

Install and test Bitnami Stack and pgAdmin

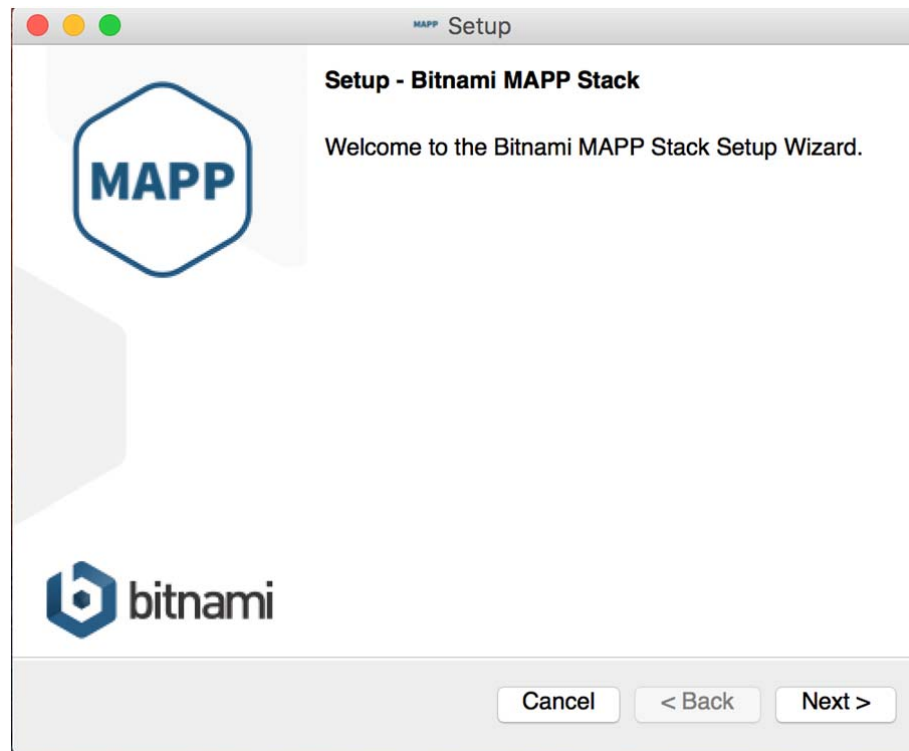
1. Download the Bitnami software

Sign in to Bitnami and download the M/W/LAAP stack according to your system: MAPP for Mac, WAPP for Windows and LAPP for Linux.

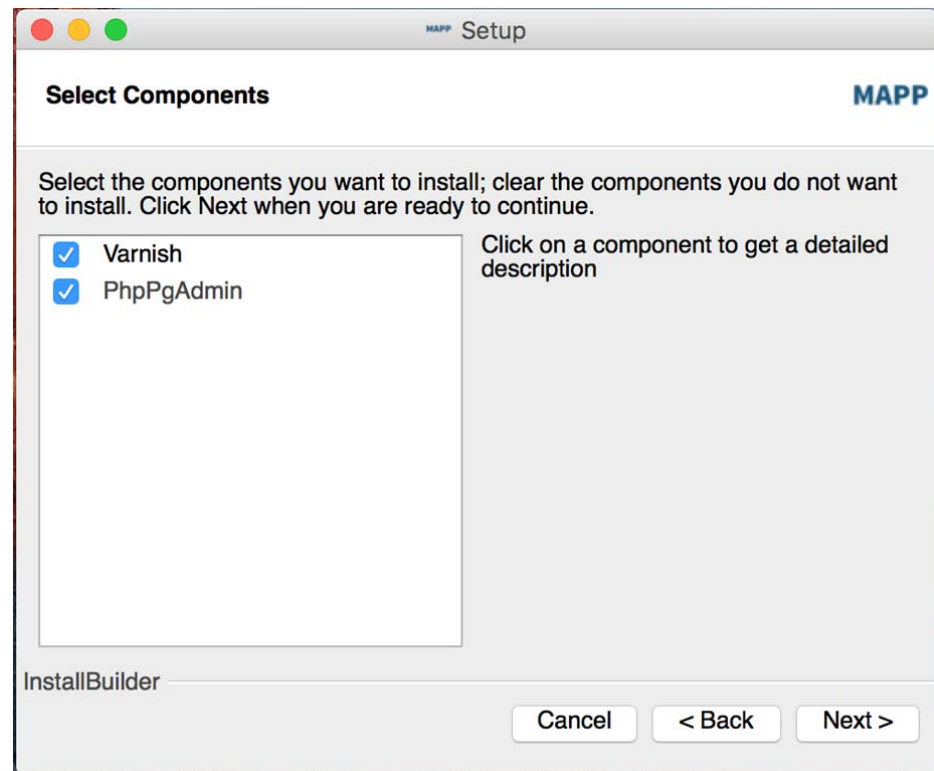
- i. MAPP 7.0.22-1 (64-bit): <https://bitnami.com/stack/mapp/installer>
- i. WAPP 7.0.22-1 (64-bit): <https://bitnami.com/stack/wapp/installer>
- ii. LAPP 7.0.22-1 (64-bit): <https://bitnami.com/stack/lapp/installer>

2. Install WAPP/LAPP/MAPP

- i. MAPP
 - a) Activate MAPP installer dmg:

