

Aula 05 – Redes neurais artificiais 2

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Roteiro



- Perceptron de múltiplas camadas
- Arquitetura da rede
- Backpropagation Algoritmo e equações
 - Equações
 - Funções de ativação
- Backpropagation Exemplo
 - Propagação adiante
 - Retropropagação



PERCEPTRON DE MÚLTIPLAS CAMADAS



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Learning representations by back-propagating errors

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We describe a new learning procedure, back-propagation, for networks of neuron-like units. The procedure repeatedly adjusts the weights of the connections in the network so as to minimize a measure of the difference between the actual output vector of the net and the desired output vector. As a result of the weight adjustments, internal "hidden" units which are not part of the input or output come to represent important features of the task domain, of these units. The phility to create useful new features discinguishes back-propagation from earlier, simpler methods such as the perception-convergence procedure.

There have been many attempts to design self-organizing neural networks. The alm is to find a powerful synaptic modification rule that will allow an arbitrarily connected neural network to develop an internal structure that is appropriate for a particular task domain. The task is specified by giving the desired state vector of the output units for each state vector of control of the control of

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more difficult when we introduce hidden units whose actual or desired states are not specified by the task. (In prespective there are 'feature analysers' between the input and output that are not true hidden units because their input connections are fined by hand, so their states are completely determined by the input vector: they do not learn representations.) The learning units should be active in order to help achieve the desired input-output behaviour. This amounts to deciding what these units should represent. We demonstrate that a general purpose and relatively simple procedure is powerful enough to construct appropriate in the present procedure is powerful enough to construct appropriate in terms are constructed.

The simplest form of the learning procedure is for layered networks which have a layer of input units at the bottom; any number of intermediate layers; and a layer of couptu units at the top. Connections within a layer or from higher to lower layers are forbidden, but connections can skip intermediate layers. An input vector is presented to the network by setting layers. An input vector is presented to the network by setting layers and eigentained by applying equations (1) and (2) to the connections coming from lower layers. All units within a layer have their states set in parallel, but different layers have their states set in parallel, but different layers have their states est expanded to the states of the output units are determined.

The total input, x_j , to unit j is a linear function of the outputs, y_i , of the units that are connected to j and of the weights, w_{ji} , on these connections

$$x_j = \sum y_i w_{ji}$$
 (1)

Units can be given biases by introducing an extra input to each unit which always has a value of 1. The weight on this extra input is called the bias and is equivalent to a threshold of the opposite sign. It can be treated just like the other weights.

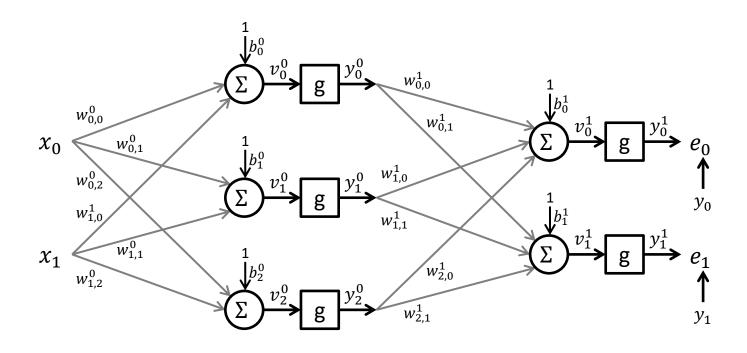
A unit has a real-valued output, y_j , which is a non-linear function of its total input

