MXN600 Major Data Anaysis Project

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Introduction

The credit risk models our lending start up company uses are of the utmost importance to the functioning and ultimate success of the company. As we were recently acquired by a regional Australian bank, the success of our company also impacts the success of the bank. Recently, some of the bank's senior financial analysts have raised concerns about the credit risk models we have been using. They reviewed our models' performance benchmarks and feel as though our models are not suitable for use in a setting in which they are subject to strict regulatory requirements.

Thus, we have been tasked by the bank's management to rebuild our credit risk model from the ground up. As per management, our main objective is to use information known at the time of a loan application to build a model that predicts loan default. We will follow a standard statistical analysis process, which will be guided by the following questions:

- 1. How does this new model perform compared to the one used previously? How can it be expected to perform on new loan applications?
- 2. What are the important variables in this model and how do they compare to variables that are traditionally important for predicting credit risk in the banking sector?

Furthermore, management has consulted with an expert statistician, who has suggested we also account for variation in trends that may exist either between different jurisdictions or over time. The following questions will guide this second part of our analysis:

- 3. Can accounting for this variation (e.g., state/zip-code and time) improve performance benchmarks?
- 4. Are there any surprising differences in variables that are important for predicting credit risk?
- 5. Does credit risk change over time or between states? This is not something the bank has previously investigated and results may inform modified loan policies in the future.

This report will document our entire analysis process, beginning with data exploration and cleaning, to model building and interpretations of our results.

Setup

We will first load in the required libraries for our data exploration and analysis process.

```
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ------ tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr 1.1.2 v readr 2.1.4
## v forcats 1.0.0 v stringr 1.5.0
## v ggplot2 3.4.2 v tibble 3.2.1
```

```
## v lubridate 1.9.2
                         v tidvr
                                      1.3.0
               1.0.1
## v purrr
## -- Conflicts -----
                                          ## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                     masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
## Attaching package: 'MASS'
##
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       select
##
##
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'GGally':
##
     method from
           ggplot2
##
     +.gg
##
## Loading required package: Matrix
##
##
## Attaching package: 'Matrix'
##
##
##
  The following objects are masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       expand, pack, unpack
##
##
##
  Attaching package: 'lmerTest'
##
##
##
  The following object is masked from 'package:lme4':
##
##
       lmer
##
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       step
```

Next, we will load in our datasets. We have a total of 4:

- (1) A training dataset that we will use to build and train our model
- (2) A test dataset that we will use to test the fit of our model(s)
- (3) A validation dataset that we will use to assess the performance of our model(s)
- (4) An extended dataset that includes the necessary variables for us to account for variation such as location and time

```
train_data <- read.csv("benchmark_training_loan_data.csv")
test_data <- read.csv("benchmark_testing_loan_data.csv")</pre>
```

```
val_data <- read.csv("benchmark_validation_loan_data.csv")
extended <- read.csv("extendend_version_loan_data.csv")</pre>
```

Exploratory Analysis

We will begin by exploring the available data to understand how each variable is distributed and to identify any potential data quality issues. We will also investigate the relationships between the different variables to see whether any variables are highly correlated with one another.

Note: For this exploration portion of our analysis, we will be using the training dataset.

We will first explore the training dataset to understand its structure and the variables it is comprised of.

head(train_data)

