

THE LANDSCAPE OF REFUGEE INTEGRATION IN FRANCE & UK

THE ASYLUM SEEKER JOURNEY

THE STATISTICS

UK ¹	ASYLUM GRANTED	FRANCE ²
✗ 28% of 39,000 UK applications for asylum in 2016 were granted.	✓ ✗	✗ 38% of 83,000 France applications for asylum in 2016 were granted.
✗ 119,000 refugees in the UK in 2016 (0.18% of the population).	# REFUGEES	✗ 304,500 refugees in France in 2016 (0.46% of the population).
✗ >50% of asylum seekers wait more than 6 months for an initial decision on their application for asylum; up 51% since last year.	THE WAIT	✗ Average waiting time for an initial decision in France is 114 days . The government has set a target to reduce this to 2 months this year.

“Britain is one of the worst countries in Europe at integrating asylum seekers into the labour market, unnecessarily increasing their dependency on the welfare system... asylum seekers must wait for 12 months before applying for a work permit—the longest waiting time in Europe”

— Kingsley, 2016

FOCUS OF OUR WORK

OTHER INTEGRATION INDICATORS, NOT IN SCOPE OF PROJECT

INDICATORS OF INTEGRATION

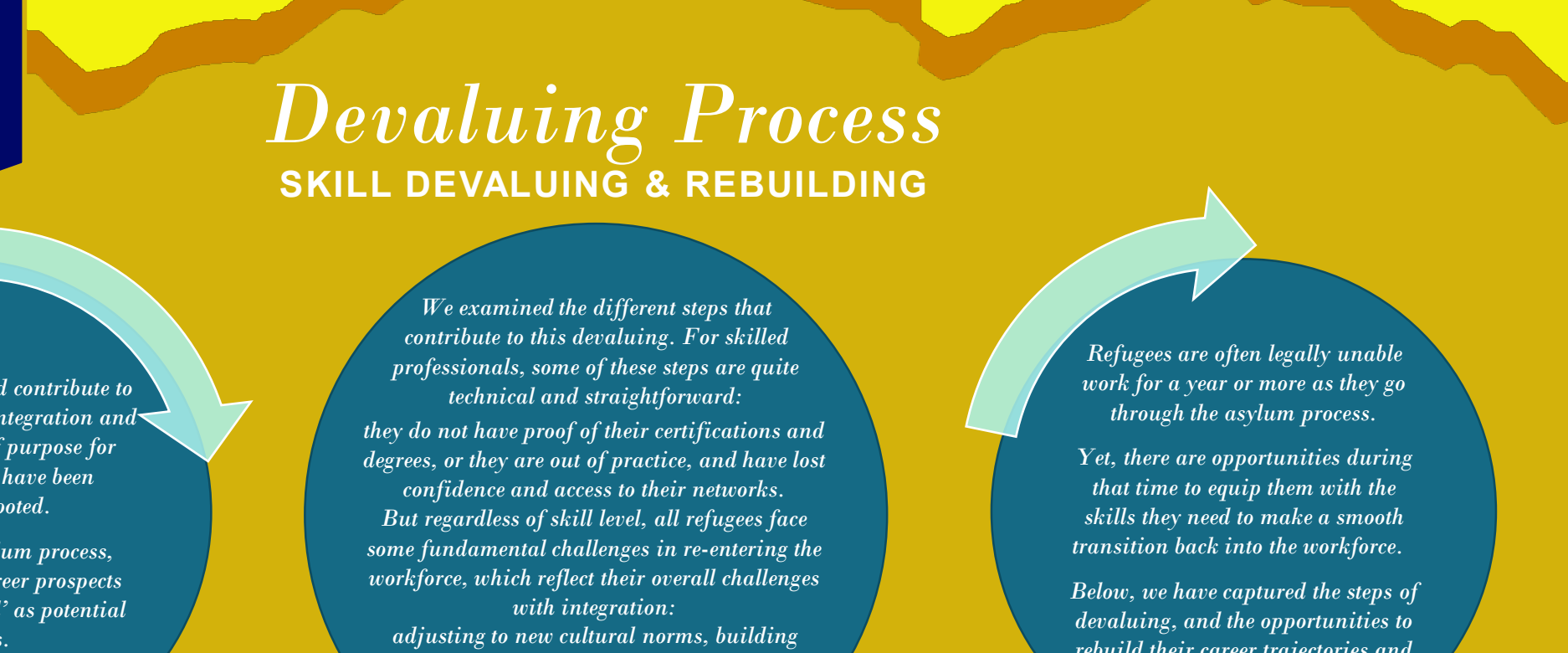


PROBLEM LANDSCAPE



THE WAIT:

