

m15_202111__baseline -150 to 50, 300-500 ms difference wave

Load packages and define functions

This section load the packages `knitr`, `markdown`, `ez`, `stringr`, `readr`, `tidyr`, and `dplyr`. It also define a function to compute the standard error of the mean and to calculate the mean, standard deviation and standard error for each condition. `## Load Packages`

Function to calculate the standard error of the mean

```
sem = function(x)
{
  sqrt(var(x)/length(x))
}
```

Function to calculate the mean, the standard deviation and the standard error for each condition

`data` : a data frame `varname` : the name of a column containing the variable to be summarized `groupnames` : vector of column names to be used as grouping variables

```
data_summary <- function(data, varname, groupnames){
  require(plyr)
  summary_func <- function(x, col){
    c(mean = mean(x[[col]], na.rm=TRUE),
      sd = sd(x[[col]], na.rm=TRUE),
      sem = sd(x[[col]])/sqrt(length(x)))
  }
  data_sum<-ddply(data, groupnames, .fun=summary_func,
                 varname)
  data_sum <- rename(data_sum, c("mean" = varname))
  return(data_sum)
}
```

Analyse Affix Frequency

Read in and format the data

Then filter into two datasets, one with 2 Relatedness Factors (related, unrelated) and 2 Productivity Factors (high, low) and another with just one factors—Priming Effects for High and Low productivity calculated by subtracting Related scores from Unrelated.

```
m15_300_500_afx <- read_csv("M15_afxfrq_300_500_bsl_150_50.csv")
m15_diff_afx <- filter(m15_300_500_afx, binlabel == "Priming_High" | binlabel == "Priming_Low")
m15_2by2_afx <- filter(m15_300_500_afx, binlabel != "Priming_High" & binlabel != "Priming_Low")
```

Add factors *relatedness* and *productivity* for the 2-factor dataframe by separating 'binlabel' variable. Recodes the difference wave dataframe by removing the "Priming" part of the binlabel.

```
m15_2by2_afx <- separate(m15_2by2_afx, binlabel, into = c("relatedness", "productivity"), sep = "_")

m15_diff_afx$productivity <- ifelse(m15_diff_afx$binlabel == "Priming_Low", "Low", "High")
m15_diff_afx$binlabel <- NULL # removes binlabel column; no longer needed
```

Separate electrode labels into multiple factors based on *anteriority* and *laterality*. `tidyr::separate` makes separating columns simple by allowing you to pass an integer index of split position, including negatively indexed from the end of the string.

```
m15_diff_afx <- m15_diff_afx %>%
  separate(chlabel, into = c('anteriority', 'laterality'), sep = -1, convert = TRUE)

m15_diff_afx <- m15_diff_afx %>%
  mutate(laterality = replace(laterality, laterality == "Z", 0)) # Replacing "Z" value with 0

#Extract 5 x 3 matrix for analysis (F3 to P4)

m15_diff_afx_subset <- filter(m15_diff_afx, laterality == 0 & anteriority != "0" |
  laterality == 3 | laterality == 4)
```

Run ANOVA

```
# ezDesign(m15_diff_afx_subset, productivity, value, row = laterality, col = anteriority)

m15_diff_afx_aov <- ezANOVA(data = m15_diff_afx_subset, dv = value, wid = ERPset,
  within = .(anteriority, laterality, productivity))

m15_diff_afx_aov
```

```
$ANOVA
```

	Effect	DFn	DFd	F	p	p<.05
2	anteriority	4	96	3.4081657	0.011886517	*
3	laterality	2	48	5.1218317	0.009634325	*
4	productivity	1	24	3.7247942	0.065511258	
5	anteriority:laterality	8	192	2.4203654	0.016358679	*
6	anteriority:productivity	4	96	0.3878594	0.816863007	
7	laterality:productivity	2	48	0.1055398	0.900046913	
8	anteriority:laterality:productivity	8	192	0.3689474	0.935939169	

```
ges
```

2	0.0107934649
3	0.0068495013
4	0.0512693055
5	0.0023599883
6	0.0012250712
7	0.0001027033
8	0.0002555112

```
$`Mauchly's Test for Sphericity`
```

