance:

Can be positive or negative

Fractional values

Expectations for a Bank Balance: Can be positive or negative

Fractional values

Wider (but still limited) range

Expectations for a Bank Balance:

Can be positive or negative

Fractional values

Wider (but still limited) range

Volatile - changes often

Expectations for a Bank Balance:

Can be positive or negative

Fractional values

Wider (but still limited) range

Volatile - changes often

Expected operations: add, subtract

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Carpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household: 3

Marital Status: Married

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Garpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household:

Marital Status: Married

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Garpenter

House Number: 221A Expectations for a Street Name:

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household:

Marital Status: Married

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Garpenter

House Number: 221A Expectations for a Street Name:

Street Name: Stables Mews Text (may include numbers)

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household:

Marital Status: Married

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Carpenter

House Number: 221A Expectations for a Street Name:

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household: 3

Marital Status: Married

Currently serving in Armed Forces? No

Text (may include numbers)
Limited length

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Carpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household: 3

Marital Status: Married

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Garpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household: 3

Marital Status: Married

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Garpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household: 3

Marital Status: Married

Currently serving in Armed Forces? No

Expectations:

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Garpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household: 3

Marital Status: Married

Currently serving in Armed Forces? No

Expectations:

Yes or No

Name: Reginald Elton

Date of Birth: 2/3/1833

Age: 38

Occupation: Carpenter

House Number: 221A

Street Name: Stables Mews

Town: Chelsea

No. of persons in household: 3

Marital Status: Married

Data: Applying Data Types

C++, Swift, Java, Boo

Create a variable called "score".

C++, Swift, Java, Boo

Create a variable called "score". It's a number.

C++, Swift, Java, Boo

Create a variable called "score". It's an integer.

C++, Swift, Java, Boo

Create a variable called "score". It's a positive integer.

C++, Swift, Java, Boo

Create a variable called "score".

It's a positive integer between 0 and 65,535.

C++, Swift, Java, Boo

Create a variable called "score". It's a positive integer between 0 and 65,535.

Python, JavaScript

Create a variable called "score".

C++, Swift, Java, Boo

Create a variable called "score". It's a positive integer between 0 and 65,535.

Python, JavaScript

Create a variable called "score". We'll decide what type it is later.

```
// integers
int age = 21;
int pages = 542;
int numberOfEmployees = 1204;
int speedLimit = 45;
int bestsellerListPosition = 1;
int numberOfFloors = 20;
```

```
// integers
int age = 21;
int pages = 542;
int numberOfEmployees = 1204;
int speedLimit = 45;
int bestsellerListPosition = 1;
int numberOfFloors = 20;
// floating-point numbers
float temperature = 72.4;
float snailSpeed = 0.029;
```

```
// integers
int age = 21;
int pages = 542;
int numberOfEmployees = 1204;
int speedLimit = 45;
int bestsellerListPosition = 1;
int numberOfFloors = 20;
// floating-point numbers
float temperature = 72.4;
float snailSpeed = 0.029;
```

```
// integers
int age = 21;
int pages = 542;
int numberOfEmployees = 1204;
int speedLimit = 45;
int bestsellerListPosition = 1;
int numberOfFloors = 20;
// floating-point numbers
float temperature = 72.4;
float snailSpeed = 0.029;
```

```
C-style keywords controlling positive/negative values:
```

```
int (positive or negative) / unsigned int (no negative values)
```

C-style keywords controlling integer sizes:

```
int / long int / long long int / short int
```

T-SQL keywords:

```
int / bigint / smallint / tinyint
```

Further Detail

Some languages allow greater control over positive/negative and size of values

```
// Java
boolean isUserLoggedIn = true;
// Swift
var currentlyRecording: Bool = true
// Python
onActiveDuty = True
// JavaScript
var hasSpaceshipCrashed = false;
```

```
// Java
boolean isUserLoggedIn = true;
// Swift
var currentlyRecording: Bool = true
// Python
onActiveDuty = True
// JavaScript
var hasSpaceshipCrashed = false;
```

