

The N400 effect when singular gendered antecedents are co-indexed with (a) *himself* or *herself* (b) *themselves*

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Overview

This document contains the code to reproduce the statistical analyses described in Prasad and Morris (2019). You can download the data and the original .Rmd file [here](#).

This document has two sections:

2. Analysis 1: The N400 effect when antecedents are co-indexed with *himself* or *herself*
3. Analysis 2: The N400 effect when antecedents are co-indexed with *themselves*

Define functions, set parameters and load

Define standard error of mean function

```
sem <- function(x) sd(x)/sqrt(length(x))
```

Before we begin, let's set some general parameters for `ggplot2`. We will set a general theme using the `theme_set()` function. We will use the 'classic' theme which gives us clean white background rather than the default grey with white grid lines. And we will position the legend at the top of the graph rather than at the right side which is the default.

Then we re-order factor levels for *Anteriority* & *Referentiality*

```
## [1] "Frontal"          "FrontoCentral"    "Central"          "CentroParietal"
## [5] "Parietal"

## [1] "Referential"      "NonReferential"

## [1] "Frontal"          "FrontoCentral"    "Central"          "CentroParietal"
## [5] "Parietal"

## [1] "Referential"      "NonReferential"
```

Analysis 1: The N400 effect when antecedents are co-indexed with *himself* or *herself*

```
ezANOVA(data = prost_2022_singular
, dv = diff_score
, wid = SubjID
, within = .(Referentiality, Gender_Status, Anteriority)
, between = Group
, type = 3
, return_aov = F
)
```

```
## $ANOVA
##
##          Effect DFn DFd          F
## 2          Group      1  36  0.9374869
## 3    Referentiality      1  36 12.2247770
## 5      Gender_Status      1  36  1.2733561
## 7          Anteriority     4 144  2.0606903
## 4 Group:Referentiality      1  36  0.6762734
## 6   Group:Gender_Status      1  36  0.4610781
## 8   Group:Anteriority     4 144  5.1495811
## 9 Referentiality:Gender_Status      1  36  0.2476607
## 11  Referentiality:Anteriority     4 144  1.3854470
## 13   Gender_Status:Anteriority     4 144  2.3525738
## 10 Group:Referentiality:Gender_Status      1  36  5.7351452
## 12   Group:Referentiality:Anteriority     4 144  0.7584705
## 14   Group:Gender_Status:Anteriority     4 144  0.9712661
## 15 Referentiality:Gender_Status:Anteriority     4 144  0.2095779
## 16 Group:Referentiality:Gender_Status:Anteriority     4 144  1.4910541
```

```
##          p p<.05          ges
## 2  0.3393852751  0.0061153894
## 3  0.0012717043  * 0.0725639615
## 5  0.2666022045  0.0060391927
## 7  0.0890226513  0.0029742361
## 4  0.4162867596  0.0043096566
## 6  0.5014630657  0.0021952289
## 8  0.0006605669  * 0.0073995058
## 9  0.6217533918  0.0012878955
## 11 0.2419070474  0.0016448157
## 13 0.0567931874  0.0032557088
## 10 0.0219567998  * 0.0289966816
## 12 0.5539661827  0.0009011341
## 14 0.4252771122  0.0013467020
## 15 0.9327769406  0.0001698395
## 16 0.2079557263  0.0012070793
```

```
##
```

```
## $'Mauchly's Test for Sphericity'
```

```
##
##          Effect          W          p
## 7          Anteriority 0.006548926 2.246469e-32
## 8   Group:Anteriority 0.006548926 2.246469e-32
## 11  Referentiality:Anteriority 0.003281484 2.660831e-37
## 12 Group:Referentiality:Anteriority 0.003281484 2.660831e-37
## 13   Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.004635292 7.771205e-35
## 14   Group:Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.004635292 7.771205e-35
## 15 Referentiality:Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.021467327 5.607135e-24
## 16 Group:Referentiality:Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.021467327 5.607135e-24
```

```

##      p<.05
## 7      *
## 8      *
## 11     *
## 12     *
## 13     *
## 14     *
## 15     *
## 16     *
##
## $'Sphericity Corrections'
##                               Effect      GGe      p[GG]
## 7                               Anteriority 0.3117498 0.15462251
## 8                               Group:Anteriority 0.3117498 0.02136772
## 11                              Referentiality:Anteriority 0.3014694 0.25188259
## 12          Group:Referentiality:Anteriority 0.3014694 0.41205819
## 13              Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.3071411 0.12683261
## 14          Group:Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.3071411 0.34769438
## 15      Referentiality:Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.3635434 0.73986510
## 16 Group:Referentiality:Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.3635434 0.23423883
##      p[GG]<.05      HFe      p[HF] p[HF]<.05
## 7              0.3175191 0.15407353
## 8              * 0.3175191 0.02074207      *
## 11              0.3062118 0.25222426
## 12              0.3062118 0.41392595
## 13              0.3124468 0.12615449
## 14              0.3124468 0.34904640
## 15              0.3748964 0.74703892
## 16              0.3748964 0.23426338

```

Condition Means for Analysis 1

The N400 effect when antecedents are co-indexed with *himself* or *herself*.