$$y_j = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x_j}} \tag{2}$$

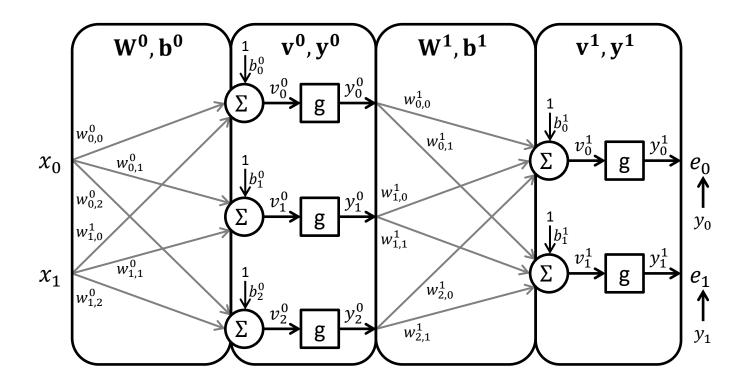


David E. Rumelhart





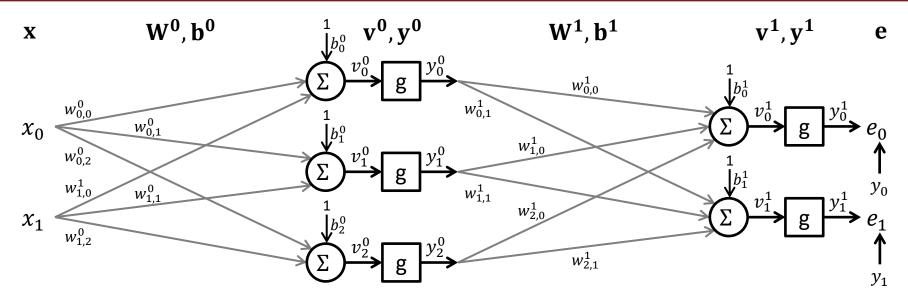




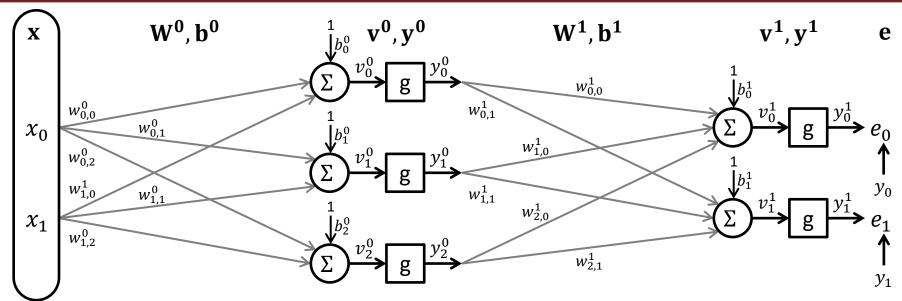


ARQUITETURA DA REDE



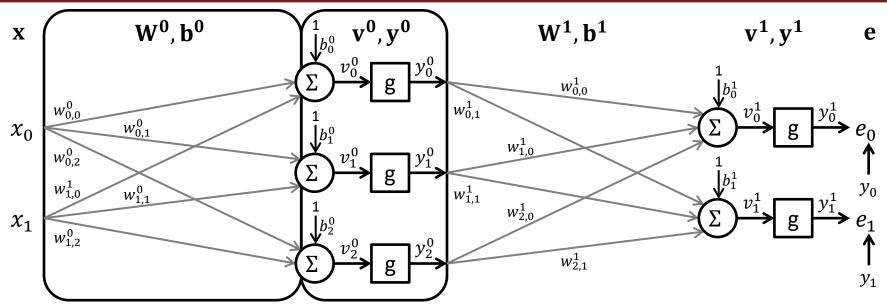






$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 & x_1 \end{bmatrix}$$



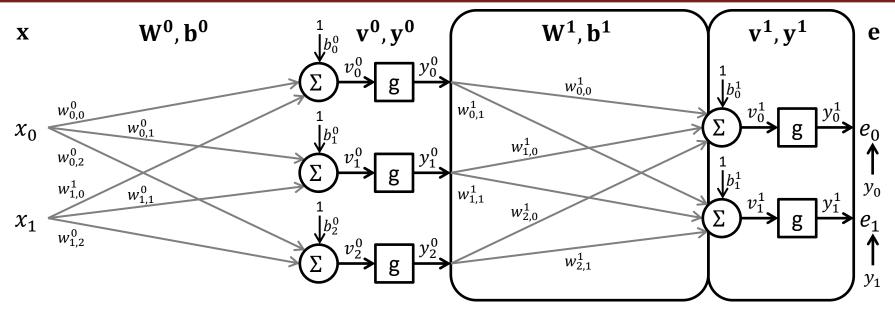


$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 & x_1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{W^0} = \begin{bmatrix} w_{0,0}^0 & w_{0,1}^0 & w_{0,2}^0 \\ w_{1,0}^0 & w_{1,1}^0 & w_{1,2}^0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{v^0} = \begin{bmatrix} v_0^0 & v_1^0 & v_2^0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \mathbf{y^0} = \begin{bmatrix} y_0^0 & y_1^0 & y_2^0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{v}^{0} = [v_{0}^{0} \quad v_{1}^{0} \quad v_{2}^{0}]$$
$$\mathbf{y}^{0} = [y_{0}^{0} \quad y_{1}^{0} \quad y_{2}^{0}]$$

$$\mathbf{b^0} = [b_0^0 \quad b_1^0 \quad b_2^0]$$





$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 & x_1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{W^0} = \begin{bmatrix} w_{0,0}^0 & w_{0,1}^0 & w_{0,2}^0 \\ w_{1,0}^0 & w_{1,1}^0 & w_{1,2}^0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{v^0} = \begin{bmatrix} v_0^0 & v_1^0 & v_2^0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \mathbf{y^0} = \begin{bmatrix} v_0^0 & v_1^0 & v_2^0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{b^0} = [b_0^0 \quad b_1^0 \quad b_2^0]$$

$$\mathbf{v^0} = [v_0^0 \quad v_1^0 \quad v_2^0]$$
$$\mathbf{y^0} = [y_0^0 \quad y_1^0 \quad y_2^0]$$

$$\mathbf{W^1} = \begin{bmatrix} w_{0,0}^1 & w_{0,1}^1 \\ w_{1,0}^1 & w_{1,1}^1 \\ w_{2,0}^1 & w_{2,1}^1 \end{bmatrix}$$