##		X loan_amnt	t te	rm int_r	rate emp	_leng	th hor	ne_ownersh	nip an	nnual_inc
##	1	1 2500	36 mont	hs 13	3.98	4 yea	rs	RE	ENT	20004
##	2	2 5000	36 mont	hs 15	.95	4 yea	rs	RE	ENT	59000
##	3	3 7000	36 mont	hs 9	9.91 10)+ yea	rs	MORTGI	\GE	53796
##	4	4 2000	36 mont	hs 5	5.42 10)+ yea	rs	RI	ENT	30000
##	5	5 8000	36 mont	hs 6	3.03	n	/a	MORTGA	\GE	77736
##	6	6 6250	36 mont	hs 17	7.27	4 yea	rs	MORTGA	\GE	28000
##		verification	on_status		pu	pose	dti	delinq_2y	rs i	nq_last_6mths
##	1	Not	Verified		(other	19.86		0	5
##	2	Not	Verified	debt_co	nsolida	ation	19.57		0	1
##	3	Not	Verified		(other	10.80		3	3
##	4	Not	Verified	debt_co	nsolida	ation	3.60		0	0
##	5		Verified		(other	6.07		0	0
##	6		Verified		(other	13.76		0	0
##		open_acc pu	ıb_rec re	vol_bal	revol_u	ıtil t	otal_a	acc repay_	fail	credit_age_yrs
##	1	7	0	981	0.2	2130		10	0	4.931319
##	2	7	0	18773	0.9	9990		15	1	16.222527
##	3	7	0	3269	0.4	1720		20	0	13.549451
##	4	7	0	0	0.0	0000		15	0	36.791209
##	5	12	0	4182	0.3	L360		49	0	15.302198
##	6	2	1	0	0.0	0846		15	1	12.126374

At first glance of the first 6 rows of this dataset, we notice there is a value of n/a in the employment length column. There are also a few zero values in a few columns. This will prompt us to further explore the data for any true missing values.

```
dim(train_data)
```

```
## [1] 23052 19
```

The training dataset contains a total of 23,052 observations of 19 variables.

```
str(train_data)
```

```
## 'data.frame':
                    23052 obs. of 19 variables:
##
   $ X
                                1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
                         : int
   $ loan amnt
##
                                2500 5000 7000 2000 8000 6250 8000 16000 7000 13000 ...
                                "36 months" "36 months" "36 months" "36 months" ...
##
   $ term
                         : chr
##
   $ int rate
                         : num
                                13.98 15.95 9.91 5.42 6.03 ...
                                "4 years" "4 years" "10+ years" "10+ years" ...
##
   $ emp length
                         : chr
   $ home ownership
                                "RENT" "RENT" "MORTGAGE" "RENT" ...
##
                         : chr
   $ annual inc
##
                         : num
                                20004 59000 53796 30000 77736 ...
##
   $ verification_status: chr
                                "Not Verified" "Not Verified" "Not Verified" ...
##
                                "other" "debt_consolidation" "other" "debt_consolidation" ...
   $ purpose
                         : chr
##
   $ dti
                                19.86 19.57 10.8 3.6 6.07 ...
                         : num
##
                                0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 ...
   $ delinq_2yrs
                           int
##
   $ inq_last_6mths
                         : int
                                5 1 3 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 ...
   $ open_acc
                         : int
                                7 7 7 7 12 2 8 5 3 14 ...
##
##
   $ pub_rec
                                0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 ...
                         : int
##
   $ revol_bal
                                981 18773 3269 0 4182 0 9287 11006 6082 38433 ...
                           int
                                0.213 0.999 0.472 0 0.136 0.0846 0.619 0.651 0.965 0.565 ...
##
   $ revol_util
                         : num
##
   $ total acc
                                10 15 20 15 49 15 37 36 11 31 ...
                         : int
                                0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 ...
##
   $ repay_fail
                         : int
   $ credit_age_yrs
                         : num
                                4.93 16.22 13.55 36.79 15.3 ...
```

Upon further investigation of the structure of the training data, we can see that 14 of the 19 variables are currently of numeric type, and the remaining 5 variables are characters. We will now further investigate each variable to determine whether there is any missing data or outliers.