	Effect	W	p	p<.05
2	anteriority	0.0044157513	1.125435e-21	*
3	laterality	0.6268336943	4.647847e-03	*
5	anteriority:laterality	0.0004902955	1.126790e-17	*
6	anteriority:productivity	0.0018322443	1.134203e-25	*

```

7           laterality:productivity 0.7911664741 6.762084e-02
8 anteriority:laterality:productivity 0.0081574352 3.270976e-08      *

$`Sphericity Corrections`
      Effect      GGe      p[GG] p[GG]<.05      HFe
2      anteriority 0.3102510 0.06666460      0.3188311
3      laterality 0.7282439 0.01877613      * 0.7632394
5      anteriority:laterality 0.3564126 0.07647378      0.4094963
6      anteriority:productivity 0.3160856 0.58677269      0.3255741
7      laterality:productivity 0.8272438 0.86444442      0.8807627
8 anteriority:laterality:productivity 0.4631664 0.81613660      0.5582332
      p[HF] p[HF]<.05
2 0.06525662
3 0.01722445      *
5 0.06701650
6 0.59280363
7 0.87680759
8 0.84984576

```

Plot Means

Summarise the data

```

df2_afx <- data_summary(m15_diff_afx_subset, varname="value",
                        groupnames=c("productivity", "laterality", "anteriority"))
# df2_afx$sem <- NULL

head(df2_afx)

```

	productivity	laterality	anteriority	value	sd	sem
1	High	0	C	-0.92260	1.833008	0.6480661
2	High	0	CP	-1.18000	1.945685	0.6879037
3	High	0	F	-0.54064	1.674559	0.5920460
4	High	0	FC	-0.80332	1.766818	0.6246644
5	High	0	P	-1.44484	2.234579	0.7900429
6	High	3	C	-0.70972	1.443597	0.5103886

Barplot with SD error bars

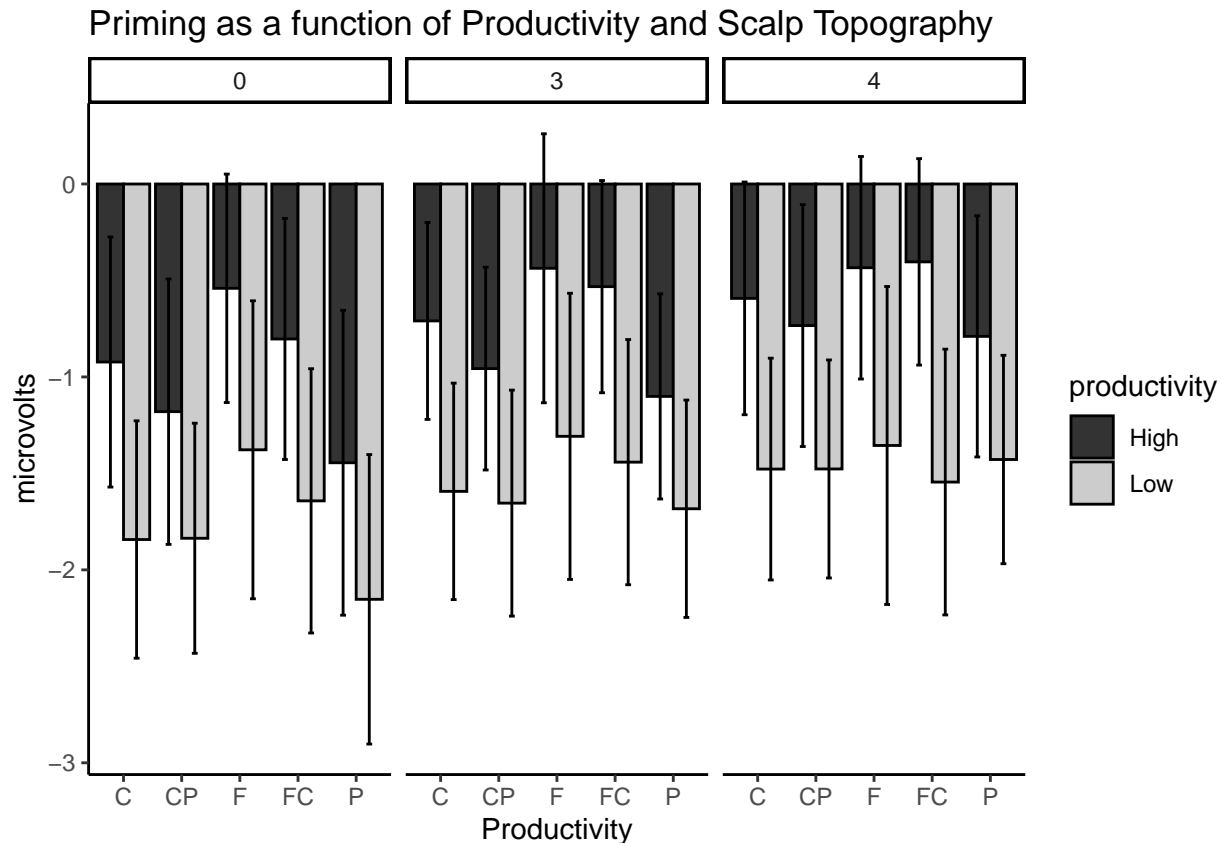
The function `geom_errorbar()` can be used to produce the error bars

```

library(ggplot2)
# Default bar plot
p<- ggplot(df2_afx, aes(x=anteriority, y=value, fill=productivity)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity", color="black",
           position=position_dodge()) +
  facet_grid(.~laterality) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=value-sem, ymax=value+sem), width=.2,
               position=position_dodge(.9))

p+labs(title="Priming as a function of Productivity and Scalp Topography", x="Productivity", y = "microv")
theme_classic() + scale_fill_grey()