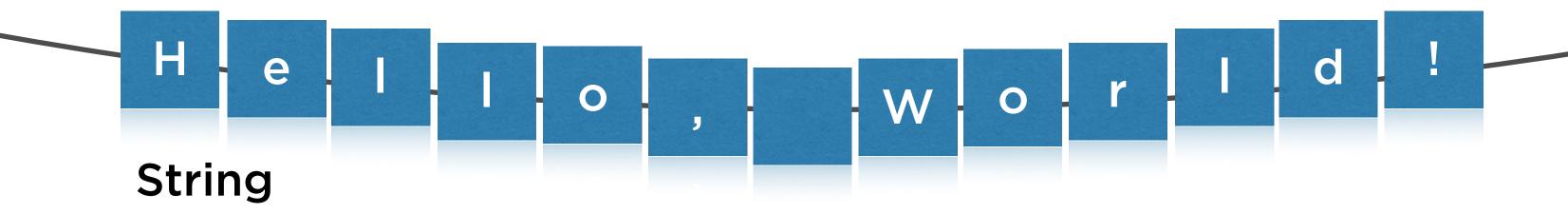
```
// Java
boolean isUserLoggedIn = true;
// Swift
var currentlyRecording: Bool = true
// Python
onActiveDuty = True
// JavaScript
var hasSpaceshipCrashed = false;
```

```
// single character data type
char singleLetter = = 'A'
```

Text / Character Data

Letters, Words, Sentences, Paragraphs - and more

// single character data type
char singleLetter = = 'A'



Text / Character Data

Letters, Words, Sentences, Paragraphs - and more

String Values

String Values

```
// C#
string message = "Thanks for Playing!";
// Swift
var message: String = "Thanks for Playing!"
// Python
message = "Thanks for Playing!"
// JavaScript
var message = "Thanks for Playing!";
```

```
myInteger = 99

myFloat = 542.5

myBoolean = true

myString = "This is a message!"
```

```
myInteger = 99

myFloat = 542.5

myBoolean = true

myString = "This is a message!"
```

```
myInteger = 99

myFloat = 542.5

myBoolean = true

myString = "This is a message!"
```

```
myInteger = 99

myFloat = 542.5

myBoolean = true

myString = "This is a message!"
```

```
myInteger = 99  // integer literal
myFloat = 542.5

myBoolean = true

myString = "This is a message!"
```

```
myInteger = 99  // integer literal

myFloat = 542.5  // float literal - sometimes 542.5f

myBoolean = true

myString = "This is a message!"
```

```
myInteger = 99  // integer literal

myFloat = 542.5  // float literal - sometimes 542.5f

myBoolean = true  // boolean literal

myString = "This is a message!"
```

```
myInteger = 99  // integer literal

myFloat = 542.5  // float literal - sometimes 542.5f

myBoolean = true  // boolean literal

myString = "This is a message!" // string literal
```

Built-In "Primitive" Types

Built-In "Primitive" Types

C++ Numeric Data Types

short, int, long, long long, unsigned short, unsigned int, unsigned long, unsigned long long, float, double, long double (etc)

Built-In "Primitive" Types

C++ Numeric Data Types

short, int, long, long long, unsigned short, unsigned int, unsigned long, unsigned long long, float, double, long double (etc)

JavaScript Numeric Data Types

Number

Data: Using Constants

Variables / Constants

Variables / Constants

```
// create some messages to use later
string message = "Thanks for Playing!"
string congrats = "Great High Score!"
string someError = "No connection detected."
```

Variables / Constants

```
// create some messages to use later
string message = "Thanks for Playing!"
string congrats = "Great High Score!"
string someError = "No connection detected."
// useful numbers
float pi = 3.14159
int maximumPlayers = 12
```

1: Name

1: Name 2: Value







// C# requires an additional keyword

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
string message = "Thanks for Playing!"
```

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
const string message = "Thanks for Playing!"
```

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
const string message = "Thanks for Playing!"
// Swift requires a different keyword
```

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
const string message = "Thanks for Playing!"

// Swift requires a different keyword
var message: String = "Thanks for Playing!"
```

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
const string message = "Thanks for Playing!"

// Swift requires a different keyword
var message: String = "Thanks for Playing!"
```

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
const string message = "Thanks for Playing!"

// Swift requires a different keyword
let message: String = "Thanks for Playing!"
```

// C# requires an additional keyword

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
string message = "Thanks for Playing!"
```

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
const string message = "Thanks for Playing!"
```

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
const string message = "Thanks for Playing!"
// Swift requires a different keyword
```

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
const string message = "Thanks for Playing!"

// Swift requires a different keyword
var message: String = "Thanks for Playing!"
```

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
const string message = "Thanks for Playing!"