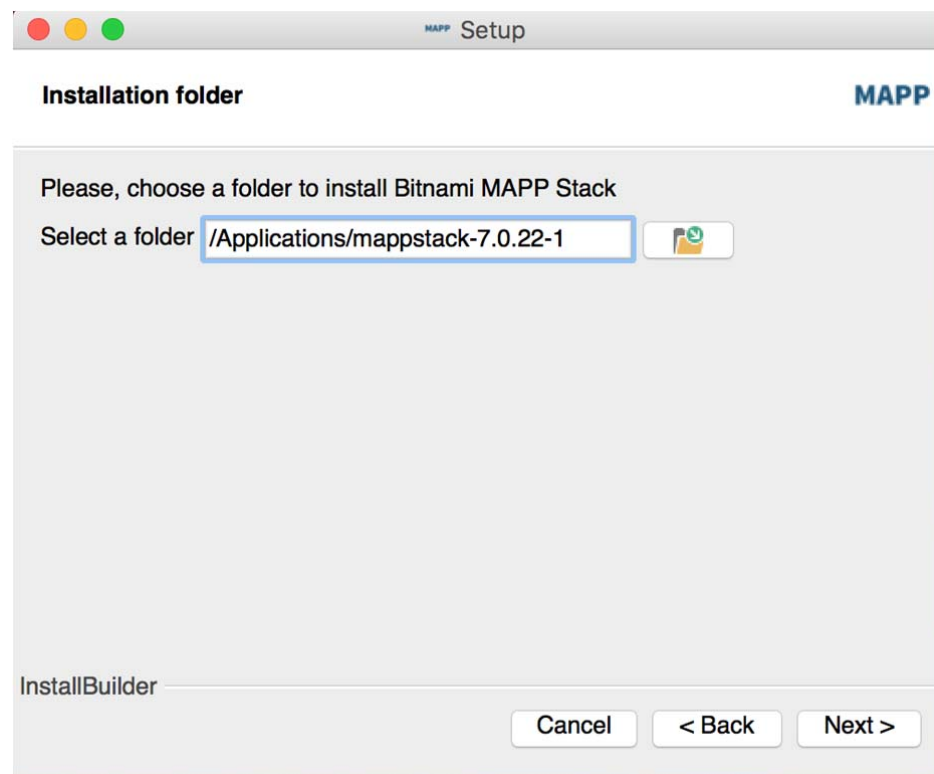


Click Next:



Click Next:

Note that, the folder here is your installation directory later referred to as INSTALLDIR.

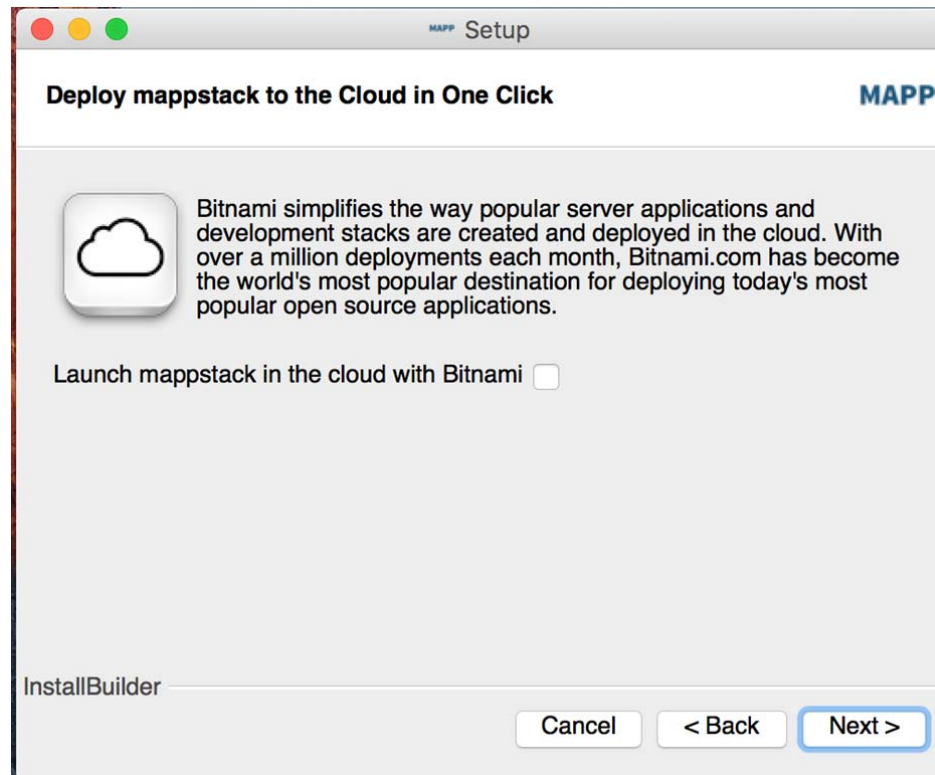


- b) Input your database password (Remember it):



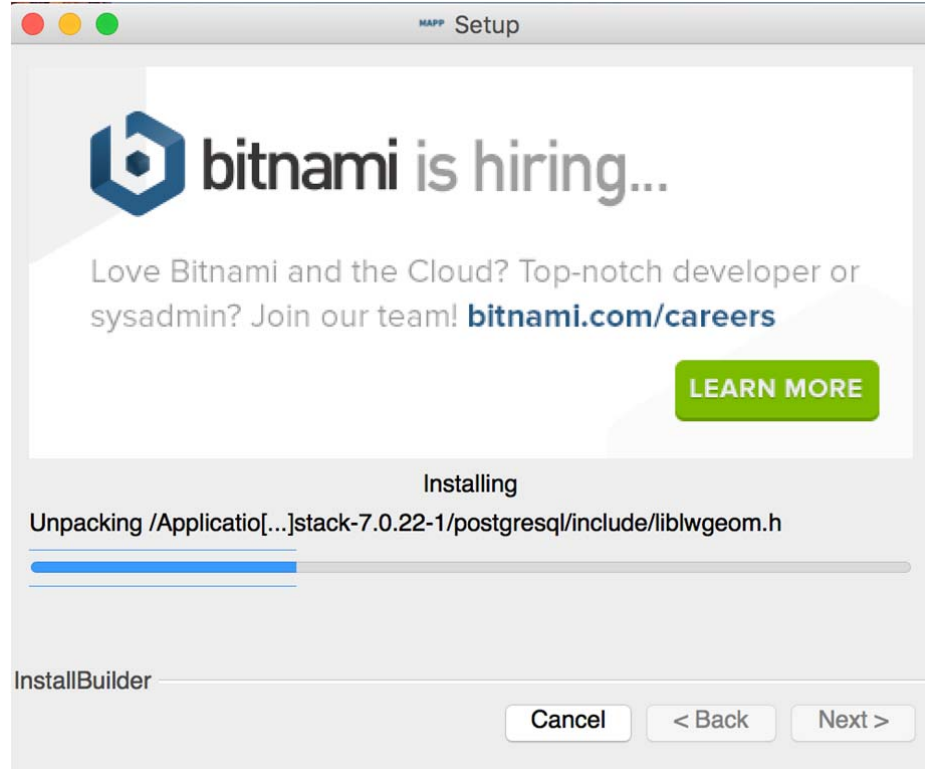
The screenshot shows a macOS-style window titled "MAPP Setup". The main heading is "PostgreSQL postgres user password". Below this, it says "Please enter your database 'postgres' user password." There are two input fields: the first is labeled "PostgreSQL postgres user password" and the second is labeled "Re-enter password". Both fields contain four dots, indicating masked text. At the bottom right, there are three buttons: "Cancel", "< Back", and "Next >". The "Next >" button is highlighted with a blue border. The "InstallBuilder" logo is visible in the bottom left corner.