```



Analyse Stem to Wholeword Frequency Ratio (Median Split)

Read in and format the data

Then filter into two datasets, one with 2 Relatedness Factors (related, unrelated) and 2 Productivity Factors (high, low) and another with just one factors—Priming Effects for High and Low productivity calculated by subtracting Related scores from Unrelated.

```
m15_300_500_med <- read_csv("m15_medsplt_300_500_bsl_150_50.csv")
m15_diff_med <- filter(m15_300_500_med, binlabel == "Priming_High" | binlabel == "Priming_Low")
m15_2by2_med <- filter(m15_300_500_med, binlabel != "Priming_High" & binlabel != "Priming_Low")
```

Add factors *relatedness* (and *productivity* for 2 x 2 df) by recoding 'binlabel' variable

```
m15_2by2_med <- separate(m15_2by2_med, binlabel, into = c("relatedness", "productivity"), sep = "_")

m15_diff_med$productivity <- ifelse(m15_diff_med$binlabel == "Priming_Low", "Low", "High")
m15_diff_med$binlabel <- NULL # removes binlabel column; no longer needed
```

Separate electrode labels into multiple factors based on *anteriority* and *laterality*. `tidyr::separate` makes separating columns simple by allowing you to pass an integer index of split position, including negatively indexed from the end of the string.

```
m15_diff_med <- m15_diff_med %>%
  separate(chlabel, into = c('anteriority', 'laterality'), sep = -1, convert = TRUE)

m15_diff_med <- m15_diff_med %>%
  mutate(laterality = replace(laterality, laterality == "Z", 0)) # Replacing "Z" value with 0
```

```

#Extract 5 x 3 matrix for analysis (F3 to P4)

m15_diff_med_subset <- filter(m15_diff_med, laterality == 0 & anteriority!= "0" |
                              laterality == 3 | laterality == 4)

##Run ANOVA
# ezDesign(m15_diff_med_subset, productivity, value, row = laterality, col = anteriority)

m15_diff_med_aov <- ezANOVA(data = m15_diff_med_subset, dv = value, wid = ERPset,
                            within = .(anteriority, laterality, productivity))
m15_diff_med_aov