Based on interviews, **ACTUAL** asylum claim processing time takes **UP TO 5 TIMES** as long as **UK/France governments** state:

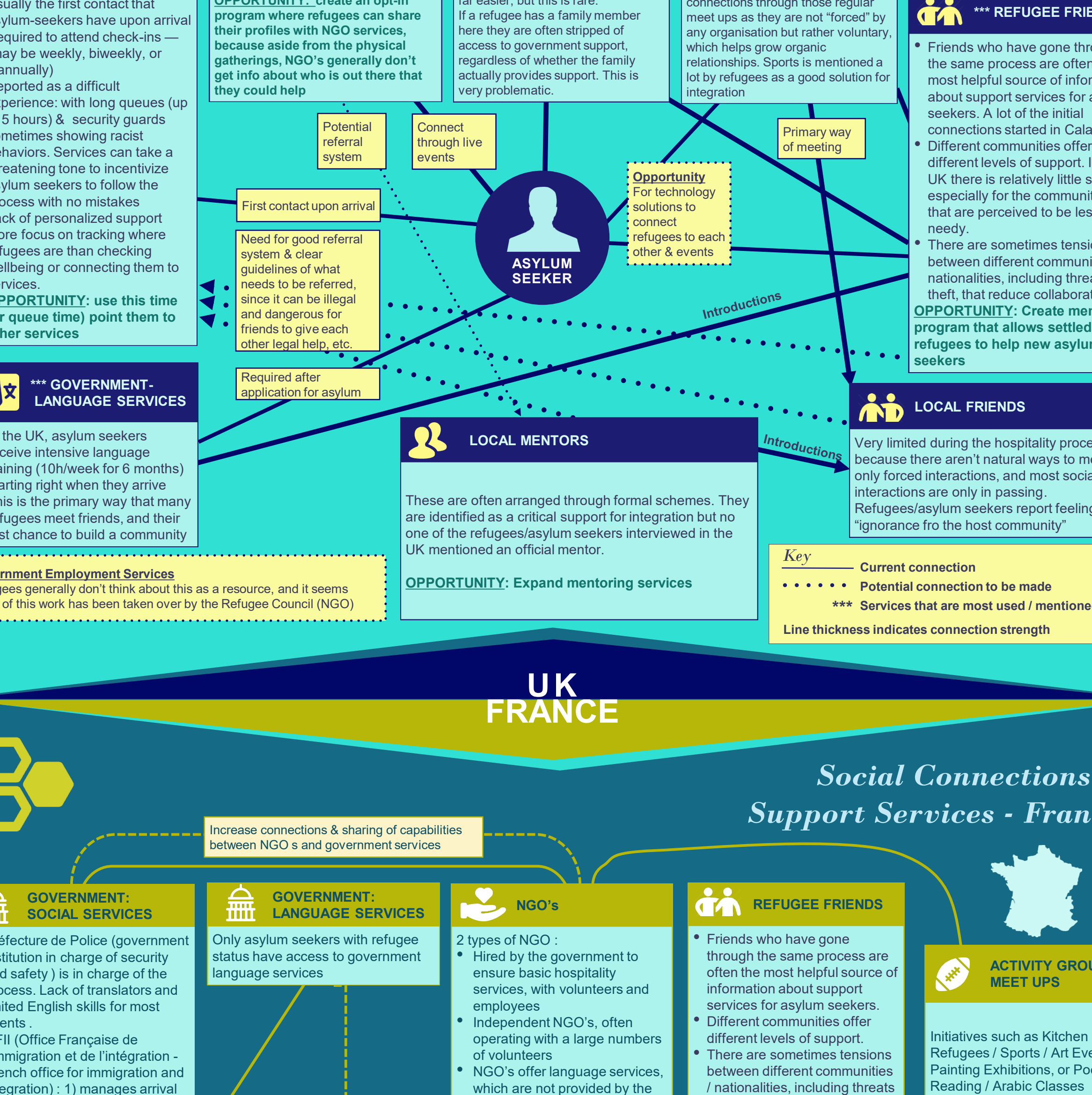


Devaluing Process

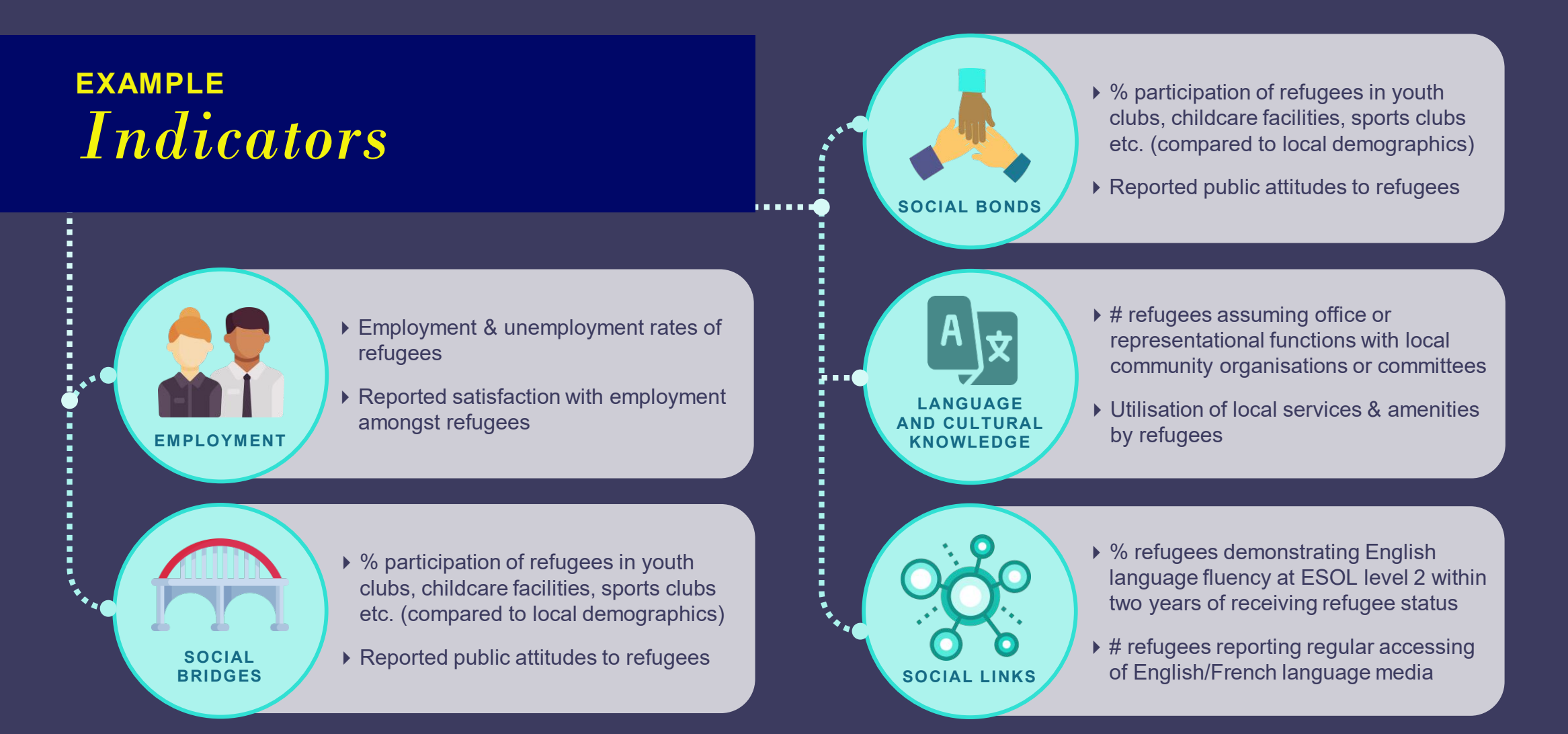
SKILL DEVALUING & REBUILDING



SOLUTION LANDSCAPE & GAPS



LEVERS OF CHANGE



CONCLUSION

In both the UK and France, there are a large number of actors who work with refugees, but asylum seekers often do not have access to them. Furthermore, there is a lack of professional development and training for refugees. These gaps should be investigated to improve the integration of refugees.