// Swift requires a different keyword
var message: String = "Thanks for Playing!"
```

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
const string message = "Thanks for Playing!"

// Swift requires a different keyword
let message: String = "Thanks for Playing!"
```

```
// C# requires an additional keyword
const string message = "Thanks for Playing!"
// Swift requires a different keyword
let message: String = "Thanks for Playing!"
// In some languages, normal to see constant names in ALL_CAPS
const int MAXIMUM_PLAYERS = 12
```

Data: Understanding Language Differences

var score: Int

var score: Int



var score: Int

Type: Int
Name: Score

"Dynamically typed"

Declaring Variables without Type Information var score

Declaring Variables without Type Information var score



var score score = 100



```
var score
score = 100
score = "Hello"
```



```
var score
score = 100
score = "Hello"
score = false

boolean
false

Type:
Name: score
```

```
var score
score = 100
score = "Hello"
score = false

boolean
false

Type:
Name: score
```

"Dynamically typed"

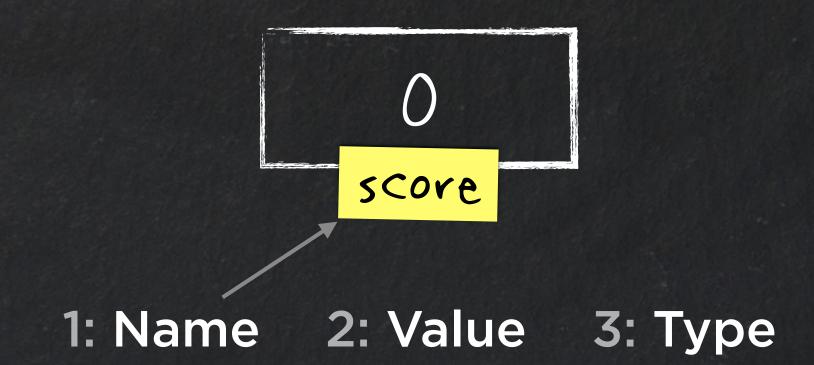
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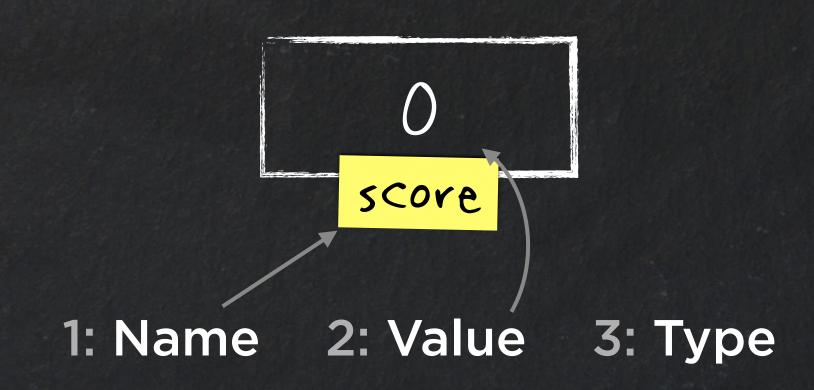
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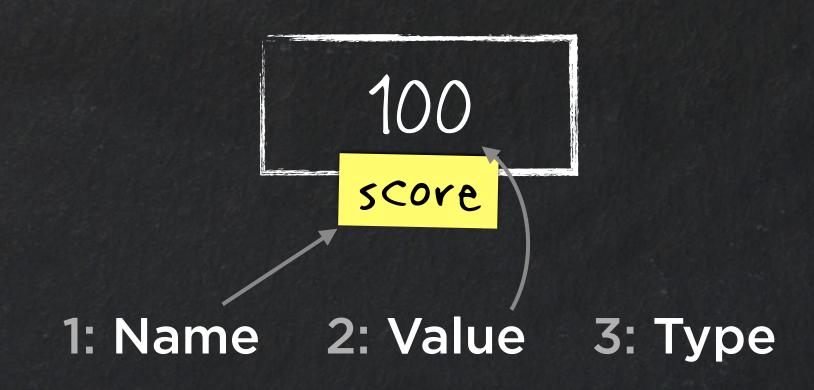
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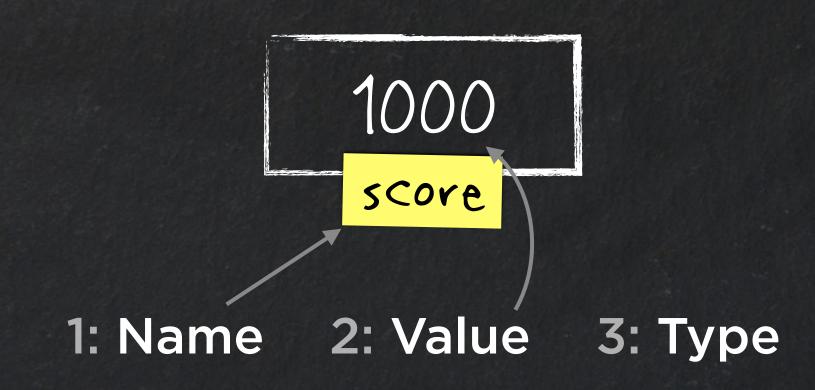