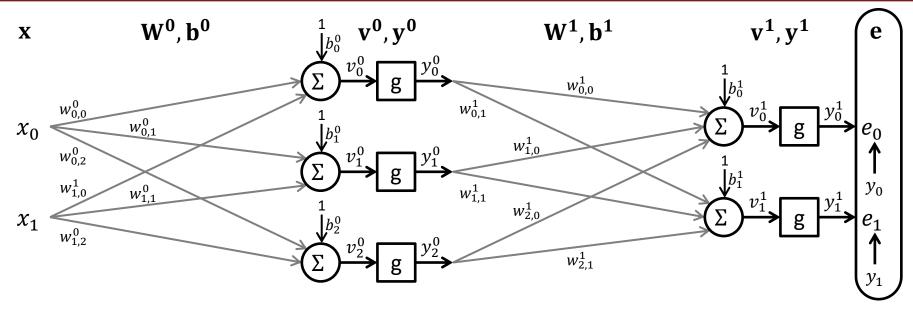
$$\mathbf{b^1} = [b_0^1 \quad b_1^1]$$

$$\mathbf{v^1} = [v_0^1 \quad v_1^1]$$

 $\mathbf{y^1} = [y_0^1 \quad y_1^1]$

$$\mathbf{y^1} = [y_0^1 \quad y_1^1]$$





$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 & x_1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{W^0} = \begin{bmatrix} w_{0,0}^0 & w_{0,1}^0 & w_{0,2}^0 \\ w_{1,0}^0 & w_{1,1}^0 & w_{1,2}^0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{v^0} = \begin{bmatrix} v_0^0 & v_1^0 & v_2^0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \mathbf{y^0} = \begin{bmatrix} y_0^0 & y_1^0 & y_2^0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{b^0} = [b_0^0 \quad b_1^0 \quad b_2^0]$$

$$\mathbf{v^0} = [v_0^0 \quad v_1^0 \quad v_2^0]$$

$$\mathbf{v^0} = [v_0^0 \quad v_1^0 \quad v_2^0]$$

$$\mathbf{b^1} = [b_0^1 \quad b_1^1]$$

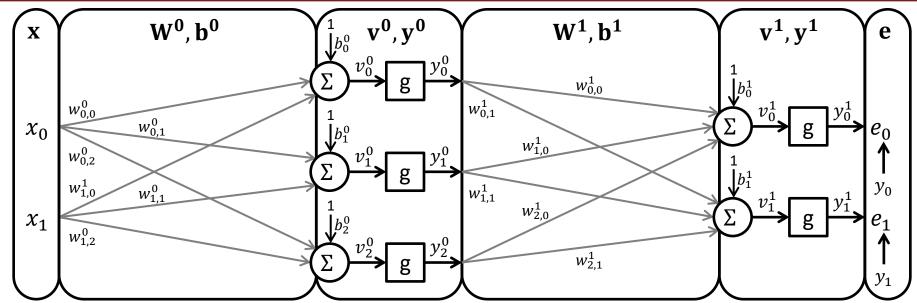
$$\mathbf{v^1} = [v_0^1 \quad v_1^1]$$

 $\mathbf{y^1} = [y_0^1 \quad y_1^1]$

$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} y_0 & y_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{e} = \begin{bmatrix} e_0 & e_1 \end{bmatrix}$$





$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_0 & x_1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \mathbf{W^0} = \begin{bmatrix} w_{0,0}^0 & w_{0,1}^0 & w_{0,2}^0 \\ w_{1,0}^0 & w_{1,1}^0 & w_{1,2}^0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{v^0} = \begin{bmatrix} v_0^0 & v_1^0 & v_2^0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \mathbf{y^0} = \begin{bmatrix} v_0^0 & v_1^0 & v_2^0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{b^0} = [b_0^0 \quad b_1^0 \quad b_2^0]$$

$$\mathbf{v^0} = [v_0^0 \quad v_1^0 \quad v_2^0]$$
$$\mathbf{y^0} = [y_0^0 \quad y_1^0 \quad y_2^0]$$

$$\mathbf{b^1} = [b_0^1 \quad b_1^1]$$

$$\mathbf{v^1} = [v_0^1 \quad v_1^1]$$

 $\mathbf{y^1} = [y_0^1 \quad y_1^1]$

$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} y_0 & y_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{e} = \begin{bmatrix} e_0 & e_1 \end{bmatrix}$$



BACKPROPAGATION – ALGORITMO E EQUAÇÕES

Backpropagation – equações



Função ReLu:
$$\mathbf{g}^0(\mathbf{v}^0) = max(0, \mathbf{v}^0)$$

$$\mathbf{v}^0 = \mathbf{x}\mathbf{W}^0 + \mathbf{b}^0$$

$$\mathbf{v}^0 = \mathbf{g}^0(\mathbf{v}^0) = max(0, \mathbf{v}^0)$$

$$\mathbf{v}^1 = \mathbf{y}^0\mathbf{W}^1 + \mathbf{b}^1$$

$$\mathbf{v}^1 = \mathbf{g}^1(\mathbf{v}^1)$$

$$\mathbf{v}^1 = \mathbf{g}^1(\mathbf{v}^1)$$

$$\mathbf{v}^1 = \mathbf{v}^1 - \eta \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{w}^1}$$

$$\mathbf{v}^1 = \mathbf{w}^1 - \eta \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{w}^1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^0}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^0}{\partial \mathbf{w}^0}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^1} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^1}{\partial \mathbf{v}^1} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^1}{\partial \mathbf{v}^1}$$

