Maintaining Applications with Deployments



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Course Overview



Using Controllers to Deploy Applications and Deployment Basics

Maintaining Applications with Deployments

Deploying and Maintaining Applications with DaemonSets and Jobs

Overview

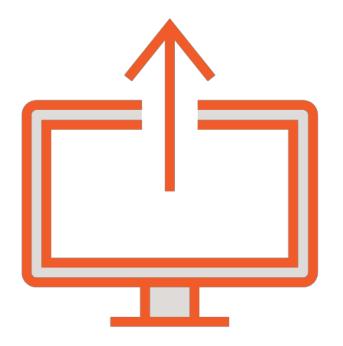
Configuring and Managing Application State with Deployments

- Updating Deployments
- Controlling Rollouts
- Scaling Applications

Managing Application State with Deployments



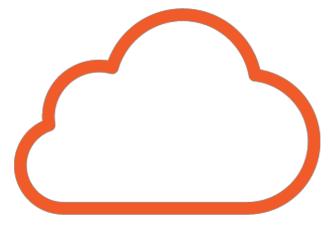
Updating a Deployment



Rolling out a new container image

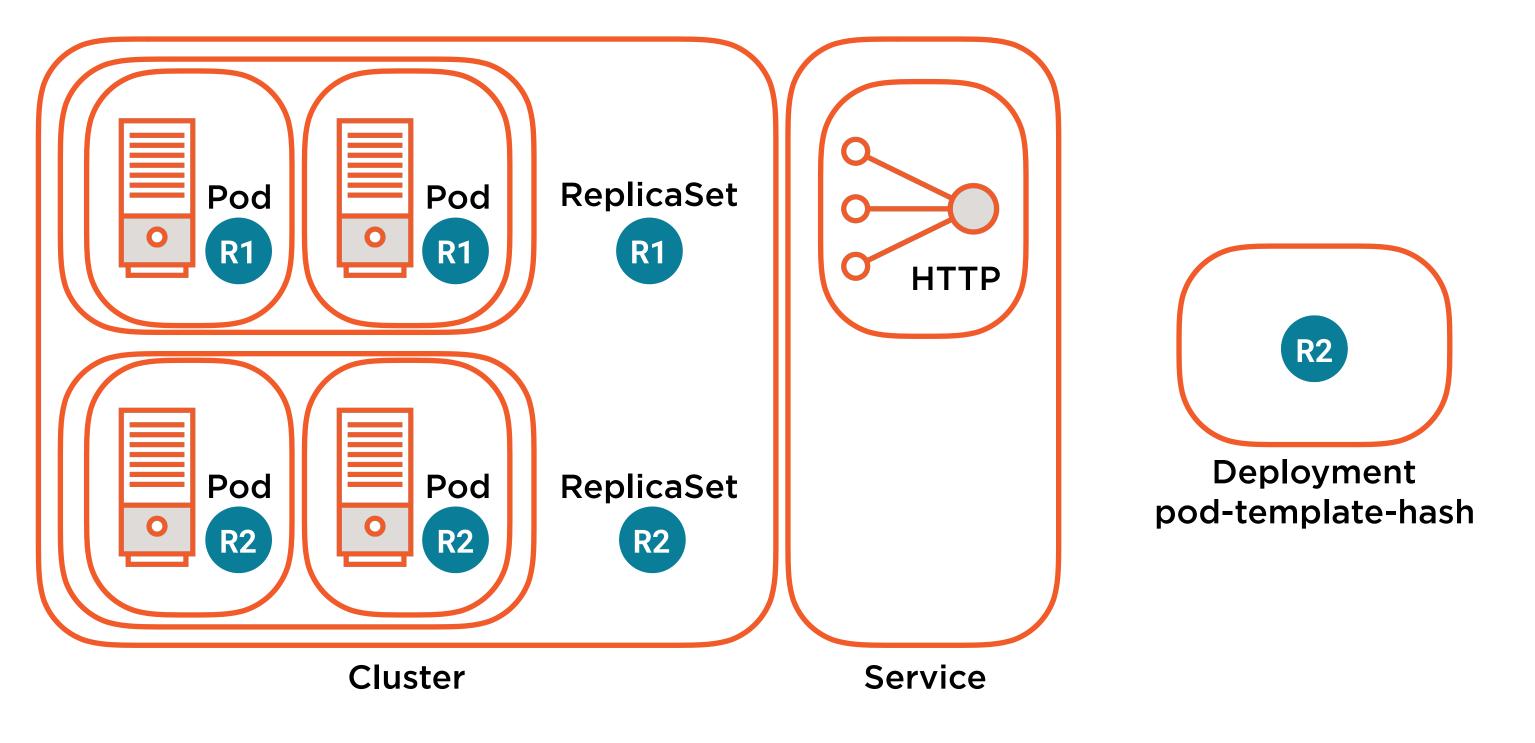


Trigged by changing the Pod Template



Other fields can be changed without triggering an update

Controller Operations - Deployment Updates



Updating a Deployment Object

```
kubectl set image deployment hello-world hello-world=hello-app:2.0
```

kubectl set image deployment hello-world hello-world=hello-app:2.0 --record

kubectl edit deployment hello-world

kubectl apply -f hello-world-deployment.yaml --record

Checking Deployment Status



kubectl rollout status deployment [name]
kubectl describe deployment [name]

