

W203 Homework 4, Fall 2018 Tuesday 4pm

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1a) How much do you get paid if the coin comes up heads 3 times?

There are 8 possible outcomes: 1 outcome with 3 heads, 3 outcomes with 2 heads, 3 outcomes with 1 head, 1 outcome with no heads. Let W be the winnings from the game.

$$E(W) = 2 * P(W = 2) + 4 * P(W = 4) + w * P(W = w)$$

$$6 = 2 * \frac{3}{8} + 4 * \frac{3}{8} + w * \frac{1}{8}$$

$$w = 30$$

1b) Write down a complete expression for the cumulative probability function for your winnings from the game.

$$F(w) = \begin{cases} 1/8 & 0 \leq w < 2 \\ 1/2 & 2 \leq w < 4 \\ 7/8 & 4 \leq w < 30 \\ 1 & 30 \leq w \end{cases}$$

2a) Write down a complete expression for the cumulative probability function of L .

$$f(l) = \begin{cases} 0 & l \leq 0 \\ l/2 & 0 < l \leq 2 \\ 0 & 2 < l \end{cases}$$

$$F(l) = \int_{-\infty}^l f(y) dy$$

$$= \int_0^l \frac{y}{2} dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} y^2 \Big|_0^l$$

$$= \frac{l^2}{4}$$

$$F(l) = \begin{cases} 0 & l \leq 0 \\ l^2/4 & 0 < l \leq 2 \\ 1 & 2 < l \end{cases}$$

2b) Compute the expected length of the pasta, $E(L)$.

$$E(L) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} l * f(l) dl$$

$$= \int_0^2 l * \frac{l^2}{4} dl$$

$$= \int_0^2 \frac{l^3}{4} dl$$

$$= l^4 \Big|_0^2$$

$$= 2^4$$

$$= 16$$

3a) Compute the expected payout from the contract, $E(X)=E(g(T))$

$$\begin{aligned}
 E(X) &= E(g(T)) \\
 &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) * g(t) dt \\
 &= \int_0^1 1 * 100(1-t)^{1/2} dt \\
 &= 100 \int_0^1 (1-t)^{1/2} dt \\
 &= 100 \left(\frac{2}{3} \right) (1-t)^{3/2} (-1) \Big|_0^1 \\
 &= 100 \left(\frac{2}{3} \right) (0+1) \\
 &= 66 \frac{2}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

3b) Compute $E(X)$ another way

$$\begin{aligned}
 g(X \leq x) &\rightarrow x \geq 100(1-t)^{1/2} \\
 t &\geq 1 - \left(\frac{x}{100} \right)^2 \\
 P(X \leq x) &= \left(\frac{x}{100} \right)^2 \\
 pdf &= d/dx(cdf) = x/5000
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 E(X) &= \int_0^{100} x * \frac{x}{5000} dx \\
 &= \frac{x^3}{15000} \Big|_0^{100} \\
 &= \frac{100^3}{15000} \\
 &= 66 \frac{2}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

4a) Write down an expression for $E(Y)$ and use properties of expectation to simplify it as much as you can.

$$\begin{aligned}
 Y &= (X-t)^2 = X^2 - 2Xt + t^2 \\
 f(y) &= 2x - 2t + t^2 \\
 E(Y) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(2x - 2t + t^2) dx \\
 &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (2x^2 - 2tx + xt^2) dx
 \end{aligned}$$

4b) Take a partial derivative with respect to t , compute the value of t that minimizes $E(Y)$.

$$(2x^2 - 2tx + xt^2) dt = 2x^2 - 2x + 2xt$$

$E(Y)$ is minimized when $t = 0$

4c) What is the value of $E(Y)$ for this choice of t ?

$$E(Y) = 2X^2$$