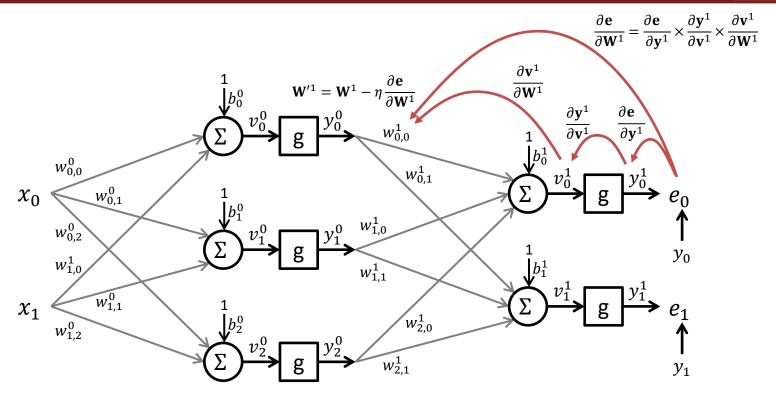
$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} = \begin{cases} 1, & se \ x > 0 \\ 0, & caso \ contrário \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^0}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} = \frac{\partial (\mathbf{x}\mathbf{w}^0 + \mathbf{b}^0)}{\partial \mathbf{w}^0} = \mathbf{x}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^1}{\partial \mathbf{v}^1} = \frac{\partial (\mathbf{v}^0\mathbf{w}^1 + \mathbf{b}^1)}{\partial \mathbf{w}^1} = \mathbf{v}^0$$

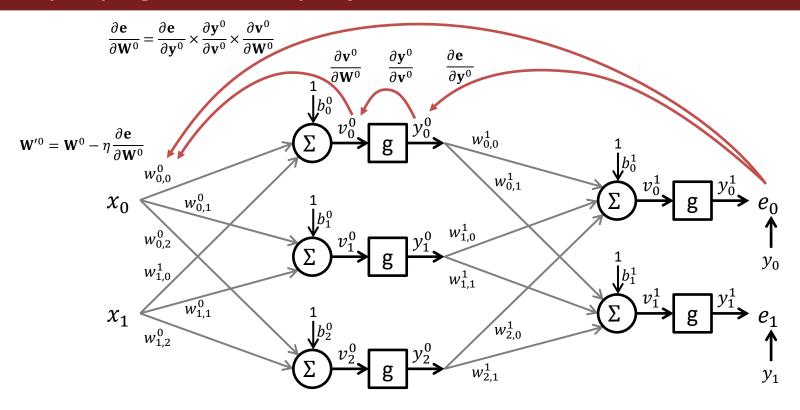
Backpropagation – equações





Backpropagation – equações



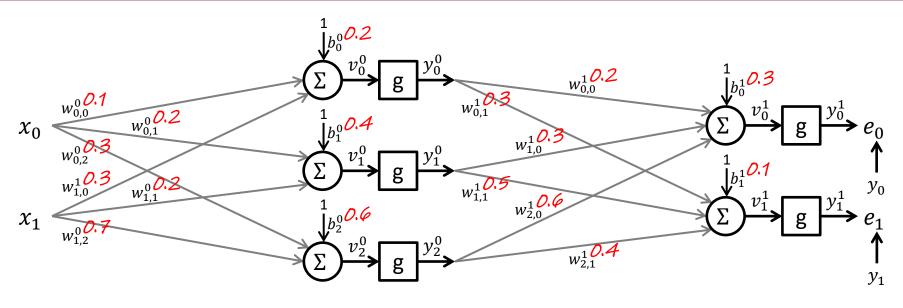




BACKPROPAGATION - EXEMPLO

Inicialização dos pesos e bias





$$\mathbf{W^0} = \begin{bmatrix} w_{0,0}^0 & w_{0,1}^0 & w_{0,2}^0 \\ w_{1,0}^0 & w_{1,1}^0 & w_{1,2}^0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.2 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.7 \end{bmatrix}$$

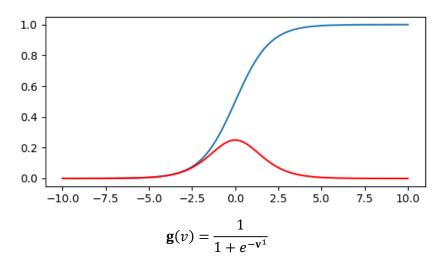
$$\mathbf{b^0} = [b_0^0 \quad b_1^0 \quad b_2^0] = [0.2 \quad 0.4 \quad 0.6]$$

$$\mathbf{W^1} = \begin{bmatrix} w_{0,0}^1 & w_{0,1}^1 \\ w_{1,0}^1 & w_{1,1}^1 \\ w_{2,0}^1 & w_{2,1}^1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0.5 \\ 0.6 & 0.4 \end{bmatrix}$$

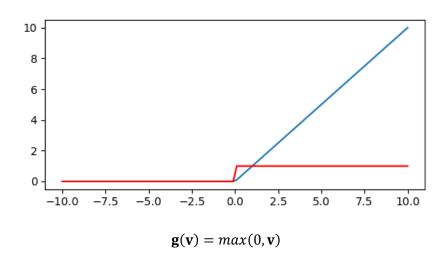
$$\mathbf{b^1} = [b_0^1 \quad b_1^1] = [0.3 \quad 0.1]$$

Funções de ativação





Função sigmoide (azul) e sua derivada (vermelho).