Significant Effects: **Referentiality; Group X Anteriority; Group x Referentiality x Gender Status**

Referentiality	Mean	SE	SD	Max	Min
Referential	-0.66	0.10	1.99	6.30	-5.21
NonReferential	0.36	0.09	1.74	4.79	-5.06

Anteriority	Group	Mean	SE	SD	Max	Min
Frontal	Binary	-0.12	0.27	2.43	6.30	-5.05
Frontal	NonBinary	-0.31	0.25	2.15	3.88	-5.21
FrontoCentral	Binary	-0.25	0.23	2.04	4.41	-4.97
FrontoCentral	NonBinary	-0.21	0.22	1.87	3.47	-5.13
Central	Binary	-0.39	0.21	1.87	4.39	-5.12
Central	NonBinary	0.01	0.21	1.77	4.27	-4.49
CentroParietal	Binary	-0.38	0.21	1.84	3.93	-4.73
CentroParietal	NonBinary	0.15	0.21	1.74	4.44	-4.67
Parietal	Binary	-0.28	0.20	1.79	4.11	-5.06
Parietal	NonBinary	0.36	0.20	1.72	3.76	-4.75

Referentiality	Gender_Status	Group	Mean	SE	SD	Max	Min
Referential	Gendered	Binary	-1.51	0.19	1.90	4.41	-5.12
Referential	Gendered	NonBinary	-0.20	0.21	2.03	4.44	-5.21
Referential	NonGendered	Binary	-0.31	0.21	2.11	6.30	-5.05
Referential	NonGendered	NonBinary	-0.58	0.17	1.63	3.22	-4.75
NonReferential	Gendered	Binary	0.49	0.16	1.64	3.90	-4.58
NonReferential	Gendered	NonBinary	0.08	0.18	1.71	3.76	-3.19
NonReferential	NonGendered	Binary	0.19	0.17	1.73	4.79	-5.06
NonReferential	NonGendered	NonBinary	0.69	0.20	1.85	3.88	-4.12

Post-hoc tests for Analysis 1: Group x Gender Status x Referentiality

The following chunk runs post-hoc tests for the 3-way “*Group x Gender Status x Referentiality*” Interaction

Binary Group. “*Some woman...himself*” vs. “*Mary...himself*” Binary

```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Referentiality
, filter(prost_2022_singular, (Gender_Status == "Gendered" & Group == "Binary"))
, paired=TRUE))
```

Table 4: Paired t-test: diff_score by Referentiality

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean difference
-7.66	99	1.275e-11 * * *	two.sided	-2.007

“*Someone...himself*” vs. “*The participant...himself*” Binary

```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Referentiality
, filter(prost_2022_singular, (Gender_Status == "NonGendered" & Group == "Binary"))
, paired=TRUE))
```

Table 5: Paired t-test: diff_score by Referentiality

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean difference
-1.722	99	0.08825	two.sided	-0.4954

“*The participant...himself*” vs. “*Mary...himself*” Binary

```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Gender_Status
, filter(prost_2022_singular, (Referentiality == "Referential" & Group == "Binary"))
, paired=TRUE))
```

Table 6: Paired t-test: diff_score by Gender_Status

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean difference
-4.909	99	3.612e-06 * * *	two.sided	-1.208

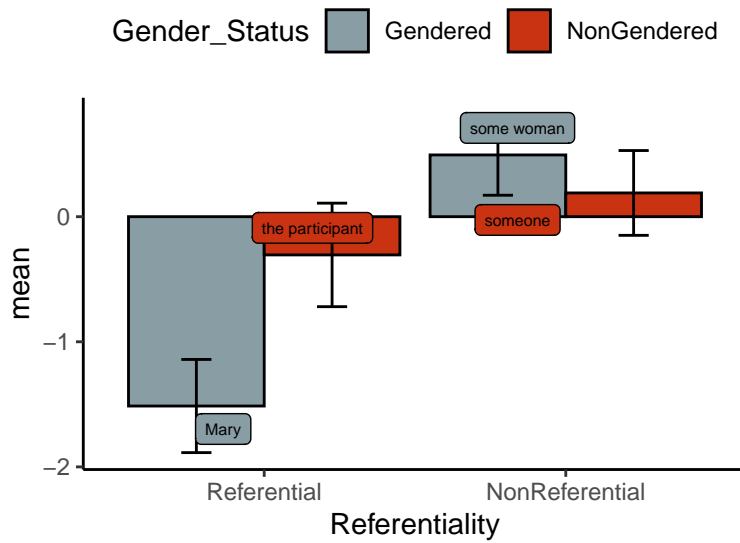
“Someone...himself” vs. “Some woman...himself” Binary