summary(train_data)

```
Х
                       loan amnt
                                          term
                                                              int rate
##
    Min.
                 1
                     Min.
                            : 500
                                      Length: 23052
                                                           Min.
                                                                  : 5.42
##
    1st Qu.: 5764
                     1st Qu.: 5400
                                      Class : character
                                                           1st Qu.: 9.63
                     Median: 9862
                                                           Median :11.99
##
   Median :11526
                                      Mode :character
##
   Mean
           :11526
                     Mean
                            :11128
                                                                  :12.18
                                                           Mean
##
    3rd Qu.:17289
                     3rd Qu.:15000
                                                           3rd Qu.:14.72
##
    Max.
           :23052
                     Max.
                            :35000
                                                           Max.
                                                                  :24.11
##
     emp_length
                        home_ownership
                                               annual_inc
                                                                verification_status
##
    Length: 23052
                        Length: 23052
                                                                Length: 23052
                                            Min.
                                                        2000
##
    Class : character
                        Class : character
                                             1st Qu.:
                                                       40032
                                                                Class : character
    Mode :character
##
                                                                Mode :character
                        Mode : character
                                             Median:
                                                       58000
##
                                             Mean
                                                       68435
##
                                                       82000
                                             3rd Qu.:
##
                                             Max.
                                                    :2039784
##
                              dti
                                           delinq_2yrs
      purpose
                                                             inq_last_6mths
    Length: 23052
                                : 0.000
                                                  :0.0000
                                                                    : 0.000
##
                        Min.
                                          Min.
                                                             Min.
    Class : character
                        1st Qu.: 8.248
                                           1st Qu.:0.0000
                                                             1st Qu.: 0.000
##
##
    Mode : character
                        Median: 13.550
                                          Median :0.0000
                                                            Median: 1.000
##
                        Mean
                                :13.426
                                                  :0.1502
                                                             Mean
                                                                    : 1.078
                                          Mean
##
                        3rd Qu.:18.740
                                           3rd Qu.:0.0000
                                                             3rd Qu.: 2.000
##
                        Max.
                                :29.950
                                          Max.
                                                  :9.0000
                                                            Max.
                                                                    :33.000
##
                                         revol_bal
                                                            revol_util
       open_acc
                         pub_rec
##
           : 1.000
                              :0.000
                                                     0
                                                         Min.
                                                                 :0.0000
##
    1st Qu.: 6.000
                      1st Qu.:0.000
                                       1st Qu.:
                                                  3686
                                                         1st Qu.:0.2600
##
    Median : 9.000
                      Median : 0.000
                                       Median:
                                                  8918
                                                         Median :0.4990
    Mean
          : 9.354
                      Mean
                             :0.057
                                       Mean
                                               : 14383
                                                         Mean
                                                                 :0.4932
```

```
3rd Qu.:12.000
                      3rd Qu.:0.000
                                       3rd Qu.: 17367
                                                         3rd Qu.:0.7302
##
                                                                 :1.1900
##
           :47.000
                                               :952013
    Max.
                      Max.
                              :4.000
                                       Max.
                                                         Max.
##
      total acc
                       repay fail
                                      credit age yrs
                            :0.000
           : 1.00
                                             : 0.5055
##
    Min.
                     Min.
                                      Min.
##
    1st Qu.:13.00
                     1st Qu.:0.000
                                      1st Qu.: 9.0302
    Median :20.00
                     Median : 0.000
                                      Median :12.5440
##
                            :0.152
    Mean
            :22.12
                     Mean
                                      Mean
                                              :13.7856
##
    3rd Qu.:29.00
                     3rd Qu.:0.000
                                      3rd Qu.:17.1429
##
    Max.
            :90.00
                     Max.
                             :1.000
                                      Max.
                                              :60.6209
```

Included above is the numeric distributions of each of the included variables. Based on the above summary, it appears as though there may exist one or multiple outliers in a few variables: annual income, inquiries in the last 6 months, open accounts, revolving balances, and total accounts. However, we will need to further investigate the distribution of all variables to better visualize this to determine whether these actually appear to be outliers.

Before producing some exploratory plots, we will briefly explore the data to see whether there are missing values for us to handle.

colSums(is.na(train data))

##	Х	loan_amnt	term	int_rate
##	0	0	0	0
##	emp_length	home_ownership	annual_inc	verification_status
##	0	0	0	0
##	purpose	dti	delinq_2yrs	inq_last_6mths
##	0	0	0	0
##	open_acc	<pre>pub_rec</pre>	revol_bal	revol_util
##	0	0	0	0
##	total_acc	repay_fail	credit_age_yrs	
##	0	0	0	

Based on the above output, it appears as though this dataset does not contain any missing data in the form of NA values. Now, we will explore the n/a values present in the columns which include string data.

```
sum(train_data == 'n/a')
```