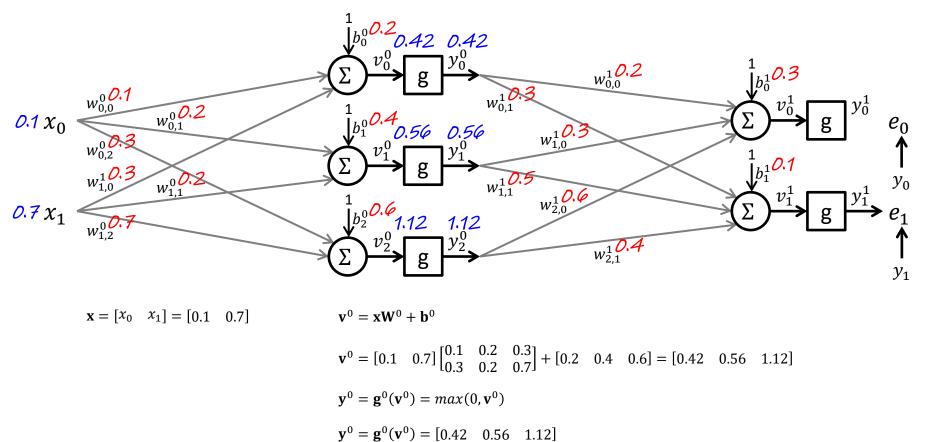
Função ReLu (azul) e sua derivada (vermelho).



PROPAGAÇÃO ADIANTE

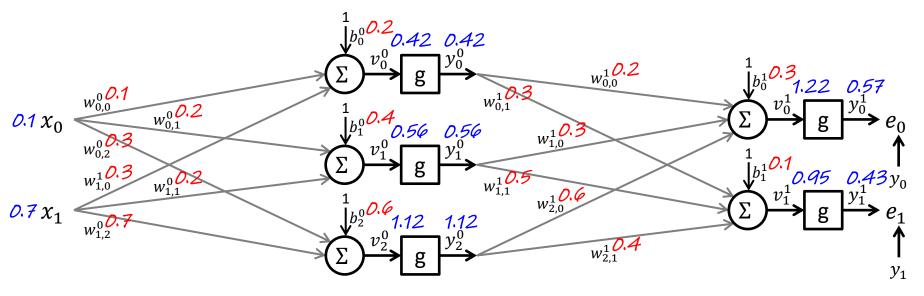
Propagação adiante – camada 0 (camada escondida)





Propagação adiante – camada 1 (camada de saída)





$$\mathbf{y}^{0} = \mathbf{g}^{0}(\mathbf{v}^{0}) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.42 & 0.56 & 1.12 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{v}^{1} = \mathbf{x}\mathbf{W}^{1} + \mathbf{b}^{1}$$

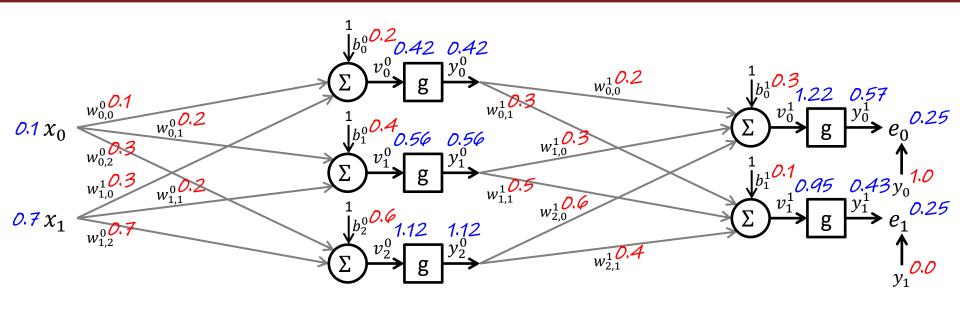
$$\mathbf{v}^{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.42 & 0.56 & 1.12 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0.5 \\ 0.6 & 0.4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 & 0.1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.22 & 0.95 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{y}^{1} = \mathbf{g}^{1}(\mathbf{v}^{1}) = \frac{e^{\mathbf{v}^{1}}}{\sum_{i=0}^{n} e^{\mathbf{v}_{i}^{1}}}$$

$$\mathbf{y}^{1} = \mathbf{g}^{1}(\mathbf{v}^{1}) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.57 & 0.43 \end{bmatrix}$$

Propagação adiante – erro





$$\mathbf{y}^1 = \mathbf{g}^1(\mathbf{v}^1) = [0.57 \quad 0.43]$$

$$y = [1.0 \quad 0.0]$$

$$e = e(\mathbf{y}^1, \mathbf{y}) = -1 \times \left(\mathbf{y} \times log(\mathbf{y}^1) + (1 - \mathbf{y}) \times log(1 - \mathbf{y}^1) \right)$$

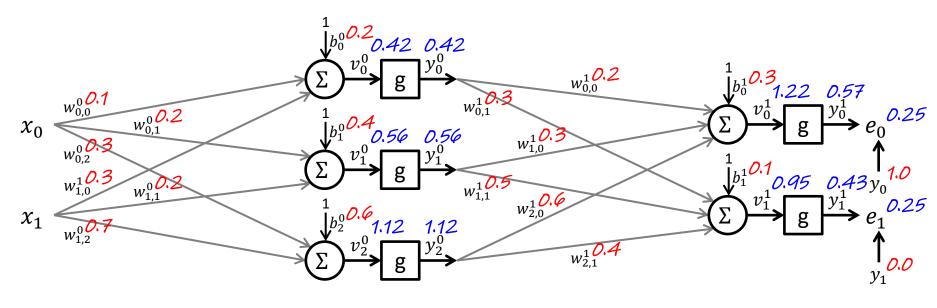
$$e = e(\mathbf{y}^1, \mathbf{y}) = -1 \times ([1.0 \quad 0.0] \times log([0.57 \quad 0.43]) + (1 - [1.0 \quad 0.0]) \times log(1 - [0.57 \quad 0.43]))$$

