

Preparation Tests

Hertzberg, Joakim D.

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FYS01a: Physics 1a

This document uses \LaTeX in combination with *TikZ* for typesetting.

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a)

$$F = \begin{cases} ||F|| = 15\text{N} \\ \theta_F = 45^\circ \end{cases}$$

$$\dot{v} = 0 \implies F_x = -F_f$$

$$\vec{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 15 \cos \theta \\ 15 \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{F}_x = -\vec{F}_f \implies \vec{F}_f = -\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \approx \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -10.6067\text{N} \end{pmatrix}$$

b)

Assume $g = 9.82$.

$$\vec{F}_N = \Sigma \vec{F}_y = \vec{F}_g + \vec{F}_y$$

$$\vec{F}_N = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 5 \times -9.82 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 15 \sin 45^\circ \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{F}_N \approx \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -38.493 \end{pmatrix} \text{N}$$

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Here, it is stated that $300N$ are required to lift a stone upwards. This means that 300 is just at the threshold where $\dot{v} > 0$.

That means that we are at a place where $\dot{v} = 0 + \frac{1}{\infty}$. This is however unsolvable, let's write it as such instead:

$$\begin{aligned} & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\dot{v} = x) \\ & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(x = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 300 \end{pmatrix}}{m} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -9.82 \end{pmatrix} \right) \\ & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{300}{m} - 9.82 \end{pmatrix} \right) \\ & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(x = \frac{300}{m} - 9.82 \right) \\ & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (m(x + 9.82) = 300) \\ & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(m = \frac{300}{x + 9.82} \right) \\ & m = \frac{300}{0 + 9.82} \\ & m = \frac{300}{9.82} \\ & m \approx 30.550 \text{ Kg} \end{aligned}$$

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Assuming the center of mass is at equal distance from both arms and $g = 9.82\text{m s}^{-2}$:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{F}_g &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -9.82 * 53 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -520.6 \end{pmatrix} \\ F_{arm} &= \frac{||F_g||}{2} = \frac{520.6}{2} = 260.23\text{N} \end{aligned}$$

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