[1] 591

```
na_rows <- train_data %>% filter_all(any_vars(. %in% c('n/a')))
head(na_rows)
```

```
##
       X loan_amnt
                         term int_rate emp_length home_ownership annual_inc
## 1
                                                                         77736
       5
              8000 36 months
                                   6.03
                                               n/a
                                                          MORTGAGE
##
  2
      25
               1450 36 months
                                   7.51
                                               n/a
                                                              RENT
                                                                         10000
                                                                OWN
## 3
      43
               1800 36 months
                                   5.42
                                                                         29184
                                               n/a
## 4 100
               4000 36 months
                                  17.19
                                               n/a
                                                                OWN
                                                                         37200
              2250 36 months
## 5 131
                                                                         52500
                                   5.42
                                               n/a
                                                              RENT
## 6 155
              5500 36 months
                                   8.49
                                               n/a
                                                          MORTGAGE
                                                                         36780
##
     verification_status
                                                 dti delinq_2yrs inq_last_6mths
                                      purpose
## 1
                 Verified
                                        other 6.07
                                                                0
         Source Verified
                                        other 22.20
                                                                0
                                                                               0
## 2
```

```
## 3
             Not Verified
                               small business 23.68
                                                                 0
                                                                                 2
## 4
                                                                 0
                                                                                 0
             Not Verified
                             home_improvement 9.35
## 5
            Not Verified debt consolidation 16.43
                                                                 0
                                                                                 0
                                                                 0
                                                                                 2
## 6
            Not Verified
                                           car 16.54
##
     open_acc pub_rec revol_bal revol_util total_acc repay_fail credit_age_yrs
                     0
## 1
           12
                             4182
                                        0.136
                                                      49
                                                                   0
                                                                          15.302198
## 2
                     0
                                                                   0
            9
                              709
                                        0.032
                                                      10
                                                                            6.271978
            7
## 3
                     0
                            30037
                                        0.235
                                                      24
                                                                   0
                                                                          36.711538
## 4
             6
                     0
                             4598
                                        0.575
                                                      14
                                                                   1
                                                                          12.881868
                     0
                                                      25
                                                                   0
## 5
             9
                             4425
                                        0.360
                                                                          18.978022
## 6
             8
                     0
                             8926
                                        0.498
                                                      27
                                                                   1
                                                                          31.857143
```

Based on the above output, there are a total of 591 n/a (string) in this dataset. These all appear to be from the employment length column. We will move forward and assume that this is not truly missing data, but rather, means that the applicant is not currently employed. We will further examine the ditribution of each variable by creating exploratory plots, and this will further clarify the meaning of some of the values contained within each column of the dataset.

Exploratory Plots

Before we can create exploratory plots, there are a few variables we will need to convert to factors. This will help us in creating our visualizations as well as conducting our analyses, so we can consider the selected variables as factors with different levels rather than simply strings.

```
train_data$term <- as.factor(train_data$term)
train_data$emp_length <- as.factor(train_data$emp_length)
train_data$home_ownership <- as.factor(train_data$home_ownership)
train_data$verification_status <- as.factor(train_data$verification_status)
train_data$purpose <- as.factor(train_data$purpose)
train_data$repay_fail <- as.factor(train_data$repay_fail)</pre>
```