$$e = e(y^1, y) = [0.25 \quad 0.25]$$



RETROPROPAGAÇÃO





$$y^1 = [0.57 \quad 0.43]$$

$$y = [1.0 \quad 0.0]$$

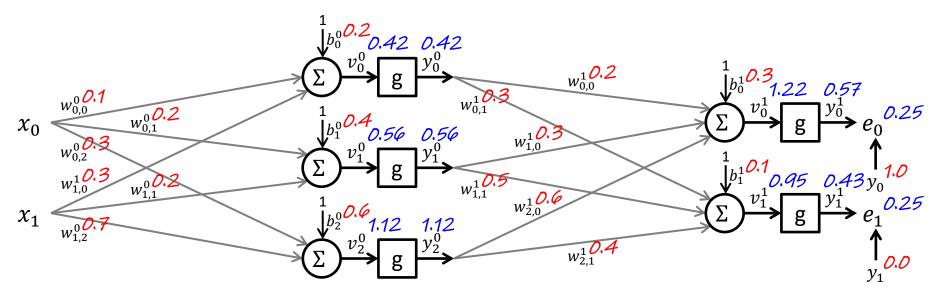
$$e = [0.25 \quad 0.25]$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^1} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^1} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^1}{\partial \mathbf{v}^1} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^1}{\partial \mathbf{W}^1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^1} = -1 \times \left(\mathbf{y} \times \frac{1}{\mathbf{y}^1} + (1 - \mathbf{y}) \times \frac{1}{1 - \mathbf{y}^1} \right) = -1 \times \left(\frac{[1.0 \quad 0.0]}{[0.57 \quad 0.43]} + \frac{(1 - [1.0 \quad 0.0])}{(1 - [0.57 \quad 0.43])} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^1} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.76 & -1.76 \end{bmatrix}$$





$$\mathbf{y}^{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.57 & 0.43 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^{1}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^{1}} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^{1}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^{1}} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^{1}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^{1}}$$

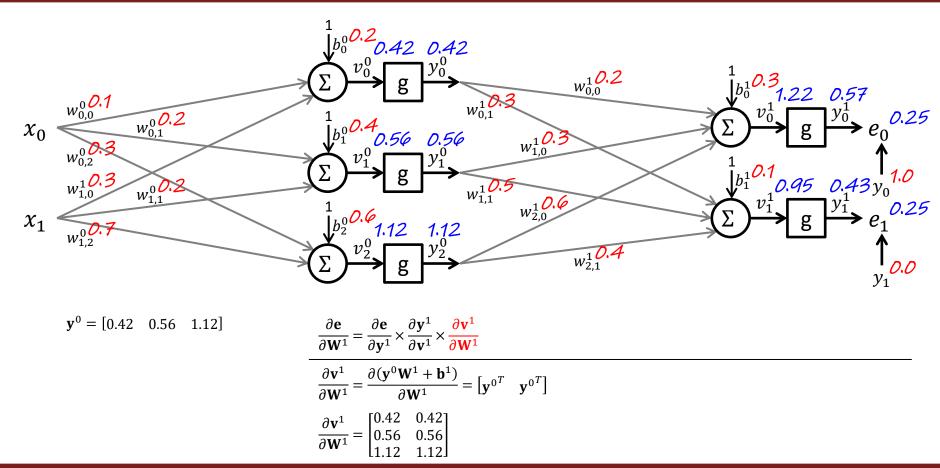
$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & 0.0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{y}^{1}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^{1}} = \frac{e^{\mathbf{v}_{1}^{1}} \times \left(\sum_{j=0}^{n-1} e^{\mathbf{v}_{j}^{1}} - e^{\mathbf{v}_{i}^{1}} \right)}{\sum_{j=0}^{n-1} e^{\mathbf{v}_{j}^{1}}}, i = 0, 1, ..., n - 1 = \begin{bmatrix} e^{v_{0}^{1}} \times \left(e^{v_{0}^{1}} + e^{v_{1}^{1}} - e^{v_{0}^{1}} \right) \\ e^{v_{0}^{1}} + e^{v_{1}^{1}} \end{bmatrix}$$

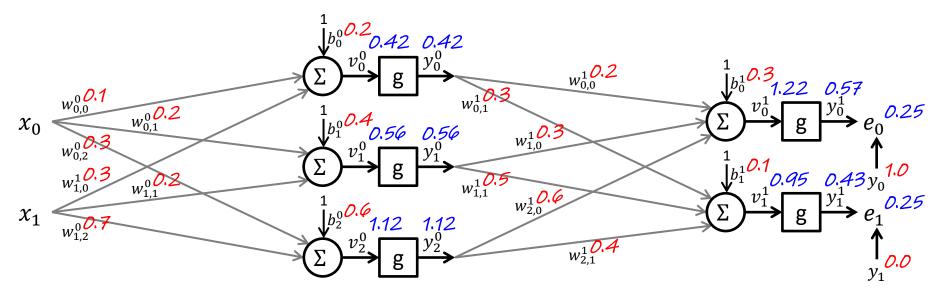
$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{y}^{1}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^{1}} = \begin{bmatrix} e^{1.22} \times \left(e^{1.22} + e^{0.95} - e^{1.22} \right) \\ e^{1.22} + e^{0.95} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & 0.25 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $e = [0.25 \quad 0.25]$