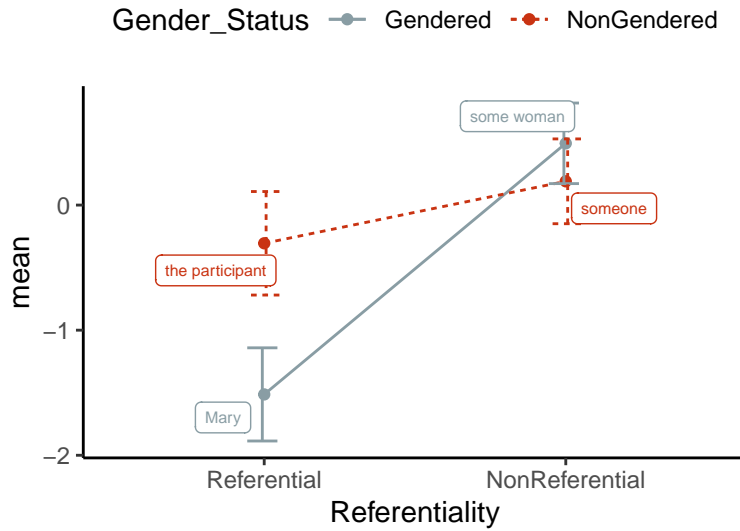
```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Gender_Status
, filter(prost_2022_singular, (Referentiality == "NonReferential" & Group == "Binary"))
, paired=TRUE))
```

Table 7: Paired t-test: diff_score by Gender_Status

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean difference
1.248	99	0.2148	two.sided	0.3037

Interaction Plots: Group x Gender Status x Referentiality Binary





NonBinary Group. “Some woman...himself” vs. “Mary...himself” NonBinary

```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Referentiality
, filter(prost_2022_singular, (Gender_Status == "Gendered" & Group == "NonBinary"))
, paired=TRUE))
```

Table 8: Paired t-test: diff_score by Referentiality

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean difference
-1.143	89	0.2562	two.sided	-0.279

“Someone...himself” vs. “The participant...himself” NonBinary

```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Referentiality
, filter(prost_2022_singular, (Gender_Status == "NonGendered" & Group == "NonBinary"))
, paired=TRUE))
```

Table 9: Paired t-test: diff_score by Referentiality

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean difference
-5.202	89	1.251e-06 * * *	two.sided	-1.271

“The participant...himself” vs. “Mary...himself” NonBinary

```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Gender_Status
, filter(prost_2022_singular, (Referentiality == "Referential" & Group == "NonBinary"))
, paired=TRUE))
```

Table 10: Paired t-test: diff_score by Gender_Status

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean difference
1.354	89	0.1791	two.sided	0.3834

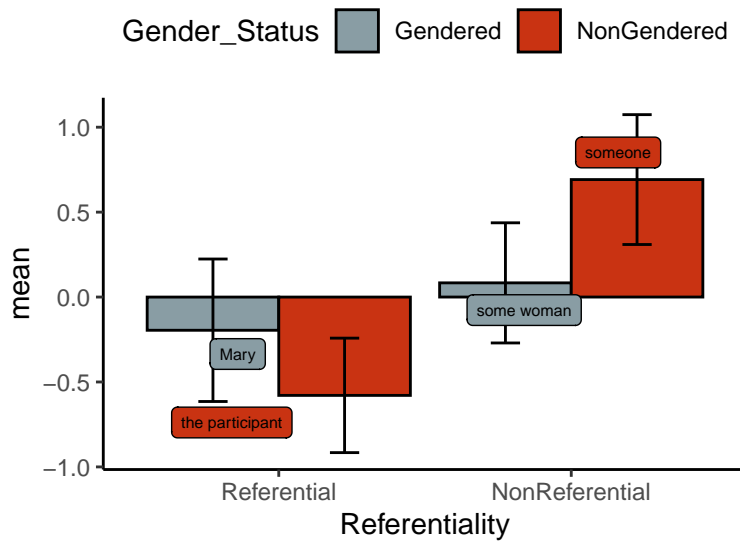
“Someone...himself” vs. “Some woman...himself” NonBinary

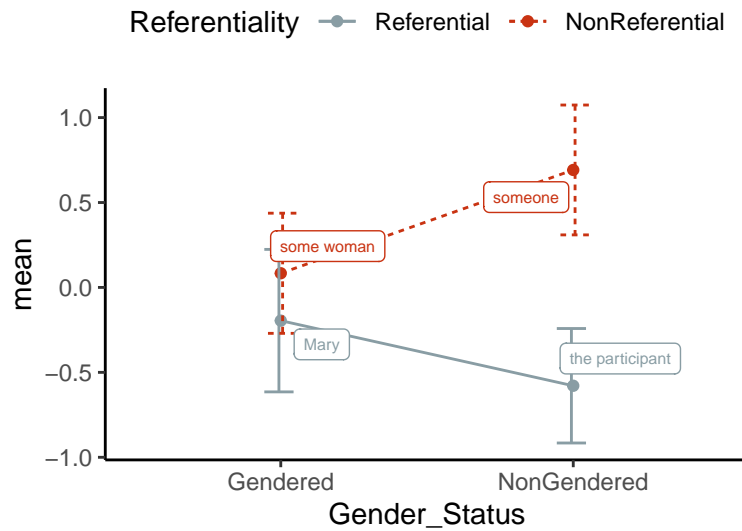
```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Gender_Status
, filter(prost_2022_singular, (Referentiality == "NonReferential" & Group == "NonBinary"))
, paired=TRUE))
```