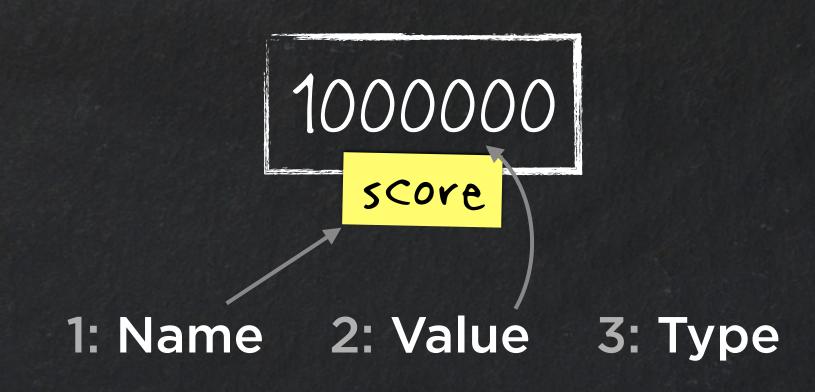
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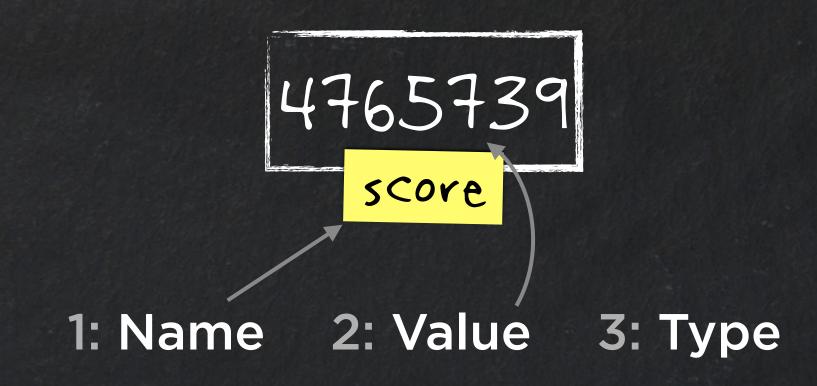