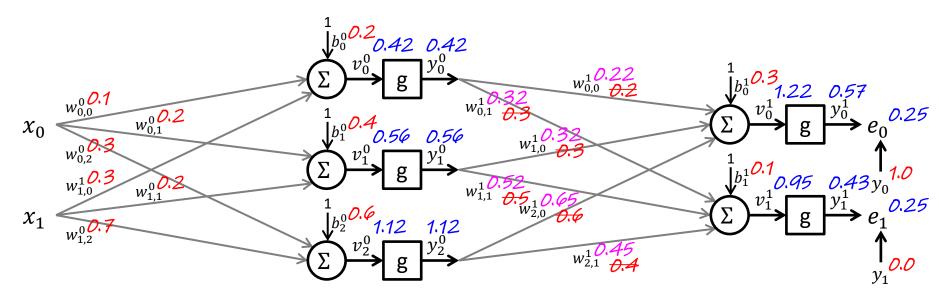


$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^1} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.76 & -1.76 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{y}^1}{\partial \mathbf{v}^1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & 0.25 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^1}{\partial \mathbf{w}^1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.42 & 0.42 \\ 0.56 & 0.56 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^1} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^1} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}^1}{\partial \mathbf{v}^1} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^1}{\partial \mathbf{W}^1} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.76 & -1.76 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & 0.25 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0.42 & 0.42 \\ 0.56 & 0.56 \\ 1.12 & 1.12 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^1} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^1} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}^1}{\partial \mathbf{v}^1} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^1}{\partial \mathbf{W}^1} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.18 & -0.18 \\ -0.24 & -0.24 \\ -0.48 & -0.48 \end{bmatrix}$$





$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^{1}} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.18 & -0.18 \\ -0.24 & -0.24 \\ -0.48 & -0.48 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\eta = 0.1$$

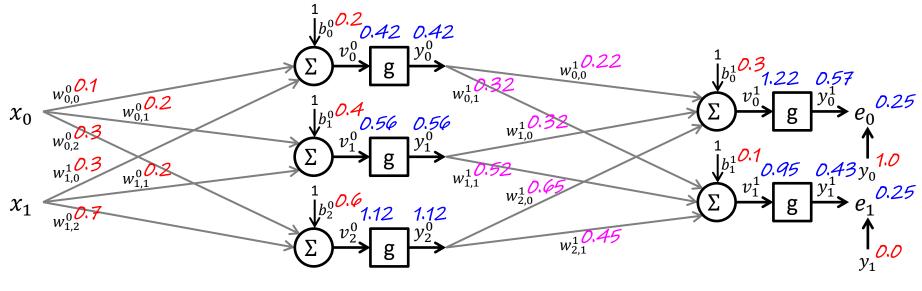
$$\mathbf{W}^{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{W}^{\prime 1} = \mathbf{W}^{1} - \eta \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^{1}}$$

$$\mathbf{W}^{\prime 1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0.5 \\ 0.6 & 0.4 \end{bmatrix} - 0.1 \begin{bmatrix} -0.18 & -0.18 \\ -0.24 & -0.24 \\ -0.48 & -0.48 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{W}^{\prime 1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.22 & 0.32 \\ 0.32 & 0.52 \\ 0.65 & 0.45 \end{bmatrix}$$





$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^{1}} = \begin{bmatrix} -1.76 & -1.76 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{y}^{1}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^{1}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & 0.25 \end{bmatrix}$$

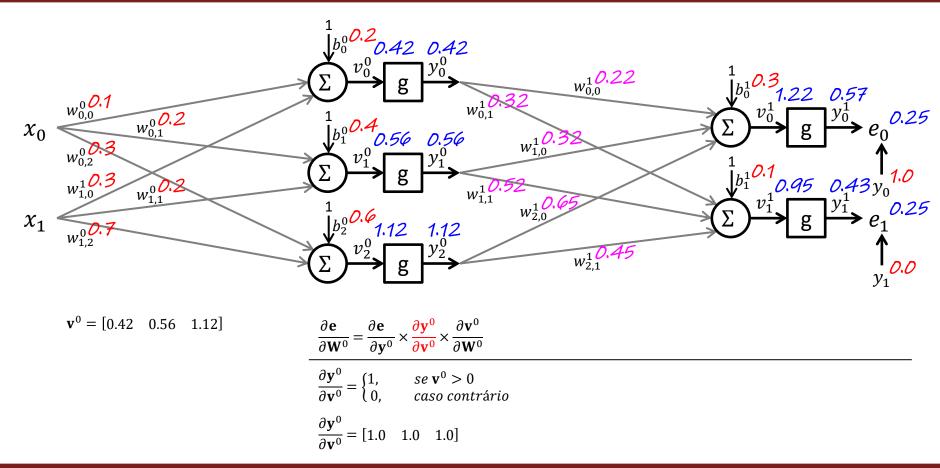
$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^{1}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^{0}} = \mathbf{W}^{\prime 1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.22 & 0.32 \\ 0.32 & 0.52 \\ 0.65 & 0.45 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^{0}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^{0}} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}^{0}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^{0}} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^{0}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^{0}}$$