Table 11: Paired t-test: diff_score by Gender_Status

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean difference
-2.792	89	0.006407 * *	two.sided	-0.6082

Interaction Plots: Group x Gender Status x Referentiality NonBinary





Post-hoc tests for Analysis 1: Group x Anteriority

The following chunk runs post-hoc tests for the 2-way “*Group x Anteriority*” Interaction

```
# Binary vs Non-Binary Frontal
```

```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Group
  ,dplyr::filter(prost_2022_singular, (Anteriority == "Frontal"))
  ,paired=FALSE))
```

Table 12: Welch Two Sample t-test: diff_score by Group (continued below)

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean in group Binary
0.5115	150	0.6097	two.sided	-0.12
				mean in group NonBinary
				-0.3102

```
# Binary vs Non-Binary FrontoCentral
```

```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Group
  ,dplyr::filter(prost_2022_singular, (Anteriority == "FrontoCentral"))
  ,paired=FALSE))
```


Table 14: Welch Two Sample t-test: `diff_score` by `Group` (continued below)

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis
-0.1109	149.9	0.9119	two.sided

mean in group Binary	mean in group NonBinary
-0.2496	-0.2145

Binary vs Non-Binary Central

```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Group
, dplyr::filter(prost_2022_singular, (Anteriority == "Central"))
, paired=FALSE))
```

Table 16: Welch Two Sample t-test: `diff_score` by `Group` (continued below)

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis
-1.359	149.7	0.1761	two.sided

mean in group Binary	mean in group NonBinary
-0.3873	0.01419

Binary vs Non-Binary CentroParietal

```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Group
, dplyr::filter(prost_2022_singular, (Anteriority == "CentroParietal"))
, paired=FALSE))
```

Table 18: Welch Two Sample t-test: `diff_score` by `Group` (continued below)

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis
-1.853	149.6	0.06587	two.sided

mean in group Binary	mean in group NonBinary
-0.3836	0.1546

Binary vs Non-Binary Parietal

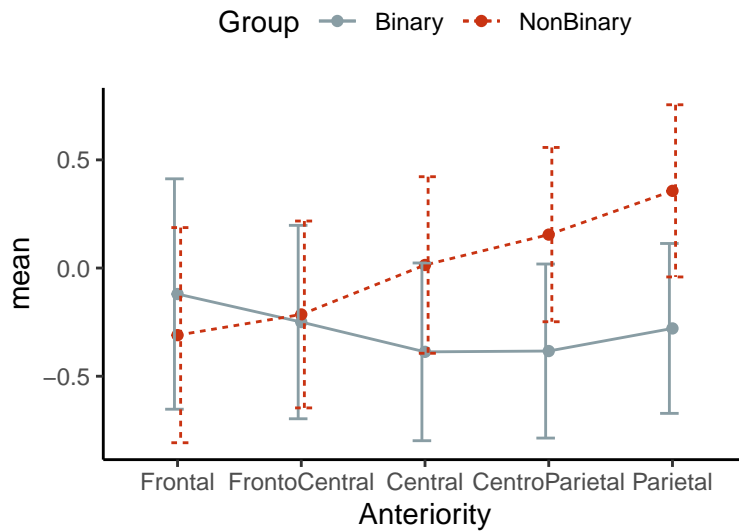
```
pander(t.test(diff_score ~ Group
, dplyr::filter(prost_2022_singular, (Anteriority == "Parietal"))
, paired=FALSE))
```

Table 20: Welch Two Sample t-test: `diff_score` by `Group` (continued below)

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis
-2.229	149.3	0.02728 *	two.sided