Now, we will create some histograms to visualize the distributions of some of the string/character variables in this dataset.

```
p1 <- ggplot(data = train_data, aes(int_rate, fill = repay_fail)) +
    geom_histogram(binwidth=5)

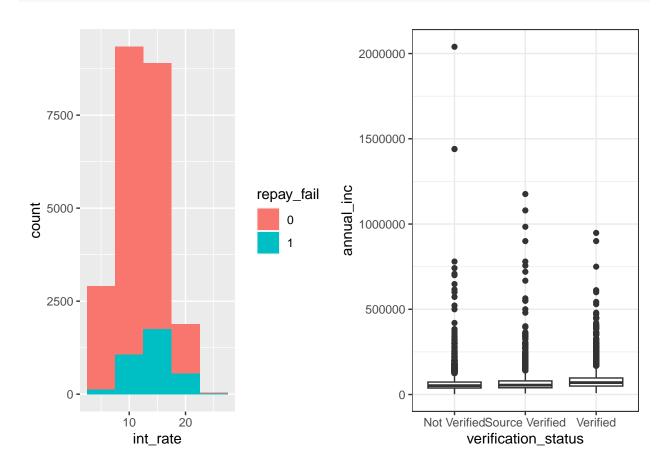
p2 <- ggplot(data = train_data, mapping = aes(x = verification_status, y = annual_inc)) +
    geom_boxplot() +
    theme_bw()

p3 <- ggplot(data = train_data, mapping = aes(x = repay_fail, y = loan_amnt)) +
    geom_boxplot() +
    theme_bw()

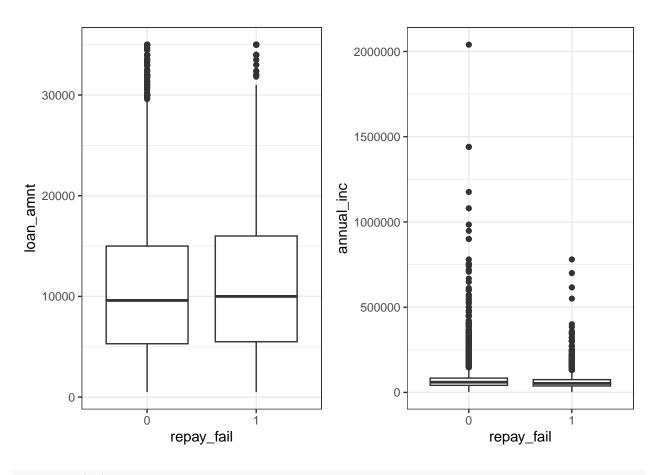
p4 <- ggplot(data = train_data, mapping = aes(x = repay_fail, y = annual_inc)) +
    geom_boxplot() +
    theme_bw()

p5 <- ggplot(data = train_data, mapping = aes(x = annual_inc, y = loan_amnt)) +
    geom_point() +
    theme_bw()</pre>
```

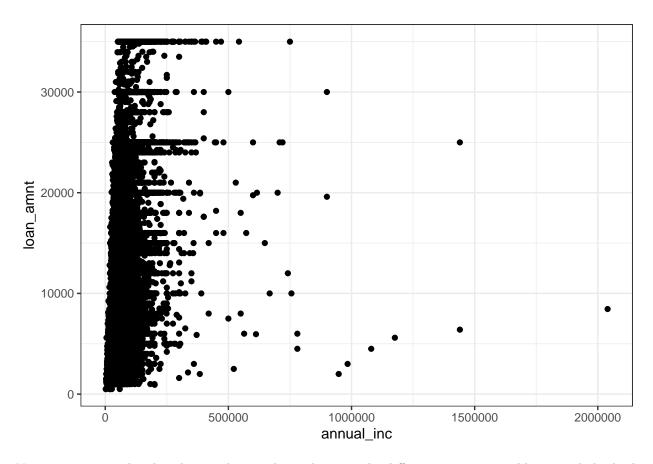
ggarrange(p1, p2)



ggarrange(p3, p4)



ggarrange(p5)



Now, we create a plot that depicts the correlation between the different numeric variables; it includes both correlation coefficients and visuals of the distribution of each included variable.

Below, we create a correlation matrix of the numeric variables to help us understand the relationship between the different numeric variables.

New Credit Risk Model

```
# #Full model with all possible interactions for backwards selection:
# full_interaction_model <- glm(data = train_data,
# formula = repay_fail ~ loan_amnt* term * int_rate * emp_length * home_ownership * annual_inc *
# verification_status * purpose * dti * delinq_2yrs * inq_last_6mths * open_acc * pub_rec *
# revol_bal * revol_util * total_acc * credit_age_yrs,
# family = "binomial")</pre>
```

```
# #Model with no variables present for forwards selection:
# null_model <- glm(data = train_data,
# formula = repay_fail ~ 1,
# family = "binomial")
#
# #Perform backward and forward selection:
# backward_sel_model <- stepAIC(
# full_interaction_model, direction = "backward", trace = 0)
# forward_sel_model <- stepAIC(
# null_model,
# scope = formula(full_interaction_model),
# direction = "forward",
# trace = 0) ## trace = 0 prevents automatic output of stepAIC function.</pre>
```

Extended Credit Risk Model

Conclusion

Limitations

Future Directions