```

```

$ANOVA

```

	Effect	DFn	DFd	F	p	p<.05
2	anteriority	4	96	3.006745074	0.02197021	*
3	laterality	2	48	4.870856530	0.01185872	*
4	productivity	1	24	0.004043669	0.94982349	
5	anteriority:laterality	8	192	2.456366730	0.01487161	*
6	anteriority:productivity	4	96	0.688855566	0.60141478	
7	laterality:productivity	2	48	4.405823165	0.01751026	*
8	anteriority:laterality:productivity	8	192	0.142993735	0.99703700	

```

ges
2 1.001284e-02
3 6.858902e-03
4 5.961797e-05
5 2.410285e-03
6 1.412322e-03
7 6.061745e-03
8 1.693543e-04

```

```

$`Mauchly's Test for Sphericity`

```

	Effect	W	p	p<.05
2	anteriority	0.0040471522	4.537326e-22	*
3	laterality	0.5588469677	1.241276e-03	*
5	anteriority:laterality	0.0004707785	8.051844e-18	*
6	anteriority:productivity	0.0069137418	1.187173e-19	*
7	laterality:productivity	0.8546900469	1.643612e-01	
8	anteriority:laterality:productivity	0.0015600138	1.310658e-13	*

```

$`Sphericity Corrections`

```

	Effect	GGe	p[GG]	p[GG]<.05	HFe
2	anteriority	0.3093180	0.08571510		0.3177541
3	laterality	0.6938888	0.02384134	*	0.7229374
5	anteriority:laterality	0.3457137	0.07536932		0.3952495
6	anteriority:productivity	0.3428351	0.45668391		0.3566661
7	laterality:productivity	0.8731261	0.02243291	*	0.9359391
8	anteriority:laterality:productivity	0.3837447	0.93687370		0.4464213

```

p[HF] p[HF]<.05
2 0.08433886
3 0.02230741 *
5 0.06633945
6 0.46194891
7 0.01984092 *

```

```
8 0.95468920
```

```
##Plot Means ### Summarise the data
```

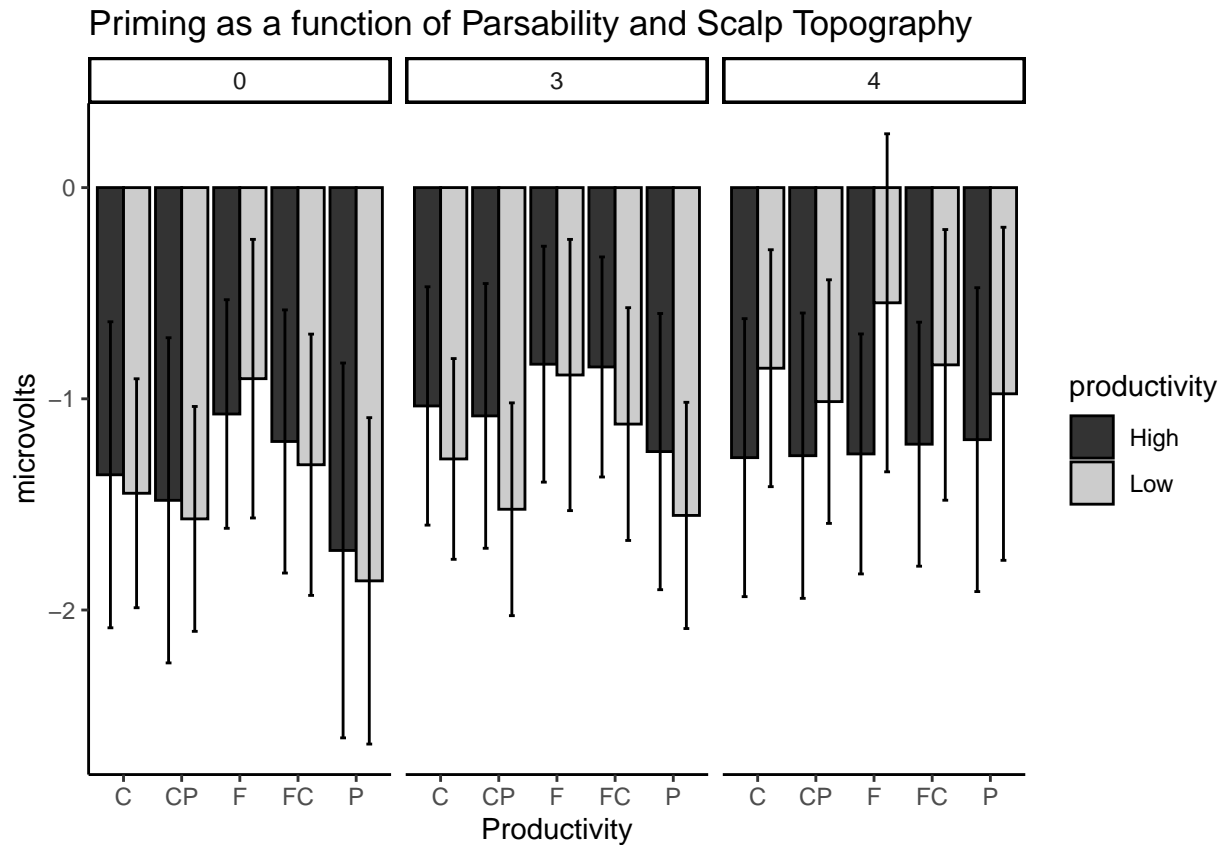
```
df2_med <- data_summary(m15_diff_med_subset, varname="value",  
                        groupnames=c("productivity", "laterality", "anteriority"))  
# df2_med$sem <- NULL  
  
head(df2_med)
```