- c) Disable the cloud launch



The screenshot shows a macOS-style window titled "MAPP Setup". The main heading is "Deploy mappstack to the Cloud in One Click". Below this, there is a cloud icon and a paragraph of text: "Bitnami simplifies the way popular server applications and development stacks are created and deployed in the cloud. With over a million deployments each month, Bitnami.com has become the world's most popular destination for deploying today's most popular open source applications." Below the text, there is a checkbox labeled "Launch mappstack in the cloud with Bitnami" which is currently unchecked. At the bottom right, there are three buttons: "Cancel", "< Back", and "Next >". The "Next >" button is highlighted with a blue border. The "InstallBuilder" logo is visible in the bottom left corner.

- d) Wait till the installation completes:



- e) Done.
- ii. WAPP (Similar)
 - iii. LAPP:
 - a) Open a terminal, go to the folder where you downloaded LAPP installer and add execution permission to the downloaded installation script:

```
xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox: ~/Downloads
xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~/Downloads$ chmod +x bitnami-lappstack-7.0.22-1-linux-x64-installer.run
```

Then execute the script:

```
xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox: ~/Downloads
xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~/Downloads$ chmod +x bitnami-lappstack-7.0.22-1-linux-x64-installer.run
xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~/Downloads$ ./bitnami-lappstack-7.0.22-1-linux-x64-installer.run
```

- b) The rest steps are similar to MAPP installation

3. Test – Create the demo php site.

- i. Open MAPP/WAPP/LAPP application (Note for Mac users: You might find it as 'manager-osx' in your Launchpad)
- ii. Copy the entire folder [INSTALLDIR/docs/demo](#) under [INSTALLDIR/apps/](#). So, under your apps directory you will find something like this:

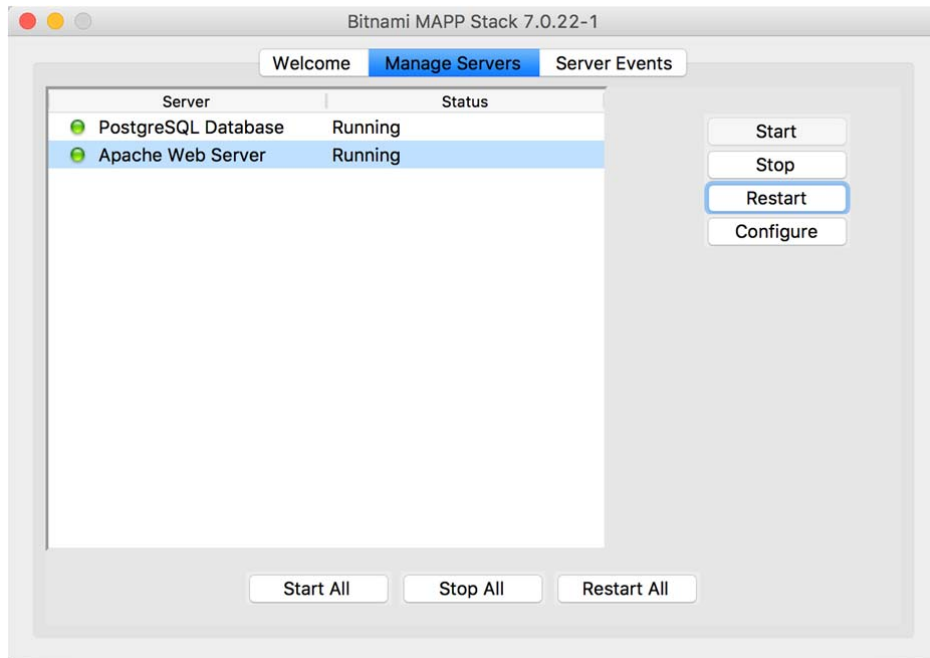
(INSTALLDIR is the folder that WAPP/LAPP/MAPP is installed)

Name	Date Modified	Size	Kind
▶ apache2	3 Sep 2017, 09:34	--	Folder
▼ apps	Today, 14:18	--	Folder
▶ demo	3 Sep 2017, 10:10	--	Folder
▶ conf	3 Sep 2017, 10:10	--	Folder
▶ htdocs	3 Sep 2017, 10:58	--	Folder
▶ phpPgadmin	3 Sep 2017, 09:33	--	Folder
changelog.txt	3 Sep 2017, 09:33	28 KB	Plain Text
▶ common	3 Sep 2017, 09:32	--	Folder
ctlscrip.sh	3 Sep 2017, 09:33	52 KB	Terminal scripts
▼ docs	3 Sep 2017, 09:35	--	Folder
▶ demo	3 Sep 2017, 09:33	--	Folder
▶ conf	3 Sep 2017, 09:33	--	Folder
▶ htdocs	3 Sep 2017, 09:33	--	Folder
phpinfo.php	3 Sep 2017, 09:33	23 bytes	PHP
README.txt	3 Sep 2017, 09:33	2 KB	Plain Text
▶ git	3 Sep 2017, 09:33	--	Folder
▶ img	3 Sep 2017, 09:33	--	Folder
▶ licenses	3 Sep 2017, 09:32	--	Folder
manager-osx	3 Sep 2017, 09:33	4 MB	Application
▶ php	3 Sep 2017, 09:34	--	Folder
postaresal	3 Sep 2017, 09:43	--	Folder

- iii. Decompress the demo.zip file and replace the [index.php](#) file into folder [INSTALLDIR/apps/demo/htdocs/](#).
- iv. Add the following line to the end of the INSTALLDIR [/apache2/conf/bitnami/bitnami-apps-prefix.conf](#) file:

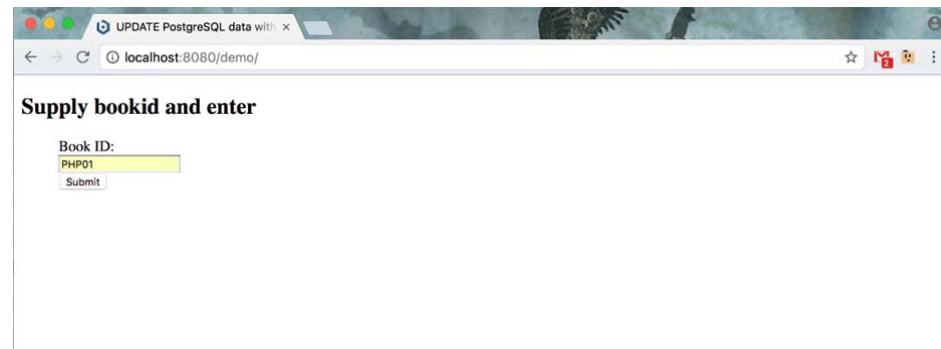
```
Include "installldir/apps/demo/conf/httpd-prefix.conf"
```

- v. Go back to your MAPP/WAPP/LAPP application's "Manage Servers" panel to restart Apache Web Server.