Deployment Status

Complete - all update work is finished

Progressing - update in flight

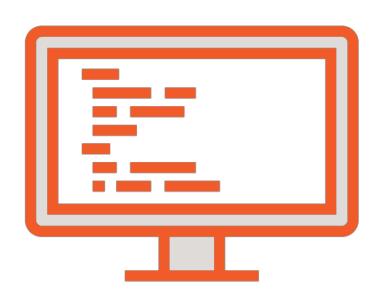
Failed - update could not complete

Demo

Updating a Deployment

Checking Deployment Rollout Status

Using Deployments to Change State



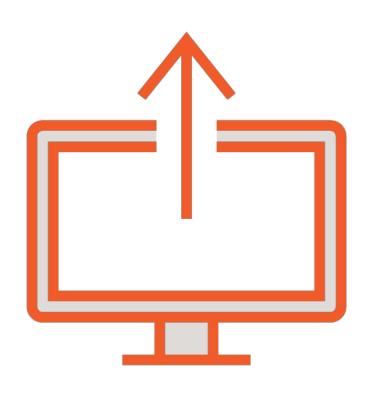
Control rollouts of a new version of your application

Update Strategy

Pause to make corrections

Rollback to an earlier version

Controlling Rollouts With Update Strategy



Controls Pods rollout

RollingUpdate (Default)

A new ReplicaSet starts scaling up and the old ReplicaSet starts scaling down

Recreate

Terminates all Pods in the current ReplicaSet set prior to scaling up the new ReplicaSet

Used when applications don't support running different versions concurrently

Controlling the RollingUpdate Strategy

maxUnavailable

Ensures only a certain number of Pods are unavailable being updated

maxSurge

Ensure that only a certain number of Pods are created above the desired number of Pods

Successfully Controlling Deployment Rollouts

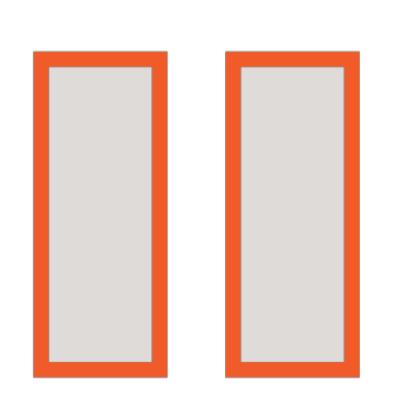


Update Strategy in a Deployment Spec Readiness Probes in your Pod Template Spec

Update Strategy

```
template:
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
                                    spec:
                                      containers:
spec:
  replicas: 20
                                        readinessProbe:
  strategy:
                                          httpGet:
    type: RollingUpdate
                                            path: /index.html
    rollingUpdate:
                                            port: 8080
      maxUnavailable: 20%
                                          initialDelaySeconds: 10
      maxSurge: 5
                                          periodSeconds: 10
```

Pausing and Resuming a Deployment



Changes to the Deployment while paused are not rolled out

Batch changes together, then resume the rollout

The current state of the Deployment is maintained until it's resumed

Starts up a new ReplicaSet with the new changes

kubectl rollout pause deployment \
my-deployment

kubectl rollout resume my-deployment

Rolling Back a Deployment



Rollout history

CHANGE-CAUSE Annotation Deployment

Revision History

revisionHistoryLimit defaults to 10

Number of ReplicaSets retained in history

Used for rolling back

Can be set to 0 for immediate cleanup

Rolling Back a Deployment (con't)



```
kubectl rollout history deployment \
hello-world
```

```
kubectl rollout history deployment \
hello-world --revision=1
```

kubectl rollout undo deployment
hello-world

```
kubectl rollout undo deployment \
hello-world --to-revision=1
```

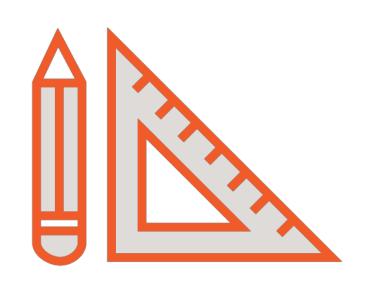
Demo

Rolling Back a Deployment

Controlling the rate of a Rollout

Using Readiness Probes to Control Rollout

Scaling Deployments





Manual

Horizontal Pod Autoscaler

kubectl scale deployment hello-world --replicas=10
kubectl apply -f deployment.yaml

Demo

Scaling a Deployment

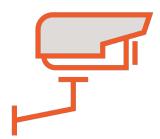
Deployment Tips



Control your rollouts with an Update Strategy appropriate for your application



Use Readiness Probes for your application



Use the --record option to leave a trail of your work for others

Review

Configuring and Managing Application State with Deployments

- Using Deployments to Change State
- Controlling Rollouts
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What's Next!

Deploying and Maintaining Applications with DaemonSets and Jobs