	productivity	laterality	anteriority	value	sd	sem
1	High	0	C	-1.35976	2.049114	0.7244712
2	High	0	CP	-1.48068	2.177337	0.7698049
3	High	0	F	-1.07200	1.530590	0.5411451
4	High	0	FC	-1.20204	1.762030	0.6229716
5	High	0	P	-1.71800	2.509986	0.8874141
6	High	3	C	-1.03380	1.595975	0.5642623

Barplot with SD error bars

The function `geom_errorbar()` can be used to produce the error bars

```
library(ggplot2)  
# Default bar plot  
p<- ggplot(df2_med, aes(x=anteriority, y=value, fill=productivity)) +  
  geom_bar(stat="identity", color="black",  
          position=position_dodge()) +  
  facet_grid(.~laterality) +  
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=value-sem, ymax=value+sem), width=.2,  
               position=position_dodge(.9))  
p+labs(title="Priming as a function of Parsability and Scalp Topography", x="Productivity", y = "microv  
       theme_classic() + scale_fill_grey()
```



Planned Comparisons

This section explores the significant “Laterality x Parsability” interaction obtained for the “m15_diff_med_subset” df above, by doing a one-factor ANOVA test (high vs low parsability) for each of the three levels of laterality.

Effect of Parsability in the LH

```
# ezDesign(m15_diff_med_subset, productivity, value, row = laterality, col = anteriority)

m15_diff_med_aov_pc1 <- ezANOVA(data = filter(m15_diff_med_subset, m15_diff_med_subset$laterality==3),
                                dv = value,
                                wid = ERPset,
                                within_full = .(anteriority, laterality, productivity),
                                within = .(productivity))

m15_diff_med_aov_pc1
```

```
$ANOVA
```

	Effect	DFn	DFd	F	p	p<.05	ges
2	productivity	1	24	0.4489105	0.5092486		0.00850694

Effect of Parsability at the Midline

```
m15_diff_med_aov_pc2 <- ezANOVA(data = filter(m15_diff_med_subset, m15_diff_med_subset$laterality==0),
                                dv = value,
                                wid = ERPset,
```

```

                                within_full = .(anteriority, laterality, productivity),
                                within = .(productivity))
m15_diff_med_aov_pc2

```

```

$ANOVA
      Effect DFn DFd          F          p p<.05          ges
2 productivity   1  24 0.01202281 0.9135998      0.0002404162

```

Effect of Parsability in the RH

```

m15_diff_med_aov_pc3 <- ezANOVA(data = filter(m15_diff_med_subset,m15_diff_med_subset$laterality==4),
                                dv = value,
                                wid = ERPset,
                                within_full = .(anteriority, laterality, productivity),
                                within = .(productivity))
m15_diff_med_aov_pc3

```

```

$ANOVA
      Effect DFn DFd          F          p p<.05          ges
2 productivity   1  24 0.7196636 0.4046362      0.01409672

```