- vi. Open your browser and input the address <http://localhost:8080/demo> (Linux/mac) or

<http://localhost:80/demo> (windows) and you should see the following page:



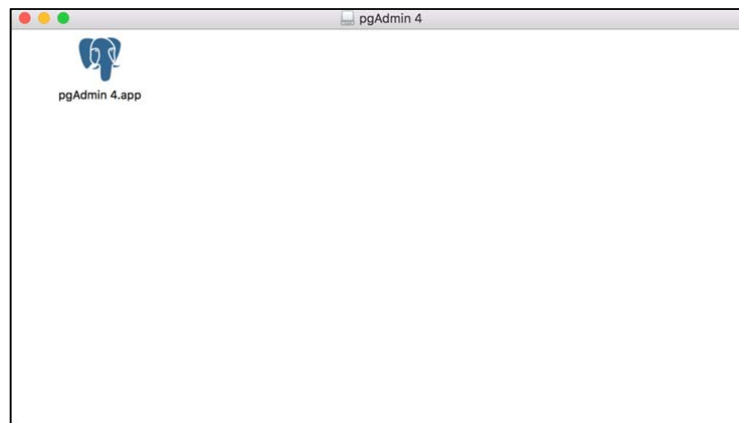
vii. Done.

4. Install pgAdmin 4 on windows/mac

i. Install pgAdmin:

a) **Mac:**

- i. Download pgAdmin4-1.6.dmg from <https://www.postgresql.org/ftp/pgadmin/pgadmin4/v1.6/macos/>
- ii. Activate the installation dmg
- iii. Click “Agree”
- iv. Keep clicking next till you get the following window:



- v. Open finder window
 - vi. Go to Applications folder
 - vii. Drag and Drop pgAdmin 4.app file to this folder
- b) Windows:
- i. Download pgAdmin4-1.6-x86.exe from <https://www.postgresql.org/ftp/pgadmin/pgadmin4/v1.6/windows/>
 - ii. Open the exe file and keep clicking agree or next to finish the installation
- c) Linux:
- i. Install virtual environment for python:

```
xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~$ sudo -H pip install virtualenv
Collecting virtualenv
  Using cached virtualenv-15.1.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl
Installing collected packages: virtualenv
Successfully installed virtualenv-15.1.0
```

- ii. Create the virtual environment under ~/pgAdmin folder:

```
xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~$ mkdir pgAdmin
xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~$ cd pgAdmin/
xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~/pgAdmin$ virtualenv pgAdmin4
New python executable in /home/xiezl/pgAdmin/pgAdmin4/bin/python
Installing setuptools, pip, wheel...done.
xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~/pgAdmin$ ls
pgAdmin4
xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~/pgAdmin$ cd pgAdmin4/
bin/      include/  lib/      local/
xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~/pgAdmin$ source pgAdmin4/bin/activate
(pgAdmin4) xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~/pgAdmin$
```

- iii. Download pgadmin4-1.6-py2.py3-none-any.whl from <https://www.postgresql.org/ftp/pgadmin/pgadmin4/v1.6/pip/> and copy it into ~/pgAdmin folder.

- iv. Install the wheel file: (Long wait)

```
(pgAdmin4) xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~/pgAdmin$ pip install ./pgadmin4-1.6-py2.py3-none-any.whl
Processing ./pgadmin4-1.6-py2.py3-none-any.whl
Collecting Flask-Principal==0.4.0 (from pgadmin4==1.6)
  Downloading http://mirrors.aliyun.com/pypi/packages/14/c7/2531aca6ab7baa3774fde2dfc9c9dd6d5a42576a1013a93701bfcd402fdd/Flask-Principal-0.4.0.tar.gz
Collecting blinker==1.3 (from pgadmin4==1.6)
  Downloading http://mirrors.aliyun.com/pypi/packages/c9/66/c15dbe2e2cac59bf1d4670d52aa88b8746fd5a47f8353aa4ffac0dde00c4/blinker-1.3.tar.gz (91kB)
100% |#####| 92kB 109kB/s
Collecting extras==0.0.3 (from pgadmin4==1.6)
  Downloading http://mirrors.aliyun.com/pypi/packages/7f/b4/44b7a534c96e7cd8fe548265352a4f9ded54da06b9f5238864661f5e3bf1/extras-0.0.3.tar.gz
```

The success message:

```
Successfully installed Babel-2.3.4 Flask-0.11.1 Flask-Babel-0.11.1 Flask-Gravatar-0.4.2 Flask-HTMLmin-1.2 Flask-Login-0.3.2 Flask-Mail-0.9.1 Flask-Migrate-2.0.3 Flask-Principal-0.4.0 Flask-SQLAlchemy-2.1 Flask-Script-2.0.5 Flask-Security-1.7.5 Flask-WTF-0.12 Jinja2-2.7.3 Mako-1.0.7 MarkupSafe-0.23 SQLAlchemy-1.0.14 WTForms-2.0.2 Werkzeug-0.9.6 alembic-0.9.5 backports.csv-1.0.5 beautifulsoup4-4.4.1 blinker-1.3 click-6.6 extras-0.0.3 fixtures-2.0.0 html5lib-1.0b3 htmlmin-0.1.10 importlib-1.0.4 itsdangerous-0.24 linecache2-1.0.0 passlib-1.6.2 pbr-1.9.1 pgadmin4-1.6 psycpg2-2.7.3.1 pycrypto-2.6.1 pypersistent-0.11.13 python-dateutil-2.5.0 python-editor-1.0.3 python-mimeparse-1.5.1 pytz-2014.10 simplejson-3.6.5 six-1.10.0 speaklater-1.3 sqlparse-0.1.19 testtools-2.3.0 traceback2-1.4.0 unittest2-1.1.0
```

- v. Start the python file:

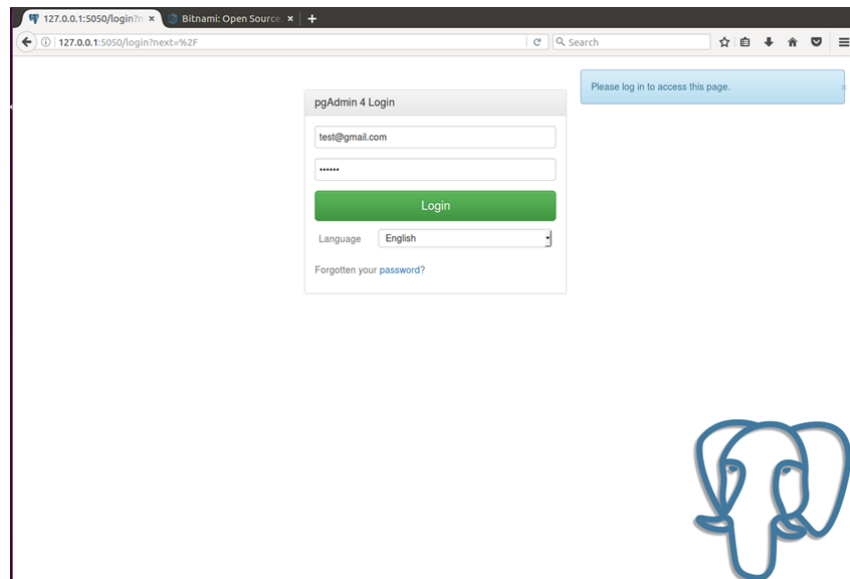
```
(pgAdmin4) xiezl@xiezl-VirtualBox:~/pgAdmin$ python pgAdmin4/lib/python2.7/site-packages/pgadmin4/pgAdmin4.py
NOTE: Configuring authentication for SERVER mode.

Enter the email address and password to use for the initial pgAdmin user account:
Email address:
```

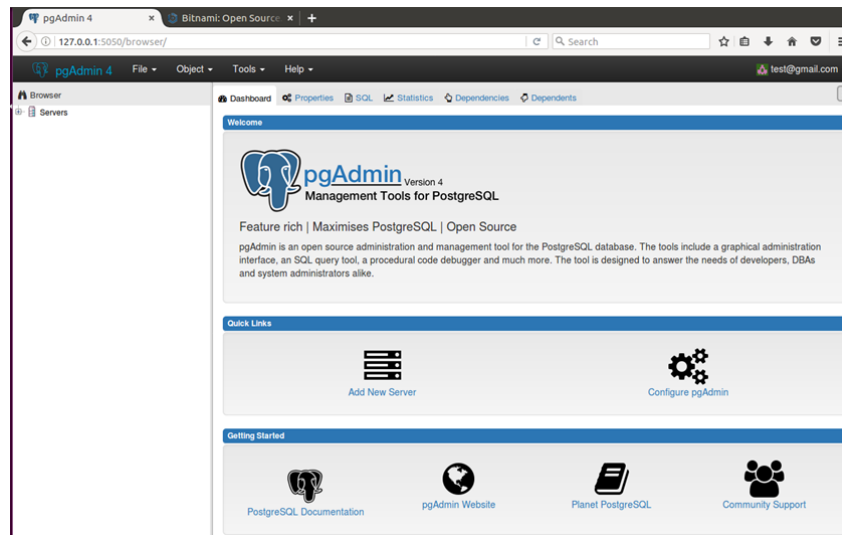
Input the login email address and login password:

```
Email address: test@gmail.com
Password:
Retype password:
pgAdmin 4 - Application Initialisation
=====
Starting pgAdmin 4. Please navigate to http://127.0.0.1:5050 in your browser.
```

- vi. Visit the pgAdmin application on your browser by <http://127.0.0.1:5050> with the email address and password just created.



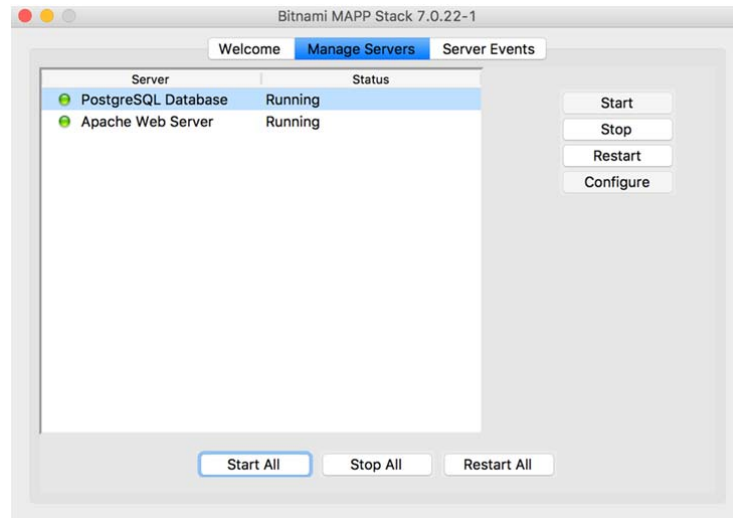
Success page:



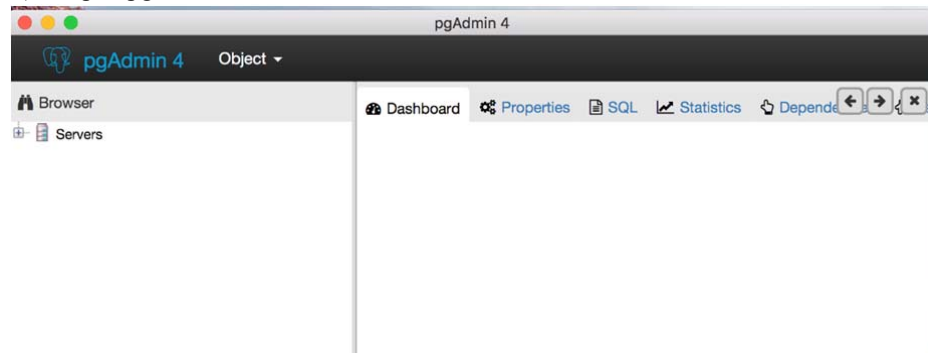
vii. Done.