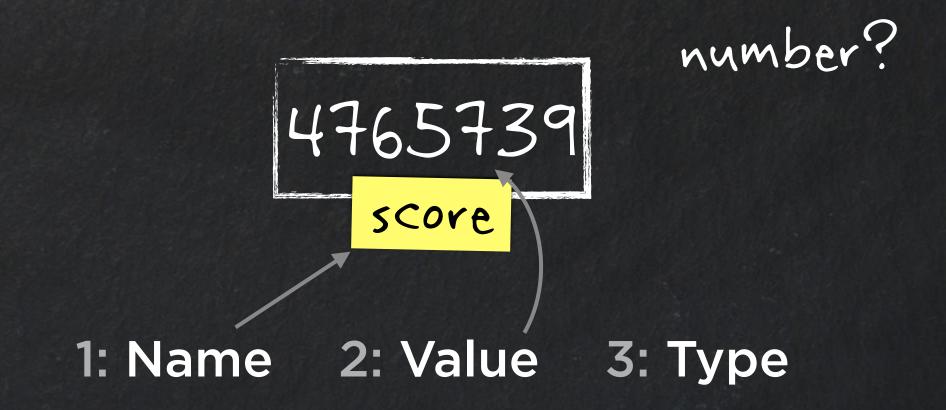


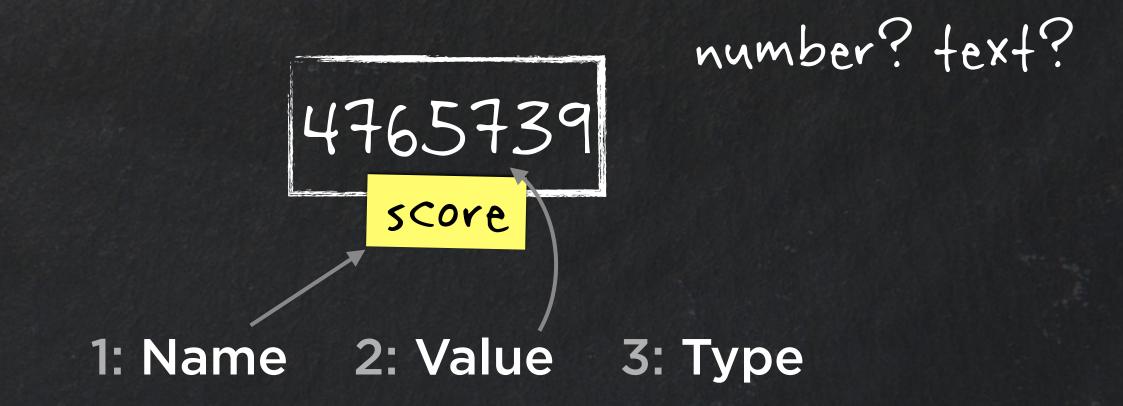
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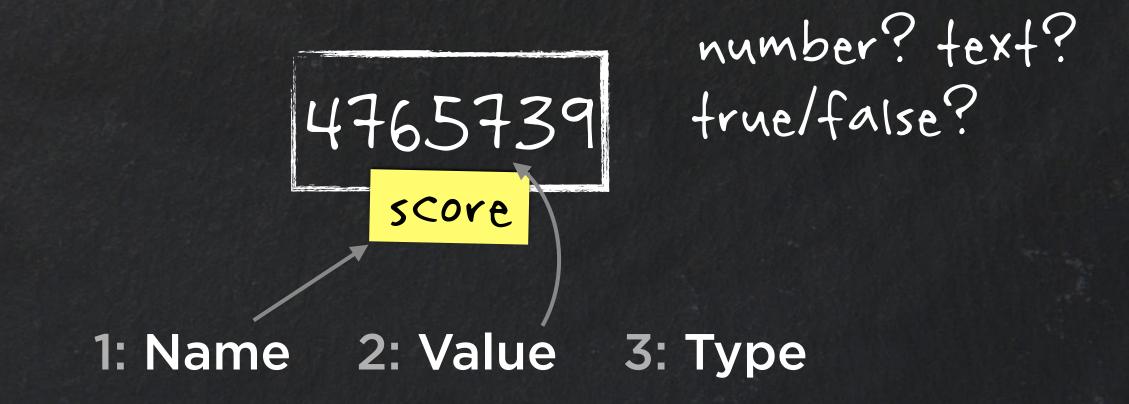


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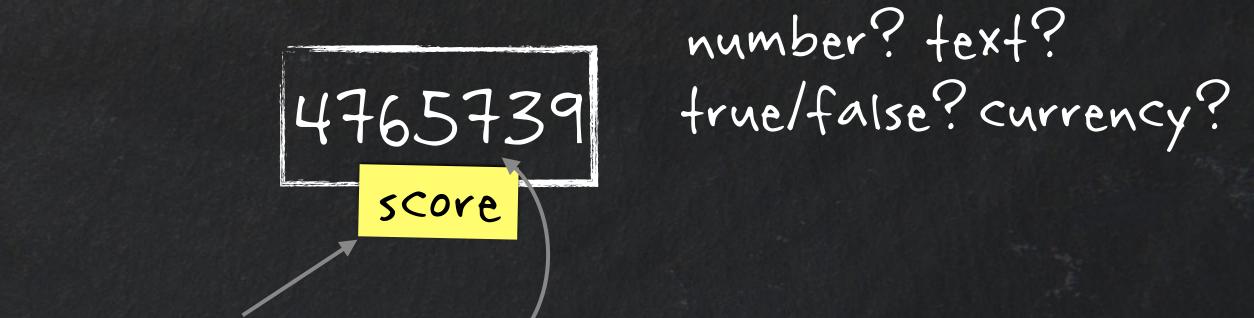






2: Value

1: Name



3: Type



number? text? true/false? currency? something else?

1: Name 2: Value

3: Type