mean in group Binary	mean in group NonBinary
-0.279	0.3568

Interaction Plot: Group x Anterority



Analysis 2: The N400 effect when antecedents are co-indexed with *themselves*

```
ezANOVA(data = prost_2022_plural
, dv = diff_score
, wid = SubjID
, within = .(Referentiality, Gender_Status, Anterority)
, between = Group
, type = 3
, return_aov = F
)
```

```
## $ANOVA
##
##          Effect DFn DFd          F          p
## 2          Group   1  36 0.238003158 0.6286102
## 3 Referentiality   1  36 0.006154688 0.9379031
## 5   Gender_Status   1  36 0.097418428 0.7567506
```

```

## 7               Anteriority 4 144 1.400145919 0.2369032
## 4             Group:Referentiality 1 36 0.007236331 0.9326798
## 6             Group:Gender_Status 1 36 0.007002636 0.9337731
## 8               Group:Anteriority 4 144 0.052760330 0.9947472
## 9             Referentiality:Gender_Status 1 36 2.379600770 0.1316746
## 11            Referentiality:Anteriority 4 144 1.192347966 0.3167516
## 13            Gender_Status:Anteriority 4 144 0.867672469 0.4850282
## 10            Group:Referentiality:Gender_Status 1 36 0.046873525 0.8298179
## 12            Group:Referentiality:Anteriority 4 144 0.043204326 0.9964316
## 14            Group:Gender_Status:Anteriority 4 144 1.904147481 0.1128999
## 15            Referentiality:Gender_Status:Anteriority 4 144 0.632964163 0.6397719
## 16 Group:Referentiality:Gender_Status:Anteriority 4 144 0.102769696 0.9813708
##      p<.05      ges
## 2      1.997832e-03
## 3      3.485373e-05
## 5      4.305791e-04
## 7      9.550056e-04
## 4      4.097878e-05
## 6      3.096328e-05
## 8      3.601964e-05
## 9      1.303825e-02
## 11     1.299619e-03
## 13     8.881270e-04
## 10     2.601535e-04
## 12     4.715031e-05
## 14     1.946970e-03
## 15     5.894000e-04
## 16     9.574378e-05
##
## $'Mauchly's Test for Sphericity'
##               Effect              W              p
## 7               Anteriority 0.016789812 1.045004e-25
## 8             Group:Anteriority 0.016789812 1.045004e-25
## 11            Referentiality:Anteriority 0.003911051 4.769720e-36
## 12            Group:Referentiality:Anteriority 0.003911051 4.769720e-36
## 13            Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.003122257 1.173632e-37
## 14            Group:Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.003122257 1.173632e-37
## 15            Referentiality:Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.019213046 9.302422e-25
## 16 Group:Referentiality:Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.019213046 9.302422e-25
##      p<.05
## 7      *
## 8      *
## 11     *
## 12     *
## 13     *
## 14     *
## 15     *
## 16     *
##
## $'Sphericity Corrections'
##               Effect      GGe      p[GG] p[GG]<.05
## 7               Anteriority 0.3526937 0.2517930
## 8             Group:Anteriority 0.3526937 0.8942407
## 11            Referentiality:Anteriority 0.3044471 0.2917829

```

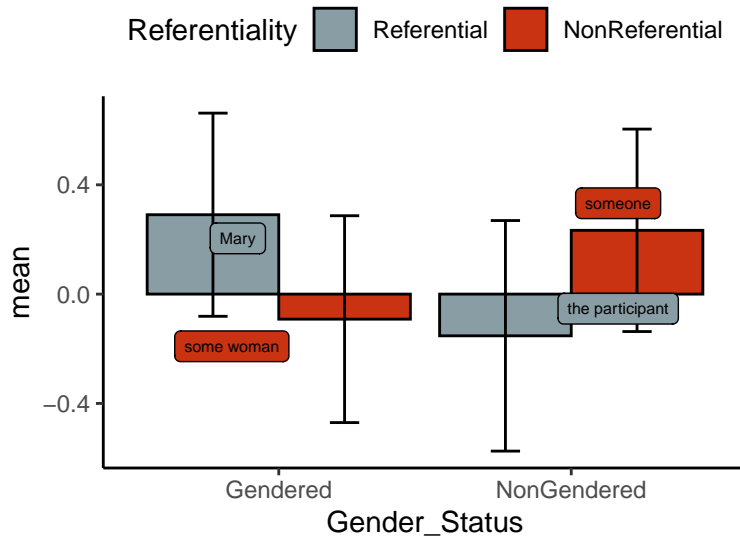
```

## 12          Group:Referentiality:Anteriority 0.3044471 0.8798835
## 13          Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.3064638 0.3780187
## 14          Group:Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.3064638 0.1731027
## 15          Referentiality:Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.3644889 0.4868838
## 16 Group:Referentiality:Gender_Status:Anteriority 0.3644889 0.8404737
##          HFe      p[HF] p[HF]<.05
## 7  0.3628201 0.2521395
## 8  0.3628201 0.8995014
## 11 0.3094842 0.2925234
## 12 0.3094842 0.8832019
## 13 0.3117017 0.3796759
## 14 0.3117017 0.1727463
## 15 0.3759502 0.4914678
## 16 0.3759502 0.8471746

```

Interaction Plots for Analysis 2 Gender Status by Referentiality Interaction

Binary Group



The P600 effect when singular gendered antecedents are co-indexed with (a) *himself* or *herself* (b) *themselves*

Joanna Morris

2023-02-02

Define functions, set parameters and load

Define standard error of mean function

```
sem <- function(x) sd(x)/sqrt(length(x))
```

Before we begin, let's set some general parameters for `ggplot2`. We will set a general theme using the `theme_set()` function. We will use the 'classic' theme which gives us clean white background rather than the default grey with white grid lines. And we will position the legend at the top of the graph rather than at the right side which is the default.

Then we re-order factor levels for *Referentiality*

```
## [1] "Referential"      "NonReferential"
```

```
## [1] "Referential"      "NonReferential"
```

Analysis 1: The P600 effect when antecedents are co-indexed with *himself* or *herself*

```
ezANOVA(data = prost_2022_singular
, dv = diff_score
, wid = SubjID
, within = .(Referentiality, Gender_Status)
, between = Group
, type = 3
, return_aov = F
)
```

```
## $ANOVA
##               Effect DFn DFd           F      p p<.05
## 2              Group    1  36  2.6476957 1.124226e-01
## 3      Referentiality    1  36 24.2580517 1.887572e-05      *
## 5      Gender_Status    1  36  2.1030534 1.556627e-01
## 4 Group:Referentiality    1  36  0.2741019 6.038016e-01
## 6 Group:Gender_Status    1  36  0.2164015 6.445974e-01
```

```
## 7      Referentiality:Gender_Status    1  36  5.1551114 2.926166e-02      *
## 8 Group:Referentiality:Gender_Status    1  36  2.0276871 1.630661e-01
##      ges
## 2 0.016408837
## 3 0.165071951
## 5 0.016550569
## 4 0.002229006
## 6 0.001728699
## 7 0.026715413
## 8 0.010681228
```

Condition Means for Analysis 1

The N400 effect when antecedents are co-indexed with *himself* or *herself*.

