

Universidade Federal da Paraíba

Introdução à Microeletrônica

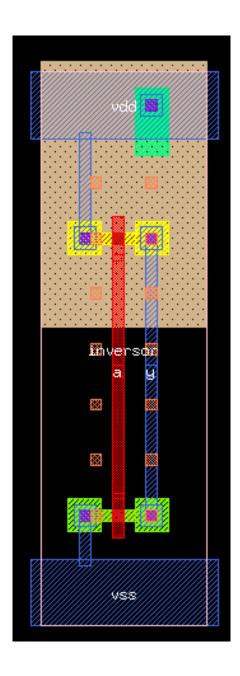
Atividade 3

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8 de outubro de 2023

1 Transistor unitário (1p/1n)

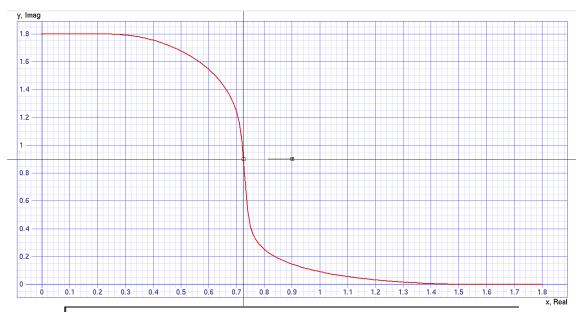
Modelo no Graal:



Tensão a ser utilizada:

$$V_{dd} = 1, 3 + 0, 5 = 1, 8 \text{ V}$$

Comportamento DC:



Press <space> to identify nearest curve.

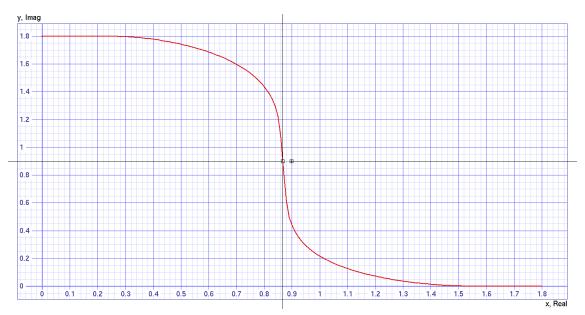
x-y grid displaying real vs default.

Marker: x = 9.007127429805621e-01 y = 9.028444881051634e-01 Cursor: x = 7.253779697624195e-01 y = 8.999996619431608e-01 Delta: dx=-1.753347732181426e-01 dy=-2.844826162002545e-03

Com um $\Delta_x \approx 0,175$, obtemos um erro de aproximadamente 20%.

2 Transistor 2p/1n

Comportamento DC:



Press <space> to identify nearest curve.

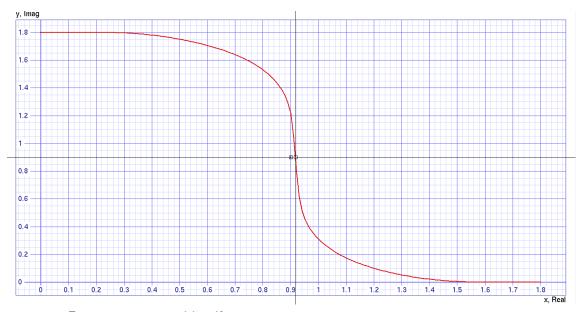
x-y grid displaying real vs default.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Marker: } x = 8.978617710583160e\text{-}01 & y = 8.999999761135546e\text{-}01 \\ \text{Cursor: } x = 8.665010799136075e\text{-}01 & y = 8.999999761135546e\text{-}01 \\ \text{Delta: } dx = -3.136069114470852e\text{-}02 & dy = 0.00000000000000e\text{+}00 \\ \end{array}$

Com um $\Delta_x \approx 0,0314$, obtemos um erro de aproximadamente 3,5%

3 Transistor 5p/2n

Comportamento DC:



Press <space> to identify nearest curve.

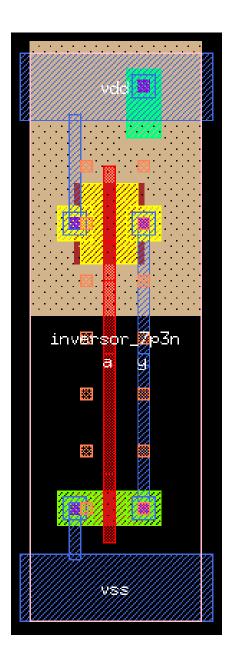
x-y grid displaying real vs default.

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Marker: } x = 9.007127429805621e\text{-}01 & y = 9.000001514633357e\text{-}01 \\ \text{Cursor: } x = 9.178185745140395e\text{-}01 & y = 9.000001514633357e\text{-}01 \\ \text{Delta: } dx = 1.710583153347733e\text{-}02 & dy = 0.00000000000000e\text{+}00 \\ \end{array}$

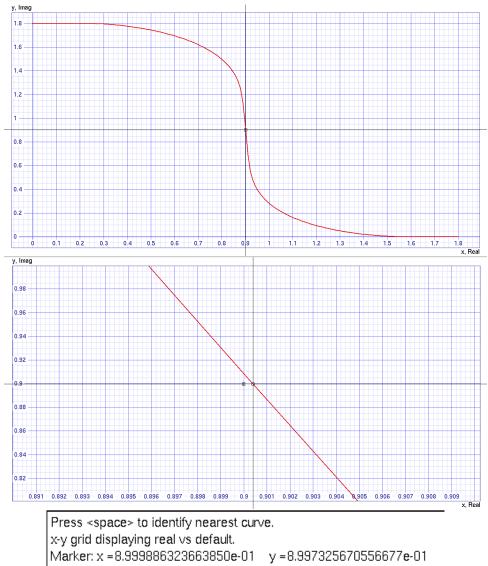
Com um $\Delta_x \approx 0,0171$, obtemos um erro de aproximadamente 1,9%

4 Transistor 7p/3n

Modelo no Graal:



Comportamento DC:



Com um $\Delta_x \approx 0,000394$, obtemos um erro de aproximadamente 0,044%, menor que os 0,1% pedidos!