5. Test – Connect to database and create table via pgAdmin.

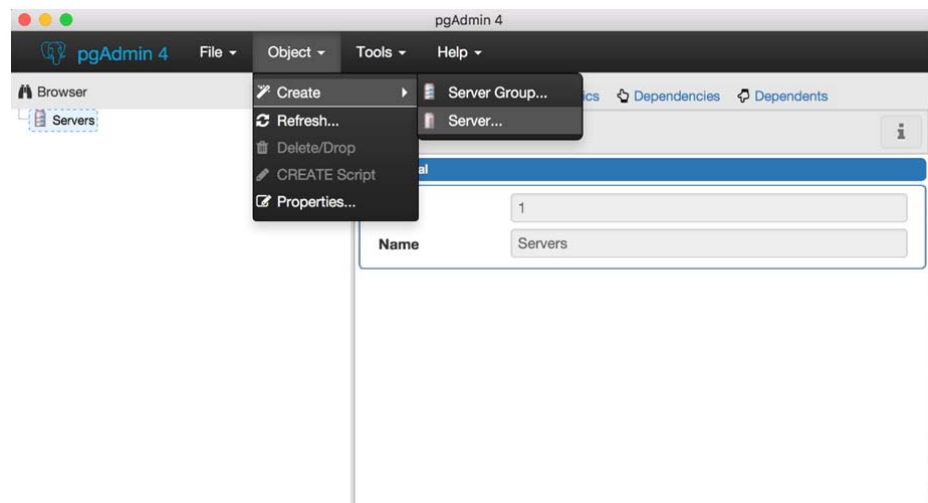
- i. Open MAPP/WAPP/LAPP application (to auto start the Postgresql database server)
 - a) In case the server is not alive: Go to “Manage Servers”, Select “PostgreSQL Database” and Start it. Alternatively, you can just click “Start All” to start everything including the Apache server.



b) Open pgAdmin4



c) Click Object>Create-Server:



d) Input the server name as "bitnami":

Create - Server

General **Connection** Advanced

Name: bitnami

Server group: Servers

Connect now? ☒

Comments:

Either Host name or Host address must be specified.

Save Cancel Reset

e) Input host name and password under connection panel:

Create - Server

General **Connection** Advanced

Host name/address: localhost

Port: 5432

Maintenance database: postgres

Username: postgres

Password:

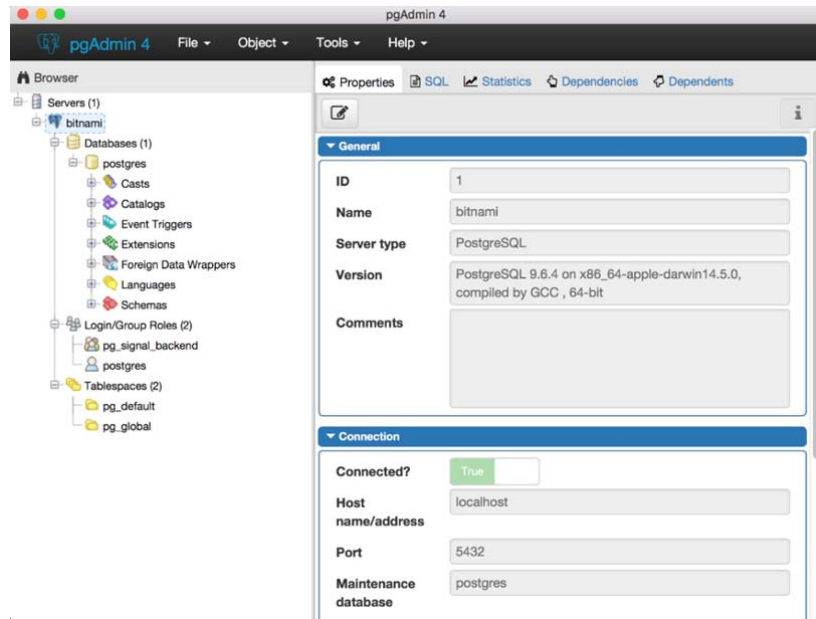
Save password? ☒

Role:

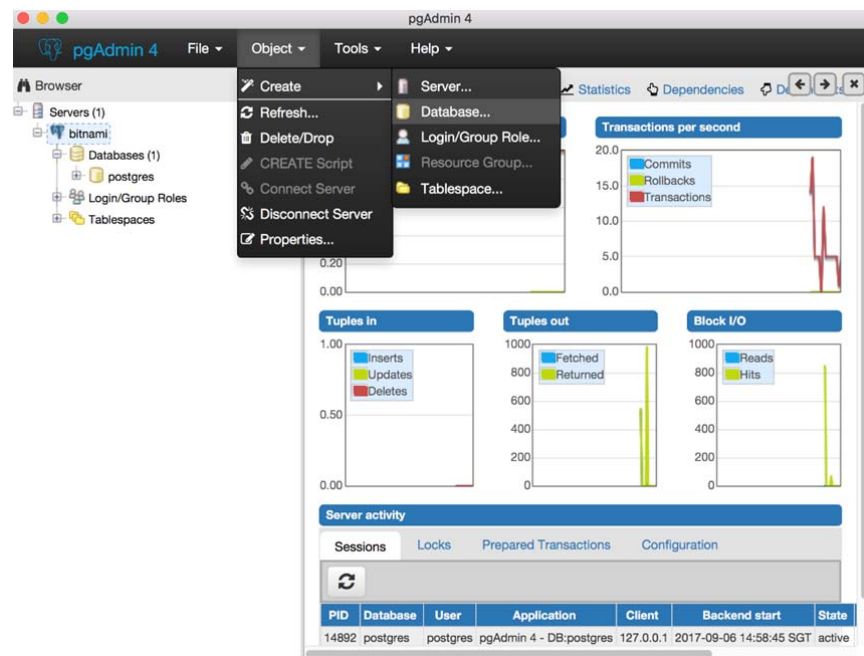
SSL mode: Prefer

Save Cancel Reset

f) Click save:



g) Click on Object>Create-Database to create a database named "Project1"



Click Save:

Create - Database

General

Definition

Security

Parameters

SQL

Database

Project1

Owner

postgres

Comment

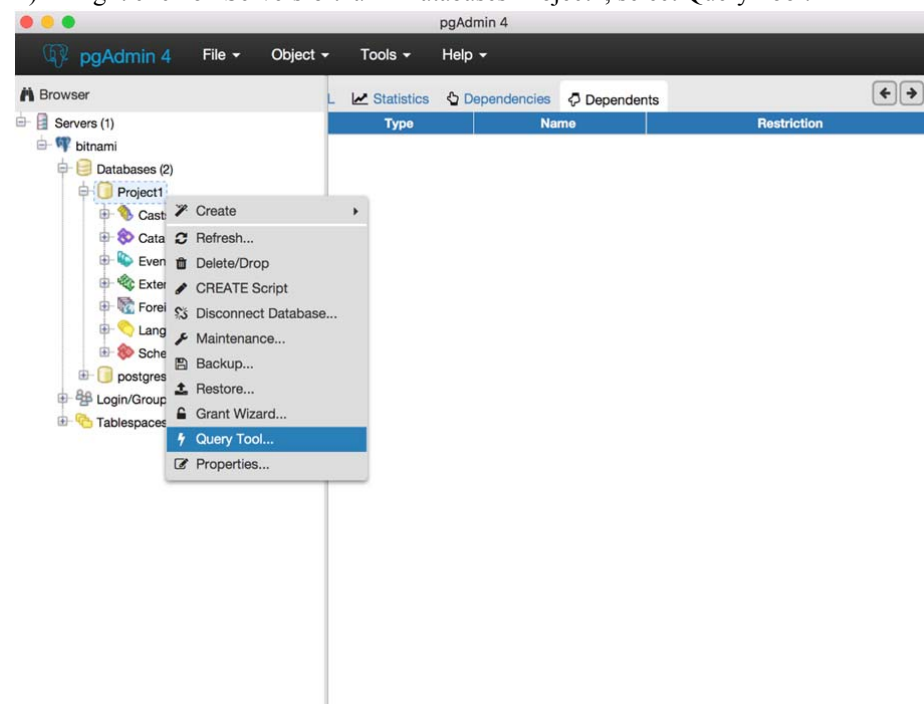
i?