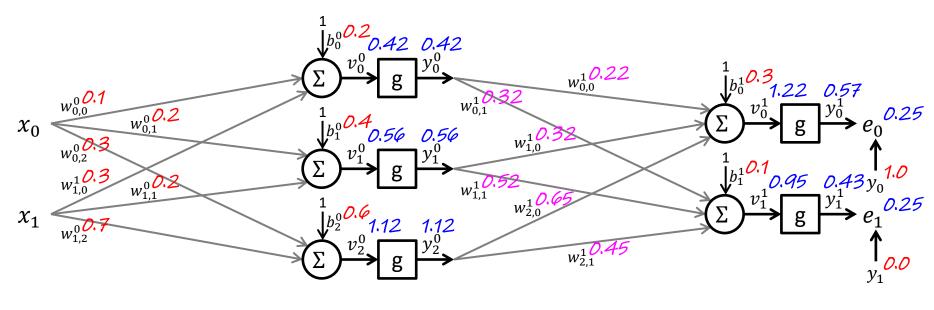
$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^{0}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^{1}} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}^{1}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^{1}} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^{1}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^{0}} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.76 & -0.76 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & 0.25 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0.22 & 0.32 \\ 0.32 & 0.52 \\ 0.65 & 0.45 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^{0}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^{1}} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^{1}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^{1}} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^{1}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^{0}} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.09 & -0.14 \\ -0.14 & -0.23 \end{bmatrix} \qquad (somando para \mathbf{y}^{0}) = \begin{bmatrix} -0.23 & -0.37 & -0.47 \end{bmatrix}$$









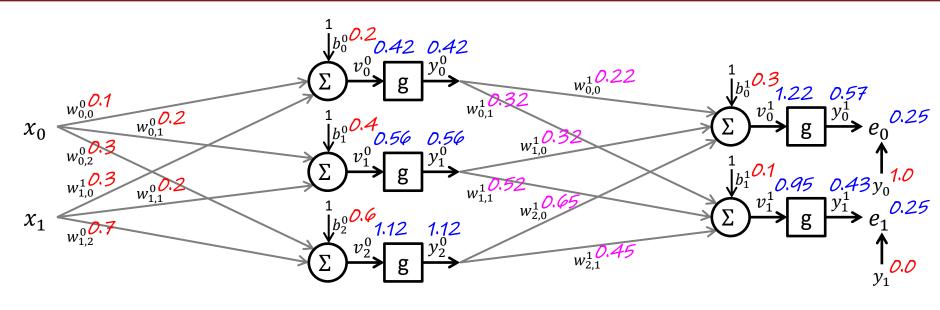
$$\mathbf{x} = [0.1 \quad 0.7]$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^0} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}^0}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^0}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^0}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0} = \frac{\partial (\mathbf{x} \mathbf{W}^0 + \mathbf{b}^0)}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}^T & \mathbf{x}^T \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^0}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.10 & 0.10 & 0.10 \\ 0.70 & 0.70 & 0.70 \end{bmatrix}$$





$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.23 & -0.37 & -0.47 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^0}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^0}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{y}^0}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & 1.0 & 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$$

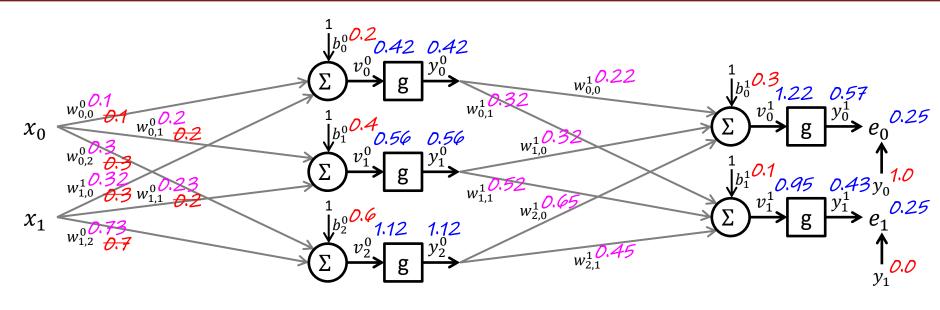
$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^0}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.10 & 0.10 & 0.10 \\ 0.70 & 0.70 & 0.70 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}^0}{\partial \mathbf{v}^0} \times \frac{\partial \mathbf{v}^0}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.23 & -0.37 & -0.47 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & 1.0 & 1.0 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0.10 & 0.10 & 0.10 \\ 0.70 & 0.70 & 0.70 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.02 & -0.04 & -0.05 \\ -0.16 & -0.26 & -0.33 \end{bmatrix}$$





$$\mathbf{W^0} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.2 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.7 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\eta = 0.1$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.02 & -0.04 & -0.05 \\ -0.16 & -0.26 & -0.33 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{W}^{\prime 0} = \mathbf{W}^0 - \eta \frac{\partial \mathbf{e}}{\partial \mathbf{W}^0}$$

$$\mathbf{W}^{\prime 0} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 & 0.2 & 0.3 \\ 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.7 \end{bmatrix} - 0.1 \times \begin{bmatrix} -0.02 & -0.04 & -0.05 \\ -0.16 & -0.26 & -0.33 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{W}^{\prime 0} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.10 & 0.20 & 0.30 \\ 0.32 & 0.23 & 0.73 \end{bmatrix}$$

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