Significant Effects: **Referentiality; Group x Referentiality x Gender Status**

Referentiality	Mean	SE	SD	Max	Min
Referential	-0.34	0.16	1.42	4.15	-4.41
NonReferential	1.03	0.20	1.78	6.52	-3.33

Group	Mean	SE	SD	Max	Min
Binary	0.16	0.2	1.75	5.10	-4.41
NonBinary	0.56	0.2	1.73	6.52	-2.63

Referentiality	Gender_Status	Group	Mean	SE	SD	Max	Min
Referential	Gendered	Binary	-0.74	0.41	1.85	4.15	-4.41
Referential	Gendered	NonBinary	-0.04	0.31	1.31	2.48	-2.04
Referential	NonGendered	Binary	-0.18	0.27	1.19	2.54	-2.15
Referential	NonGendered	NonBinary	-0.37	0.28	1.21	1.73	-2.50
NonReferential	Gendered	Binary	1.32	0.40	1.77	5.10	-1.66
NonReferential	Gendered	NonBinary	1.67	0.46	1.94	6.52	-0.59
NonReferential	NonGendered	Binary	0.22	0.34	1.54	4.02	-3.33
NonReferential	NonGendered	NonBinary	0.95	0.39	1.66	3.40	-2.63

Post-hoc tests for Analysis 1: Group x Gender Status x Referentiality

The following chunk runs post-hoc tests for the 3-way “*Group x Gender Status x Referentiality*” Interaction

“Some woman... himself” vs. “Mary... himself”

Table 4: Paired t-test: `diff_score` by `Referentiality`

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean difference
-4.833	37	2.36e-05 * * *	two.sided	-1.893

“Someone... himself” vs. “The participant... himself”

Table 5: Paired t-test: `diff_score` by Referentiality

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean difference
-2.614	37	0.01286 *	two.sided	-0.8365

“The participant... himself” vs. “Mary... himself”

Table 6: Paired t-test: `diff_score` by Gender_Status

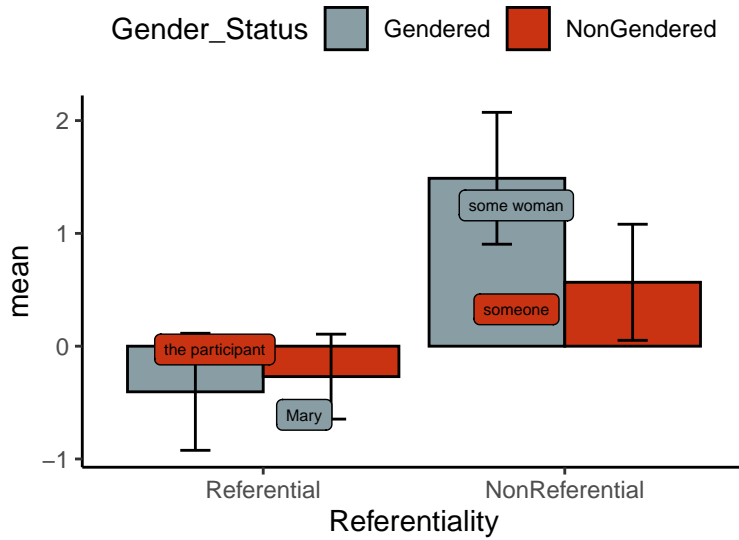
Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean difference
-0.3661	37	0.7164	two.sided	-0.1346

“Someone... himself” vs. “Some woman... himself”