Save

Cancel

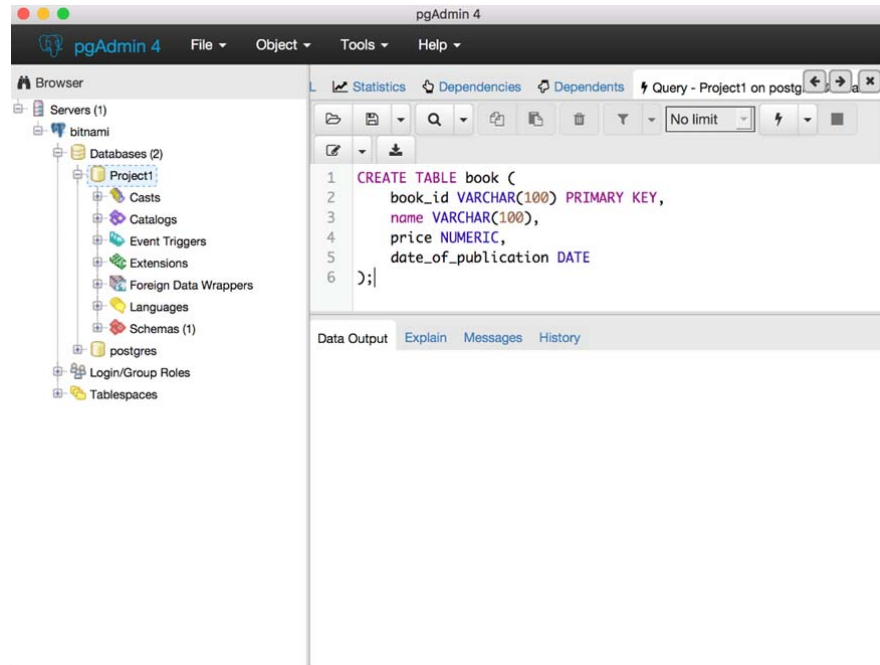
Reset

h) Right click on Servers-bitnami-Databases-Project1, select Query Tool:

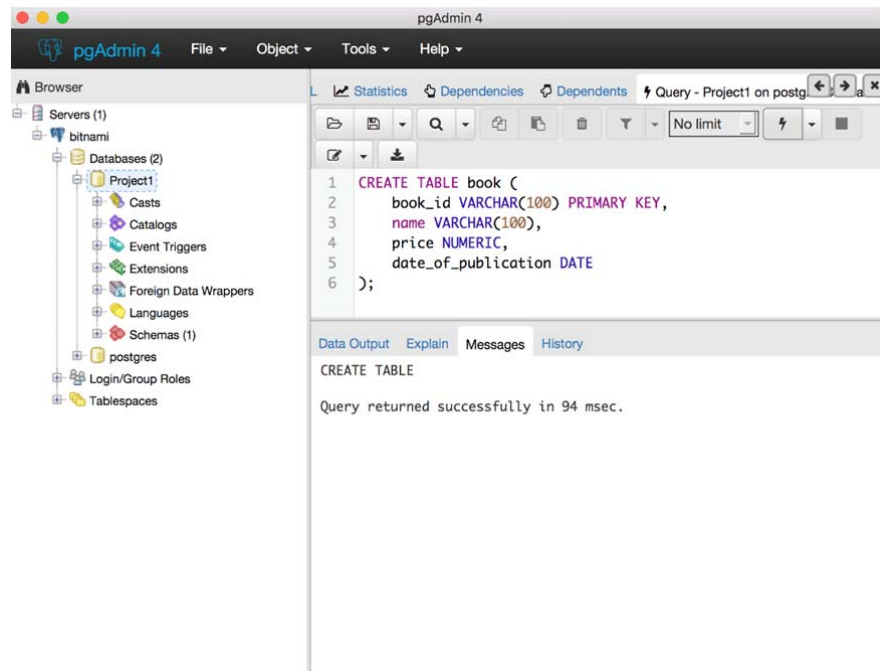


- i) Input following commands to create a table named “book”:

```
CREATE TABLE book (  
    book_id VARCHAR(100) PRIMARY KEY,  
    name VARCHAR(100),  
    price NUMERIC,  
    date_of_publication DATE  
);
```

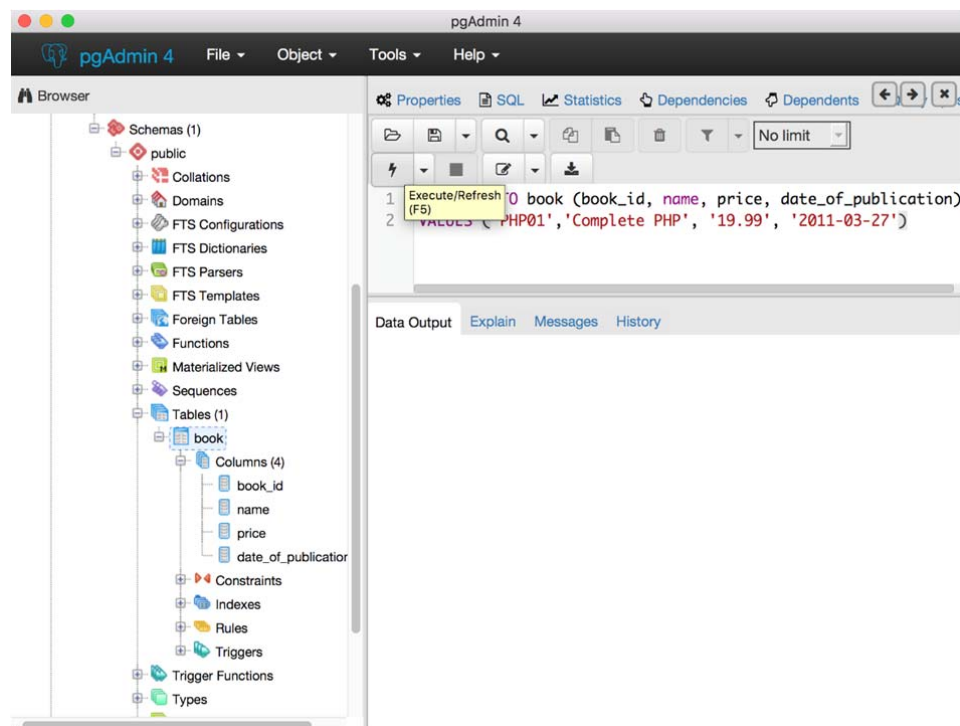


- j) Click “Execute” (The lightening button) and check the result:



- k) Input following Insert Command into SQL area then click execute:

```
INSERT INTO book (book_id, name, price, date_of_publication)
VALUES ('PHP01','Complete PHP', 19.99, '2011-03-27')
```



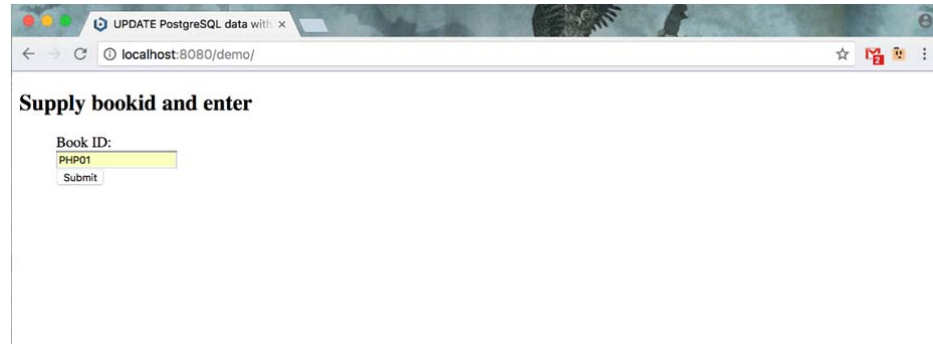
- l) You should see the insertion is successful from the prompted message.

6. Test – Query and update the “book” table via demo page:

- i. Visit the demo page, input primary key “PHP01” and click “submit”:

Windows: <http://localhost:80/demo>

Linux/mac: <http://localhost:8080/demo>



UPDATE PostgreSQL data with: x

localhost:8080/demo/

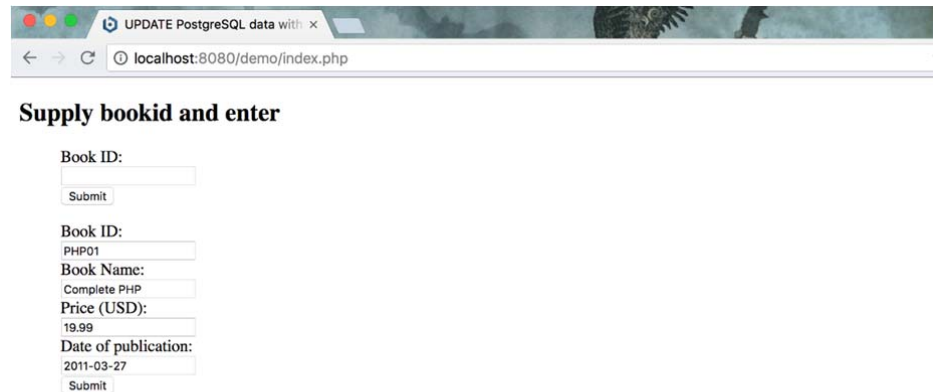
Supply bookid and enter

Book ID:

PHP01

Submit

- ii. Check whether the values are same as what you insert in previous test:



UPDATE PostgreSQL data with: x

localhost:8080/demo/index.php

Supply bookid and enter

Book ID:

Submit

Book ID:

PHP01

Book Name:

Complete PHP

Price (USD):

19.99

Date of publication:

2011-03-27

Submit

- iii. Change the value of price from 19.99 to 21.99 and click submit, you should see “update successful” page:

Supply bookid and enter

Book ID:

Submit

Update successful;

- iv. Check again whether the value of price is changed:

Supply bookid and enter

Book ID:

Book ID:

Book Name:

Price (USD):

Date of publication:

v. Done.

7. Explanation of the php Code

The code used in the demo is shown as following.

Note: you need to change the password (shown as “test” in the code) of the database account accordingly as mentioned in the comments.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<head>
  <title>UPDATE PostgreSQL data with PHP</title>
  <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
  <style>li {list-style: none;}</style>
</head>
<body>
  <h2>Supply bookid and enter</h2>
  <ul>
    <form name="display" action="index.php" method="POST" >
      <li>Book ID:</li>
      <li><input type="text" name="bookid" /></li>
      <li><input type="submit" name="submit" /></li>
    </form>
  </ul>
  <?php
    // Connect to the database. Please change the password in the
    following line accordingly
    $db      = pg_connect("host=localhost port=5432 dbname=Project1
user=postgres password=test");
    $result = pg_query($db, "SELECT * FROM book where book_id =
'$_POST[bookid]'");           // Query template
```



```

    $row    = pg_fetch_assoc($result);           // To store the result row
    if (isset($_POST['submit'])) {
        echo "<ul><form name='update' action='index.php' method='POST' >
        <li>Book ID:</li>
        <li><input type='text' name='bookid_updated' value='$row[book_id]'
        /></li>
        <li>Book Name:</li>
        <li><input type='text' name='book_name_updated' value='$row[name]'
        /></li>
        <li>Price (USD):</li><li><input type='text' name='price_updated'
        value='$row[price]' /></li>
        <li>Date of publication:</li>
        <li><input type='text' name='dop_updated'
        value='$row[date_of_publication]' /></li>
        <li><input type='submit' name='new' /></li>
        </form>
        </ul>";
    }
    if (isset($_POST['new'])) { // Submit the update SQL command
        $result = pg_query($db, "UPDATE book SET book_id =
        '$_POST[bookid_updated]',
        name = '$_POST[book_name_updated]', price = '$_POST[price_updated]',
        date_of_publication = '$_POST[dop_updated]'");
        if (!$result) {
            echo "Update failed!!";
        } else {
            echo "Update successful!";
        }
    }
    ?>
</body>
</html>

```