## W203 Homework 4, Fall 2018 Tuesday 4pm

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1a) How much do you get paid if the coin comes up heads 3 times?

There are 8 possible outcomes: 1 outcome with 3 heads, 3 outcomes with 2 heads, 3 outcomes with 1 head, 1 outcome with no heads. Let W be the winnings from the game.

$$E(W) = 2*P(W = 2) + 4*P(W = 4) + w*P(W = w)$$
 
$$6 = 2*\frac{3}{8} + 4*\frac{3}{8} + w*\frac{1}{8}$$
 
$$w = 30$$

1b) Write down a complete expression for the cumulative probability function for your winnings from the game.

$$F(w) = \begin{cases} 1/8 & 0 \le w < 2 \\ 1/2 & 2 \le w < 4 \\ 7/8 & 4 \le w < 30 \\ 1 & 30 \le w \end{cases}$$

2a) Write down a complete expression for the cumulative probability function of L.

$$f(l) = \begin{cases} 0 & l \le 0 \\ l/2 & 0 < l \le 2 \\ 0 & 2 < l \end{cases}$$

$$F(l) = \int_{-\infty}^{l} f(y) dy$$

$$= \int_{0}^{l} \frac{y}{2} dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} y^{2} \Big|_{0}^{l}$$

$$= \frac{l^{2}}{4}$$

$$F(l) = \begin{cases} 0 & l \le 0 \\ l^{2}/4 & 0 < l \le 2 \\ 1 & 2 < l \end{cases}$$

2b) Compute the expected length of the pasta, E(L).

$$\begin{split} E(L) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} l * f(l) dl \\ &= \int_{0}^{2} l * \frac{l^{2}}{4} dl \\ &= \int_{0}^{2} \frac{l^{3}}{4} dl \\ &= l^{4} \Big|_{0}^{2} \\ &= 2^{4} \\ &= 16 \end{split}$$

3a) Compute the expected payout from the contract, E(X)=E(g(T))

$$\begin{split} E(X) &= E(g(T)) \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) * g(t) dt \\ &= \int_{0}^{1} 1 * 100(1-t)^{1/2} dt \\ &= 100 \int_{0}^{1} (1-t)^{1/2} dt \\ &= 100(\frac{2}{3})(1-t)^{3/2}(-1) \Big|_{0}^{1} \\ &= 100(\frac{2}{3})(0+1) \\ &= 66\frac{2}{3} \end{split}$$

3b) Compute E(X) another way

$$g(X \le x) \to x \ge 100(1-t)^{1/2}$$
 
$$t \ge 1 - (\frac{x}{100})^2$$
 
$$P(X \le x) = (\frac{x}{100})^2$$
 
$$pdf = d/dx(cdf) = x/5000$$

$$E(X) = \int_0^{100} x * \frac{x}{5000} dx$$
$$= \frac{x^3}{15000} \Big|_0^{100}$$
$$= \frac{100^3}{15000}$$
$$= 66\frac{2}{3}$$

4a) Write down an expression for E(Y) and use properties of expectation to simplify it as much as you can.

$$\begin{split} Y &= (X-t)^2 = X^2 - 2Xt + t^2 \\ f(y) &= 2x - 2t + t^2 \\ E(Y) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(2x - 2t + t^2) dx \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (2x^2 - 2tx + xt^2) dx \end{split}$$

4b) Take a partial derivative with respect to t, compute the value of t that minimizes E(Y).

$$(2x^2 - 2tx + xt^2)dt = 2x^2 - 2x + 2xt$$

E(Y) is minimized when t = 0

4c) What is the value of  $\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{Y})$  for this choice of t?

$$E(Y) = 2X^2$$