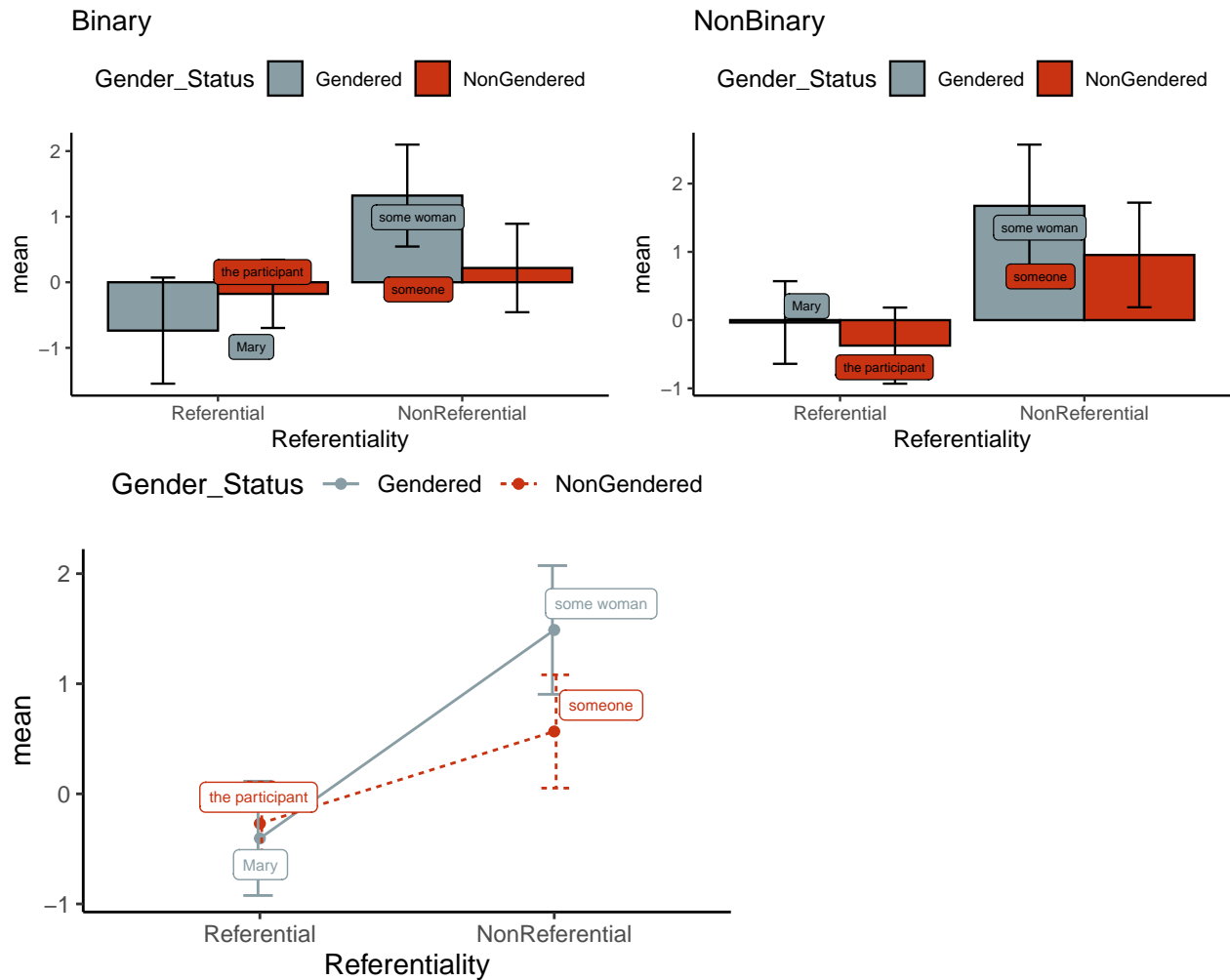
Table 7: Paired t-test: `diff_score` by Gender_Status

Test statistic	df	P value	Alternative hypothesis	mean difference
2.688	37	0.01071 *	two.sided	0.9219

Interaction Plots: Gender Status x Referentiality *himself*



Interaction broken down by Group *Binary* vs *Non-Binary*



Analysis 2: The P600 effect when antecedents are co-indexed with *themselves*

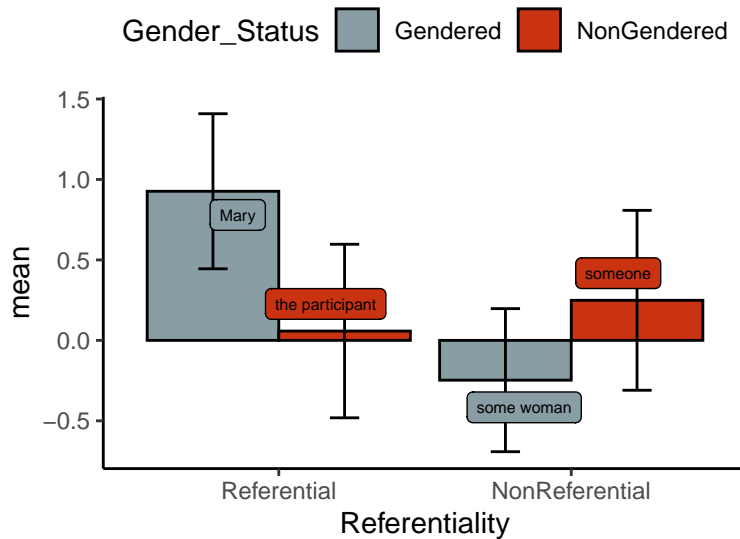
```
ezANOVA(data = prost_2022_plural
, dv = diff_score
, wid = SubjID
, within = .(Referentiality, Gender_Status)
, between = Group
, type = 3
, return_aov = F
)
```

```
## $ANOVA
##
##          Effect DFn DFd          F        p p<.05
## 2          Group    1   36 0.0053411590 0.94214444
## 3  Referentiality    1   36 5.2198710296 0.02832801  *
## 5    Gender_Status    1   36 0.5605028582 0.45892150
## 4 Group:Referentiality    1   36 0.0000511147 0.99433508
## 6 Group:Gender_Status    1   36 0.0456034989 0.83210302
## 7 Referentiality:Gender_Status    1   36 5.0012917068 0.03161659  *
```

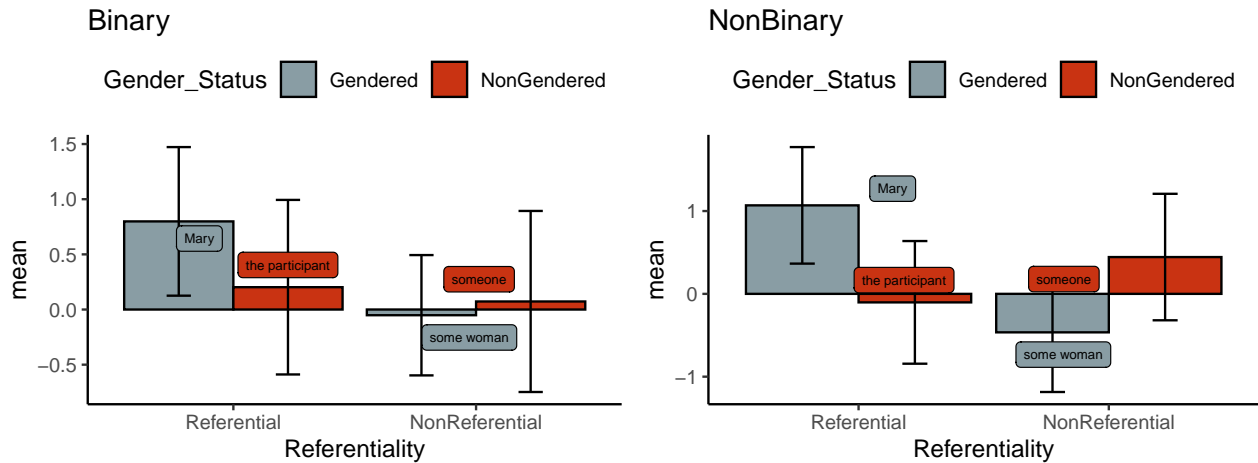


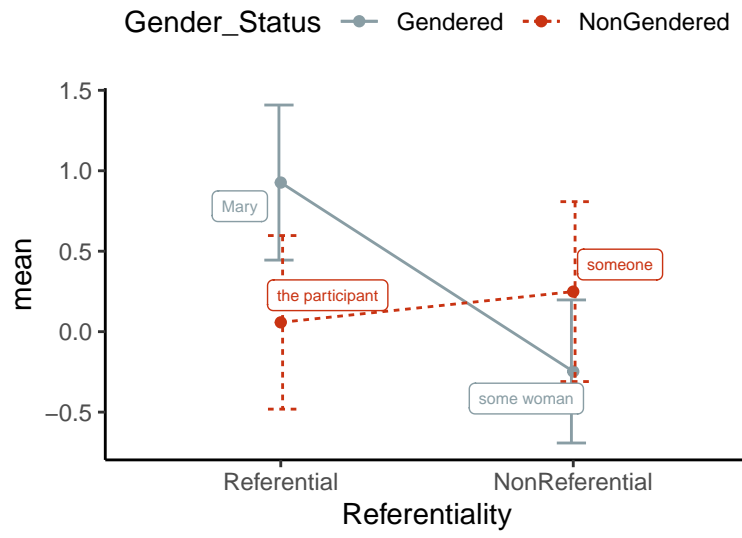
```
## 8 Group:Referentiality:Gender_Status 1 36 1.1780250752 0.28497330
##      ges
## 2 3.760513e-05
## 3 2.392545e-02
## 5 3.402687e-03
## 4 2.400287e-07
## 6 2.777167e-04
## 7 4.740160e-02
## 8 1.158497e-02
```

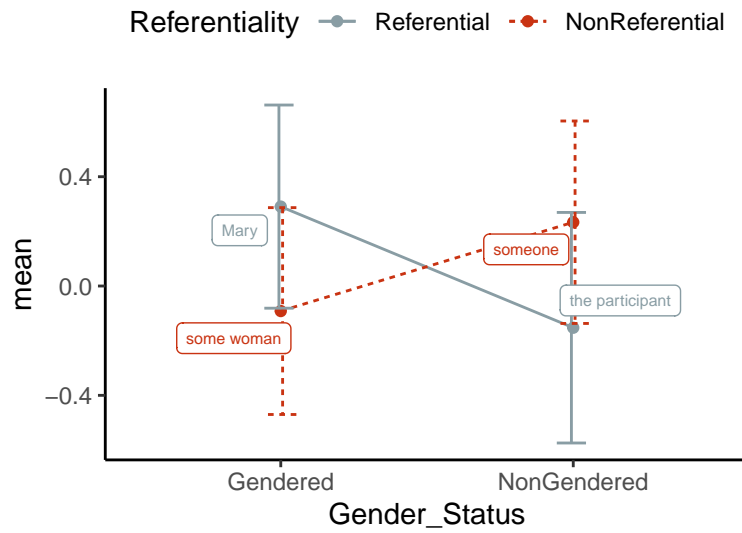
Interaction Plots: Gender Status by Referentiality *themselves*



Interaction broken down by Group *Binary* vs *Non-Binary*







NonBinary Group.

